

National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation New York Division Gas Transportation Operating Procedures Manual

October February 2328, 201920

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A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

1. Brief Description of GTOP Contents

Welcome to National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation's ("Distribution", "Company" or "NFGDC")¹ Transportation Program. Distribution operates more than 14,000 miles of pipeline throughout western New York and northwestern Pennsylvania and has offered transportation services since 1983.

As used throughout the Gas Transportation Operating Procedures Manual ("GTOP"), the term "Marketer" can be a gas marketer, aggregator (often referred to as "Supplier" in reference specifically to Distribution's Service Classification No. 19 – STBA Service) or one operating as an Agent for a marketer, aggregator, or customer for the purpose of arranging the delivery of gas supplies to Distribution's City Gate. Marketers or customers that designate an Agent to be their gas supplier shall clearly communicate this to Distribution. This Agent is then responsible to Distribution for the flow of gas including proper responses to System Alerts (SAs) and Operational Flow Orders (OFOs).

Throughout the GTOP there will be references to Distribution's website. For transportation purposes the URL is:

http://www.nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/default.aspx

Most selections will be no more than a couple of mouse clicks from the above link.

2. Disclaimers

Those obtaining copies of the GTOP from the internet are responsible for the maintenance and monitoring of any changes. Notices of changes will be placed on the internet for convenience.

Distribution assumes no responsibility should the GTOP holder fail to download notices in a timely manner.

Procedures contained in the GTOP not set forth in Distribution's tariff - PSC No. 9 – GAS ("Tariff") are subject to change upon thirty (30) days' notice. Notice may be less than 30 days in circumstances where timely implementation of the New York Public Service Commission ("Commission") Orders are required.

If there are inconsistencies between any procedures contained in the GTOP and Distribution's Tariff, the Tariff shall control.

Policy Statement Regarding Transportation Service

National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation ("NFGDC", "the Company") makes every effort to ensure that previous month information is carried forward for Market Pool, Production Pool, and Aggregation Group setup in NFGDC's Transportation Scheduling System ("TSS"). It is, however, the ultimate responsibility of the Operator of each of the Pools and Groups to ensure that the membership and related information of each Pool and Group is correct in TSS before the start of each Calendar Month.

Further, it is the ultimate responsibility of each Pool or Group Operator to ensure that all paperwork, supporting documentation or other written notification, or processes, as required in NFGDC's Tariff, TSS Operators' Manuals, Web site, Operating Procedures Manual, Service Agreements or binding contracts, are submitted in a timely manner as prescribed in these respective documents.

<u>Tariff changes and changes to rules and regulations in the GTOP are subject to the prescribed notice</u> periods. The Company will endeavor to provide thirty days notice of changes to other procedures. However, in extreme circumstances, changes and exceptions to such other procedures may be implemented on shorter notice.

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¹ The terms Company, Distribution and NFGDC should be read as interchangeable as referenced within the GTOP, including the contracts included in the GTOP Appendices.

B. OVERVIEW OF THE COMPANY

1. Corporate Structure

a. Company Profile

Corporate

National Fuel Gas Company (NYSE: NFG), incorporated in 1902, is a diversified energy company with its headquarters in Buffalo, New York. NFG's assets are distributed among five business segments: Exploration and Production, Pipeline and Storage, Utility, Energy Marketing and Gathering.

Exploration and Production

Seneca Resources Corporation explores for, develops and purchases natural gas and oil reserves in California and Appalachia, including the Marcellus Shale.

Pipeline and Storage

National Fuel Gas Supply Corporation ("NFGSC") provides interstate natural gas transmission and storage for affiliated and non-affiliated companies through an integrated gas pipeline and storage system that covers nearly 3,000 miles from southwestern Pennsylvania to the New York-Canadian border at the Niagara River.

Empire Pipeline, Inc. ("EPI") provides interstate natural gas transmission for affiliated and non-affiliated companies, including large industrial customers, utilities and power producers in New York., through a 249-mile natural gas pipeline system that runs from the New York-Canadian border at the Niagara River to Syracuse, New York, from near Rochester, New York to near Corning, New York and an extension from Corning to Tioga County, Pennsylvania.

Utility

Distribution sells or transports natural gas to over 725,000 customers through a local distribution system located in western New York and northwestern Pennsylvania. The major areas served include Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Jamestown in New York, and Erie and Sharon in Pennsylvania.

Energy Marketing

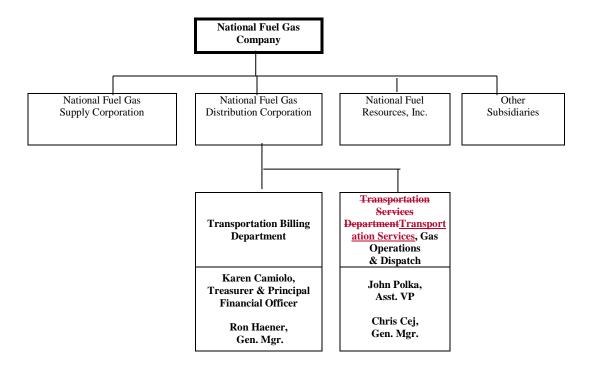
National Fuel Resources, Inc. is a natural gas marketer and registered energy service company ("ESCO") that provides services to industrial, wholesale, commercial, public authority and residential customers primarily in western and central New York and northwestern Pennsylvania.

Gathering

National Fuel Gas Midstream Corporation's primary business is to build, own and operate gas processing and pipeline gathering facilities in the Appalachian region.

b. Table of Organization

For purposes of the GTOP, Distribution's corporate organizational chart is as follows:



c. Gas Operations Organization

The Gas Supply Administration Department manages Distribution's gas planning, purchase, upstream asset and system dispatch functions. The Asst. Vice President with responsibility over Gas Supply Administration is John Polka. Questions concerning upstream capacity are handled by Gas Supply Administration and should be directed to Ken McAvoy at (716) 857-7960 or McAvoyK@natfuel.com. Marketer communications relating to operations, however, should be directed to Joanne Maciok, as more fully described below.

d. Transportation Customer and Marketer Support Personnel/Services

The Transportation Services Department Transportation Services is Distribution's "one-stop" service organization to provide information and support to business parties involved with various aspects of transportation.

The following are the phone numbers and e-mail addresses of the persons to whom questions may be directed:

Phone Number	e-mail Address
716) 857-7432	TSD-Billing@natfuel.com
716) 857-6917	CzechowiczD@natfuel.com
716) 857-7670	MaciokJ@natfuel.com
7	716) 857-7432 716) 857-6917

The general phone number for the Transportation Services Department Transportation Services is (716) 857-7432. A more detailed chart for direct-dial numbers and names of representatives is posted on Distribution's website.

e. Marketer Ombudsman

With respect to STBA service, dispute resolution procedures are set forth in the Commission's Uniform Business Practices. Other disputes may use the UBP procedure as a guide. In the event of unresolved disputes, a Marketer Ombudsman has been designated to address those concerns and to serve as a liaison between Marketers and Distribution. The Ombudsman is John J. Polka. Mr. Polka may be contacted directly by phone; (716) 857-7063 or via email; PolkaJ@natfuel.com.

2. Affiliate Transaction Standards

Affiliate Rules are included in the Appendices of this GTOP and shall become effective on the date tariff sheets are effective pursuant to an order of "Commission" adopting the Joint Proposal as to the Rates, Charges, Rules and Regulations of National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation, filed April 15, 2005 in Case 04-G-1047. Distribution complies with these rules in all matters relating to transactions with National Fuel Resources, Inc.

In the event that a situation arises where there is concern that these standards are not being complied with, please contact Jeffrey Same at (716) 857-7507.

3. Territory

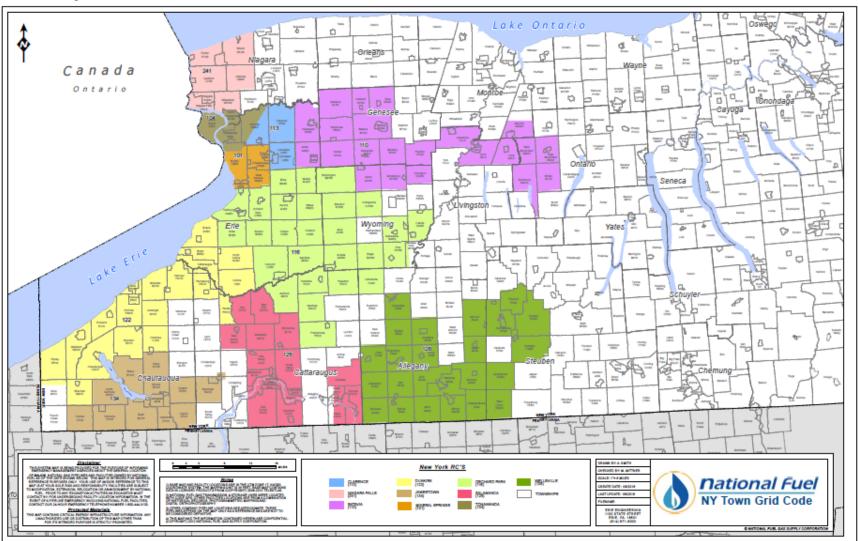
a. Municipalities Within Franchise Area

COUNTY	CITIES	VILLAGES	TOWNS
Allegany		Alfred	Alfred
Allegany			Alma
Allegany		Almond	Almond
Allegany			Amity
Allegany		Andover	Andover
Allegany		Angelica	Angelica
Allegany		Belmont	Belfast
Allegany		Bolivar & Richburg	Bolivar
Allegany			Caneadea
Allegany			Centerville
Allegany			Clarksville
Allegany		Cuba	Cuba
Allegany		Friendship	Friendship
Allegany		-	Genesee
Allegany			Independence
Allegany			Scio
Allegany		Wellsville	Wellsville
Allegany			Willing
Allegany		Richburg	Wirt
Cattaraugus			Ashford
Cattaraugus			Carrollton
Cattaraugus		East Randolph	Cold Spring
Cattaraugus			East Otto
Cattaraugus		Ellicottville	Ellicottville
Cattaraugus			Farmersville
Cattaraugus		Franklinville	Franklinville
Cattaraugus			Freedom
Cattaraugus			Great Valley
Cattaraugus			Hinsdale
Cattaraugus		Little Valley	Little Valley
Cattaraugus			Machias
Cattaraugus			Mansfield
Cattaraugus		Randolph	Napoli
Cattaraugus			Randolph
Cattaraugus		Cattaraugus	New Albion
Cattaraugus	Olean		Olean
Cattaraugus			Otto
Cattaraugus		Perrysburg	Perrysburg
Cattaraugus		Gowanda	Persia
Cattaraugus		Portville	Portville
Cattaraugus			Red House
Cattaraugus	Salamanca		Salamanca
Cattaraugus		Delevan	Yorkshire
Chautauqua			Arkwright
Chautauqua	Jamestown/Bemus Point		Busti
Chautauqua	Jamestown/Bemus Point		Busti

COUNTY	CITIES	VILLAGES	TOWNS
Chautauqua		Celoron	Carroll
Chautauqua		Falconer	Charlotte
Chautauqua		Mayville & Lakewood	Chautauqua
Chautauqua		Panama	Clymer
Chautauqua	Dunkirk		Dunkirk
Chautauqua		Sinclairville	Ellery
Chautauqua			Ellicott
Chautauqua		Forestville	
Chautauqua		& Silver Creek	Hanover
Chautauqua		Harmony	
Chautauqua			Kiantone
Chautauqua			North Harmony
Chautauqua			Poland
Chautauqua		Fredonia	Pomfret
Chautauqua		Brocton	Portland
Chautauqua			Ripley
Chautauqua		Sheridan	
Chautauqua		Sherman	Sherman
Chautauqua		Cassadaga	Stockton
Chautauqua		Westfield	Westfield
Erie	Buffalo		
Erie	Lackawanna		
Erie		Alden	Alden
Erie		Williamsville	Amherst
Erie		East Aurora	Aurora
Erie			Boston
Erie		Farnham	Brant
Erie		Depew and Sloan	Cheektowaga
Erie		1	Clarence
Erie			Colden
Erie		Gowanda	Collins
Erie		Springville	Concord
Erie		278	Eden
Erie			Elma
Erie		Angola	Evans
Erie		8	Grand Island
Erie		Blasdell & Hamburg	Hamburg
Erie			Holland
Erie		Depew & Lancaster	Lancaster
Erie		Dept. & Euneuster	Marilla
Erie		Akron	Newstead
Erie		North Collins	North Collins
Erie		Orchard Park	Orchard Park
Erie		Oleman I wik	Sardinia
Erie	Tonawanda	Kenmore	Tonawanda
Erie	1 onawanda	Temmore .	Wales
Erie			West Seneca
LIIC			West Believa

Monroe Honeoye Falls Mendon Niagara Lewiston Lewiston Niagara Niagara Niagara Niagara Youngstown Porter Niagara Wheatfield Niagara Wilson Wilson Ontario Bristol Ontario E Bloomfield, Holcomb East Bloomfield Ontario West Bloomfield Ontario Richmond Steuben Canisteo Canisteo Steuben Fremont Steuben Greenwood Steuben Hornell Hornellsville Steuben Howard Steuben West Union Wyoming Arcade Wyoming Attica Attica Wyoming Castile Castile Wyoming Castile Covington Wyoming Gainesville & Wyoming Silver Springs Gainesville Wyoming Genesee Falls Wyoming Java	COUNTY	CITIES	VILLAGES	TOWNS
Genesee Batavia Batavia Genesee Genesee Darien Genesee Bethany Genesee Bethany Genesee Bethany Genesee Bethany Genesee Bethan Genesee Genesee Genesee Garesee Garesee Genesee Genesee Genesee Genesee Genesee Genesee Genesee Garesee Genesee Genesee Genesee Garesee Gareseee Garesee Garesee Garesee Garesee Garesee Garesee Garesee Garesee	Genesee			Alabama
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Steuben Hornell Arkport, Almond & N. Hornellsville Steuben Howard Steuben West Union Wyoming Arcade Arcade Wyoming Bennington Wyoming Castile Castile Wyoming Covington Wyoming Gainesville & Wyoming Silver Springs Gainesville Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Steuben			Fremont
Steuben N. Hornell Steuben West Union Wyoming Arcade Wyoming Attica Wyoming Bennington Wyoming Castile Wyoming Covington Wyoming Eagle Wyoming Gainesville & Wyoming Silver Springs Gainesville Wyoming Genesee Falls Wyoming Wyoming Middlebury Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Steuben			Greenwood
Steuben Wyoming Arcade Arcade Wyoming Attica Attica Wyoming Bennington Wyoming Castile Castile Wyoming Covington Wyoming Eagle Wyoming Gainesville & Wyoming Silver Springs Gainesville Wyoming Genesee Falls Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Java Wyoming Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Steuben	Hornell		Hornellsville
Wyoming Arcade Arcade Wyoming Attica Attica Wyoming Bennington Wyoming Castile Castile Wyoming Covington Wyoming Eagle Wyoming Gainesville & Wyoming Silver Springs Gainesville Wyoming Genesee Falls Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Steuben			Howard
Wyoming Wyoming Bennington Wyoming Castile Castile Wyoming Covington Wyoming Bennington Covington Wyoming Gainesville & Gainesville & Wyoming Silver Springs Genesee Falls Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Pike	Steuben			West Union
Wyoming Wyoming Castile Castile Covington Wyoming Gainesville & Wyoming Silver Springs Gainesville Wyoming Widdlebury Wyoming Wyoming Pike	Wyoming	Arcade	Arcade	
Wyoming Castile Castile Covington Wyoming Eagle Wyoming Gainesville & Wyoming Silver Springs Gainesville Wyoming Genesee Falls Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Widdlebury Wyoming Wyoming Pike	Wyoming		Attica	Attica
Wyoming Covington Wyoming Eagle Wyoming Gainesville & Wyoming Silver Springs Gainesville Wyoming Genesee Falls Wyoming Java Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Middlebury Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Wyoming			Bennington
Wyoming Eagle Wyoming Gainesville & Gainesville Wyoming Silver Springs Gainesville Wyoming Genesee Falls Wyoming Java Wyoming Wyoming Middlebury Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Wyoming		Castile	Castile
Wyoming Gainesville & Wyoming Silver Springs Gainesville Wyoming Genesee Falls Wyoming Java Wyoming Wyoming Middlebury Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Wyoming			Covington
Wyoming Silver Springs Gainesville Wyoming Genesee Falls Wyoming Java Wyoming Wyoming Middlebury Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Wyoming			Eagle
Wyoming Genesee Falls Wyoming Java Wyoming Wyoming Middlebury Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Wyoming		Gainesville &	
Wyoming Java Wyoming Wyoming Middlebury Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Wyoming		Silver Springs	Gainesville
Wyoming Wyoming Middlebury Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Wyoming			Genesee Falls
Wyoming Orangeville Wyoming Pike	Wyoming			Java
Wyoming Pike	Wyoming		Wyoming	Middlebury
	Wyoming			Orangeville
Wyoming Sheldon	Wyoming			Pike
	Wyoming			Sheldon

b. Map of Franchise Area



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Point Name

c. City Gate Stations and Pipelines Serving the Franchise Area

Distribution's system has access to several interstate pipelines via interconnections with NFGSC, itself an interstate pipeline. There are six designated receipt points for nominations from NFGSC into Distribution in New York:

Description

			•
•	1.	NFGDC – NY	(GENERAL CITYGATE)
•	2.	NFGDC – MSMX	(MINERAL SPRINGS)
•	3.	NFGDC – VICK	(VICKSBURG)
•	4.	NFGDC – ZOAR	(ZOAR STATION)
•	5.	NFGDC – NASH	(NASH ROAD)
•	6.	NFGDC – XM8	(LINE XM8)
•	3. 4. 5.	NFGDC – VICK NFGDC – ZOAR NFGDC – NASH	(VICKSBURG) (ZOAR STATION) (NASH ROAD)

NFGSC has interconnects with the following pipelines:

- Columbia Gas Transmission ("Columbia")
- Dominion Transmission ("DETI")
- Empire Pipeline
- Equitrans
- EMKEY Gathering, LLC
- Millennium Pipeline Company, LLC
- Tennessee Gas Pipeline ("Tennessee" or "TGP")
- Texas Eastern Transmission ("TET")
- Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line ("Transco")
- TransCanada Pipelines Ltd. ("TransCanada")

A standard-form agreement that sets forth rules and regulations governing interconnection with pipeline/gathering systems (other than FERC-regulated pipelines with approved tariffs) is included in the Appendices of this GTOP.

d. Local Production

Distribution has numerous gas production meters feeding directly into its distribution system. A standard-form agreement that sets forth rules and regulations governing interconnection with producers of natural gas is included in the Appendices of this GTOP.

For the purposes of nomination, these meters are organized into pools at a logical pooling point.

4. Service Classifications

Distribution's Tariff currently sets forth the service classifications identified in the following tables. The rates applicable to these services are posted on Distribution's website at:

http://www.nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/nyrates/nyrates.aspx

a. Sales Services

CUSTOMER SIZE	SERVICE CLASS	CUSTOMER/ SERVICE TYPE	DUAL FUEL REQ'D	TYPE OF SERVICE	COMMENTS/ DESCRIPTION
< 25,000 Mcf/Year	SC-1	Residential Sales Service	No	Firm	Unbundled sales and transportation service for residential customers. Delivery charges apply to sales and transportation customers. Gas sales rates apply only to sales customers.
	SC-2	HEAP Residential Assistance Sales ServiceStatewi de Low Income Program	No	Firm	Residential heating customers who have qualified for emergency assistance under the Federal Home Energy Assistance Program ("HEAP").
	SC-3	General Sales Service	No	Firm	Unbundled sales and transportation service for predominantly small volume non-residential customers. Delivery charges apply to sales and transportation customers. Gas sales rates apply only to sales customers.
	SC-4	Supplemental Sales Service	No	Firm	A firm sales service for customers with an independent supply of gas (e.g. gas supply from a local gas well) who wish to supplement this supply by purchasing gas from Distribution.
	SC-5	Load Balancing Technology Rate Sales Service	No	Firm	A firm sales service for customers using gas in high load factor equipment such as cogeneration, gas cooling, natural gas vehicles, etc.
	SC-6	Interruptible Supplemental Sales Service	No	Interruptible	A sales service for customers with an independent supply of gas (e.g. gas supply from a local gas well) who wish to supplement this supply by purchasing gas from Distribution on an interruptible basis.
_	SC-7	Sales Service for Customers Operating Natural Gas Vehicles	No	Firm	A firm sales service for customers using gas in Natural Gas Vehicles utilizing either Distribution-owned or customerowned filling facilities.

CUSTOMER SIZE	SERVICE CLASS	CUSTOMER/ SERVICE TYPE	DUAL FUEL REQ'D	TYPE OF SERVICE	COMMENTS/ DESCRIPTION
Residential Distributed Generation	SC-8	Distributed Generation Service	No	Firm	Sales to residential customers where the gas is used directly for distributed generation. Proof of operable DG unit may be required if monthly usage below 100 ccf May through November and below 250 ccf during other months.
	SC-9	Low Income Customer Affordability Assistance Program (LICAAP)	No	Firm	Residential heating customers who have qualified for the Company's LICAAP service classification.
	SC-10	Transitional Propane Service	No	Firm	The Distribution will convert and provide propane service to customers receiving natural gas service in the Distribution's service territory under Tariff specified conditions.
Transportation customers >3,500 Mcf/year	SC-11	Deficiency Imbalances Sales Service	No	Interruptible	Interruptible Sales Service available only to the extent that service to customers under firm sales classifications is not jeopardized or impaired
Transportation customers >3,500 Mcf/year	SC-12	Standby Sales Service	No	Firm	Standby Sales Service, comparable to the quality of service provided to the Distribution's firm bundled service customers, subject to the curtailment steps.
Transportation customers >3,500 Mcf/year	SC-14	Sales Service	No	Contractual	Sales Service is firm or interruptible and the degree to which such service is firm or interruptible shall be determined in the sales contract between the Distribution and the customer.
Generation <50 megawatts	SC-15	Distributed Generation Gas Sales Service	No	Firm	For non-residential customers where the gas is used directly for distributed generation less than 50 megawatts and where the Customer is anticipated to maintain a load factor of 50% or greater.

b. Transportation and Aggregation Services

CUSTOMER SIZE	SERVICE CLASS	CUSTOMER/ SERVICE TYPE	DUAL FUEL REQ'D	TYPE OF SERVICE	COMMENTS/ DESCRIPTION
<25,000 Mcf/year	SC-1	Residential Unbundled Transportation Service	No	Firm	Delivery charges for customers served by Marketers qualifying under SC-19.
	SC-2	HEAP SLIP Transportation Service	No	Firm	Delivery charges, billed by the Company, for residential heating customers who have qualified for emergency assistance under HEAP.
<5,000 Mcf/year	SC-3	Small Volume Non- Residential	No	Firm	Delivery charges for customers served by Marketers qualifying under SC-19.
Residential Distributed Generation	SC- 8	Distributed Generation Service	No	Firm	Transportation for residential customers where the gas is used directly for distributed generation. Proof of operable DG unit may be required if monthly usage below 100 ccf May through November and below 250 ccf during other months.
> 5,000 Mcf/year	SC-13	Daily Metered Transportation (DMT) Service	No	Firm	Daily metered option for large volume customers to SC-18. SC-13 requires telemetering to monitor daily deliveries and usage. Transportation rates are based on five annual volumetric categories. This is a firm transportation service that requires firm capacity on all upstream pipelines.
Generation <50 megawatts	SC-15	Distributed Generation Service	No	Firm	For non-residential customers where the gas is used directly for distributed generation less than 50 megawatts and where the Customer is anticipated to maintain a load factor of 50% or greater.
>200,000 Mcf/year	SC-16	Bypass Response- Individually Negotiated Contracts for Transportation Service	Yes	Interruptible	For customers operating large cogeneration facilities, the customer must totally revoke its right to firm service under the Distribution's Tariff for all consumption by the facility and telemetering which allows the Distribution to monitor the customer's daily usage of gas.

CUSTOMER SIZE	SERVICE CLASS	CUSTOMER/ SERVICE TYPE	DUAL FUEL REQ'D	TYPE OF SERVICE	COMMENTS/ DESCRIPTION
Generation >50 megawatts	SC-17	Basic Gas for Electric Generation Service Tariff	Yes	Interruptible	For customers operating generation facilities, the customer must totally revoke its right to firm service under the Distribution's Tariff for all consumption by the facility and telemetering which allows the Distribution to monitor the customer's daily usage of gas
> 5,000 Mcf/year	SC-18	Monthly Metered Transportation (MMT) Service	No	Firm	The primary transportation service used by most large volume customers. Imbalances are resolved under SC-19. Transportation rates are based on five annual volumetric categories. This is a firm transportation service that requires firm capacity on all upstream pipelines.
Marketers: > 5,000 Mcf/year; Direct Customers: > 3,500 Mcf/year	SC-19	Supplier Transportation Balancing and Aggregation (STBA)	No	Firm	Aggregation service available to qualified Marketers and stand-alone end-user customers ("Direct Customers").

c. Utility Account Reclassification Certification Requests

Distribution relies upon a Customer's service classification to determine the Rate Schedules under which a customer may receive sales and/or transportation service. Additionally, the service classification impacts the application of sales tax as well as a customer's priority during Curtailment. For accounts with non-separately metered residential and commercial consumption, Distribution employs a 50% rule; the account will be classified based upon the predominant % of square footage (excluding common areas) associated with each type of consumption.

Distribution obtains the information to classify accounts at the time of service application. To the extent this information has become outdated, Customers should use the Reclassification Certification forms (illustrative copies shown in Appendices of this GTOP) to request a change in classification. Additionally, Customers that can elect their service classification (as described in the Tariff) should use this form to request a change in classification. If accepted by Distribution, the account reclassification will become effective at the beginning of the customer's next billing cycle. The reclassification forms (in fillable PDF format) will be posted on Distribution's web site.

5. Customer Breakdown

Breakdown of Customers and Total Consumption (Mcf) as of September 30, 2019 January 31, 2020:

a. Sales Service

	# OF	
	CUSTOMERS	ANNUAL CONSUMPTION
Firm Residential Non-Heating	4 ,607 4,529	115,698 <u>118,426</u>
Firm Residential Heating	4 39,271 442,031	46,710,52746,014,013
Firm Non-Residential (Commercial)	20,593 <u>21,449</u>	6,187,173 <u>6,127,652</u>
Firm Non-Residential (Industrial)	96 93	477,708 <u>419,404</u>
Interruptible	0	0
Electric Generation/Interdepartmental	0	0
Other	0	0

Total Sales 464,567468,102 53,491,10652,679,495

b. Transportation Service

	# OF CUSTOMERS	ANNUAL CONSUMPTION
Small Customer Aggregation		
Residential Non-Heating	503 485	13,561 <u>13,145</u>
Residential Heating	54,890 <u>52,919</u>	7,642,926 <u>7,243,013</u>
Non-Residential (Commercial)	12,686 12,448	12,751,349 <u>12,446,183</u>
Non-Residential (Industrial)	15 <u>6</u> 5	1,231,617 <u>1,283,436</u>
<u>Large Volume Transportation</u>		
Firm	0	0
Interruptible	1	647,602 <u>603,993</u>
Electric Generation/Interdepartmental	0	0
Other (SC-13, SC-18)	1,674 <u>1,772</u>	25,310,046 <u>24,755,687</u>
	co 000 ca 201	47 507 10146 245 457
Total Transportation	69,909 <u>67,781</u>	47,597,10146,345,457

C. <u>BUSINESS RULES GENERIC TO AGGREGATION AND LARGE</u> VOLUME TRANSPORTATION CUSTOMERS

Uniform Business Practices ("UBPs")

Briefly described, the UBPs govern the working relationship between the utility and the ESCOs (Marketers). On Distribution's system the UBPs apply to STBA Suppliers and to Marketers balancing SC-13 customers. Non-aggregated transportation customers who wish to conduct business as a "Direct Customer" under the UBPs should apply for STBA "stand-alone" service. Additionally, non-aggregated transportation customers may qualify to supply solely their own demand under SC-13, in which case UBP provisions would apply on a more limited basis, e.g. UBPs concerning service to other customers would not apply. Transactions in the following areas are specifically addressed by the UBPs: creditworthiness, customer information (e.g. consumption figures), utility billing and collection, new service requests, switching requirements, slamming prevention process, metering (electric only), discontinuance of service and dispute resolution.

Distribution's general retail access practices are governed by the UBPs. Specific requirements for procedures not covered by the UBPs (such as nominations procedures) will be noticed in the usual manner. The full text of the UBPs is contained in the GTOP as Addendum 1.

Distribution Specific UBPs Elections & Clarifications

<u>Switching Date</u>: All customer switches occur on a meter read date, typically the scheduled meter read date or actual meter read date to the extent that meter read is used for billing purposes. Generally, meters are read every other month. Estimated reads are used for months where actual reads are not made, either by schedule or through meter inaccessibility.

Fee Schedule: The following new fees have been adopted under the UBPs:

Special Meter Reading Fee \$20

Company contacts:

UBPs Questions Maryann Stankovski (716) 857-7886 Dispute Resolution Procedures Jeffrey Same (716) 857-7507

Transportation Service Agreements

Customers who transport gas are required to sign a Transportation Service Agreement ("TSA"), applicable to the rate schedule under which they receive service unless such service is received at ceiling rates under SC-1, SC-3 or SC-18.

D. GAS DELIVERY MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE FOR RESIDENTIAL AND SMALL VOLUME TRANSPORTATION CUSTOMERS

GENERAL

All residential and small volume non-residential customers are eligible to receive transportation service under SC-1 or SC-3 so long as they are enrolled with a STBA Supplier through the STBA Tariff, SC-19. In addition, customers with consumption 3,500 Mcf or greater annually may elect to receive service under SC-19 as a Direct Customer and thereby, must comply with the procedures contained within this section. For Customers who are taking service at ceiling rates and are enrolled consistent with UBP § 5.D in a Supplier's STBA (i.e. EDI enrollment), the enrollment acts as an affirmation that the Supplier has obtained customer consent, consistent with the UBPs. Direct Customers have implied customer consent because they act as their own Supplier and effectively enroll their own accounts when they enter into an STBA agreement.

The procedure for Marketers to apply for STBA service and begin customer enrollment is as follows:

1. Marketer Qualification

A Marketer interested in serving residential and small-volume non-residential transportation customers in Distribution's service territory is required to submit an application for STBA service. Marketers must also satisfy any Commission requirements provided with the UBPs. The NY Aggregation and Credit Application form is available on Distribution's website at

http://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/New_Marketers/TSDB_CREDIT_APP.pdf

In order to qualify all Marketers will be evaluated for creditworthiness under the procedures set forth in the UBPs. Unless a better estimate is available, the Company will presume an initial annual consumption of 5,000 Mcf for credit evaluation purposes. When required, payment of security deposits can be made by cash or acceptable form of security such as an Irrevocable Standby Letter of Credit from a financial institution with a rating acceptable to Distribution or parent guaranty in like amount provided that the guarantor is rated no lower than BBB by Standard and Poors, Baa2 by Moody's or BBB by Fitch investment services. Upon approval by Distribution, the Marketer becomes a STBA Supplier and is authorized to enroll new and existing customers in an STBA aggregation group.

If a Marketer has not enrolled customers within one year of the initial application date, the Company will send email notice to the applicant that absent a request for a one-time, one-year extension, the application and any executed service agreements will be cancelled. Such cancellation will not prevent the Marketer from reapplying for service in the future.

2. Customer Enrollment

All STBA Suppliers are required to enroll customers via EDI transactions developed as a result of Case 98-M-0667 (see infra Section G.4). Direct Customers (acting as their own STBA Suppliers) that have not elected to implement EDI, for now, may continue to use Distribution's website to enroll customers. Upon approval of the STBA application, the STBA Supplier will receive a password for access to secured locations of the "Services for Marketers, Producers and Suppliers" sites on the website. For new Customers, there are additional initial steps (discussed below) to be completed prior to enrollment.

a. Existing Customers

Existing customers (customers served by Distribution or other STBA Suppliers) may join a STBA Supplier's STBA Group by contacting the Supplier and requesting service. Customers who contact Distribution for such service will be instructed to call a STBA Supplier and, upon request, will also be supplied with the Commission's list of approved Marketers.

i. Enrollment Procedures

STBA Suppliers are able to access all customer consumption history for the previous 24 months by entering a customer's nine-digit account number. Additionally, the following data are available for STBA Suppliers who both provide a customer's nine-digit account number and have received express customer consent:

- Customer payment history for the previous 24 months.
- Customer consent for release of payment history may be demonstrated by making customer consent or
 enrollment forms or contracts, containing clear language authorizing release, available for Distribution's
 inspection on 24 hours' notice. In addition, Distribution will accept written authorization executed by a STBA
 Supplier, or the STBA Supplier's agent, on behalf of a customer who has verbally agreed to such an
 arrangement.

After a STBA Supplier has identified customers, the actual enrollment process may begin. *The process is paperless*, but requires that the STBA Supplier maintain customer records.

- Customers for whom the STBA Supplier has received consent to enroll are processed through EDI or where permissible by entering Contract Account Number numbers into the on-line enrollment form.
- The Company mails a "verification letter" to the customer pursuant to the UBPs providing a verification period during which the Customer may notify the Company if the enrollment is unauthorized.
- Upon receipt of a valid customer's enrollment transaction, the customer's account is "locked out" of eligibility for enrollment in other STBA Groups until the earlier of (1) the next meter read date; or (2) the date a customer's denial of enrollment is registered by Distribution within the verification period.
- On or about the first scheduled meter read date following conclusion of the verification period, the customer's account will show that service has been "switched" to the STBA Supplier.

ii. Customer Consent

Evidence of customer consent for enrollment must be maintained by the STBA Supplier and available to Distribution on 24 hours' notice. Pursuant to the UBPs, the following items are accepted as evidence of customer consent for enrollment:

- A customer enrollment form or contract.
- Audiotapes or third party verification of verbal consent.
- Electronic transmittal that can be shown to have originated with the customer.

In addition to language clearly indicating the customer's agreement to switch, where the STBA Supplier plans to issue a single-retailer bill to the STBA Customer, all enrollment applications (or telemarketing scripts) should include the following text:

I understand that all bills for natural gas service, excluding service calls and repairs traditionally billed by Distribution, will be issued to me by the [STBA Supplier]. I also understand that, if I have any questions about my bill, I should call [STBA Supplier]. If I smell gas or have any safety-related questions, however, I will still call Distribution.

All documentation and audiotapes must be maintained by the STBA Supplier for a period of six years.

iii. Enrollment Disputes

If a Supplier currently serving a customer ("Incumbent ESCO") receives a pending drop for a customer and pursuant to the applicable UBPs, has determined the customer does not wish to be switched to another ESCO/Marketer ("Pending ESCO") and wants to continue receiving its supply service from the Incumbent ESCO, then an Incumbent ESCO Reinstatement Request should be submitted via EDI to cancel the enrollment with the Pending ESCO. Provided that the EDI request has been received before the scheduled switch date, the Pending ESCO will receive an EDI notification that the pending enrollment is being canceled.

b. New Customers

New customers (applicants for initiation of distribution and sales service) may join a Supplier's STBA Group by either (1) contacting Distribution, requesting new service and then contacting a STBA Supplier; or (2) consistent with New Delivery Service provisions contained within the UBPs, applying to a STBA Supplier who, as agent on behalf of the applicant, submits the application to Distribution.

Generally

New service (also known as "meter service") applications must be submitted on Distribution's pre-printed form, copies of which are available by contacting Distribution's Customer Response Center ("CRC") at (716) 686-6123 or (800) 365-3234. All applications should be submitted as follows:

- Completed applications for new service should be faxed to Distribution's CRC at (716) 857-6500.
- If submitted by a Marketer, the fax cover page should state the Marketer's name, address, telephone and fax numbers, and a contact person. If the contact person cannot be reached, the application will not be regarded as complete.
- Completed applications will be processed in the order in which they are received.
- Inquiries regarding pending applications or scheduling should be directed to the CRC at (716) 686-6123 or (800) 365-3234.
- ii. Requirements for Residential New Service Customers

Residential customers may apply for meter service in the following manner.

- (a) Customer Initiated Application for Service
 - Making an application for meter service at one of Distribution's Consumer Assistance Center ("CAC"). If they are to be part of an STBA Group effective with the initiation of service they must have their STBA provider contact the Transportation Billing Department at 716-857-7432 or TSD-Billing@natfuel.com as well as place an 814 Enrollment via EDI prior to the services starting in the customer's name.present a signed copy of the STBA Customer Consent Form to the Distribution representative and allow a copy to be retained by the Distribution representative.
 - Making a telephone application for service by calling Distribution's CRC at (716) 686-6123 or (800) 365-3234. The customer should request their order number. The customer should then notify their selected Marketer of their order accountnumber and date the service is scheduled to be turned on. The Marketer must contact the Transportation Billing Department at 716-857-7432 or TSD-Billing@natfuel.com to advise of the enrollment as well as place an 814 Enrollment prior to the service starting in the customer's name. fax or mail a copy of the STBA Customer Consent form (provided within this GTOP) to Distribution indicating the order number and scheduled turn on date on the form. Accounts will not be enrolled into any STBA without the completed Customer Consent Form.
- (b) Marketer Initiated Application for Service:

Marketers, acting as agents for their clients, may fax or mail completed applications on behalf of their clients.

- Completed applications must be forwarded with either a fax cover sheet or forwarding letter clearly identifying: the Marketer's name, address, telephone and fax numbers and the contact person responsible for the transaction with their direct telephone number and/or telephone extension.
- Applications will be processed in the order in which they are received. If an application cannot be
 processed the Marketer will be contacted and advised what is required to complete the application. (In
 some instances the applicant may be required to contact Distribution directly or to go to one of
 Distribution's CACs to discuss the matter further.)
- The residential Customer Assisted Unlock Read ("CAUR") procedure will be used wherever possible. In this case the Marketer will be advised to have the customer call Distribution at (716) 686-6123 or (800) 365-3234 with the meter reading taken on the day they move to their new location.
- If the initiation of service requires Distribution to complete an onsite visit, the Marketer will be advised of the order number and scheduled date (and time if appropriate). The Marketer should provide this information to their customer. The customer may call Distribution at (716) 686-6123 or (800) 365-3234 to reschedule, if necessary.
- Marketers may also forward the completed application with a request to place the order on hold; indicating that the customer will call to schedule the service call. This alternative must be clearly indicated on the forwarding coversheet or correspondence.

iii. Requirements for Non-Residential Service Customers

All standard requirements for non-residential applications remain the same. The only exception is security. No security may be required if the applicant presents and allows Distribution to retain a copy of their contract with the approved STBA Marketer and provides evidence of customer consent. In the case of the latter, such evidence must be obtained from the Marketer.

Non-residential customers may apply for meter service in the following manner.

- (a) Customer Initiated Application for Service
 - The customer may make a telephone application for service by calling Distribution's CRC at (716) 686-6123 or (800) 365-3234. The customer will need to provide their Federal Taxpayer ID Number or Social Security Number in order to complete the application. The customer should request their order account number. The customer should then notify their selected Marketer of their order account number and date the service is scheduled to be turned on. The Marketer must fax or mail a copy of the STBA Customer Consent form (provided within this GTOP) to Distribution indicating the order number and scheduled turn on date on the form. Accounts will not be enrolled into any STBA without the completed Customer Consent Form, contact the Transportation Billing Department at 716-857-7432 or TSD-Billing@natfuel.com to advise of the enrollment as well as place an 814 Enrollment prior to the service starting in the customer's name.
 - The customer may make an application for meter service at one of Distribution's CACs. The customer will be required to provide supporting documents with the application. These may include appropriate identification, copies of corporate papers, corporate filing receipts and authorization or d/b/a certificates.
- (b) Marketer Initiated Application Service

Marketers, acting as agents for their customers, may fax or mail completed non-residential applications on behalf of their customers.

- Completed applications and evidence of customer consent must be forwarded with either a fax cover sheet or forwarding letter clearly identifying: the Marketer's name, address, telephone and fax numbers and the contact person responsible for the transaction with their direct telephone number and/or telephone extension.
- Applications will be processed in the order in which they are received. If an application cannot be processed the Marketer will be contacted and advised what is required to complete the application.
- The initiation of non-residential service requires Distribution to complete an onsite visit. The Marketer will be advised of the order number and scheduled date (and time if appropriate). The Marketer should provide this information to their customer and advise their customer that someone must be on premises to allow Distribution's representative access to the premises to check gas equipment. The customer may call Distribution at (716) 686-6123 or (800) 365-3234 to reschedule, if necessary.
- Marketers may also forward the completed application with the required supporting documentation and request to place the order on hold; indicating that the customer will call to schedule the service call. This alternative must be clearly indicated on the forwarding coversheet or correspondence. The Marketer will be advised of the work order number.

3. Delivery Quantity Determination Procedures

STBA Suppliers are responsible for delivering gas supply to Distribution's City Gate in amounts calculated by Distribution. For each customer, a Daily Delivery Quantity ("DDQ") is determined and combined with other customers' DDQs to produce the Aggregated Daily Delivery Quantity ("ADDQ"). When a Supplier elects to utilize an Upstream Agent to manage its upstream transportation and storage capacity, the Supplier remains ultimately responsible for meeting storage levels described herein and in the Tariff. For example, when an Upstream Agent fails to deliver a Supplier's DDQ, it is as if the Supplier itself failed to meet the DDQ requirement.

a. Determination of DDQ and ADDQ

Distribution will determine, based upon each customer's historical load profile and/or estimates of consumption, a STBA Customer Group's projected normalized consumption for a given period; either monthly, weekly, or daily. Consumption estimates may be adjusted in response to meter readings, as available, weather forecasts and compensated for the difference between actual weather and previous weather forecasts. Based upon this projected consumption, Distribution will determine each customer's DDQ and, by summing all DDQs of the STBA customers in the Supplier's STBA Customer Group, the Supplier's STBA Customer Group's ADDQ. The DDQs and ADDQ so calculated will be used to determine the Supplier's daily City Gate delivery obligations. ADDQ information shall be posted by Distribution on its Transportation Scheduling System ("TSS"), or such other medium, as Distribution deems appropriate. A standard file format for DDQ data is included in the Appendices of the GTOP. Distribution will provide detailed DDQ data files in the Secure Transactions section of the Services For Marketers, Producers and Suppliers area of the NFGDC website.

A Supplier taking service under SC-19 (or any other Service Classification with city gate balancing governed by SC-19) accepts Distribution's calculation of the DDQ and/or ADDQ. Marketers or Direct Customers may request a change in the specified ADDQ if the Marketer or Direct Customer has specific knowledge that a customer's or customer group's consumption will be different than anticipated. Such requests should be submitted via TSS by 1:30 PM, on the business day prior to the Gas Day the change is requested to take effect. In the event of an emergency situation where TSS is unavailable, such requests may be written up and submitted via email to all three of the following:

MaciokJ@natfuel.com, CzechowiczD@natfuel.com, TSSsupport@natfuel.com. The "DDQ/PDQ Email Change Request" form is available on the NFGDC website at:

http://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/TSS/ManualsAndForms/DDQ PDQChangeRequest.pdf

The request should specify the amount by which the ADDQ should be changed as well as provide justification for the change. Distribution shall not be liable for the difference between the projected consumption and the consumption determination by Distribution.

b. City Gate Delivery Requirements

Receipt of natural gas at the City Gate under this Service Classification shall be limited to the sum of the DDQs for all customers in a Supplier's STBA Group (the ADDQ). The Supplier must deliver or cause to be delivered at the City Gate the ADDQ on each day of the month, within the tolerance band described below. Distribution will deliver to each individual customer the customer's gas requirements and will provide daily City Gate balancing services to the extent actual City Gate deliveries differ from the ADDQ. Burner tip ("on-system") imbalances will be addressed as described below. Distribution is not obligated to accept any volumes nominated by supplier in excess of a Group's ADDQ.

c. Daily City Gate Imbalance Charges

For amounts delivered to the City Gate by the Supplier that differ from the applicable ADDQ, the Supplier will incur the following charges:

i. Charges for Daily City Gate Underdeliveries

Except during OFO periods, for City Gate underdeliveries up to or equal to five (5) percent of the applicable ADDQ, there will be no charge.

Except during OFO periods, for City Gate underdeliveries in excess of five (5) percent of the applicable ADDQ, to the extent such charges are not addressed under SC-12 service, the charge for gas supplied by Distribution shall be equal to the rate for Deficiency Imbalance supplies under SC-11.

ii. Charges for Daily City Gate Overdeliveries

Except during OFO periods, for City Gate overdeliveries nominated up to five percent of the applicable ADDQ, there will be no charge.

City Gate overdeliveries nominated in excess of five percent of the applicable ADDQ may be rejected by Distribution in its sole discretion.

See infra Section H.2 for more information concerning OFOs.

4. Capacity Assignment/Use Procedures

Three basic capacity components are utilized to serve customers: Upstream Capacity, Intermediate Capacity and Peak Balancing Service. Based upon historic weather data, an extreme peak day requirement is calculated by multiplying 74 degree-days times customer heat load per degree-day factor and adding it to the daily customer base load. This quantity is grossed up by the Distribution retainage rate and converted to dekatherms in order to calculate the City Gate requirement. Suppliers are allocated capacity to serve a Design Peak Requirement ("DPR"), defined as the design peak day customer load determinants for 62 degree-days, above which Peak Balancing Service is utilized. Generally 33% of the DPR (depending upon the customer load factor, this percentage may be lower) is met through Intermediate Capacity consisting of EFT deliveries of ESS withdrawals. The remaining portion of the DPR is met through Upstream Capacity delivered into NFGSC. Supplies delivered through Upstream Capacity are subsequently transported to the city gate through an additional allocation of Intermediate Capacity. Except in limited cases where Suppliers utilize their own capacity or local production, capacity is provided to Suppliers through the capacity release process.

Distribution releases pipeline capacity to Suppliers on a month-to-month basis. It is the responsibility of the Supplier to ensure that it is qualified to obtain capacity based upon the FERC tariff requirements and administrative procedures for each upstream interstate pipeline. Suppliers that fail to take the necessary steps to obtain the capacity release from Distribution in time to place a timely pipeline nomination for the first day of the calendar month will be considered out of compliance with the applicable reliability requirements in the terms and conditions of Distribution's Tariff, operating agreements, or this manual. If a Supplier does not meet this requirement more than once in a 12-month period, this event will be reported to Commission Staff. If a Supplier fails to meet this requirement more than twice in a 12-month period, the Supplier's STBA Agreement will be in default and the Supplier will be subject to the involuntary discontinuance of service procedures under the UBPs. Upon termination, the Supplier shall be prohibited from receiving service under STBA Service for a period of three (3) months.

Suppliers and/or other parties may accept upstream capacity releases/assignments, i.e. act as Upstream Agents, for other STBA Suppliers and Direct Customers. The STBA Supplier and/or Direct Customer utilizing an Upstream Agent must submit an Upstream Agency Consent Form and Affidavit (see Appendices). Upstream Agents must provide Distribution with contact information, as necessary, for nomination and other related purposes. Distribution may require Upstream Agents to provide a copy of a redacted contract with the Upstream Agent to demonstrate that the Upstream Agent is obligated to meet the STBA Supplier's load.

Distribution is not obligated to accept any party as an Upstream Agent if it is less creditworthy than the STBA Supplier(s) and/or Direct Customer(s) for whom such party intends to accept capacity releases/assignments. Acceptance of a party as an Upstream Agent is on a month-to-month basis and is contingent upon satisfaction of creditworthiness requirements and provision of any security.

a. Upstream Capacity Requirement

To satisfy the upstream capacity requirement under STBA service, except where Suppliers utilize their own grandfathered upstream capacity or local production (as explained below), Suppliers will receive a mandatory assignment of Distribution's upstream capacity under the Company's Mandatory Upstream Transmission Capacity ("MUTC") program. Where Suppliers utilize Grandfathered Upstream Transmission Capacity ("GUTC"), Grandfathered Intermediate Transmission Capacity ("GITC") or local production, Suppliers must demonstrate to Distribution's Gas Supply Administration Department [contact: Ken McAvoy, (716) 857-7960, McAvoyK@natfuel.com] that they have secured such capacity to serve small volume transportation customers (customers consuming 5,000 Mcf or less with a right to receive average cost-based sales service) and large volume nondual fuel critical service customers. Under STBA service, large volume critical service customers may satisfy the mandatory capacity requirement by demonstrating dual fuel ("DF") capabilities. The amount of GUTC or GITC available to Distribution's system cannot increase above the quantity that was established on November 1, 2007. Further, these quantities may decrease from time to time on a permanent basis as described below.

The table below summarizes the capacity and standby service requirements/options for transportation customers under both STBA service with a Supplier and Direct Customer transportation service:

	Critical Service	Customer	Non-Critical Service Customer		
Annual Mcf	Supplier STBA	Direct Customer	Supplier STBA	Direct Customer	
< 3500	Cap. Req'd.	N/A	Cap. Req'd.	N/A	
3500 - 5000	Cap. Req'd.	Standby	Cap. Req'd.	Standby	
> 5000	Cap. Req'd. or DF ⁽¹⁾	Cap. Req'd, Standby or DF ⁽¹⁾	No Cap. Req'd. (2)	No Cap. Req'd.	

Note (1): DF Capable

- Note (2): While STBA Customers with annual consumption exceeding 5,000 mcf do not have a mandatory capacity requirement, unless the necessary equipment allowing the Company to monitor the Customer's daily usage of gas is installed and operating, the Customer shall arrange for supply to be delivered, either directly or by displacement, on a firm basis for the entire route from the point of production to the Company's distribution system.
- Note (3): While a Direct Customer may aggregate its own accounts into a Market Pool under STBA service and act as their own Supplier, the individual accounts will still have a capacity requirement based upon annual consumption. The table above pertains to Direct Customers that do not act on an aggregated basis.

Customers that are not subject to a mandatory capacity requirement, including those that waived their right to return to standard tariff rate service under the terms and conditions of Joint Proposal to Achieve a Comprehensive Restructuring of the Rates and Services of National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation, filed January 23, 2002 in Case 00-G-1858, have a right to return to bundled incremental GAC sales service, if available.

b. Intermediate Capacity Requirement

Suppliers receive an allocation of Intermediate Transmission and Storage capacity on NFGSC to provide Suppliers with capacity from receipts into NFGSC to the City Gate. This capacity includes both EFT and ESS storage capacity. The capacity allocation is based upon a design peak day calculation. For example, 33% of the Supplier's DPR is met through EFT deliveries of ESS withdrawals when the load factor is less than 40%. For load factors in the 40% to 60% range, 22% is met through storage and in the 60% to 80% range, 11% is met through storage. Load factors over 80% are met entirely through firm transportation.

c. Mandatory Upstream Transmission Capacity Release Program

Capacity is released to Suppliers under Distribution's MUTC Release Program to satisfy the upstream capacity requirement under STBA service, except where Suppliers utilize their own grandfathered upstream capacity or local production. The amount of MUTC assigned will coincide with the Supplier's DPR established on or about the 17th of the preceding month. The rate for each capacity release path will be equal to Distribution's weighted average cost of capacity ("WACOC") and will be exempt from bidding requirements ("Retail Choice Bidding Exemption") and the prohibition against tying as described in section 284.8(h) of the FERC Regulations. MUTC releases will be recallable. No contract amendments will be permitted. Capacity may be re-released, however, any replacement shippers must remain subject to the obligations of Distribution's STBA program as described here-in, in the Tariff and any applicable state regulations governing retail choice. Flow directives requiring Suppliers to utilize the MUTC in a prescribed manner may be issued from time-to-time based upon seasonal or weather-related factors. Additionally, Distribution may issue flow directives requiring Suppliers to utilize the MUTC to deliver gas to specific points necessary to balance the system. For example, a flow directive might require Suppliers to first deliver flowing gas up to their full upstream pipeline contract quantity before delivering gas from their ESS capacity or from their FSS capacity if applicable.

Prior to April 1st each year, Distribution will evaluate its MUTC program requirements for the coming 12 months. To satisfy the upstream capacity requirement, MUTC will be released for each month, on a month to month basis, on the following pipelines in approximately the following proportions based on the aggregate quantity of capacity available to all suppliers:

Capacity Path (upstream pipeline capacity requirement is equal to or less than the 34,000 Dth/day threshold)	MUTC %	MUTC/ Interm. Mix %	Total Capacity Mix %
TGP FT-A: Zone 4 receipt and Zone 4 delivery	70 %		47 %
DETI: Millennium Holding Point receipt and Ellisburg delivery	0 %	67 %	47 %
NFGSC ESS Storage Capacity (MSQ)/ ESS Withdrawals (MDWQ)	30 %		53 %
NFGSC Intermediate Capacity	N.A.	33 %	33 %

Once the 34,000 Dth/day threshold is reached, subsequent monthly releases will include both TGP Zone 4 delivery quantities and DETI capacity with delivery into NFGSC at Ellisburg. To the extent Distribution is able to project when the upstream capacity path will reach the 34,000 Dth/day threshold, it will endeavor to provide advance notice to Suppliers for planning purposes. Once the 34,000 Dth/day threshold is reached, subsequent releases will be on a pro-rata basis, month to month, as described below:

Capacity Path		MUTC/	Total
(upstream pipeline capacity requirement is greater than the 34,000 Dth/day threshold)	MUTC %	Interm. Mix %	Capacity Mix %
TGP FT-A: Zone 4 receipt and Zone 4 delivery	50 %		47 %
DETI: Millennium Holding Point receipt and Ellisburg delivery	20 %	67 %	47 %
NFGSC ESS Storage Capacity (MSQ)/ ESS Withdrawals (MDWQ)	30 %		53 %
NFGSC Intermediate Capacity	N.A.	33 %	33 %

Should the above capacity become fully subscribed via the MUTC Release Program or otherwise become unavailable, Distribution will identify another mix of capacity for subsequent MUTC releases. In such cases, Distribution will post a notice to its web site identifying the pipeline capacity/paths and proportions thereof.

The Intermediate capacity consisting of Supply EFT and ESS that will be released as a part of the MUTC program will be net of Supplier GITC, as applicable, and is additive to that assigned to meet the intermediate capacity requirement. Additionally, ESS inventory requirements (described below) are applicable to the sum of ESS capacity assigned.

d. Demonstration of Grandfathered Upstream Capacity

To qualify as an acceptable alternative to MUTC, GUTC must have primary or in-path secondary receipt point access to liquid trading point(s) listed below or point(s) otherwise acceptable to Distribution.

Columbia ≠ Appalachian Pool Point

DETI Appalachian North & South Pooling Points
EPI At and south of Millennium – Corning

Tennessee Gas Pipeline Firm Capacity paths with 1) receipt points at and south of Zone 0 & Zone L

pooling points or, 2) receipt points in Zone 4 [300 Line East of Sta. 315 and 200

Line South of Sta. 219]

TET \neq Firm capacity path with receipt points within or south of Zone M2 Transco \neq Firm capacity path with receipt points within or south of Station 210

TransCanada Dawn, AECOC Hub

To initiate the process to consider whether a liquid trading point or points should be added or removed, an interested party shall submit a written statement to Distribution identifying the proposed point(s) and providing a supporting explanation. To consider whether a point or points should be added or removed, Distribution shall conduct a Reliability Forum as described in Section G.3. Notice of receipt of a written statement will be provided by Distribution on its web site within thirty (30) days of receipt of the statement. Informal discussions addressing such proposals may be held in an effort to reach agreement on whether the identified points should be added to or removed from the above list. Upon agreement, Distribution shall modify its Gas Transportation Operating Procedures Manual to reflect the change adopted. In the event an agreement is not reached after ninety (90) days from the date that informal discussions begin, disputed matters may proceed to mediation by the Department of Public Service.

Marketers must align intermediate capacity primary receipt points with their GUTC primary delivery points, whether the Marketer utilizes GITC or relies upon release of Distribution intermediate capacity. In the latter case, Distribution will consider, but is not obligated to accommodate, Supplier requests seeking to transfer its primary EFT receipt point capacity to those points desired by Suppliers. Supplier requests will be processed on a first-come, first-served basis (i.e. priority will be given to requests with the earlier calendar date. A table listing Distribution's primary EFT receipt capacity quantities is maintained on Distribution's web site. Marketers must demonstrate their contract GUTC to satisfy upstream capacity requirements for a minimum five-month period effective November 1st of each year.

[≠] Subject to alignment of GUTC with intermediate capacity primary receipt point(s), as described below, and a primary city gate delivery point.

Suppliers demonstrating GUTC or GITC capacity must indicate to Distribution by April 1st of each year the specific capacity they intend to use to satisfy their upstream requirements for the following November through March winter period. Suppliers are required to submit for approval by the following July 1st copies of upstream contracts² indicating:

- Upstream pipeline
- Firm, non-recallable contract number
- Contract term that includes the five (5) winter months (November March)
- Contract quantity maximum flow rate (Dth/day)
- Primary receipt point(s) and/or Distribution approved "liquid" points
- Primary delivery point(s) at Distribution approved interconnects into EFT receipt capacity

Suppliers that fail to indicate the specific capacity they plan to use for the following winter by April 1st will be required to meet the July 1st requirement within 30 days of the April 1st deadline. Assignment of receipt point capacity at a given point does not guarantee that incremental capacity will be made available to a Supplier at that point nor does it confer priority over another Supplier seeking capacity at that point. Incremental capacity at a receipt point will be allocated each month on a first-come, first-served basis based upon actual customer requirements. Further, so long as the Supplier requests the same point and has sufficient customer requirements, the point allocation will roll from month-to-month except for November.

A Supplier's grandfathered capacity may change over time, e.g. its GUTC may relocate to another upstream pipeline(s), however, the overall quantity of GUTC that may be delivered to Supply or GITC receipt capacity may not increase. If changes are made, Suppliers shall present their upstream capacity according to the following time-line and procedure:

- 1. A report describing the Supplier's plan for compliance is due to Distribution by April 1. Should a Supplier fail to submit the April 1 report or the changes to GUTC not be operationally acceptable, Distribution may consider this event to be a Supplier election to reduce its GUTC capacity.
- 2. A Supplier's total capacity obligation is determined by the sum of the upstream capacity requirements for each separate STBA it operates or for which it acts as Upstream Agent for another Supplier.
- 3. Suppliers must demonstrate GUTC or GITC sufficient to meet their grandfathered capacity levels by July 1. Absent such demonstration, the Supplier will be assigned MUTC to satisfy the upstream capacity requirement not satisfied by remaining GUTC or GITC, if any, and Distribution will consider this event to be a Supplier election to reduce its GUTC capacity to the levels demonstrated.
- 4. To the extent Suppliers demonstrate GUTC with primary delivery point capacity in excess of corresponding available intermediate receipt point capacity, the following tie-breakers will guide the allocation of such capacity:
 - First to Suppliers allocated the same receipt capacity at the conclusion of the previous five (5) winter months adjusted to lesser of the July DPR or the requested amount of capacity.
 - Second to Suppliers in proportion to the lesser of each Supplier's July DPR or the requested amount of capacity.

In either case, to the extent a Supplier places a higher priority on other requested receipt points, the DPR applicable to the contested point will be reduced accordingly.

For planning purposes, Distribution will not unreasonably reject any receipt point request that can reasonably be supported by load growth projected between the request submission date and November 1; however, priority will be given to Suppliers with actual load requirements over those with projected load requirements.

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² Suppliers may redact confidential information.

While the quantity of GUTC or GITC available to the system may never increase, it may decrease. For example, in addition to the GUTC/GITC level reduction actions described above, a Supplier may make an election to reduce its GUTC or GITC capacity, in which case if the Supplier maintains its customers, it would subsequently meet its upstream capacity requirement via MUTC.

Each April 1, the Company will compare the DPR to be served by pipeline capacity upstream of NFGSC for the thirteen (13) months from and including the last April to the current April to identify the Peak Requirement Quantity ("PRQ"). Unless the Supplier elects to reduce its GUTC or GITC, there shall be no reduction to the Supplier's GUTC or GITC quantity if the PRQ equals or exceeds the quantity of GUTC or GITC provided by the Supplier, or if the decrease in PRQ from the last such comparison is less than 500 Dth. Otherwise, the Supplier's GUTC or GITC quantity will be reduced to the PRQ. In any case, if the Supplier's PRQ is zero (0) Dth, then the Supplier's GUTC or GITC shall be reduced to zero (0) Dth. Additionally, if the Supplier has not maintained its GUTC or GITC in whole or part, the Company will treat such event as a Supplier election to permanently reduce its GUTC or GITC and the Supplier's GUTC or GITC shall be reduced by the quantity that was not maintained. For each Supplier reduction, the total quantity of GUTC or GITC available to the system will be reduced in the same quantity as applicable to the Supplier.

A Supplier may not transfer its GUTC or GITC to another Supplier unless it accompanies the sale of its entire book of customers.

e. Additional Upstream Capacity Considerations (including Local Production)

Telemetered local production or non-telemetered local production (consistent with GTOP Section F.4) may be used to satisfy the upstream capacity requirement. Consistent with the procedures contained herein, Suppliers must demonstrate contracts to purchase such local production with terms and conditions comparable to those pertaining to upstream firm capacity contracts along with a demonstration of historic deliverability. Because local production feeds directly into Distribution's system, it also satisfies the intermediate capacity requirement (NFGSC EFT) for the quantity of local production demonstrated. When local production is demonstrated for a five-month period (November 1 – March 31) of each year, the intermediate capacity requirement associated with the upstream capacity is also satisfied for a 12-month period commencing as soon as the first day of the month that follows the date the capacity demonstration is accepted but no later than November 1. In any event, the same local production may not be used to satisfy the intermediate capacity of more than one Supplier at a time and the total amount used to satisfy capacity requirements by all Suppliers may not exceed the average daily local production available to the system.

Local Production is not suitable as a substitute for intermediate capacity (the ESS storage allocation) because it is essentially, especially under the 65% level, a base loaded supply. Even though a Supplier could change nominations to match a lower ADDQ, the gas from the local production well would continue to flow. This differs from the ESS & associated EFT scenario where nominations and flow can be adjusted balancing market needs with storage activity.

In cases where other storage capacity in a Supplier's GUTC or GITC, for example FSS, is used as a substitute for ESS capacity or as an alternative to MUTC, the Supplier is required to provide Distribution with the permission necessary to allow access to the Supplier's storage balance information comparable to the access Distribution's Tariff requires for ESS inventory information.

For Suppliers using Local Production as an alternative to MUTC, as they add customers, they have until the 24th before the month starts to demonstrate additional local production, if required. If they fail to demonstrate, the Supplier will be assigned MUTC to satisfy the incremental upstream capacity requirement associated with the new customers. As a planning strategy, Suppliers should project their customer count for the winter period and contract, in advance, for the Local Production necessary to serve the projected load. An April 1 demonstration of Local Production in excess of that required to serve the projected customer count in subsequent months will permit Suppliers to avoid a monthly demonstration. Additionally, it may help Distribution to determine the capacity requirements for the segment of the market it will serve though sales service.

As a means of ensuring that Distribution is able to meet its obligations under the Commission's 12/21/99 "Order Concerning Reliability," Suppliers shall enable Distribution to ascertain whether firm transportation is being used at primary delivery points into NFGSC as a part of the daily nomination/confirmation process. Such information may be

provided to Distribution via pipeline Electronic Bulletin Boards ("EBBs"). In absence of such information, Distribution has the right to consider Supplier deliveries to be placed on an interruptible basis and has the right to reject them.

Appalachian production delivered into NFGSC may be used as a component of Supplier's GUTC on a year-to-year basis provided that such production has real time measurement and/or an Operational Balancing Agreement ("OBA") with NFGSC. Additionally, a demonstration of historical deliverability must be provided.

f. Capacity Allocation Example

The capacity allocation is based upon a peak day calculation. The most recent consumption history for a group of customers is normalized. This means that actual weather is factored out of the consumption quantities and replaced with normal weather resulting in normalized consumption.

The Monthly Base Load [D] is determined by averaging July and August consumption. The Daily Base Load [E] is determined by dividing the monthly base load by 31 days. The Winter Heat Load [H] is determined by subtracting the winter base load (equal to the monthly base load times five winter months) from the total winter consumption. The Heat Load per Degree Day factor [J] is then calculated dividing the winter heat load by the number of degree-days that occur during the normal winter.

The Extreme Peak Day Requirement [K] is calculated by multiplying 74 degree days times the heat load per degree day factor and adding it to the daily base load. This quantity is grossed up by the Distribution retainage rate and converted to dekatherms in order to calculate the City Gate requirement.

By Tariff, 33% of the Supplier's DPR is met through EFT deliveries of ESS withdrawals when the load factor is less than 40%. For load factors in the 40% to 60% range, 22% is met through storage and in the 60% to 80% range, 11% is met through storage. Load factors over 80% are met entirely through firm transportation. The peak day requirement not met via storage is met by Supplier provided primary firm capacity into NFGSC followed by Peak Balancing Service when forecasted or actual heating degree days exceed 62. An assignment of EFT capacity is used to move Supplier provided capacity to the City Gate. The NFGSC EFT and ESS services are provided to Suppliers through the capacity release process.

The ESS storage capacity quantity [R] is determined by multiplying Maximum Daily Withdrawal Quantity or MDWQ [S] (which is equal to the peak day ESS/EFT delivery quantity) by 46.678. The Maximum Daily Injection Quantity or MDIO [T] is equal to the storage capacity divided by 170.

The Supplier upstream firm capacity delivery quantity into NFGSC [U] is determined by grossing up the Upstream of NFGSC City Gate requirement [P] by NFGSC retainage. The total NFGSC EFT quantity [Y] is the sum of that associated with the upstream capacity and that associated with the ESS MDWQ.

TRANSMISSION AND STORAGE **EXAMPLE** Updated as of 2/11/20. Refer to NFGDC website and/or pipeline tariffs for most recent data.

Normal DD Normalized Load	Jan 1244 175832	Feb 1085 161053	Mar 961 142297	Apr 576 10043 6				-		Oct 443 84124		Dec 1082 158890	Total 6617 1175295
	rage Daily Consum oad (Average of Jul		55)		3,220.0 36,908	-	Mcf/Day Mcf/Month		3,329 38,163		Dth/Day Dth/Month		
August)	Daily Base Load	i		[G/151]	1,222.1	E	Mcf/Day		1,264		Dth/Day		
Normalized Win													
	Winter Load (Ja	n, Feb, Mar, N	ov & Dec)		755,575	_	Mcf		781,265		Dth		
	Winter Base Loa	ad		[D*5]	184,540	G	Mcf		190,814		Dth		
	Winter Heat Loa	ad		[F-G]	571,035	Н	Mcf		590,450		Dth		
Peak Day Requir													
	Winter DD (Jan	, Feb, Mar, No	v & Dec)		5,100								
	Heat Load/DD			[H/I]	112.0	J	Mcf/DD		116		Dth/DD		
	Extreme Peak D	ay for DD	74	****	9,507.7	K	Mcf		9,831		Dth		
	Supplier DPR		62	****	8,164.1	L	Mcf		8,442		Dth		
	Extreme Peak S	torage Require		[K-L]	1,343.6		Mcf	[M*O]	1,389		Dth		
	NFGDC Loss A	llowance			1.69%	N							
	BTU Factor				1.034	О			Peak Balancing	Service			
	City Gate Requi Load Factor (C/			[K*O/(1-N)]		P	Dth	[Q/(1-N)]	1,413	R	Dth		
Marketer Peak D	ay Requirements a	t City Gate											
		eleased ESS/E	FT			33%	2,834	S	Dth				
		FT - Marketer		pacity		67%	5,753		Dth				
				,,	Total EFT	[P-R]	8,587	_					
	р	eak Balancing	Service		Total El I	[R]	1,413		Dth				
	•	Duiming				[**]	10,000	_					
Storage Capacity	Assignment Calcu	ilation					10,000						
Storage capacity		ISO				[S*46.678]	132,285	V	Dth				
		IDWO				[S]	2,834		Dth				
		ID II Q IDIQ				[V/170]	778		Dth				
Upstream Pipelir	ne Capacity Requir	ement into NFO	GSC	Upstream FT l	MDTQ	[T/.9858]	5836	Y	Dth				

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5. Nominating Procedures

GENERAL

Distribution utilizes a pathed nomination model with a central delivery point ("CDP"). Transportation to end-use customers takes place on an Mcf basis. The "Gas In" nomination is used to nominate gas from the NFGSC City Gate or Local Production Pools to the CDP. NFGSC City Gate receipts are nominated on a Dth basis and converted to Mcf using a monthly BTU factor based upon the actual City Gate BTU, lagged by two months. The BTU factors are posted on Distribution's website at:

http://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/GasMeas/btu9900.asp

A shrinkage factor is also applied to the volumes on the Gas In nomination. For nomination purposes, changes to shrinkage factors become effective for the first day of the calendar month on or after the Tariff effective date. The shrinkage factor is posted on Distributions website at:

http://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/GasMeas/shrink.aspx

Production Pool receipts are nominated in terms of Mcf. A BTU of 1000 is presumed for conversion purposes.

DMT Market Pool Operators and STBA Suppliers do not directly nominate to individual burner tips because a nomination to the aggregation of all burner tips in the pool is implicit within the SC-19 aggregation or SC-13 transportation service.

Marketers and Direct Customers (or their Agents) place nominations utilizing Distribution's internet based Transportation Scheduling System ("TSS"). Distribution provides on-site nominations coverage during Normal Business Hours. Off-site after hours and weekend nomination coverage is also available by leaving a message on the Help Desk phone at (716) 857-7232. The call will be returned by an on-call analyst.

NAESB Standard Timeline

Nomination Timeline (All times listed are Eastern Clock Time)

Timely Nomination

Regular nomination to flow beginning the next Gas Day, placed by 2:00 PM to become effective at 10:00 AM on the next calendar day.

Evening Nomination

Intraday nomination to flow beginning the next Gas Day, placed by 7:00 PM to become effective at 10:00 AM on the next calendar day.

Intraday 1 Nomination

Intraday nomination to adjust flow for the current Gas Day, placed by 11:00 AM to become effective at 3:00 PM on the same calendar day.

Intraday 2 Nomination

Intraday nomination to adjust flow for the current Gas Day, placed by 3:30 PM to become effective at 7:00 PM on the same calendar day.

Intraday 3 Nomination

Intraday nomination to adjust flow for the current Gas Day, placed by 8:00 PM to become effective at 11:00 PM on the same calendar day.

Note: In general, scheduled intraday quantities will be calculated based upon the effective flow time for the intraday nomination and the hourly flow of gas already

scheduled for the same gas day up to the effective flow time (commonly referred to as the "Elapsed Prorated Scheduled Quantity" or "EPSQ"), as well as the information exchanged with the confirming party. For example, an Intraday 1 nomination to decrease flow cannot be scheduled for a total daily quantity less than what has been scheduled to flow for the first five (5) hours of the day. With the addition of the Intraday 3 cycle, effective flow start times from the Intraday 1 and Intraday 2 cycles increase the complexity of the calculations. See the Market Pool Manual on the NFGDC website for Intraday nomination scheduling examples.

Distribution accepts intraday Gas In and Gas Out nominations for DMT, SC-16 and STBA pools. Primarily, intraday nominations should be made to reestablish supplies to Distribution pools lost due to upstream cuts. Nominating parties are reminded that timely nominations on normal business days provide the best opportunity to schedule gas.

6. Balancing & Cash Out Procedures

BURNER TIP IMBALANCES

Imbalances are calculated by subtracting the aggregated burner-tip consumption from the quantity of gas delivered after adjustment for line losses into an aggregation pool during a month. If gas delivered exceeds burner-tip consumption, then a surplus or "Surplus Imbalance" exists. The corresponding imbalance position is "long". If gas delivered is less than burner-tip consumption, then a deficit or "Deficiency Imbalance" exists. The corresponding imbalance position is "short".

The Company will resolve month end burner tip imbalances through cash out as set forth in General Information Section II.30 of the Tariff based upon a pricing mechanism as set forth in General Information Section II.29 of the Tariff. These Tariff sections are summarized below. Limited exceptions to the month end cash out mechanism are as follows:

- where specified in the Company's Tariff
- use of SC-11 pricing to resolve Deficiency Imbalances when the Company issues a Notice of Unauthorized Period
- Company suspension of the cash-out mechanism

In reference to the last exception, the Company does not anticipate that this exception would routinely be implemented, if ever, and would not be undertaken or administered arbitrarily. The Company envisions that a suspension could occur in response to an industry event, man-made or natural, resulting in circumstances under which resolution of imbalances via cash-out would be detrimental to the integrity of the Company's system. For example, if an earthquake occurred damaging facilities that provide access to gas supply at DETI South Point, the Company might suspend the cash out mechanism if it would help to ensure that other gas supplies are delivered to serve customers. Should the cash out be suspended, the Company will post notice on its web site as soon as practicable and no later than the beginning of imbalance trading and imbalances would be resolved through the rollover mechanism.

CASH OUT INDEX

The Daily Index price for the cash out of imbalances, used primarily for SC-13 service, will be established utilizing "Dominion South Point", referred to in the SNL Natural Gas Index ("SNL") as the "Dominion S" plus transportation costs (including upstream fuel shrinkage) to Company's City Gate. For non-business days when no price is published, the price from another day for which a price was published will be utilized, consistent with industry conventions.

The Average Monthly Index, as applicable to month end imbalances for all transportation services, will be the average of each day's Daily Index during the month.

CASH OUT PRICING MATRIX

To resolve a Surplus Imbalance, the Company will purchase a volume of gas from the Imbalance Holder to reduce the imbalance volume to zero ("Cash Out Purchase"). To resolve a Deficiency Imbalance, the Company will sell a volume of gas to the Imbalance Holder to reduce the imbalance volume to zero ("Cash Out Sale"). The actual cash out volumes will be based upon ending imbalance volume following application of prior period adjustments and exchange of imbalances as described below. The cash out pricing tiers are as follows:

Tier	Transaction	Imbalance Position	Rate
Surplus Pricing Tier 3	Purchase	>20 % long	60 % of Index
Surplus Pricing Tier 2	Purchase	15% to 20 % long	85 % of Index
Surplus Pricing Tier 1	Purchase	5% to 15 % long	90 % of Index
Market Pricing Tier	Purchase or Sale	5 % long to 5% short	100% of Index
Deficiency Pricing Tier 1	Sale	5% to 15% short	110% of Index
Deficiency Pricing Tier 2	Sale	15% to 20% short	115% of Index
Deficiency Pricing Tier 3	Sale	>20% short	140% of Index

The Monthly Index price applicable to cash out activity will be posted on Distribution's web site prior to Imbalance Trading each month.

IMBALANCE RESOLUTION/CASH OUT PROCESS

The Imbalance Holder is the Customer, Supplier or Marketer responsible for imbalance resolution as described in the Service Classification under which the Company provides service. Typically, the STBA Supplier or DMT Market Pool Operator are Imbalances Holders. An Imbalance Holder's Month End Imbalance is the burner tip imbalance calculated pursuant to terms of each Service Classification under which the Company provides service to the Customers for which the Imbalance Holder bears imbalance responsibility. The process for determining imbalances and cash out responsibility is as follows:

- 1. Imbalances are calculated for the calendar month just completed at the Market Pool level. Total Monthly Consumption ("TMC"), as measured or estimated is subtracted from the sum of allocated transportation receipt volumes from city gate deliveries, local production pool receipts and local production excess volumes, reduced for shrinkage (allowance for losses incurred in the process of delivery).
 - a. An Imbalance Holder's Initial System Imbalance Volume ("ISIV") imbalance will be computed by summing the imbalances from all the market pools for which it bears imbalance responsibility and assigning the ISIV to a "Zero Pool", e.g. NNFGS00, for imbalance trading and billing purposes.
- 2. In addition to having an imbalance within the range 5% long to 5% short, an Imbalance Holder may be assigned to the Market Pricing Tier through one of two safe harbors:
 - a. The Company will sum the ISIV and TMC for all Imbalance Holders into system totals. A System Imbalance Position ("SIP") will be computed by dividing the system total ISIV by the system total TMC and converting the quotient into a percentage. If the SIP is within the range 5 % long to 5% short, then all Imbalance Holders will be assigned to the Market Pricing Tier.
 - b. For customer pools where the Company assigns an ADDQ, if the Imbalance Holder's total receipt volumes are within 2% of the total monthly ADDQ for each pool, the Imbalance Holder will be assigned to the Market Pricing Tier. For customer pools where the Company does not assign an ADDQ, the TMC for each customer pool will be substituted for the ADDQ.

- 3. Absent qualifying under a safe harbor provision, an Imbalance Holder's ISIV will be categorized as follows:
 - a. If the ISIV is greater than zero, then the Imbalance Holder has a Surplus Imbalance with an initial long position.
 - b. If the ISIV is less than zero, then the Imbalance Holder has a Deficiency Imbalance with an initial short position.
 - c. A measure of the Imbalance Holder's imbalance position is calculated by dividing its ISIV by its TMC and converting the quotient into a percentage.
 - d. Based upon its initial system imbalance position, the Imbalance Holder will be assigned to an initial pricing tier.
- 4. Before the start of imbalance trading, an Imbalance Holder's Pre-Trading System Imbalance Volume ("PSIV") will be calculated by applying prior period adjustments, if any, to its ISIV. The Imbalance Holder's pre-trading imbalance position is calculated by dividing its PSIV by its TMC and converting the quotient into a percentage.
 - a. If the resulting imbalance percentage moves closer to zero, the Imbalance Holder will be assigned to a pre-trading pricing tier based upon the adjusted percentage.
 - b. If the resulting imbalance percentage moves further from zero, the Imbalance Holder will be assigned to a pre-trading pricing tier equal to the initial pricing tier.
 - c. If the direction of imbalance reverses (Surplus Imbalance to Deficiency Imbalance or Deficiency Imbalance to Surplus Imbalance), the pre-trading pricing tier assigned to the Imbalance Holder will be the Market Pricing Tier.

IMBALANCE TRADING

The Company will provide Imbalance Holders with the means to exchange Month End Imbalances. Trading sessions will typically be scheduled to begin on the 10th business day following the end of the month (approximately on the 15th of the month). Morning and afternoon trading sessions will be conducted over a three business day period. Notice of any delay or alteration of the trading schedule will be posted on the Company's web site. Upon request of the Imbalance Holder, the Company will provide other Imbalance Holders with information regarding the Imbalance Holder's imbalance status for the month.

Each trade must improve an Imbalance Holder's imbalance position, i.e. the resulting imbalance volume must be closer to zero. In no event will the Company process trades that worsen an Imbalance Holder's imbalance volume. The Imbalance Holder's post-trading or Final System Imbalance Volume ("FSIV") will be calculated by adding the volumes from its trades to the PSIV.

POST-TRADING RESOLUTION AND APPLICATION OF CASH OUT TIERS

An Imbalance Holder's post-trading imbalance position is calculated by dividing its FSIV by its TMC and converting the quotient into a percentage. The Imbalance Holder's post-trading imbalance position will be used to determine the post-trading imbalance tier for cash out, however, the post-trading imbalance tier will not be worse than pre-trading imbalance tier.

If the volumetric range of the Imbalance Holder's Market Pricing Tier for a month is significantly smaller or otherwise inconsistent with that occurring during the normal course of business, the Company may override the post-trading imbalance tier calculation for that month and assign the Imbalance Holder to the Market Pricing Tier. Examples of such circumstances are:

a. During the initial month in which an Imbalance Holder has an imbalance resulting from service under an eligible Service Classifications as described above.

b. During the final month in which an Imbalance Holder has an imbalance resulting from service under an eligible Service Classifications as described above.

Finally, if the absolute value of an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is less than 1000 Mcf, it will be assigned to the Market Pricing Tier.

The Imbalance Holder will be cashed out at the tiers, beginning at the tiers furthest from the Market Pricing Tier until the imbalance volumes within all the tiers are reduced to zero. The Market Pricing Tier will be cashed out after all other tiers have been cashed out.

Cash Out Sales and Cash Out Purchases will be reflected on the next bill issued by the Company to the Imbalance Holder following the conclusion of trading sessions.

Examples showing application of the cash out mechanism to various imbalance scenarios are posted on Distribution's web site under the heading Imbalance Information at:

http://www.natfuel.com/marketers/NY STBA/STBApage.aspx

IMBALANCE ROLLOVER PROCEDURES

The purpose of this section is to provide certainty in the procedures to apply if the cash-out were suspended, that is, to make clear that imbalances would be resolved through the rollover mechanism if the cash out mechanism were suspended.

In the unlikely event that the Company suspended the cash out mechanism, an Imbalance Rollover process would be applied at the Market pool level. Under this methodology, any deficiency or surplus is applied to the second month after the imbalance occurs, as operating conditions permit, as an addition to, or deduction from, the ADDQs calculated for that month. In practice, this has meant that January imbalances, for example, are applied to March ADDQs.

Circumstances might exist where Distribution elects to defer adjusting ADDQs. Operating conditions under which Distribution may elect to not adjust ADDQs to address rollover imbalances would include those that resulted in ADDQs inconsistent with underlying market demand. Distribution would post notice of such an election on its web site.

For example, a negative imbalance from March would usually be resolved by increasing Supplier ADDQs for May. If it is determined that the magnitude of the ADDQ increase would result in ADDQs larger than system operations could accommodate, Distribution might suspend the ADDQ increase for any portion of a month, e.g. a day(s), a weekend(s) or the entire month, until a month during which system operations permitted cancellation of the suspension. During the suspension, the rollover imbalance would continue to grow or shrink in accordance with the usual variances between ADDQs and actual customer demand. Suppliers could also request cash out of their imbalance when the suspension of the cash out mechanism is concluded.

CITY GATE IMBALANCES

Suppliers must deliver or cause to be delivered at the City Gate the ADDQ on each day of the month, within a tolerance band. A City Gate Imbalance exists to the extent actual City Gate deliveries differ from the ADDQ. When a City Gate Deficiency Imbalance exceeds the tolerance, an SC-11 sale will be made to adjust deliveries to be within tolerance.

IMBALANCE PRICING CLASSIFICATION

With respect to prices charged to Customer, Supplier or Marketer for resolution of imbalances on a daily or monthly basis that are based upon the Daily Index or Average Monthly Index, respectively, the amount charged on imbalance volumes within a service classification's Market Pricing Tier, the size of which may be adjusted during an Operational Flow Order, should be considered to be a gas cost. Surcharges to the price

applied for sale of gas to a Customer, Supplier or Marketer by the Company for imbalance volumes outside those that are priced at 100% of the Market Pricing Tier due to an under-delivery should be classified as penalties. Additionally, discounts applied to the price credited to a Customer, Supplier or Marketer for sale of gas to the Company for imbalance volumes outside those that are priced at 100% of the Market Pricing Tier due to an over-delivery should be classified as penalties.

7. Reconciliation/True-Ups

Any Reconciliation/True-Up rights are identified within the immediately preceding section.

8. Standby Services

SC-11: DEFICIENCY IMBALANCE SALES SERVICE FOR TRANSPORTATION CUSTOMERS

This service is applicable to all transportation service customers. SC-11 service provides for the interruptible sale of Distribution-owned gas to transportation customers to cover deficiency imbalances on an as-needed basis. Interruptible service is available only to the extent that sales service to firm sales customers is not jeopardized. The rates charged under this schedule are in addition to the charges for Transportation Service.

Authorized Periods:

Above an initial 0-2% tier, the deficiency imbalance sales rate is 110% of the Total Gas Cost Rate in the months of April through October (non-winter period) for the month (including GAC). During November through March (winter period), the deficiency imbalance sales rate is 125% of the Total Gas Cost Rate for the month (including GAC). The table below summarizes:

0-2% (of actual consumption)	Total Gas Cost Rate (Equivalent to Distribution's
	Weighted Average Cost of Gas)
Above 2% (Nov. – Mar.)	125% of Total Gas Cost Rate (SC-11)
Above 2% (Apr. – Oct.)	110% of Total Gas Cost Rate (SC-11)

Unauthorized Periods:

The deficiency imbalance sales rate is 110% of the Total Gas Cost Rate in the months of April through October (non-winter period) for the month (including GAC) plus \$7.00 per Mcf. The deficiency imbalance sales rate is 125% of the per Mcf Gas Cost Rate during November through March (winter period), for the month (including GAC) plus \$7.00 per Mcf. The \$7.00 per Mcf additional charge shall be applied to deficiency imbalance volumes. During Unauthorized Periods on days when the Daily Index exceeds the Total Gas Cost Rate for the month, the deficiency imbalance sales rate shall be calculated using the Daily Index in place of the Total Gas Cost Rate.

Distribution will provide notice of an Unauthorized Period in the same manner as is provided for System Alerts and Operational Flow Orders (see Section G). Electric generation transportation customers shall be charged \$25 per Mcf additional to the otherwise applicable OFO rate for deficiencies during OFO periods.

Additional Stipulations

- * Subject to all applicable local, state, and federal taxes.
- * Deficiency Imbalance shall be authorized unless Distribution issues a Notice of Unauthorized Period.

SC-12: STANDBY SALES SERVICE FOR TRANSPORTATION CUSTOMERS

This service is applicable to all Transportation Service Customers who have entered into Standby Sales Service Agreements with the Company, mandatory for customers heating any building solely by gas where persons reside. Sales service to transportation customers reserving a nomination amount of gas to cover deficiency imbalances. While SC-12 is a firm service, it is subject to curtailment. To qualify, a transportation customer must have entered into a Standby Sales Contract with Distribution. The rates charged under this schedule are in addition to the charges for Transportation Service.

Rate Components:

- * Monthly Standby Demand Charge (SB-DC) which is 125% of the per Mcf Demand Gas Cost Rate for the month.
- * Monthly Standby Commodity Charge (SB-CC) which is 125% of the per Mcf Commodity Gas Cost Rate for the month (including GAC).

SB-DC and SB-CC are applied for all customers taking service under this rate schedule and may be lowered or raised through negotiation and mutual agreement between Distribution and the customer.

Additional Stipulations:

- * Subject to all applicable local, state, and federal taxes.
- * The initial term of this Service Agreement shall be one year and will be automatically renewed for successive one-year terms unless the customer or Distribution terminates the Service Agreement by written notice more than 60 days prior to the end of the term.

SC-14: SALES SERVICE FOR TRANSPORTATION CUSTOMERS

This service is applicable to all transportation service customers who have entered into Sales Service Agreements with the Company. The service is an unbundled sale of Distribution-owned gas to customer nominating for monthly usage. To qualify, a transportation customer must have a Sales Service Contract with Distribution. The rates charged under this Schedule are in addition to the charges for Transportation Service.

Rate Components: The maximum default Sales Service Rate (SSR) consumed

during the month shall be as listed below:

For Sales Service in the months of April through November (non-winter period)

110% of the per Mcf Gas Cost Rate (including GAC)

For Sales Service in the months of November through March (winter period) 125% of the per Mcf Gas Cost Rate for the month

for the month (including GAC)

Distribution and the customer may negotiate a lower SSR than listed above with individual customers or flexibly price to meet the needs of specific customer classes (e.g., #6 oil boiler customers).

Additional Stipulations:

- * Service is firm or interruptible as specified by the contract.
- * Subject to all applicable local, state, and federal taxes.

9. Storage Peaking Services

a. Supplier Storage Transfers and Monitoring

STBA Suppliers receive storage capacity as a part of their intermediate capacity requirement and/or as a part or their MUTC requirement as well. Please refer to Section D.4 for a further explanation.

Suppliers will be required to follow a schedule set out by Distribution such that the particular storage levels are obtained throughout the year, to assure the Supplier's STBA customers' needs are met by the Supplier. Suppliers must meet end-of-month ("EOM") minimum storage inventory levels as specified in the table below:

Month	EOM Minimum	Month	EOM Minimum		
	Level %		Level %		
April	No Minimum	October	95.0 %		
May	12.0 %	November	89.0 %		
June	29.0 %	December	71.0 %		
July	46.0 %	January	46.0 %		
August	63.0 %	February	28.0 %		
September	80.0 %	March	No Minimum		

When a Supplier elects to utilize an Upstream Agent to manage its storage capacity, the Supplier remains ultimately responsible for meeting storage levels described herein and in the Tariff. For example, when an Upstream Agent fails to meet an EOM percentage level, it is as if the Supplier itself failed to meet the requirement.

Where other storage (e.g. FSS) capacity is substituted for ESS capacity, corresponding inventory percentages will be computed (and communicated to the Supplier) equating to the deliverability of the replaced ESS capacity.

When a Supplier fails to meet an EOM percentage level, Distribution will notify the Supplier who shall correct the resulting inventory deficiency by cash out purchase from the Company as set forth in Distribution's Tariff, except as provided below. The first 2% of inventory deficiency will be priced at the Market Pricing Tier. Any remaining inventory deficiency will be priced at the higher of the Deficiency Pricing Tier 3 or the SC-11 Rate. Additionally, if operating conditions permit, Distribution may waive the cash out for inventory deficiencies under 2%, except if the Supplier inventory deficiencies are under 2% during two consecutive months. In the latter case, the current month's deficiency will be resolved via cash out as described above When a Supplier is more than 2% deficient, or deficient during any two consecutive months, the Company will report a Supplier's deficiency to Commission Staff and the Supplier. If a Supplier does not agree with the storage inventory statement and/or believes that a pending adjustment will result in an inventory that equals or exceeds the EOM percentage level, the Supplier should submit a request to defer cash out via email to TSSsupport@natfuel.com. Distribution will review the claim and notify the Supplier if, or how much, corrective action is still required.

If after five (5) days the Supplier fails to resolve the EOM inventory deficiency by not accepting the storage inventory transfer, Supplier's STBA Agreement shall be in default and the Supplier may be subject to the involuntary discontinuance of service procedures under the UBPs.

In addition, Distribution shall have the right to terminate service to any Supplier that fails to meet its EOM percentage level more than twice during the previous 12-month period. Upon termination, the Supplier shall be prohibited from receiving service under STBA service for a period of three (3) months.

While there are no specific EOM storage inventory requirements for March 31 or April 30, Suppliers need to work with the service design and NFGSC tariff requirements to ensure that they are able to meet the requirements in subsequent non-heating season months.

By accepting release of storage capacity for STBA service, Suppliers grant Distribution the permission necessary to allow Distribution to obtain access to the Supplier's storage balance information for inventory transfer and monitoring purposes described above, including cases where the Supplier utilizes an Upstream Agent.

b. Storage Inventory Transfer Rates

Distribution will utilize a "Base Storage Transfer Rate" for calculating the price of all gas in storage transferred to Suppliers. The Base Storage Transfer Rate will equal the weighted average commodity cost of gas injected into storage during the injection months (April through October). For example, for storage gas supplies transferred during the month of May, the Base Storage Transfer Rate will equal the commodity cost of gas injected into storage during the month of April. For storage gas supplies transferred in the month of October, the Base Storage Transfer Rate will equal the average commodity cost of gas injected into storage during the months of April through September. During the withdrawal months (November through April), the Base Storage Transfer Rate will equal the commodity cost of gas injected into storage during the injection months (April through October).

Storage Gas Transfer Rate shall be the sum of (1) the Base Storage Transfer Rate, plus (2) the Demand Transfer Recovery Rate ("DTR rate"). The DTR rate shall equal the per Mcf System Average Unrecovered Demand Charge revenue beginning in the month of April through the initial month that storage capacity is released to the Supplier. The System Average Unrecovered Demand Charge Revenue shall equal the sum of the differences between the average demand charge revenues and the average fixed demand costs beginning the month of April through the initial month that storage capacity is released to the Supplier. The DTR rate shall be filed with the Commission not less than three (3) business days prior to the beginning of the month for which the rate shall be in effect. All revenues received from such gas transfers shall be credited to the gas adjustment under Tariff General Information Section 19.F.(1). When, in the sole judgment of Distribution, operational conditions do not warrant transfers of storage gas, notice shall be issued on the Distribution website or other media advising Suppliers of a temporary suspension in storage release services. Storage inventory transfer rates are posted on Distribution's website.

c. Storage Capacity Assignment Quantities

Assignment of ESS Storage Capacity

The assignment is based upon the capacity requirements for the Aggregation Group each month during the year.

Additional Assignment of ESS Storage Capacity

If additional Customers join a Supplier's Aggregation Group, or if the usage history of the existing customers increase, Distribution will release additional capacity as required. The incremental capacity is assigned at the SOM during which the Supplier will begin to serve the customer. Suppliers receive the capacity together with associated storage gas inventory when they enroll customers through a mandatory transfer and purchase of gas in storage from Distribution. The quantity of gas transferred will be calculated using the transfer percentage for the month in which the capacity allocation increases. Suppliers will not have an option to purchase additional inventory from Distribution beyond what is initially transferred to Suppliers from Distribution.

Where Storage inventory will be transferred, as a percentage of the additional released capacity, as follows:

SOM Capacity	Transfer	SOM Capacity	Transfer		
Transfer	Percentage	Transfer	Percentage		
April	0.0 %	October	80.0 %		
May	0.0 %	November	95.0 %		
June	12.0 %	December	89.0 %		
July	29.0 %	January	71.0 %		
August	46.0 %	February	46.0 %		
September	63.0 %	March	28.0 %		

In addition, the Supplier will be required to pay Distribution for storage gas transferred and all taxes and pipeline fees associated with moving or transferring the storage gas to the Supplier. Distribution will inform the Marketer/capacity holder of the transfer requirements approximately ten days before the beginning of the month and will make best efforts to coordinate transfers taking place on the first of the month.

Return of Storage Capacity

When a Supplier returns customers to Distribution or loses customers to another Supplier or if the usage history of the existing customers decreases, the original Supplier will return the associated storage capacity to Distribution. Except by mutual agreement between the Supplier and the Company, the Supplier will sell, and Distribution will purchase at the Base Storage Transfer Rate, storage inventory in proportion to the reduction in capacity. Distribution's default position is that it will not require Suppliers to sell inventory except for situations where the Supplier's STBA Agreement is being canceled or terminated. In effect, unless the Supplier wishes to sell the inventory associated with the return of storage capacity, such inventory will remain with the Supplier. When Distribution determines that it will require Suppliers to sell inventory, it will post notice on its web site prior to the beginning of the Return Month. The amount of inventory returned, shown in the table below, is based upon the following Start-of Month percentages for the months during which customers are returned.

Return Month	Inventory Return Requirement	Return Month	Inventory Return Requirement
April	0.0 %	October	80.0 %
May	0.0 %	November	95.0 %
June	12.0 %	December	89.0 %
July	29.0 %	January	71.0 %
August	46.0 %	February	46.0 %
September	63.0 %	March	28.0 %

Distribution presumes that Suppliers prefer to either retain their inventory or transfer gas to third parties. If a Supplier does want the Company to purchase storage gas, a request must be submitted via email to the following email addresses: MaciokJ@natfuel.com, CzechowiczD@natfuel.com, TSSsupport@natfuel.com. Such requests should be submitted at least two (2) business days prior to the start of the month. The inventory transfer must be completed within the first week of the month. The Supplier shall be responsible for all taxes and pipeline fees associated with moving or transferring the storage gas to Distribution.

Return of Storage Capacity upon STBA Agreement Cancellation or Termination

If a Supplier's STBA Agreement is canceled or terminated, Distribution will recall ESS storage capacity that has been released to the Supplier. Distribution will purchase the remaining storage gas at the Base Storage Transfer Rate. The Supplier will authorize Distribution to act on Supplier's behalf so that confirmation of nominations can take place to effect to return of storage gas. Such authorization includes nominations placed by Distribution on Supplier's behalf when the Supplier fails to place the applicable nominations itself. The Supplier shall be responsible for all taxes and pipeline fees associated with moving or transferring the storage gas to Distribution.

d. Storage Transfer Nominations

When the Supplier transfers gas to or from Distribution, the Transportation Services

Department Transportation Services will contact the Supplier to facilitate nomination of the storage transfer within NFGSC. Suppliers must submit corresponding nominations and/or confirmations to NFGSC to

effectuate the transfer. When Suppliers nominate storage transfers that do not involve Distribution, they should deal directly with NFGSC.

e. Storage Injection/Upstream Capacity Considerations

Some storage fields used to provide ESS can only be filled via deliveries at specific interconnects from Tennessee into NFGSC. In addition to meeting specific monthly inventory targets, Suppliers with Tennessee capacity need to nominate deliveries such that gas is injected into NFGSC's fields as described in Section 6.4 of the EFT Rate Schedule of NFGSC's FERC Gas Tariff.

During injection months (April through October), Distribution may issue a Storage Injection System Alert ("SISA") to provide nomination instructions for Suppliers with MUTC and/or GUTC with Tennessee Zone 4 and/or Zone 5 delivery points to NFGSC. Based upon NFGSC storage inventory location and status, these instructions will require Suppliers to provide varying percentages of deliveries for ESS injections from Tennessee Zone 4 (for Hebron Storage) and/or Zone 5 (for Colden, Nashville, Perrysburg and Sheridan Storages). SISA will be communicated consistent with the procedures for System Alerts (see infra Section H.3), however, the standing condition (reason) is to direct storage injections such that storage operations are reliable, particularly during withdrawal months (November through March).

Nomination instructions provided through a SISA are in addition to ADDQ requirements at the city gate and may result in Supplier inventory levels in excess of the EOM inventory targets described above. Suppliers are hereby advised to manage storage levels such that sufficient ESS injection rights are available throughout the injection months.

By a Supplier's acceptance of a capacity release of MUTC or by Distribution's acceptance of a Supplier's GUTC with Tennessee Zone 4 and/or Zone 5 delivery points to NFGSC, Suppliers grant Distribution agency rights to access to Supplier's nomination and allocation information for deliveries of gas into NFGSC from Tennessee, from both pipelines, for monitoring purposes as described above.

10. Meter Reading

Most residential meters and many commercial meters are read every other month. Alternate month bills are based on estimated readings. A schedule identifying the calendar dates upon which meter cycles are read is posted on the website.

11. Summary of Applicable Fees, Charges and Penalties

Applicable Rates:

- Transportation charges, under the ESCO single bill option, are billed to the Supplier. Otherwise, bills are sent to the customer. See infra Section E for a schedule of SC-18 transportation rates.
- OFO related charges are billed to the Supplier.
- Charges for deliveries outside of ADDQ tolerance ranges are billed to the Supplier.
- When Distribution provides a billing service, the Supplier will be invoiced for balancing and capacity charges.
- Upstream Capacity: Surcharges/Credits for upstream capacity, as applicable, will be invoiced to the Supplier.
- STBA Delivery Charge: Each Mcf of net surplus imbalance gas exceeding the surplus imbalance tolerance level will be charged the STBA Delivery Charge at the time of delivery.

Additional Charge Information:

- All imbalances for the customers within each Supplier STBA Group will be netted against each other and combined into a single imbalance.
- Under the ESCO single bill option, all transportation-related charges and any STBA imbalance incurred under each STBA Service Agreement are compiled and billed to the STBA by Distribution.
- Daily deliveries by the Supplier must be within a 5% tolerance band of the ADDQ of all the customers in the STBA Group. During an OFO period, the tolerance band is 2%.
- STBA city gate imbalances resulting in a net deficiency of volumes of gas by a STBA Group during
 the month will be charged under the Standby Sales Service (SC-12) Rate Schedule up to their
 contracted level for Suppliers entered into a Standby Service Agreement, and under the Deficiency
 Imbalance Sales Service (SC-11) Rate Schedule for Suppliers not entered into a Standby Sales
 Service Agreement.
- A Supplier may exchange a surplus imbalance due under its STBA Service Agreement with a
 deficiency imbalance due from one or more Suppliers under another STBA Service Agreement or
 with one or more DMT Aggregators (month-end imbalances for daily transportation services) or nonaggregated SC-16 Customers upon notification of exchange before the STBA imbalance resolution
 due dates.
- Upon request of the Supplier, Distribution will provide other Aggregators and Suppliers with information regarding the Supplier's imbalance status for the month.
- Distribution can terminate service to an STBA Supplier that fails to deliver at least 95% of the Group's ADDQ for any three days or delivers zero one day during a single month.

12. Supplier Exit from Market/Termination of Transportation Service

In the event a Supplier chooses to exit the Distribution's Transportation program, notification should be made via email to CzechowiczD@natfuel.com and MaciokJ@natfuel.com. Distribution asks that as much advanced notice as possible be provided so that an orderly exit plan can be established. In order to help facilitate this process, the following information should be included in this email:

- Contact name, phone number, address, and email address
- Reason for the exit (change in marketing strategy, bankruptcy, other)
- Effective date of the exit

The following areas will need to be considered as part of this exit process:

- Customer drops
- Capacity release for the upcoming month
- ESS and FSS inventory balances
- ESS start of month and end of month storage inventory requirements
- Upstream agency
- Contract and agreement termination
- Daily delivery quantities
- UBP requirements
- Other

SUPPLIER TRANSPORTATION, BALANCING & AGGREGATION

The UBPs must be followed to discontinue this service. In addition, the following also apply:

- Default by Supplier of any terms or conditions contained in the SC-19 Service Agreement;
- By mutual agreement of Distribution and Supplier;
- At the discretion of Distribution to the extent necessary to preserve system operational integrity;
- Pursuant to an order of the Commission: and
- Upon 30 day written notice to Distribution, per SC-19 Service Agreement.

INACTIVE STBA CLOSURE

An STBA pool becomes "inactive" when all customers have been removed from the group. An STBA pool can become inactive for a number of reasons that may or may not result from termination of a Marketer's STBA. A marketer may continue to operate on the system, but may choose to "inactivate" one or more of its STBA pools while continuing to operate at least one of their other pools. It is also possible that a marketer would no longer be operating on the system at all, i.e. they would have NO active pools. This situation could arise from the voluntary decision of the marketer, or from other factors (bankruptcy, discontinuance proceedings, etc.).

Since ongoing end user adjustments (e.g. consumption adjustments) can occur for six years, an inactive pool could have end user adjustment transactions impacting its imbalance volume for up to six years from the date the pool became inactive. Procedures set forth below help to ensure that "inactive" pool imbalances are properly accounted for. It should be noted that the majority of the adjustments on these accounts generally occur within the first few months after the pool becomes inactive.

INACTIVE STBA CLOSURE METHODOLOGY

- An STBA will be considered to be "inactive" for the first month that all customers have been removed from the STBA group.
- Upon becoming inactive, all current and prior period imbalances as detailed on the TSS Group Imbalance Summary Listing (GISL) will be combined into a cumulative, single month imbalance.
- Prior period end use adjustments will flow into current month processing.
- The marketer will continue to have the right to trade and/or nominate their monthly imbalance during the entire six-year period following the inactivation of their pool.
- The marketer will need to continue to maintain their TSS rights if they want to avail themselves of their right to trade and/or nominate imbalances. Marketers should contact the Transportation Services Department Transportation Services at (716) 857-7232 with any questions regarding TSS access rights.
- Distribution will automatically cash out any post trade/post nominated surplus or deficiency imbalance on each "inactive" STBA pool beginning with the first monthly processing after the pool becomes inactive regardless of whether Distribution is accepting cash out requests.
- In any month where Distribution cashes out the imbalance by selling gas, a bill will be generated for those and any other charges. The bill will be sent to the last known address and normal collection procedures will be utilized.
- In those months where Distribution cashes out the imbalance by purchasing gas, a check will be generated and mailed to the last known address.
- Reactivation of an inactive STBA group will be allowed.

13. Billing Schedules

Customers have the right, exercised through Marketer service offerings to receive a single bill for monthly service from either the Marketer or the Utility.

a. Marketer Consolidated Billing

Under Marketer Consolidated Billing ("MCB")³, Distribution's ESCO Consolidated Billing option, customers do not receive a utility bill. Instead, the marketer provides a consolidated (commodity and delivery) retail bill to its customers. Because customers should contact Distribution for non-billing matters, this is not full Single Retailer Model implementation. Nevertheless, customers should direct billing inquiries to their Supplier. MCB EDI data exchange is implemented via EDI Single Retailer transactions. Non-EDI Transaction protocols for MCB are posted on Distribution's web site.

Distribution issues an invoice to the Supplier on, or about, the fifth (5th) business day of each month for the prior month. The Supplier is billed for the transportation charges and the capacity charges for all customers in their group(s), as applicable. The customer transportation/delivery charges invoiced to the Supplier are based upon the cycle consumption for their customers, therefore in most cases customer consumption will include days previous to the prior calendar month. In addition, Distribution provides a calculated Calendar Month Estimate ("CME") of the prior month's consumption for imbalance reconciliation purposes. Suppliers are also provided with consumption data, as applicable, on the meter read cycles. Supplier and Direct Customer questions concerning this invoice should direct their questions to TSD Billing at (716) 857-7432, TSD-Billing@natfuel.com.

b. Utility Consolidated Billing

Distribution offers a "rate ready" UCB option, which includes a Company Purchase of Receivables ("POR") for billing amounts due to Marketer from Customers, to all approved STBA Marketers on Distribution's system. The POR feature is limited to accounts with consumption less than 25,000 Mcf/year. This billing service is often referred to as 'Choice Billing'. Those selecting this option must execute a Consolidated Billing Service ("CBS") Billing Services Agreement ("BSA"). The provisions of the BSA have been established through prior procedures and may be changed prospectively. A standard form BSA, which is presented in the GTOP Appendices as a courtesy, contains the full details of the POR program.

CBS includes budget billing plans ("Budget Plans") for Marketer customers. Both supply and delivery charges are consolidated into one Budget Plan rather than having separate Budget Plans for supply (Marketer charges) and delivery (Distribution charges). Marketers may add current customers to Budget Plans or add new customers at the time of enrollment. Payments to Marketers for customers participating in the POR program will be based upon the billed amount rather than the previous practice of basing the payment upon the supplier budgeted amount.

Requests for initiating a CBS Service Agreement should be directed to Beverly Hogan at (716) 857-7950 or via email: HoganB@natfuel.com. This agreement may be part of the initial start-up package or may be selected any time the STBA Marketer is operating on Distribution's system. Active marketers electing to participate in this service will have accounts moved into new groups by billing cycle. Moving accounts to billing service groups identifies accounts that link to Marketer provided data necessary for Distribution to provide the billing service. Each participating Marketer provides Distribution with specific data necessary to bill on behalf of the marketer. The Marketer has the option of having their logo appear on the "Marketer portion" of the bill. The Marketer logo must be submitted in 300 dpi or higher, black and white or 16 color gray scale and be a non-web graphic.

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³ Customers transporting at non-ceiling rates may be limited to Dual Billing or Utility Consolidated Billing ("UCB") options.

CBS is not intended to be a full-blown billing and accounting service but it does include the following features:

- Specified Rate for the Commodity (Rate times Volume)
- Specified percent off NFGDC total bundled bill
- Specified percent off NFGDC commodity
- Budget Plan
- For non-POR accounts, a percentage based late payment charge, otherwise the late payment charge is set at 1.5% monthly.
- Supplier name, address, phone number(s), website, logo and up to 480 character bill message
- For non-POR accounts, payment (remittance) processing for Distribution and the Supplier
 - Wire transfers move money collected by Distribution for the Supplier's bank daily or as needed, based on customer payments.
- Customer payments are distributed between Distribution and the Supplier otherwise Distribution retains all customer payments.
- Company will remit payment twenty-three (23) days (plus two (2) business days for processing) following the Billing Date (or the next following business day if the 23rd day falls on a bank holiday or a Company holiday) of all Marketer charges billed to Customers in the previous month.
- Wire transfers move money collected by Distribution for the Supplier to the Supplier's bank daily.

Structured ASCII files are available to transfer information through Distribution's website to accommodate:

- Supplier additions and deletions of customers
- Miscellaneous data changes
- Billing and payment information

Suppliers utilizing CBS must have their own accounting system to fully process the data contained within the files. These files should be downloaded from Distribution's website daily and entered into Supplier systems so that in-house tracking of revenues and receivables can take place. Suppliers are responsible for reporting and paying all taxes associated with their bills.

It is recommended that Suppliers provide their rates to Distribution at least four (4) business days prior to the rate's effective date in order to ensure that the effective date can be honored. Rates received after this date but prior to preparation of the bill will be accepted on a "best efforts/first-come, first-served" basis. It is most unlikely that rates submitted after the close of business on the last business day prior to the 1st day of the month will be effective on the 1st day of the month. Rate submissions after the morning of the last business day are only slightly more advantaged, particularly when the 1st calendar day of the month falls on a weekend or if timing of a holiday period results in an extended period of non-business days at the end of a calendar month.

Some Suppliers use Distribution's Statement of Monthly Gas Supply Charge filing as a benchmark for setting their rates. Distribution's billing system provides the option of Supplier billing rates that are based upon a percentage of the Distribution rates, e.g. 99%. Suppliers that use the percentage feature do not need to change their rates each month unless they wish to change the percentage.

For those Suppliers that add or subtract a monetary amount to Distribution's rate, it is best to submit rates as soon as they become available on the Commission's web site to secure the most advantageous position in the "best-efforts/first-come, first served" queue. Generally Distribution submits its filing as soon as the third business day prior to the 1st of the month, but is unable to guarantee this timing. Distribution, as explained in the Tariff, is required to submit its filing to the Commission not less than three calendar (3) days prior to any change in the Monthly Gas Supply Charge and the Delivery Adjustment Charge, e.g. not less than three calendar (3) days prior to the 1st day of the following month. This timing falls within the natural gas industry's "bid week" which is critical in terms of the price discovery necessary to develop rates for the upcoming month.

Further, Distribution has the discretion to file a revised Monthly Gas Supply Charge Statement within five (5) calendar days of the first of the month of the initial filed Monthly Gas Supply Charge Statement when the replacement of estimated prices with actual prices results in a change in gas cost of more than 5%.

Instructions on how to access Distribution's filing from the Commission's web site are accessible from the Information For New York STBA Marketers/Suppliers web page at:

http://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/NY STBA/STBApage.aspx

Note that there is a lag between submission of the filing and availability from the Commission's website. Suppliers relying upon this filing are advised to start checking for the filing as soon as the third business day prior to the 1st of the month and submitting their rates as soon as possible. Keep in mind that while Suppliers have discretion to develop their rates in a manner of their own choosing, the timing of Distribution's filing is within the above-mentioned four (4) business days window and as described above, there is a chance and eventually likelihood that Suppliers pricing their rates as an offset to Distribution's rates will not see their rates go into effect for the 1st of the month.

Suppliers may provide an effective date for a rate change, e.g. the 1st calendar day of an upcoming month or have rate changes take effect on the next regularly scheduled bill cycle date. If the effective date is other than the next regularly scheduled bill cycle date, the new rate will be prorated based upon the effective date within the billing cycle. In either case, there is no provision to change a rate once a bill has been issued. Without instructions otherwise, rates (or percentage instructions) remain unchanged from month to month.

All rates (including DSS Choice Billing) should be submitted to Transportation Service via email to TSD-Notify@natfuel.com. The rates must be submitted as an Excel workbook attachment to the email. The format for the workbook consists of eight columns with a header row consisting of eight columns. In addition to the header row, a row should be provided for each Rate Code for which a rate change is being submitted.

An example is shown below:

	Rate						Zero
Marketer	Effective	Rate	Rate		Commodity	Total Bill	Percent
ID	Date	Code	(\$ per ccf)	Prorate?	Discount	Discount	Indic

Alternatively, a sample file may be obtained by contacting Transportation Services.

The subject line of the e-mail should be "Marketer Rate Change Request for" followed by the name of the Supplier. A confirmation of the rate change request will be sent via email within 2-3 hours (during the business day) to the sender and all cc's on the request. If such confirmation is not received, it is advised to contact Transportation Services to verify the request was received for processing.

A report of the rate changes processed will be available as report M2 – Marketer Rate Change Verification Report in the secured section of Distribution's website:

http://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/scripts/contents.asp

The report will be available each business day by approximately 12:15 PM and will list all of the rates that were entered that day. It is the Supplier's responsibility to verify that its rate changes have been entered correctly. Since it is not possible to change rates retroactively, it is critical to be sure rates are correct prior to billing. Any corrections must be made by 4:00 PM on the effective date - notify Transportation Services immediately by email and/or phone if any corrections are necessary. Be sure to get confirmation that the corrections have been processed.

Note: To avoid potential confusion, if a rate is not changing, do not submit the same rate with a new effective date. Submitted rate changes where the rate does not actually change cannot be processed and therefore will not appear on the rate change verification report.

In emergency cases when email is not available, rates may be faxed to (716) 857-7479. Questions concerning Distribution's Billing Service may be addressed by contacting TSD Billing at (716) 857-7432. The <u>Transportation Services Department Transportation Services</u> is responsible for Supplier relations, including contracts, training and dispute resolution (billing issues).

c. Dual Billing

Customers that do not elect to receive a consolidated bill receive two bills; a bill for commodity service from the Marketer and a bill for delivery service from the Utility. The Marketer is responsible for addressing customer questions concerning commodity service and Distribution addresses concerns regarding delivery service, including questions concerning customer consumption.

d. Customer Deposits

Pursuant to the Commission Order Concerning ESCO Deposits and Prepayments, issued and effective May 9, 2002 in Case 00-M-0504, Suppliers must provide evidence of Creditworthiness to Distribution before requesting deposits or prepayments from their customers. Suppliers requesting such authority should contact the Transportation Services Department Transportation Services.

As a precondition, Suppliers must provide Distribution with affidavits or statements by an officer or other authorized employee of the Supplier stating whether all forms of contract for service to Customers include prepayment or deposit provisions. A suggested form of Affidavit is included in the Appendices hereto.

Before requesting deposits or prepayments, Suppliers must demonstrate a minimum bond rating as specified in the Creditworthiness Section of the Commission's UBPs. Absent meeting this requirement, Suppliers may request deposits if they maintain Escrow Account(s) or provide a letter of credit equal to the amount of deposits for each customer. The Supplier must provide proof that it maintains sufficient escrows or possesses letters of credit from institutions with a minimum "A" credit rating on a monthly basis.

e. Payment Processing and Remittance

<u>Unless otherwise mutually agreed to in a BSA</u>, payment for all Supplier Transportation, Balancing and Aggregation ("STBA") invoices must be paid by wire transfer. Please note the following information is required to make the wire transfer. Payment is to be made to: *National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation*; forwarded to: JP Morgan Chase; account number: 226 101 4886; ABA number 021 000 021. Your aggregator identification number must be included on the wire transfer to ensure that your payment is credited to the correct account. The correct format is: Agg # 0009999. Distribution is not obligated to accept and post payments tendered in an incorrect format or with incomplete/incorrect instructions.

Please contact Cash Management at (716) 857-6859 with any questions regarding this procedure.

f. Application of Sales Tax

Overview

On bills prepared by National Fuel, the sales tax billed a Customer for delivery charges (to the extent applicable) depends upon the customer type (residential versus non-residential); the customer's physical location (county code, town code, school district); any % reductions for partial residential usage; any "manufacturing" exemptions or other exemptions; and the effective state, county, city, and school district rates (as compiled in Publications 718 and 718-R).

Based on the NY State Tax Law, each party is individually responsible for collecting the proper tax from their customers. At the time of customer enrollment, National Fuel indicates via EDI whether it has any sales tax exemptions on file that it uses for billing, the sales tax jurisdictions applicable to the account, customer classification, etc. If this information changes, National Fuel provides notification of the change to Marketers via EDI.

When the UCB option is used, Marketers are responsible for determining any exemptions applicable to their charges on the bill and providing the effective tax rates to National Fuel when enrolling the customer via EDI.

New York State Department of Taxation & Finance (DTF) Information

A tool to assist Marketers in calculating the applicable sales tax rates, the DTF provides a web site at which a street address can be entered to find the sales tax jurisdiction(s), current jurisdiction code and tax rate on transactions involving sales or purchases of utilities or utility services. The URL for the Sales Tax on Utilities Jurisdiction and Rate Lookup is:

http://www8.tax.ny.gov/JRLA/jrlaStart

The DTF's web site does not have information indicating whether a location is residential or non-residential so it provides results for both outcomes. Additionally, the web site does not indicate if there are any Exemptions in place for the Customer, i.e. whether a DTF-385, ST-121 or other form of exemption is present.

In conjunction with Customer information provided by National Fuel (described above), Marketers can use the DTF web site to verify the sales tax rate that should be applied on the Customer's bill.

National Fuel Provided Information

Customer specific exemption information is made available to Marketers as a Secured Transaction (password required) within the Supplier / Customer Download Files, specifically within J0 - Aggregation Group Assignments file. The file contents consist of information available from National Fuel's billing system and either mirror or supplement the information provided through EDI. The file contents are provided on an "as is" basis. Additionally, sales tax tables identifying codes and rates applicable to the Customer accounts identified in the Aggregation Group Assignments file are provided within the General Information Files. Use of this data is governed by the Tariff and the Billing Services Agreement between National Fuel and the Marketer.

A value of "Y" in the Sales Tax Exempt field indicates that a Customer is exempt from sales tax at a given jurisdictional level (state, county, town and/or school district). If the Customer is located at an address where the school district assesses a sales tax, the code applicable to the district will be present (otherwise the field will be empty).

Marketers should be advised that National Fuel's customer-specific exemptions are not transferrable. The Marketer is responsible for obtaining its own exemption documentation from the Customer. Marketers do not need to obtain customer level exemption documentation for class-specific exemptions, i.e. the residential exemption from state sales tax. Additionally, Marketers do not need to obtain exemptions applicable to delivery charges billed by National Fuel under either the UCB or Dual Billing options.

Customer Classification

A Customer's service classification is used determine the Rate Schedules under which a customer may receive sales and/or transportation service. In addition to the determining which rates are billed, the service classification impacts the application of sales tax. Should a Customer or Supplier believe the account is improper, the Customer may submit a request for reclassification as described in GTOP Section B.4.c.

Questions

Questions concerning application of Sales Tax and/or submission of Reclassification Certifications should be directed to Transportation Services at (716) 857-7432 or by email: TSD-Billing@natfuel.com

g. Supplier Billing

Distribution issues invoices to Suppliers each month for items for supplier level charges such as, but not limited to, customer billing fees and imbalance resolution. To the extent monthly billing results in credits due to a Supplier, refunds will be issued on accounts that have a credit larger than \$500. If the credit balance is smaller, the funds will remain on the account and be applied toward the next bill. Refund requests need to be sent to TSD-Billing@natfuel.com and include the credit amount, aggregator ID, bank institution name, routing number and account number.

E. GAS DELIVERY MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE FOR LARGER COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMERS, FIRM AND INTERRUPTIBLE

GENERAL

For larger customers who receive aggregation service under SC-19, the same procedures that apply to residential and small commercial customers, as explained in Section D apply. Whether or not SC-19 service is engaged, the rates applied to larger customers are generally the SC-13 and SC-18 Rate Schedules. The SC-13 and SC-18 rates include both a Minimum Charge ("MC") and a Transportation Charge ("TC").

The MC includes the first Mcf of gas transported. The current rates applicable to these services are provided in General Information Section II.38.A of the Tariff and are posted on Distribution's website at:

http://www.nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/nyrates/nyrates.aspx

SC-18 - MONTHLY METERED TRANSPORTATION (MMT) SERVICE

This service is available to a single customer account that has totally revoked status as a firm sales customer under SC-1or SC-3. For Customers who are taking service at ceiling rates and are enrolled consistent with UBP § 5.D in a Supplier's STBA (i.e. EDI enrollment), the enrollment will be accepted in lieu of a TSA. Direct Customers who are taking service at ceiling rates also receive a TSA waiver because they act as their own Supplier and effectively enroll their own accounts when they enter into an STBA agreement. Customers receiving service at non-ceiling rates must enter into a TSA with the Company. A standard form TSA is included in the Appendices hereto.

Qualifying Requirements:

- * Customer arranges to deliver volumes of gas on a firm basis into Distribution's system, except if they have installed the necessary equipment, which allows Distribution to monitor the customer's daily usage of gas.
- * Customers with annual consumption exceeding 55,000 Mcf under a single account must install the necessary equipment allowing Distribution to monitor customer's daily usage of gas as a condition of service.
- * Any customer heating any building solely by gas where persons may dwell on a permanent basis must have contracted for Standby Sales Service to meet the entire needs of their facility, unless its consumption exceeds 5,000 Mcf, in which case capacity release is another option. This customer will also be allowed only firm service.

Additional Stipulations:

- * Take or Pay Recovery applies.
- * Surcharges, applied as specified with the General Information section of the Tariff.
- * Subject to all applicable local, state, and federal taxes.
- * Late payment charges apply.
- * Economic Development Zone Rate Discounts for all qualified incremental consumption are available. The rates are specified in the Tariff.
- * Business Development Rates, which offer a discounted rate to eligible customers, may be available.
- * Costs incurred by Distribution to engage the services of other transporters for customer requirements will be added to the applicable Base Rate.
- * Customer delivered gas must meet TSA (if applicable) and/or Tariff specifications.
- * Distribution has right to suspend customer service.
- * Deliveries subject to available pipeline capacity.

- * The initial term of the TSA (if applicable) is one year, renewable annually, unless canceled by default of any of the terms or conditions of the contract, or by the customer or Company upon 60 days written prior notice to the end of a term, or otherwise by mutual agreement. If a customer elects to migrate to SC-13 service during the term of the TSA, the SC-18 TSA (if applicable) will be considered terminated by mutual agreement.
- * Customer, where necessary, will bear expense of installing facilities necessary to reserve firm sales or Standby Service for separately metered equipment.
- * Customers that take gas delivery service to generate electricity must form single customer Market Pools in order to accommodate city gate imbalance rules solely applicable to electric generation customers.

SC-13 - DAILY METERED TRANSPORTATION (DMT) SERVICE

This service is available to a single customer with a TSA that has totally revoked status as a firm sales customer under SC-1 or SC-3. This service operates under the UBPs insofar as UBP Security provisions are applicable. Enrollment transactions (e.g. pool assignments) are performed via EDI. For Customers who are taking service at ceiling rates and are enrolled consistent with UBP § 5.D in a Supplier's STBA (i.e. EDI enrollment), the enrollment will be accepted in lieu of a TSA. Direct Customers who are taking service at ceiling rates also receive a TSA waiver because they act as their own Supplier and effectively enroll their own accounts when they enter into an STBA agreement. Customers receiving service at non-ceiling rates must enter into a TSA with the Company. If a SC-18 customer elects to migrate to SC-13 service during the term of its SC-18 TSA (if applicable), a SC-13 TSA will be required. While the SC-18 TSA term is one year, renewable annually, a customer may switch to SC-13 service during the term of the SC-18 TSA. In this case the SC-18 TSA (if applicable) will be considered terminated by mutual agreement.

The following definitions are applicable to SC-13 service:

- DMT Aggregator (or DMT Supplier) The third party (typically a Marketer) who agrees to be the Imbalance Holder, i.e. assume primary responsibility for balancing management and imbalance charges of a transportation customer in a DMT Customer pool; acting for gas supply purposes on behalf of the SC-13 customer.
- DMT Market Pool a pool of customers who receive transportation service under rate schedule SC-13.

DMT Aggregator's relieve SC-13 customers of primary responsibility for payment of burner-tip imbalances. Burner-tip imbalances are calculated on a per customer account basis, then "netted" to produce a single imbalance figure, against which charges are applied. The DMT Aggregator is financially liable for the net imbalances, but is given the added flexibility to cash out or "trade" month end imbalances with other DMT, non-aggregated SC-16 Customers and STBA Suppliers.

A DMT Aggregator signs a Daily Metered Transportation Imbalance Netting Agreement ("DMT-INA") with Distribution to net multiple DMT Market Pools. A form of the DMT-INA agreement is included in the GTOP Appendices.

Qualifying Requirements:

- Customer arranges to deliver volumes of gas into Distribution's system.
- The customer must have installed the necessary equipment acceptable to Distribution that allows Distribution to monitor the customer's daily usage of gas. The expense of this installation, as well as the operating costs of any third-party telecommunications and/or meter data collection services, will be borne by the customer.
- Any customer heating any building solely by gas where persons may dwell on a permanent basis must have contracted for Standby Sales Service (or have Dual Fuel if annual consumption exceeds 5,000 Mcf) to meet the entire needs of their facility. Additionally, such customers may

satisfy this requirement through firm upstream capacity. In any case, such a customer will also be allowed only firm service.

Additional Stipulations:

- Daily imbalances exceeding or deficient by 10% or more of transported volumes are subject to cash out to the extent the cumulative daily imbalance of all SC-13 customers in marketer or direct customer pools exceeds or is deficient by 10% or more.
- The Index price for the cash out of imbalances will be established based upon prices at DETI South Point referred in the SNL Natural Gas Index ("SNL") as "Dominion S" plus applicable transportation costs (including fuel).
- When meter data is not available, Distribution will note on statements that data is missing.
 For imbalance calculation purposes, to the extent the missing readings cannot be obtained,
 the best available information will be used to calculate the imbalance position for the day
 and ultimately, for month-end.
- DMT Suppliers have the responsibility to be in contact with their DMT customers and
 producers when usage and/or local production are being estimated. The Marketer should
 submit reads to the Transportation Services Department Transportation Services when the
 Company is unable to contact the meters. This communication should help improve the
 quality of estimates and reduce imbalance exposure when the actual readings become
 available.
- Each day's imbalance stands on its own for imbalance calculation purposes; a prior day's imbalance will not offset the current day's imbalance.
- There are no month-to-month Banking/Balancing services; all SC-13 month end imbalances are resolved through a combination of imbalance trading and cash out.
- The month-end trading feature of Distribution's daily balancing service is enabled through SC-13 service provided either to Marketers or to individual Direct Customers.
- To receive transportation service, unless an SC-13 Customer elects to receive service as a Direct Customer (and takes responsibility for its own nominations), it must be enrolled in a Marketer's daily pool. SC-13 customers that do not elect Direct Customer status and that are not enrolled in a Marketer's pool are eligible for sales service, as available and will not contribute towards the cumulative SC-13 imbalance position.
- SC-13 customers that are not included in any DMT Market Pool or that do not receive service as a Direct Customer for a given month are eligible for sales service.
- Take or Pay Recovery applies.
- Subject to all applicable local, state, and federal taxes.
- Transition Cost applies.
- Late payment charges apply.
- Economic Development Zone Rate Discounts for all qualified incremental consumption are available. The rates are specified in the Tariff.
- Business Development Rates, which offer a discounted rate to eligible customers, may be available.
- Costs incurred by Distribution to engage the services of other transporters for customer requirements will be added to the applicable Base Rate.
- Customer delivered gas must meet TSA and/or Tariff specifications.
- Distribution has right to suspend customer service.
- Deliveries subject to available pipeline capacity.
- The initial term of the TSA is one month, renewable month-to-month, unless canceled by default of any of the terms or conditions of the contract, or unilaterally by the Company or the Customer upon 15 days written prior notice to the end of a term, or otherwise by mutual agreement. If a SC-13 Customer is not enrolled in a DMT Market pool, the TSA is cancelled.

DMT-INA Application Process

1. Upon request to Distribution, a <u>NY Aggregation and Credit Application</u> will be sent to the interested party. It is also available on the web at:

http://www.nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/NY STBA/NYAggregationAppl.pdf

- The applicant then completes the application, attaches a customer list (name and Contract Account Number) of each potential end user to be included in the applicant's DMT Market Pool, and returns both along with the required supplemental financial information to <u>National Fuel Gas</u> Distribution, <u>'s Transportation Services Department Transportation Services</u>, 6363 Main Street, Williamsville, NY 14221-5887.
- 3. The application is reviewed for determination of security deposit requirements.
- 4. Transportation Services forwards two original DMT-INA with applicable addenda to the applicant, along with a quotation regarding the required security deposit.
- 5. The applicant then signs (and has witnessed) both DMT-INA Agreements with applicable addenda and returns the executed agreements, along with the required security deposit (in any of the acceptable forms of cash, letter of credit, surety bond⁴, or parent guaranty).
- 6. Evidence of customer consent, signed by authorized individuals must be obtained by the DMT Supplier for each of the SC-13 customers to be included in the DMT Market Pool, and must be returned with the signed service agreements no later than the 15th day before the desired effective month of service initiation.

OTHER TRANSPORTATION SERVICES

Distribution also provides transportation service available to large customers under various schedules listed in Section B.4.b of the GTOP. While many of the procedures applicable to these services mirror those applicable to SC-18 and SC-13 customers, customers should contact the Transportation Services

Department Transportation Services for specific detail applicable to these other transportation services.

Customers receiving service under these services must enter into a TSA, if applicable, with the Company. A standard form TSA is included is included in the Appendices hereto.

1. Customer Eligibility/Enrollment Procedures

a. Initiation of Transportation Service

Contact usually starts with an inquiry from the marketer, customer, or Distribution Energy Service representative. The general phone number for Energy Services Department is (716) 857-7776. An application for Transportation Service is either faxed, mailed, or hand delivered to the inquiring party.

After the application for Transportation Service is returned, it is reviewed for completeness and Critical Service criteria (see definition in Glossary). If the account meets the Critical Service criteria, additional documents (either a Duel Fuel Affidavit or a Standby Sales Service Agreement) will be needed. If a TSA will be necessary, two original copies of the TSA are faxed, mailed, or hand delivered to the individual noted on the application for Transportation Service.

Once the signed TSA is returned, the Distribution section is completed on the application for Transportation Service. The properly executed TSA must be returned to <u>National Fuel Gas</u> Distribution.'s <u>Transportation</u>

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⁴ Instrument available only for those marketer/ESCOs that already have a surety bond in place; no new surety bonds will be accepted.

Services Department Transportation Services no later than the 15th day of the month (for DMT service) or 30 days (for MMT service, if applicable) prior to the desired service initiation date. Documents received after these dates will be processed for the following month.

Copies of all forms mentioned above are included for reference in the Forms section of the GTOP.

b. Enrollment

Suppliers enroll transportation customers in market pools through EDI transactions (see infra Section D.2). Pools are segregated by rate schedule; there are no mixed DMT/MMT pools. Distribution presumes that Suppliers have authorization from Customers to add or remove said Customers to/from Market Pools. Customers may exist in only one pool at a time. STBA and DMT market pools grandfather from month to month. Additions and deletions must take place at least 10 business days prior to the next scheduled meter read date (see infra Section D.10), based upon billing cycle. Customers with operational telemetering are read on the first day of the calendar month. A DMT customer may only transport as part of a DMT Market Pool. A DMT pool can consist of a single DMT customer or may contain multiple DMT customers. If a DMT Supplier does not provide evidence of customer consent to the Company (when requested by the Company), the enrollment will not be processed.

2. Delivery Quantity Determination Procedures

DDQs apply to SC-18 customers as a basis for application of the daily city gate balancing requirement described in Section D.3. The calculation of DDQs is explained above in Section D.3. Distribution will provide detailed DDQ data files in the Secure Transactions section of the Services For Marketers, Producers and Suppliers area of the NFGDC website. Suppliers who believe that the DDQ for a particular customer is incorrect should submit a DDQ change request. Such requests should be submitted via TSS by 1:30 PM, on the business day prior to the Gas Day the change is requested to take effect. In the event of an emergency situation where TSS is unavailable, such requests should be submitted to all three of the following: MaciokJ@natfuel.com, CzechowiczD@natfuel.com, TSS support@natfuel.com. The "DDQ/PDQ Email Change Request" form is available on the NFGDC website at:

http://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/TSS/ManualsAndForms/DDQ PDQChangeRequest.pdf

The request should specify the amount by which the DDQ should be changed as well as provide justification for the change. Distribution shall not be liable for the difference between the projected consumption and the consumption determination by Distribution.

3. Capacity Assignment/Use Procedures

Capacity Assignment applies only to critical service SC-18 customers who elect STBA service. The procedures for those who require capacity are explained above in Section D.4.

a. Verification of Upstream Capacity

As specified in the Tariff, except where the transportation Customer has installed the necessary equipment which allows Distribution to monitor the Customer's daily usage of gas, the Customer shall arrange for supply to be delivered, either directly or by displacement, on a firm basis for the entire route from a liquid point of receipt to Distribution's distribution system. In order to implement this tariff provision, STBA Suppliers serving SC-18 customers will continue to be required to utilize intermediate (NFGSC) firm capacity year round except where such customers are served with third party deliveries (i.e. local production) directly attached to Distribution's system. As such, Distribution will continue its practice, where applicable, of rejecting nominations serving SC-18 customers that do not utilize firm transportation capacity at the city gate. On upstream pipelines, Marketer Pool operators will be required to demonstrate that they possess firm transportation capacity (or purchase supplies from Suppliers with such capacity) back to a liquid receipt point during the winter months November through March.

Where local production is utilized, Marketer Pool Operators will be required to demonstrate firm purchase contracts with producers and/or Production Pool Operators at meters and/or pools demonstrating sufficient historical deliverability. In any case, each Marketer will be required to demonstrate capacity for 100% of the total Daily Delivery Quantity for all of the customers within its market pool.

During normal winter operations, Market Pool Operators will be required to demonstrate possession of compliant capacity but will not be required to utilize such capacity. However, if Distribution declares a Critical Period, utilization of compliant capacity may be required.

During the winter months November through March, Distribution will individually contact Marketer Pool Operators to spot check compliance. The Market Pool Operator will be required to demonstrate that its upstream capacity on the day of the spot check is compliant with Distribution's requirements. If Distribution determines that a Marketer's access to its firm capacity be restricted in any manner (e.g. upstream capacity released to another party on a non-recallable basis), such capacity will be considered non-compliant. Should the Market Pool Operator's upstream capacity not be compliant Distribution may reject the nomination from the marketer and apply appropriate penalties that result from the marketer failing to meet city gate delivery requirements. Further, pursuant to Distribution's Tariff, Distribution may, depending on the circumstances, either (1) terminate the customer's TSA; or (2) require that all customers receiving service from the marketer be required to install daily measurement equipment at customer expense or purchase standby service, if available, in order to continue receiving transportation service from Distribution.

4. Nominating Procedures

See Section D.5.

5. Balancing & Cash Out Procedures

a. MMT (SC-18)

Since SC-18 customers are served by STBA Suppliers, burner-tip imbalances are resolved under SC-19 (see infra D.6).

b. Daily Balancing as applied to DMT (SC-13)

Each day Distribution will determine whether or not the SC-13 customers as a whole are operating within a specified delivery to usage tolerance range. During normal operations daily deliveries should match daily customer usages within a tolerance range of + or - 10%. During OFO periods this range can be reduced to as little as + or - 2%.

To determine cash out exposure, daily percentage imbalances will be determined at the pool level. A Supplier's DMT Market Pool imbalance percentage will be computed by summing the volume of gas delivered for all customers in the pool, adjusted for line losses, divided by the sum of the burner tip usages for all customers in the pool. A Distribution system DMT imbalance percentage will be similarly calculated based upon all SC-13 customers in all Supplier DMT Market Pools.

The Index Price for the cash out of imbalances will be established based upon prices at DETI South Point referred in the SNL Natural Gas Index ("SNL") as "Dominion S" plus transportation costs (including upstream fuel shrinkage) to Company's city gate. For non-business days when no price is published, the price for the most recent day for which a price was published will be utilized. The DMT Supplier is responsible for all imbalance charges.

Distribution applies a No-Harm, No-Foul rule to system DMT imbalance, i.e. if the system DMT imbalance percentage is less than or equal to the applicable daily tolerance percentage then neither individual DMT Market Pools or the customers within those pools are not subject to daily cash out. If the system DMT

imbalance percentage is greater than the applicable daily tolerance percentage then individual DMT Market Pools are subject to daily cash out at the daily cash out index rate if their imbalance percentage likewise exceeds the applicable daily tolerance. Individual DMT Market Pool imbalances in excess of the applicable daily tolerance percentage, except during an OFO, are only subject to cash out if the overall system is out of tolerance for that day in the same direction. DMT Pools are not subject to cash out if they are opposite to the direction of overall system imbalance. During an OFO, any pool out of tolerance in the direction of the OFO is cashed out even if the system is in balance.

Daily Surplus Imbalances

If on any day a SC-13 Customer's/Marketer's imbalance exceeds 10% and the SC-13 pools as a whole are above the initial surplus tolerance band, it will be cashed-out to return them to the 10% level as follows:

10% to 15% at 90% of Index 15% to 20% at 85% of Index greater than 20% at 60% of Index

Daily Deficiency Imbalances

As used in this Rate Schedule, "deficiency imbalances" shall mean the amount by which the volume of gas delivered, to the Company for the Customer's account during the day after adjustment for line losses is less than the total amount of gas consumed by the Customer each day. The rates set forth below shall be applied to the daily deficiency volume occurring during each day of the billing month.

If on any day a SC-13 Customer's/Marketer's deficiency exceeds 10% and the SC-13 pools as a whole are below the initial deficiency tolerance band, it will be cashed-out to return them to the 10% level as follows:

10% to 15% at 110% of Index 15% to 20% at 115% of Index greater than 20% at 140% of Index

Each day's imbalance calculation stands on its own, i.e. there is no month-to-date imbalance netting. Further, DMT Suppliers may not exchange daily imbalances with other DMT Suppliers; only month-end imbalance exchanges are permitted.

NFGDC will provide daily DMT transportation reports based on the best available data for tracking purposes. Final daily and monthly imbalance positions and cash outs will be based solely on allocated volumes determined at monthly processing.

c. Month End Balancing as applied to DMT (SC-13)

DMT Suppliers may exchange month end imbalances with other Imbalance Holders and imbalances are resolved via cash out as described in Section D.6.

6. DMT Supplier Financial Requirements

a. Creditworthiness Assessment

For those applicants that are publicly traded:

Bond ratings will be obtained (Moody's, Fitch, and Standard & Poors) to determine the initial creditworthiness of the applicant. Investment grade rated applicants must meet the minimum ratings set forth in the UBPs. These rating are: BBB from Standard and Poors, Baa2 from Moody's and BBB

from Fitch. Those applicants that are not investment grade or on a credit watch for downgrade will be required to post security. Those applicants with ratings in the mid to lower tier of investment grade may be required to provide additional information to complete a credit review. This information may include but not limited to: annual reports, the most recent three years audited financial statements, balance sheets and foot notes.

For those applicants which are not publicly traded:

Dun & Bradstreet ("D&B") reports will be utilized as the primary source of credit information to determine the creditworthiness of the applicant. The following standards will be used: a credit risk rating referred to as the "Overall Business Risk" and a financial stress rating. Where D&B risk reports are utilized, the values for these ratings are on the following scale:

Low - assets, liabilities and payment history indicate little or no risk to creditors.

Low to Moderate

- assets, liabilities and payment history indicate some risk to creditors.

Moderate - assets, liabilities and payment history indicate a moderate risk to creditors.

Moderate to High

- assets, liabilities and payment history a moderate to high risk to creditors.

High or Severe

- assets, liabilities and payment history indicate a high or severe risk to creditors.

Out of business/Unable to confirm

- indicates that there is insufficient historical credit data available to make a reliable credit assessment of the applicant (such as the applicant being in business less than 14 months, change of ownership, etc.).

Upon receipt of the completed Credit Application, the Credit and Receivables Management Department will obtain various D&B reports for initial review and assessment. The reports will include, but not be limited to: Risk Assessment Viability Rating, Failure Score, Delinquency Score, and any special ratings. Applicants may also be required to submit the most recent three years audited financial statements including income statements and balance sheets. All non-publicly available financial information will be reviewed and maintained in a confidential manner. If necessary, a forma confidentiality agreement will be executed regarding the use of this information. In addition, other criteria will be taken into consideration in assessing Distribution's potential risk exposure, such as: (1) established payment history of the applicant with Distribution and (2) the ratio of anticipated projected end-user volumes to assets available for payment; and (3) historical reliability of deliveries (nominations vs. deliveries).

Low Rating

In general, if the reports indicate an overall rating of Low, no security deposit will be required at this time, subject to changes listed below. However, if anticipated projected end user volumes indicate a substantial risk exposure over and above indicated current assets available for payment, a security deposit may be required.

Low to Moderate Rating

If the reports indicate an overall rating of Low to Moderate additional background investigations will be completed. These investigations will include but not limited to: (1) an assessment of the applicant's payment history with Distribution; (2) compilation of other creditors' and trade creditor's reports; (3) request for financial statements, if necessary. Upon completion of a review of the additional information, a determination will be made regarding Distribution's risk exposure and a recommendation made to request a security deposit.

Moderate, Moderate – High, High, or Severe Rating

If the reports indicate an overall rating of Moderate, Moderate – High, High, or Severe, a security deposit will be required. No further investigations will be made unless extenuating circumstances exist and the applicant brings those situations to the attention of the reviewer.

Unable to Confirm

Any applicant with a rating of Unable to Confirm will automatically be designated as having a rating of High or Severe; and be required to post a security deposit.

Changes Effecting Credit Risk Ratings

All established DMT Aggregators will be periodically reviewed to determine if: (1) there is a change in their bond or credit risk rating; (2) security will be required on a previously unsecured account; (3) the amount of security being held should be increased or decreased to meet projected future usage, based upon historical usage data. Changes indicating that a credit review may be necessary include, but are not limited to: (1) negative changes in bond ratings or placed on credit watch for downgrade; (2) significant changes in D&B (or similar) credit reports; (3) credit related information obtained from reliable sources; (4) a change in the number of end users; (5) a change from the established payment history; as well as any other information received regarding the financial standing of the DMT Aggregator.

b. Security Deposit Amount

The amount of a security deposit will be determined by the following guidelines, based upon the DMT-INA applicant's potential maximum liability.

- The average cost of gas for each month over the last three years.
 - The three (3) year period will be determined from the stated initiation date.
 - Cost of gas will include the Gross Receipts Tax ("GRT") plus the seasonal factor (either 110% in the non-winter months or 125% in the winter months) included in the proposed SC-11 rate.
- The aggregate ten day maximum consumption for the DMT Market Pool(s) based upon historical
 usage of each customer will be identified and multiplied by the corresponding cost of gas to
 determine the DMT-INA applicant's total potential liability. The ten maximum days need not be
 consecutive and are based upon the sum of usage for all customers during these three months.
- Monthly reviews will be conducted, based upon any changes, which may affect Distribution's risk exposure. Such reviews will be provided upon applicant request.
- Interest shall be paid to the customer upon the return of the deposit, or where the deposit has been held for a period of one year or more, the interest shall be credited to the customer no later than the first bill rendered after the next succeeding first day of October and at the expiration of each succeeding one year period.

c. Acceptable Payment of Security

Payment of security deposits can be made by cash or acceptable form of security such as a letter of credit or a parent guaranty (provided the issuing parent meets the creditworthiness standards) in like amount. Should you have any questions regarding security deposit requirements, please contact Distribution's Credit and Receivables Management Department (Credit Department) at (716) 857-7570. Cash security deposits will be paid interest at the rate currently set by the Commission. (Refer to Index of Rates and Charges for current effective rate.) Costs associated with the procurement of a letter of credit are subject to requirements and/or negotiations with the DMT-INA

applicant's individual bank. The cost of a surety bond is subject to the requirements of the individual insurance company. Payment of these costs are not the responsibility of Distribution.

7. Reconciliation/True-Ups

Any Reconciliation/True-Up rights are identified within Section E.5.

8. Standby Services

SEE Section D.8.

9. Storage Peaking Services

SEE Section D.9.

10. Meter Reading

a. GENERAL

Most large industrial and commercial meters are read every month. When a read is not unavailable, monthly bills are based on estimated readings. A schedule identifying the calendar data upon which meter cycles are read is posted on the website.

b. TELEMETERING

Telemetering is add-on electronic equipment, connected to customer (usually DMT) gas meter(s) by Distribution, which collects and stores hourly readings from the meter(s) and then sends those hourly readings to a Distribution telemetering computer system. The software determines hourly consumption and posts those readings and/or consumption in any of a variety of formats. The resulting information is posted to the Distribution website for retrieval via the internet. Generally, telemetering information is available each morning between 11:00 a.m. and 12:00 p.m. for the previous Gas Day (ending at 10:00 a.m. on the current day).

DMT customer meter readings will be taken three times per day, at 10:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m., and 4:00 p.m. and reports will be made available to customers/marketers within one hour of those times on a best efforts basis.

All of the meters for each DMT Market Pool customer account must have telemetering equipment installed.

Telemetering equipment can provide the following benefits to customers and their Suppliers:

- Operation, maintenance, and accuracy of the telemetering components are all the responsibility of Distribution.
- Once each day, non-SC-13 customers receive a formatted report detailing gas consumption and meter readings; SC-13 customers receive multiple reports during the day - valuable information for production costing, scheduling, and budgeting.

The cost for telemetering components can range from about \$900 to about \$5,000 per meter, depending on what type of metering is in place at the customer's facility. This is a one-time charge, payable prior to installation. The source of power for the telemetering and the customer's telecommunications configuration can also play a significant role in determining the installation cost.

Customers are responsible for third-party telecommunication (e.g. telephone line or wireless service and subscription) or meter data collection services related to providing meter data to the Company on a real-time basis.

The customer must supply a dedicated phone line to the meter location and must have the components listed under "Standard Requirements For Telemetering Capability," in the Telemetering Service Manual as posted on the Distribution website.

Distribution's Tariff requires that Customers with an annual consumption greater than 55,000 Mcf per year under a single account must have installed the necessary electronic telemetering equipment. SC-18 Customers with multiple meters per account may request that meters measuring de minimis account consumption be excluded from the necessary electronic telemetering equipment requirement. The Company will consider such requests provided that excluded consumption fall within industry accepted levels of measurement error, i.e. the difference between a measured value of quantity and its true value, for the remaining meters with telemetering, but never more than 2% of account consumption.

c. ACCESS TO TELEMETERING DATA

Distribution provides access to customer meter data for use in energy management services and for daily balancing. Data is provided to customers or their authorized representatives via the **Supplier / Customer Download Files** under the Secure Transactions section of Distribution's web site at:

http://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/scripts/contents.asp

A Login ID and password will be provided for up to two contacts for each customer. Data is provided in both report form and graphical form at both the meter and customer account levels. Data can also be downloaded in ASCII files with the following format:

```
"RBA_NUM","RBA_NAME","SITE_ID","GAS_DAY","READ_TIME","READ","CORR_READ" "987654321","CUSTOMER NAME","009999999","20060601","11:00:00 ","24","87567"
```

Additionally, DMT Suppliers have access to aggregated DMT Customer telemetering data. To obtain access to telemetering data, contact the Transportation Services Help Desk at (716) 857-7232.

11. Summary of Applicable Fees, Charges and Penalties

Explained above and in Section D.11.

12. Termination of Transportation Service

For SC-18 customers with TSAs, the customer may terminate the Agreement on 60 days' notice prior to the end of an annual term. For SC-13, the customer may terminate the Agreement on 15 days' notice prior to the end of a month.

For DMT Aggregators, the DMT-INA can be for a stated period of time or can be terminated by the following events:

- Default by DMT Aggregator of any terms or conditions contained in this Agreement;
- By mutual agreement of Distribution and DMT Aggregator;
- At the discretion of Distribution to the extent necessary to preserve system operational integrity;
- Pursuant to an order of the Commission; and

- Upon 30 day written notice to Distribution
- Failure to pay invoices when due.

The DMT Aggregator must send a letter if they choose to terminate this service.

STBA SERVICE - See Section D.12.

13. Billing Schedules

SC-13 TRANSPORTATION - Customers will be billed the month following the calendar month of consumption. For example, January is the consumption month and February is when the bill is rendered.

DMT-INA - The DMT Aggregator bill is rendered after trades are completed.

Approximate timing of Statement and Bill

•	1st week of the month following the consumption period	Statements issued via TSS to Aggregators
•	20 th of the month following the consumption period	Deadline for Trading transactions
•	1 st of the month following the trading period	Bill sent to the DMT Aggregator

STBA SERVICE - See Section D.13.

14. Communications Protocols for Demand Response Customers

With respect to communication with demand response customers as provided for in Case No. 15-G-0185, Order Adopting New Communication Protocols (Issued and Effective December 16, 2016), the default mode of communications from Distribution to demand response customers will be email. In addition to email addresses, demand response (interruptible) customers must provide the company with name(s) of contacts, phone numbers, locations and/or other means of contacting the customer as a supplement to or temporary substitute (should email be unavailable) for email. Customers may provide Distribution with different notification contact information per facility or one contact for all of that customer's facilities.

Distribution will commence daily communications based upon the weather forecast it receives each morning as soon as projected average daily outside temperatures are forecast to be 15 degrees or below for the upcoming three consecutive days or during times when three days of consecutive customer interruptions occur. This temperature maintains a minimum 5-degree temperature threshold between the forecasted temperature and the temperature at which Distribution may consider initiation of demand response customer interruptions.

F. REQUIREMENTS OF POOL OPERATIONS

1. Listing of Marketer Contact Personnel

Distribution maintains up-to-date listings of all Marketers, Direct Customers and Energy Consultants along with contact information. A listing of all approved Suppliers for Residential and Non Residential Service can be found on Distribution's website at:

http://nationalfuelgas.com/forhome/NY/choosing_a_supplier.aspx#approvedgassuppliers

TSS is used to permit each business party to maintain its contact information over the internet under a secure format.

2. 7 Day, 24 Hour Communication Process

Each Marketer and Direct Customer shall provide Distribution with the names, addresses, e-mail addresses, fax numbers, and daytime and off-hours telephone numbers of the Marketer's personnel responsible for gas deliveries to Distribution and for responding to System Alerts and OFOs. In addition, Marketers should provide to Distribution contact information for:

Retail sales contacts
Billing contacts
Regulatory contacts
Credit contacts
Media relations contact
24-hour contacts

It is critical that Distribution, Marketers and Direct Customers possess emergency contact information and have established procedures in place for reaching a responsible person at all times. Distribution, Marketers and Direct Customers are responsible for the delivery of gas to Distribution's City Gate, and so must maintain communications systems that support a 24 hour-per-day communication process. To verify the accuracy of 24-hour contact information, Distribution will conduct a Critical Day Simulation Exercise at least once per year.

Please see Section G., Communications Protocols for further information.

3. Distribution Contact Person Information

The contact names, phone & fax numbers and email addresses for Distribution are as follows:

General Information/Marketer Liaison:

Joanne Maciok (716) 857-7670 (716) 857-7479 <u>MaciokJ@natfuel.com</u>

24-hour help desk number: (716) 857-7232

Retail sales contact:

Robert Eck (716) 857-7711 (716) 857-7254 <u>EckR@natfuel.com</u>

Billing contact:

TSD Billing (716) 857-7432 (716) 857-7479 TSD-Billing@natfuel.com

Dispute Resolution/Regulatory contact:

Jeffrey Same (716) 857-7507 (716) 857-7254 <u>SameJ@natfuel.com</u>

Credit contact:

Betty Szretter (716) 857-7570 (716) 857-7439 <u>SzretterB@natfuel.com</u>

Media Relations contact:

Karen Merkel* (716) 857-7654 (716) 857-7439 MerkelK@natfuel.com

GTOP contact:

Joanne Maciok (716) 857-7670 (716) 857-7479 <u>MaciokJ@natfuel.com</u>

The mailing address for the above contacts is:

National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation 6363 Main St Williamsville, NY 14221-5887

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^{* 24-}hour Media Relations contact is available by calling (716) 609-0438.

4. Production Pool Operations & Other Producer Issues

a. General

Distribution has numerous gas production meters feeding directly into its distribution system. Non-discriminatory access is provided, however, producers must follow applicable rules and procedures. Approximately 5% of the gas flowing on Distribution's system comes from production within its New York franchise area.

b. Setup Procedures & Parameters

For the purposes of nomination, production meters are organized into Production Pools at a logical pooling point. The Production Pools are classified as monthly or daily pools. While any meter is eligible for inclusion in a monthly pool, meters are eligible for inclusion in daily pools based upon the presence of telemetric measurement and availability of volumetric information to Distribution on a real-time basis. Market Pool Operators serving large volume daily market pools (e.g. consisting of SC-13 customers) may only nominate production receipts from Daily Production Pools. Market Pool Operators serving STBA (SC-19 customers) may nominate production receipts from either Daily Production Pools or Monthly Production Pools.

Individual local production meters may be added to or deleted from existing Production Pools prior to the start of the coming month. Using TSS, Production Pool Operators must complete pool setup by the end (11:59 PM) of the day (approximately the seventh (7th) calendar day prior to the beginning of the next month) specified as the Pool Setup Deadline on Distribution's web site. To establish a new Production Pool, the pool operator must first contact Transportation Services Help Desk at (716) 857-7232 to name and create the pool within TSS.

As a measure of projected daily deliveries from a telemetered or non-telemetered Production Pool, a Production Daily Quantity (PDQ) is based upon historical production data. The first choice for the PDQ is the same month in the previous year (e.g. June/Current Year would be based upon June/Year Ago). The second choice is the last prior actual month (June/Current Year would be based upon April/Current Year). The third choice would be zero in the absence of the first two choices (or the production pool operator could provide an estimate). Receipt nominations by Market Pool Operators from Production Pools should total to 95%-105% of the PDQ on a daily basis. This is to ensure that the system operates in balance, i.e. on a gas-in, gas-out basis. Production Pool Operators are not to deliver gas into the system during the early part of the month in anticipation of nominations later during the month. Analogously, Market Pool Operators may not over nominate Production Pools early in the month in anticipation of increased production or reduced nominations later during the month. If total nominations on a daily basis exceed the high end of this tolerance band, Distribution will cut the nomination to the volume allowed by the high-end tolerance limit.

To accommodate changes in production operations that are not reflected in historical data, a Production Pool Operator may request a change to the PDQ calculated by Distribution. For example, a gathering system operator may inform Distribution that wells may have been added to the gathering system or are shut-in. In either case, the volume of gas expected to flow may be different than the historical average daily production. Such requests will, if submitted before 1:30 PM and upon approval by Transportation Services, become effective for the next Gas Day. Requests submitted after noon become effective on the next following Gas Day, upon approval by Transportation Services. A PDQ Override may be entered which would supersede the original PDQ. Such requests should be submitted via TSS by 1:30 PM, on the business day prior to the Gas Day the change is requested to take effect. In the event of an emergency situation where TSS is unavailable, the request should be submitted via to all three of the following: MaciokJ@natfuel.com, CzechowiczD@natfuel.com, TSS support@natfuel.com.

The "DDQ/PDQ Email Change Request" form is available on the NFGDC website at:

http://www.nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/TSS/ManualsAndForms/DDQ_PDQChangeRequest.xls.

The request should specify the amount by which the PDQ should be changed as well as provide justification for the change.

Other rules applicable to Production Pools are as follows:

- Monthly, non-telemetered, production meters may only be included in Monthly Production Pools
- Daily, telemetered, production meters may be included in either Daily or Monthly Production Pools.
- Daily Production Pools can be nominated to either DMT or STBA pools but gas is allocated into DMT pools ahead of STBA pools.
- Both Daily and Monthly Production Pools are "balanced" to a zero-imbalance position.
 Excess production can be allocated to an STBA pool or purchased by the Company but it cannot be allocated to a DMT pool.
- Production meters cannot be assigned to more than one Production Pool during a given
 month. If a meter is listed in more than one Production Pool, those Production Pools will
 be invalid (no nominations will be allowed against those pools) until such time as the issue
 of where the meter belongs is resolved.
- New local production meters may be added to a Production Pool during a month by contacting Transportation Services.

Further details on the day-to-day operations of Production Pools are contained within the TSS Production Pool Operator Manual available on the internet at:

http://www.nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/TSS/ManualsAndForms/TSSPRODPOOLMANUAL.pdf

c. Non-Telemetric Production Deliveries to Market Pools

To promote the use of local production without imposing a daily metering requirement, 100% of historical average daily production (represented by the PDQ) for the month shall be made available to meet extreme day requirements otherwise served by capacity upstream of the intermediate capacity. Where Distribution has more current information concerning production deliverability, it may use such information in place of the historical daily average production. Gas must be scheduled on a daily basis to be delivered to an STBA pool. In no event shall volumes under the 95%-105% tolerance level that are not scheduled for delivery to STBA pools be made available as a carryover for nominations to STBA pools on a subsequent day during the month.

Non-telemetered gas cannot be nominated or delivered to DMT Market Pools.

d. Receipt Facility Measurement

The Company measures gas following the recommendations of the ANSI/API 2530 "Orifice Metering of Natural Gas and Other Related Hydrocarbon Fluids" (A.G.A. Report No. 3) including the A.G.A. Manual for Determination of Supercompressibility Factors of Natural Gas or the A.G.A. Transmission Measurement Committee Report No. 8 "Compressibility and Supercompressibility for Natural Gas and Other Hydrocarbon Gases", ANSI B109.3 "Standard for Rotary Meters" and "Measurement by Turbine Meters – Volumetric Flow Measurement" (A.G.A. Report No. 7), as appropriate to the type of measurement installed at the receipt facility. If the receipt facility gas flow characteristics are such that calculations cannot be performed consistent with the above-mentioned recommendations due to a decline in production or other operational matters, the Company shall have the right to turn off a meter until a replacement meter meeting the above specifications is installed.

Prior to executing its right to turn off a meter, Distribution shall notify the affected producer, in writing, identifying the meter(s) for which measurement calculations cannot be performed consistent with the above-

mentioned recommendations. If the producer does not respond to notification, Distribution may shut off the meter 30 days after the date of such notification. If the producer responds within 30 days and agrees to installation of a suitable replacement meter(s), the meter(s) will continue to flow until at least 60 days after the date of the initial notification. Otherwise, Distribution may shut off the meter(s).

Within 60 days of the notification, if the producer identifies a Distribution approved contractor to perform meter installation(s) and an installation date(s) is set, the meter(s) will continue to flow until such installation takes place. If the producer does not identify a contractor to perform the installation(s) and/or agree to an installation date(s), Distribution may shut off the meter(s).

If Distribution delays or cancels an installation, it shall notify the producer at least one business day in advance. A new installation date will be determined within 30 days of cancellation but will not necessarily be set within this period. The meter will continue to flow through the agreed upon new installation date. If the producer does not agree to a new installation date within 30 days of cancellation, Distribution may shut off the meter with at least one business day of written notice to the producer.

If the producer cancels a meter installation, it shall notify Distribution at least one business day in advance. A new installation date will be determined within 30 days of cancellation but will not necessarily be set within this period. The meter will continue to flow through the agreed upon new installation date. If the producer does not agree to an installation date within 30 days of cancellation, Distribution may shut off the meter with at least one business day of written notice to the producer.

If a producer cancels a meter installation without notice, Distribution may shut off the meter with at least one business day of written notice to the producer. If a producer cancels a meter installation with notice more than twice, Distribution may shut off the meter with at least one business day of written notice to the producer. Distribution may, however, elect a different course of action to the extent it believes the circumstances were beyond the producer's control and the producer is still making a good faith attempt to install suitable measurement.

e. Gas Quality: BTU Content

The Producer Interconnection Agreement (included in the Appendices of this GTOP) establishes a standard "heat" content range of 967 to 1100 BTUs for receipt of supplies into Distribution's system. Distribution may also accept any supplies that, as measured by Distribution or Distribution's agent, bear a heat content outside the standard range. While a BTU conversion factor of 1000 is presumed for nomination purposes, any production gas with a BTU content of at least 967 will be allocated as if the BTU was 1000. When the BTU content falls below 967, if Distribution accepts such supplies, the volumes received will be adjusted to reflect the lower content. For example, 1000 Mcf with a heat content of 965 BTU will be adjusted to 965 Mcf for allocation purposes. There is no corresponding upward adjustment when heat content exceeds 1100 BTU for local production purchases (above the standard range) nor is there an adjustment when heat content exceeds 1000 BTU for transportation of local production.

f. Gas Quality: Water Vapor Content

NFGDC - Maximum Allowable Water Vapor Content in pounds per million cubic feet (lbs./MMCF)

Updated: 6/25/2014

Pressure	Gas/Ambient Temperature in Degrees Fahrenheit												
(psig)	Up to 35° F	36-42°	43-47°	48-51°	52-57°	58-62°	63-67°	68-72°	73-77°	78-82°	83-87°	88-92°	93-120°
Up to 30	43	50	64	76	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
31 - 35	40	47	60	72	86	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
36 - 40	37	43	54	65	78	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
41 - 45	33	39	49	60	72	86	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
46 - 50	31	36	46	55	66	79	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
51 - 55	29	33	42	51	61	73	87	99	99	99	99	99	99
56 - 60	27	31	39	47	57	68	81	99	99	99	99	99	99
61 - 70	23	28	34	41	49	59	70	83	99	99	99	99	99
71 - 80	22	25	32	38	46	55	66	78	99	99	99	99	99
81 - 90	19	23	27	33	40	48	57	67	80	99	99	99	99
91 - 100	18	21	26	31	38	46	54	65	76	99	99	99	99
101-110	16	19	24	29	35	42	50	59	70	83	99	99	99
111-120	15	18	22	26	32	39	46	55	65	77	99	99	99
121-130	14	17	21	25	30	36	43	51	60	71	84	99	99
131-140	13	15	19	23	28	34	40	48	57	67	78	99	99
141-150	12	15	18	22	27	32	38	45	53	63	74	86	99
>150	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

Notes

- .) If meter run has a temperature well, use gas temperature; otherwise, use ambient temperature, not taken in direct sunlight comments of the sun temperature with the sun temperature with the sun time of th
- 3.) By its tariff, NFGDC may limit the quantity of water vapor contained within the gas it receives to no more than seven (7) lbs. per MMCF of gas

g. Gas Quality: Gas Delivery Pressure

Producers must not jeopardize Distribution's system by delivering gas at pressures that will cause it to exceed its maximum allowable operating pressure ("MAOP"). Distribution requires that producers not exceed their required lock up pressure as set by Distribution for each area of its system. In the event a producer exceeds its designated lock up pressure, Distribution will lock the meter station and direct the producer to correct the issue.

h. Production Retest Notification and Fees

The Producer Interconnection Agreement provides for testing of gas quality. Testing is coordinated through Distribution's Local Production Office in Erie, Pennsylvania. The point of contact for producer testing issues is:

Chuck Campbell Phone: (814) 871-8539 Fax: (814) 871-8672 Email: CampbellC@natfuel.com

The Local Production Office will coordinate the scheduling of the tests with Distribution's field personnel.

Where a test at an interconnection meter shows that the quality of gas does not meet Distribution's quality specifications and/or is non-standard, Distribution will shut in the meter. The producer shall take corrective action and request a retest be performed by Distribution in order for the meter to be turned back on. The procedures below will apply in cases where the initial test requires that a production meter be shut off:

- 1. The Gas Quality Shut-Off Notice will be faxed to Distribution's Local Production Office from the Service Center that performed the meter inspection/quality testing.
- 2. The Local Production Office will notify the producer by telephone of the shut off and remind the producer to contact the Local Production Office to schedule a retest when the quality issue has been addressed.
- 3. The shut off history on the meter for the previous 24 months is reviewed:
 - a. To determine if any additional equipment or change in procedure is required before the meter is turned back online. Distribution will notify the producer if such equipment or procedural change is necessary.
 - b. To determine the fee associated with the retest.

There is a charge of \$150 per meter for each scheduled service call to retest gas quality, up to three, within the last 24-month period. For additional service calls to retest gas quality during the same period, the

charge shall be \$250 per service call. Distribution has the right to shut off and remove the meter permanently if service calls to retest gas quality are in excess of five during the 24-month period.

- 4. The producer will notify Distribution by telephone that it is ready for a retest, provide the details of how it plans to mitigate the gas quality matter and, if applicable, if it has installed any required equipment. If acceptable to Distribution, a retest will be scheduled. Otherwise, Distribution will identify deficiencies in the plan and when remedied, the producer should call to indicate it is ready for a retest.
- 5. The Local Production Office will generate the work order instructing the Service Center to retest the meter. The Service Center will schedule the retest appointment with the producer.
- 6. If the retest shows the quality of gas to be satisfactory, and the installed equipment, if applicable, is functional, the meter will be turned on. If these conditions are not met, then the meter will remain off and the above process will be repeated.
- 7. If the retest was performed by the close of business on the 5th business day after the day the producer notified Distribution that it was ready for a retest, the Local Production Office will send an invoice to the producer in the appropriate amount.
- 8. In the event that Distribution performs the retest after the 5th business day, such retest will be free of charge and no invoice will be issued.
- 9. If the producer fails to pay the invoice by the due date, the meter will be shut in and not turned on until payment is received for the invoiced retest. An additional \$150 turn on fee must be paid prior to scheduling the turn on.
- 10. If a producer fails to appear for its scheduled retest, the meter will remain shut in and an invoice will be sent to the producer. The producer must call the Local Production Office again to repeat the above process.
 - i. Late Charts/Meter Readings

Pursuant to the Article V. of the Producer Interconnect Agreement, month-end orifice meter charts and index readings (from the correctors on displacement meters) are due no later than the fifth (5th) working day of the month. Working days are equivalent to the business days Distribution's office is open. To minimize confusion, the actual due date will be posted on Distribution's website:

http://www.natfuel.com/marketers/ProducerSupplierPostings/dist_due_dates.pdf

If charts/readings are not received on time, any gas associated with a late, end-of-the month chart or reading will not be allocated to transportation as an adjustment during a subsequent month. Instead, such volumes will be subject to cash out at 65% of the month-end Index Price. The purpose of this policy is to present an incentive for timely delivery of month-end orifice meter charts and index readings.

This index price will be based off the Dominion South Point price (as described on Section 0 - Leaf 112 of Distribution's Tariff) and posted on the above mentioned website. In any month, Distribution reserves the right to suspend the cash out and process the gas associated with late chart(s) or index readings as transportation adjustments in the subsequent month. Distribution will post notification of suspension on its website by the 10th business day following month-end.

As a convenience, upon execution of a National Fuel System Administrator Security Process Agency Agreement, producers may enter displacement meter index readings online through a secure web site:

 $\underline{https://sbsprd.natfuel.com/psp/gmprd/nfsbsgm/sbsprd/c/nfom\ gas\ measurement.nfoc\ gm\ prod\ rdg.gbl}$

A form of the agreement, along with associated instructions, is available from the Distribution's General Producer & Supplier Postings web page at:

 $\underline{https://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/ProducerSupplierPostings/ProducerSupplierPostings.aspx}$

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that:

j. Odorization Compatibility

Producers that add odorant to their gas upstream of delivery to Distribution are required to use odorant that is compatible with NFGDC's system operations. Allowed odorant includes Odor Tech's SPOTLEAK 1039, or other similarly formulated compounds. Please read and refer to product literature posted on Distribution's General Producer & Supplier Postings web page at:

http://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/ProducerSupplierPostings/ProducerSupplierPostings.aspx

Producers are responsible for their own procurement of odorant supplies as Distribution does not sell or supply this product. If there are any operational questions or if you wish to discuss this in more detail, please call Thomas Ferger at (716) 827-2376 or contact him at fergert@natfuel.com.

k. Renewable Natural Gas

Gas that that is produced from the anaerobic decomposition of organic material may be delivered into Distribution's system provided that it is effectively processed and upgraded into merchantable Renewable Natural Gas ("RNG"). Raw biogas is known to contain constituents such that it would not be considered merchantable and therefore would not be accepted into Distribution's system. In addition to meeting the generally applicable gas quality standards specified in Distribution's tariff, parties wishing to produce RNG for delivery into Distribution's system ("RNG Operators") are required to meet supplemental Renewable Natural Gas Quality Standards for Constituents of Concern ("COC") provided in an Renewable Natural Gas Interconnection Agreement ("RNG-IA"). RNG Operators wishing to produce RNG for delivery into Distribution's system are required to execute an RNG-IA as a condition of access. A standard form RNG-IA is included in the appendices of the GTOP.

Distribution may, but is not required to, accept RNG into its system if it determines, in its sole discretion,

- (i) The RNG is free from bacteria, pathogens and any other substances injurious to utility facilities or people, or other constituents that would cause the gas to be unmarketable;
- (ii) The RNG can be delivered into Distribution's existing high-pressure system at a point with sufficient flows and pressures to enable blending sufficient to ensure proper dilution of constituents;
- (iii) Delivery of the RNG into Distribution's system will not jeopardize the integrity or normal operations of Distribution's system or otherwise adversely affect Distribution's customers; and
- (iv) The RNG complies with any gas quality specifications including those set forth above and any additional specifications required by Distribution.

Distribution uses the Gas Technology Institute's <u>Interconnect Guide for Renewable Natural Gas</u> (<u>RNG</u>) in <u>New York State</u> as a guidance document for its procedures applicable to RNG. There are four sources of RNG that may be accepted into Distribution's system:

- (i) Landfill
- (ii) Dairy, Swine
- (iii) Waste Water Treatment Plant ("WWTP")
- (iv) Food Waste

In addition, wood-waste feedstock processed into RNG by a gasifier, or other Syngas, may also be accepted into Distribution's system.

While the threshold levels provided in the RNG-IA are intended to be applicable to all COC, testing of individual COC will vary by source of RNG. Distribution may, however, change which COC are tested based upon its experience or that of others in the gas industry as applicable to RNG. Further, Distribution may change the

frequency or equipment used for testing based upon its experience or that of others in the gas industry as applicable to RNG. Finally, if a mixed feedstock is utilized by the Operator, Distribution may test for all COCs.

Additionally, if Distribution determines that it will accept an Applicant's RNG into its system, the Applicant shall pay for any initial and ongoing testing and/or monitoring of the RNG, as well as any baseline and/or ongoing monitoring of Distribution's system that Distribution, in its sole discretion, deems necessary, appropriate or convenient.

Hazardous waste landfills ("Hazardous Waste Landfills") include all contiguous land and structures, and other appurtenances and improvements, on the land used for the treatment, transfer, storage, resource recovery, disposal, or recycling of hazardous waste. The facility may consist of one or more treatment, transfer, storage, resource recovery, disposal, or recycling hazardous waste management units, or combinations of these units. Distribution will not accept or transport RNG from Hazardous Waste Landfills, including landfills permitted by the Department of Toxic Substances Control. Before Distribution will interconnect with the RNG Operator's system, the RNG Operator must demonstrate and certify to Distribution's satisfaction that the biogas was not collected from a Hazardous Waste Landfill.

To ensure that raw biogas is effectively processed and upgraded into merchantable RNG, the following additional testing protocols will be administered

- 1. Renewable Natural Gas Pre-Interconnection Testing
 - (i) Prior to the delivery of RNG to Distribution, the RNG Operator shall conduct two tests over a two to four week period for the constituents identified in Exhibit B Table 1 of the RNG-IA for the applicable RNG source.
 - (ii) Pre-interconnection testing shall be performed by the RNG Operator using Distribution-approved independent certified third party laboratories qualified to perform testing in accordance with the following methods: EPA Method 29, EPA 200.8, EPA Method 8270, TO-15, TO-11A, as applicable. Distribution shall be notified of the RNG sampling and tests and have the option to observe the samples being taken. Test results will be shared with Distribution within five calendar days of the test results being received by the Operator.
 - (iii) If any COCs are found to be above the threshold level during pre-interconnection testing, the RNG cannot be accepted by Distribution. The Operator shall make necessary modifications to lower applicable COC levels below the threshold level and restart pre-interconnection testing. If those pre-interconnection COC sample test results are below threshold levels, then the Operator is authorized to commence delivering RNG to Distribution's receipt point, specified in Exhibit A of the RNG-IA.
- m. Renewable Natural Gas RNG Periodic Testing
 - (i) COC testing shall be conducted quarterly upon deliveries of approved RNG (at least once during every three-month period in which deliveries occur) or any time the RNG Operator changes feedstock.
 - (ii) If four consecutive quarterly test results for all COC remain below threshold levels, subsequent periodic testing frequency may be reduced to once during every 12-month period in which deliveries occur.
 - (iii) If testing demonstrates that any COC levels exceed threshold levels, then Distribution shall cease RNG deliveries by shutting off the RNG interconnect, pursuant to Article 4 of the RNG-IA and the RNG Interconnect Shut-Off and Restart Procedures section below.
 - (iv) The figure below demonstrates the testing protocols.

Retest Above Initial Test of Shut off Threshold Remediation COCs in RNG interconnect Level No Quarterly Testing No Above Threshold Yes .evel No Four Consecutive Tests Below Threshold Level? Yes Above Annual Threshold Testing

Flowchart for Initial and Periodic COC Testing

n. Renewable Natural Gas – RNG Interconnect Shut-Off and Restart Procedures

The RNG interconnect may be shut off when one or both of the following occur:

- (i) The RNG Operator or Distribution determines that a change in the biogas source at the facility or a change in the RNG Operator's process or treatment equipment will potentially increase the level of any COC over the previously measured baseline levels.
- (ii) COC sample results indicate that one or more COCs exceed their allowable concentration threshold levels.

If the RNG interconnect has been shut off, deliveries of RNG may be recommenced and continued only after the following occur:

(i) The RNG Operator fulfills the requirements set forth in Article 4 of the RNG-IA. The Operator must conduct testing of the RNG at its own expense using Distribution-approved independent certified third party laboratories qualified to perform testing in accordance with the following methods: EPA Method 29, EPA 200.8, EPA Method 8270, TO-15, TO-11A, as applicable.

- (ii) Once deliveries of RNG resume, the RNG shall be subject to the periodic testing requirements set forth in the RNG Periodic Testing section above if the test indicates the following:
 - a. the RNG complies with the gas quality specifications contained in applicable tariffs, contract(s) or agreement(s); and
 - b. the levels of all COCs are below threshold levels. Thereafter, the Operator shall reevaluate COCs to determine if the RNG is eligible for less frequent testing.
- o. Renewable Natural Gas RNG Testing Procedures

The RNG Operator shall collect samples at the Interconnect receipt point identified in Exhibit A of the RNG-IA. Samples will be analyzed by Distribution-approved independent certified third party laboratories qualified to perform EPA 200.8 testing. Testing shall be by methods approved as, or considered to be, industry standard. Retesting shall be allowed to verify and validate the results. The cost of retesting shall be borne by the entity requesting the retest.

p. Renewable Natural Gas – Continuous Monitoring of Upgrading Process Integrity

Absent an agreement otherwise, the RNG Operator's continuous monitoring of and compliance with applicable gas quality specifications shall be used as an indicator that the upgraded equipment or process system is effectively conditioning and upgrading the biogas to acceptable RNG standards. If the indicator(s) used to continuously monitor RNG constituent levels indicates the RNG has not been sufficiently conditioned and upgraded, the RNG Operator may accelerate the RNG periodic testing schedule and initiate immediate testing. Accelerated periodic testing shall satisfy the recommended periodic testing requirements described in the RNG Periodic Testing section above.

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G. COMMUNICATIONS PROTOCOLS

Day-to-day communications protocols are governed generally by the UBPs, set forth infra at Section C.

1. Need for Open Lines Between Marketers and LDCs

The objective of this protocol is to enhance communications among LDCs, pipelines, Marketers and Direct Customers bringing gas to the LDC City Gate. Well-developed communications will reduce errors and will provide all entities with the information necessary to properly fulfill their responsibilities. Underlying the protocol is the recognition that as increasing numbers of customers opt for transportation service, the traditional bilateral communication between LDCs and customers increasingly becomes a communication loop including LDCs, pipelines, Marketers and Direct Customers.

Communication should be two-way, with numerous ways of communicating and in a manner that is clear and understandable. Each party must accept the responsibility for clarifying and understanding the messages being exchanged. Communication should be consistent within an organization and to the extent practical, consistent over time.

Communication among the LDC, Marketers and Direct Customers can occur on a regular basis (daily, monthly, seasonally), and on an as-needed basis (clarifications, alerts, operational flow orders, etc.). Different ways of communicating (telephone, fax, internet website, e-mail, mail, and face-to-face meetings) can be utilized depending upon the circumstances and the message to be conveyed.

2. Electronic Bulletin Board ("EBB")

Distribution Transportation Scheduling System ("TSS")

Distribution's TSS serves as its internet-based EBB. This online system allows users to communicate via a NAESB-compliant (as applicable) Customer Activities website. This includes nominations, confirmations, trading of imbalances, and month-end reports. This system embodies all existing policies and procedures utilized in gas management as contained in the GTOP.

Distribution Website:

The website also includes up-to-date information and announcements regarding procedural changes, System Alerts, and other useful information relating to the regulatory process of unbundling. These announcements are included in the web page entitled "What's New/Announcements (last update mo/day/year)" at

http://www.nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/announce.asp.

Distribution ensures the availability of password-secured operational information to assist Suppliers in making adequate deliveries to Distribution's City Gate. Such information includes ADDQs, pipeline contract numbers, reconciliation of differences picked up by Distribution in the confirmation process, degree-day information, SAs and OFOs, and daily consumption where there are daily meter reads.

Distribution makes every effort to ensure that previous month information is carried forward for Market Pool, Production Pool, and Aggregation Group setup in TSS. It is, however, the ultimate responsibility of the Operator of each of the Pools and Groups to ensure that the membership and related information of each Pool and Group is correct in TSS before the start of each calendar month.

Further, it is the ultimate responsibility of each Pool or Group Operator to ensure that all paperwork, supporting documentation or other written notification, or processes, as required in Distribution's Tariff, TSS Operators' Manuals, website, the GTOP, Service Agreements or binding contracts, are submitted in a timely manner as prescribed in these respective documents.

In situations that Distribution deems "extreme circumstances," Distribution, in its sole discretion, reserves the right to make exceptions to its internal policies and procedures.

3. Bi-Annual "Reliability Forums"

Reliable delivery of gas requires both communication and assets suited to service the unique operational needs of the distribution system. Discussion of reliability requirements may, upon LDC or Marketer request, be a topic on the agenda of a regularly scheduled meeting (as described in Section G.5 below).

4. EDI or Other Means of Transferring Information

a. General

Distribution's website can be used to obtain retail billing/measurement information. While access to some aspects of the historical customer information are interactive in nature, the bulk of the data is provided in structured delimited ASCII flat files.

File layouts and narrative descriptions for these flat files are available on Distribution's website at:

http://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/tech_docs/markfile.aspx

The delimited ASCII flat files and Distribution's form of electronic data exchange and should not be confused with X12 EDI standards required for Marketers. Access to the information available via ASCII flat files on the website is dependent upon qualification under aggregation services and a user ID/password obtained through Transportation Services Department Transportation Services.

b. Billing/Consumption History Requests

Marketers can request 24 months of consumption and billing history or for the life of the account if less than 24 months for a customer via the applicable EDI transaction. Marketers must have the consent of the customer and can access the information by using the nine-digit account number associated with the account.

Under limited special circumstances at the discretion of Distribution, such information will be provided through a manual process.

c. Electronic Data Interchange

On July 23, 2001, the New York Public Service Commission issued Opinion 01-03 in Case 98-M-0667, approving policies and data standards for the implementation of electronic data interchange (EDI) in New York. The Commission's decision, and subsequent decisions, continues the work of a collaborative industry effort that began in New York in 1998. Several other Orders detailing transaction sets and testing procedures have been issued subsequent to Opinion 01-03. The November 21, 2003 Order in Case 98-M-1343 ultimately drives the EDI requirement for New York market participants.

To exchange data using EDI transactions with Distribution, marketers must first complete Phase I Testing, covering a prescribed series of datasets and/or transactions based upon a marketer's business plan (e.g. depending upon the billing scenarios employed by the marketer), with one of the utilities in New York. Following Phase I Certification, marketers must successfully complete Phase III Testing and Certification with Distribution. Detailed information on EDI standards and protocols in New York is publicly available on the Commission's website at:

http://www3.dps.ny.gov/W/PSCWeb.nsf/ArticlesByTitle/6806CF784702477285257EC4005698D8?OpenDocument

Distribution generally performs EDI testing on an "as needed" basis upon Marketer request. Depending upon the demand for testing, Distribution will test in batch mode. Distribution will provide notification of batch scheduling on its website on those occasions where required testing impacts all or a significant majority of Marketers. On

occasions where the Commission orders EDI changes but testing is not required by all parties and no effective date is specified within the Order, Distribution will post a schedule showing a cutover date to the updated transaction. Such date will be within 90 days of the effective date of the Order.

Phase III Testing is conducted in conformance with the New York EDI Technical Operating Profile document and its Supplements available at:

http://www3.dps.ny.gov/W/PSCWeb.nsf/All/8D590CB291337B7E85257EC4005783F9?OpenDocument

Distribution also provides an EDI web page that includes a links to an EDI Manual and Notices concerning EDI operations:

http://nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/EDI/aboutnfgdedi.asp

A Marketer may request EDI testing by contacting Beverly Hogan at (716) 857-7950 or by email: HoganB@natfuel.com. Marketers will also be required to sign an EDI Trading Partner Agreement (TPA) prior to the exchange of EDI transactions. The form of TPA is North American Energy Standards Board, Retail Gas Quadrant Model Business Practice RXQ.6.1, adopted June 15, 2009. The form of TPA is available from NAESB through its web site www.naesb.org. Absent mutual agreement otherwise, to execute a TPA the Marketer must provide its D-U-N-S®(Number) as the Legal Entity Common Code. The D-U-N-S®(Number) from a Marketer's parent, subsidiary or any other affiliate will not accepted.

The Transportation Services Department Transportation Services will initiate the process and administer the TPAs for Distribution. Changes to Marketer information contained within the NAESB TPA Exhibits, if any, must be submitted to Distribution in written form five (5) business days in advance of the intended effective date. The written form should be an original signed letter on company letterhead, signed by a company officer. A courtesy email to Beverly Hogan would also be appreciated. Except for Direct Customers (as provided within the UBPs), all parties will be required to use EDI to conduct transactions covered by the UBPs, as applicable. Changes to the Trading Partner Worksheet may be communicated via email to the EDI Support Team (see EDI Contacts below) and will be verified as a part of EDI Testing.

Many Suppliers utilize third-party EDI Vendors to process EDI transactions. Should a Supplier wish to change their EDI Vendor, some (possibly all) EDI Testing may need to be re-completed. To initiate a change in EDI Vendors, the Supplier should contact the Transportation Services Department Transportation Services (Attn. Beverly Hogan) in written form at least two (2) months in advance of the intended effective date in order to ensure sufficient lead time for EDI Testing. The written form should be an original signed letter on company letterhead, signed by a company officer. A courtesy email would also be appreciated.

Distribution has contracted with EC Infosystems for EDI Technical Support Services. With regard to the processing of EDI transactions, Suppliers who receive EDI services from EC Infosystems will not be afforded any advantage over, or be treated any differently than those who receive EDI services from other EDI Vendors.

Phone Number

e-mail Address

The EDI Contacts for Distribution are as follows:

Types of EDI Questions Person

Administrative Issues &	Beverly Hogan	(716) 857-7950	HoganB@natfuel.com
Testing Initiation			
Business Issues	Billing Help Desk	(716) 857-7432	TSD-Billing@natfuel.com
	Nicole Barker	(716) 857-7541	BarkerN@natfuel.com
	A 1 37 1 1	(716) 957 7592	37 1: 1 A @ 40 1

Nicole Barker
Andrea Vasbinder
(716) 857-7541
BarkerN@natfuel.com
VasbinderA@natfuel.com
National & EDI Support
Processing Issues, Testing, Network Outages

Regulatory Issues

Nicole Barker
(716) 857-7541
(716) 857-7593
VasbinderA@natfuel.com
National Nat

In cases where a Marketer's EDI system has failed unexpectedly or in cases of EDI system maintenance of extremely limited duration, the Marketer should contact Transportation Services to determine whether it is appropriate to utilize alternative means to communicate business transactions that normally occur via EDI. If appropriate, the Company will provide alternative communications on a short-term basis only.

5. Regular Meetings/Teleconferences

a. Regular Meetings

Distribution conducts regularly scheduled and announced meetings among Marketers, and Direct Customers prior to, after, and as needed during the heating season. The purpose of these meetings is to address issues of concern to the LDC as system operator, and Marketers, and Direct Customers as gas Suppliers. Agendas are formulated with input from all parties, and include open discussion as part of each meeting's agenda. Announcements of any upcoming meetings may be made via e-mail, fax, and posting on Distribution's website at:

http://www.nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/announce.asp

b. Teleconferences

On an as-needed basis, Distribution schedules teleconferences with natural gas Suppliers serving customers behind its system. The purpose of these teleconferences is to discuss issues that impact the safety and reliability of gas supply on Distribution's system.

STANDING AGENDA FOR EACH OPERATIONAL TELECONFERENCE

Weather Forecast Operational Update Items as requested by participants via prior notice Open Discussion

Effective and consistent communications are critical in order to reduce errors, and provide all entities with the information necessary to properly fulfill their respective responsibilities, both in normal and emergency circumstances. All Suppliers are strongly urged to participate in these teleconferences.

To participate, please consult Distribution's website at

http://www.nationalfuelgas.com/marketers/announce.asp

to obtain the teleconference schedule. Should a Supplier believe it is necessary to schedule a teleconference, it should contact Transportation Services.

6. Distribution Contact Summary

As a convenience, contact phone numbers and email addresses contained elsewhere within the GTOP are reiterated below:

Types of Questions	Person/Departme	ent Phone Number	e-mail Address
Affiliate Transaction Issues ADDQ Adjustment	Jeffrey Same	(716) 857-7507	SameJ@natfuel.com
Requests	Joanne Maciok	(716) 857-7670	MaciokJ@natfuel.com
Billing	TSD Billing	(716) 857-7432	TSD-Billing@natfuel.com
Credit/Security	Betty Szretter	(716) 857-7570	SzretterB@natfuel.com
Dispute Resolution	Jeffrey Same	(716) 857-7735	SameJ@natfuel.com

EDI Business Issues EDI General Technical	Beverly Hogan	(716) 857-7950	HoganB@natfuel.com
Issues	EDI Support Team Maryann	(516) 739-1001 ext. 25	
EDI Regulatory Issues	Stankovski	(716) 857-7886	StankovskiM1@natfuel.com
EDI Testing	EDI Support Team	(516) 739-1001 ext. 25	
GTOP Manual Large Customer Transportation Service	Joanne Maciok	(716) 857-7670	MaciokJ@natfuel.com
Application	Energy Services	(716) 857-7776	
Marketer Ombudsman	John Polka	(716) 857-7063	PolkaJ@natfuel.com
Marketer Relations	Joanne Maciok	(716) 857-7670	MaciokJ@natfuel.com
Media Relations	Karen Merkel	(716) 857-7654	MerkelK@natfuel.com
Meter Reading	TSD Billing	(716) 857-7432	TSD-Billing@natfuel.com
New Service Applications	Distribution CRC	(716) 686-6123 or (800) 365-3234	
Nominations, Gas Scheduling & Operations	Dan Czechowicz	(716) 857-6917	CzechowiczD@natfuel.com
Producer Testing	Chuck Campbell	(814) 871-8539	
Regulatory	Jeffrey Same	(716) 857-7507	SameJ@natfuel.com
Retail Sales Billing Service	Robert Eck	(716) 857-7711	EckR@natfuel.com
Agreements	Beverly Hogan	(716) 857-7950	HoganB@natfuel.com
Billing Rate Instructions	Nate Barnes	(716) 857-7599	BarnesN@natfuel.com
Trans. Services Dept. Head	Chris Cej	(716) 857-6985	CejC@natfuel.com
24 Hour Emergency Uniform Business	Help Desk Maryann	(716) 857-7232	
Practices Upstream Capacity	Stankovski	(716) 857-7886	StankovskiM1@natfuel.com
Demonstration	Ken McAvoy	(716) 857-7960	McAvoyK@natfuel.com
Wire Transfer Contact	Cash Management	(716) 857-6859	

H. OPERATIONAL FLOW ORDERS

1. Description

During any period in which Distribution determines, in its sole discretion, that its ability to accommodate imbalances is restricted or impaired (i.e. "Critical Period"), or in order to maintain system operational integrity, or to prevent a curtailment, an OFO shall be issued on a minimum 24 hours' notice. OFOs are issued when other actions have failed to eliminate reliability concerns. A Critical Period is a period of operational stress or impending potential stress that may impact the integrity of Distribution's system or a force majeure event. During Normal Business Hours, OFO notifications will be made via e-mail, posting on Distribution's website, and via phone and fax as necessary. At other times, the 24-hour contact information provided by Marketers and Direct Customers (refer to Section F.2) will be used to contact affected parties by phone.

2. Guidelines for Instituting an OFO

Distribution will provide 24 hours' notice of an OFO unless circumstances exist which require an immediate response. When an OFO is preceded by a System Alert, the 24 hour notice will begin with the issuance of the System Alert. Distribution will endeavor to provide an eight-hour notice when a SA is changed to an OFO. OFO notice will meet the time requirements above, and will note the time of issuance, date and time the OFO takes effect, and estimated duration.

The OFO notice will communicate the actions required of Marketers and Direct Customers, the reasons for those actions required, and will provide periodic update(s) to enable parties to continue their planning functions. Such actions as required in the OFO notice will be limited in scope and duration and as localized as possible to meet the required objective. OFOs will be applied on a non-discriminatory basis to all similarly situated parties. Distribution will notify the Commission's Director of the Office of Water and Gas when an OFO is declared and again when the situation returns to normal. Distribution will respond to reasonable requests for information by parties within a reasonable time of the OFO event.

3. System Alerts

A System Alert ("SA") may be called during periods of projected increased or decreased consumer demand for, or supply of, natural gas that may cause system stress or threaten applicable storage or other pipeline contract limitations. A SA is a request for specific action on the part of an individual shipper, or all shippers. The shippers are expected to respond to SAs after Distribution provided notice, informing Distribution of their intended action. Where possible, a SA may be used to avoid an OFO but shall not be required as a condition to the issuance of an OFO. E-mail messages and/or web notices will include the following information:

- Date that the SA is issued
- Conditions (reason) for SA
- Requested action (e.g., increase or decrease nomination), if applicable
- Projected length of SA, if available

Distribution will maintain a record of the date, time, and person contacted, the requested action, and action taken. Distribution will notify affected parties via Distribution's website once the SA condition has ended.

4. Responsibilities of Marketers/Customers and LDCs during an OFO or SA

It is impossible to detail all the conditions under which a LDC may find it necessary to initiate an OFO. The following guidelines should apply to OFOs and OFO notifications:

- 1) The OFO notice shall meet minimum time requirements to designated Marketer or Direct Customer personnel and shall provide as much advance notice as possible. The date and time of issuance, date and time the OFO takes effect, and the estimated duration shall be included in the OFO notice.
- 2) The OFO notice should communicate clearly to designated Marketer or Direct Customer personnel the actions required as well as the reason for the required actions and provide periodic updates to enable parties to continue their planning functions.
- 3) Actions required by the OFO should be limited both in duration and scope to meet the required objective.
- 4) The required actions should be as localized as possible.
- 5) The OFO should be applied on a nondiscriminatory basis to all similarly situated parties.
- 6) The LDC should respond to reasonable requests for information by parties within a reasonable time after the OFO event.
- 7) The OFO shall not be issued to mitigate economic disparities.
- 8) The LDC shall notify the Director of the Office of Gas and Water of the New York State Department of Public Service when an OFO is declared and when the situation returns to normal.

Failure of the LDC to adhere to one or more of the above guidelines is not a basis for Marketers or Direct Customers not to comply with requirements of the OFO but may provide the basis for a complaint to the Commission regarding the LDC's behavior.

Some of the actions required by an OFO may include:

- Require Marketers to deliver gas to a specific point.
- Require Marketers to balance daily or to deliver a specified quantity of gas.
- Change daily nominations for customer groups being served with a flat monthly nomination.

Upon notice that an OFO will be issued, and for the duration of the OFO, the LDC must make authorized personnel available on a 24-hour-a-day, 7-day-a-week basis to handle the submission and processing of evening cycle and intraday nominations to facilitate the Marketer's and Direct Customer's response to the OFO.

If, during an OFO period, the LDC is aware of Marketers or Direct Customers that are not responding to the required actions, it should make all reasonable efforts to inform the non-responding Marketers and Direct Customers that required actions are not being taken. Lack of such notice shall not relieve any Marketer or Direct Customer of its obligations.

The Marketer, if necessary, should communicate with its customers to secure compliance with the conditions of a utility directed OFO. If the Marketer is aware of non-compliance of one or more of its customers, it shall notify the utility of the name(s), address and account number(s) of the end-user(s). During an OFO the application of penalties should be constructed not to penalize Marketers or Direct Customers whose imbalances work to benefit the integrity of the gas system.

5. Examples of Distribution OFOs

General OFO

Distribution may issue any OFOs reasonably required to maintain system operational integrity and to assure continued service to its firm Sales Service customers.

Overdelivery OFO

Overdelivery OFOs will be issued to restrict overdeliveries at the City Gate. During such a period, nominations that exceed the applicable DDQ or ADDQ by 2% shall be rejected.

Underdelivery OFO

Underdelivery OFOs will be issued to assure that adequate supplies are delivered to the City Gate. During such a period, the customer or customer's Agent shall be charged the higher of \$7.00 per Mcf or the highest per Mcf cost of gas purchased in Distribution's gas supply portfolio during the days of the OFO is applicable for underdeliveries between two percent and up to or equal to five percent of the applicable DDQ or ADDQ. For underdeliveries exceeding five (5) percent of the applicable DDQ or ADDQ, the customer or customer's Agent shall be charged the greater of \$10.00 or 125% of the highest per MCF cost of gas purchased in Distribution's gas supply portfolio during the days the OFO is applicable.

Distribution may also issue OFOs, which apply to transportation customers receiving daily-metered service under SC-13 as follows:

Modifications of Daily Surplus or Deficiency Tiers

The Company may lower the percentage levels of the Daily Deficiency or Surplus tiers for SC-13 service during an OFO. The Company may change the first imbalance tiers for Daily Surplus or Deficiency Imbalances as circumstances warrant. The first imbalance tier for Daily Surplus or Deficiency Imbalances may be reduced to a range of 0-2% and the second tier will be correspondingly modified to a range of 2-15%.

Modifications of Daily Deficiency Rate during an OFO

When the Company declares a deficiency OFO for Deficiency Imbalances outside the first tier, the applicable charge shall be the higher of the rate under SC-11 or the rate produced by the index calculation at the applicable tier level.

Suspension of "No Harm, No-Foul" Rule

During an OFO, the "no harm, no-foul" rule shall not apply to Deficiency Imbalances from 0-2%.

APPENDICES

FORMS & APPLICATIONS

National Fuel TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULING S Upstream Agency Consent Form and	YSTEM (TSS) d Affidavit ("Upstream Agency Arrangement")
consents to act as Upstream Agent for 'Supplier') and agrees to accept and maintain Suppl Distribution Corporation ('NFGDC') beginning/ basis. NFGDC will accept the Upstream Agency A continuing so long as Supplier's STBA Agreement written notice to NFGDC or no longer acceptable to Upstream Agent will become the customer of record assumes Supplier's upstream transportation (including the content of the customer of th	
Agent: _ Signature: _ Name: _	
Phone Number: _	, as Supplier, appoints Upstream Agent to obtain capacity NFGDC may invoice Upstream Agent on behalf of the Supplier
	ncy Arrangement; however, Supplier remains ultimately
	ot comply with tariff, NFGDC may, at its discretion, no longer
Signature: Name: Name: Title (Officer Level): Phone Number: Aggregation Group #: Mail completed form to: National Fuel G	as Distribution Corporation
Transportati 63	on Services Department 63 Main Street msville, NY 14221
	TATION SERVICES DEPT. USE ONLY Date

NY AGGREGATION AND CREDIT APPLICATION

	Date:	Rec by:
Name of Business:		
Address:		
Billing/Mailing Address:		
Contact Person:		
Telephone #:	FAX #:	
If a subsidiary, list parent company name & headquarters	address	
Name:		
Address:		
Type of Business: DUNS #		
Corporation Date & State of Incorporation		
Limited Liability Company		Partnership
Sole Proprietorship		Limited Partnership
School or School District		Municipal Entity
Church or Religious Institution		Municipal Agency
Not-for-Profit Organization		Municipality
OFFICERS / PRINCIPALS OF BUSINESS APPLICANT		
Name:		Title:
Home Address:		
Name:		Title:
Home Address:		
Name:		Title:
Home Address:		
Type of Aggregation Service Requested:		
Please check all that are requested:		
Supplier Transportation, Balancing and Aggregatio	n (STBA)	
Please check which billing models will be used	` ,	
Single Retailer (Marketer Consolidated E Choice (Utility Consolidated Billing) – Re	Billing) quires a sepa	rate Billing Service Agreement
Dual (Both Utility and Marketer Bill separ	ately)	
Daily Metered Transportation Aggregation (DMT)		

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ADDITIONAL APPLICANT INFORMATION:

1.	Does your company currently purchase gas or transportation services from National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation (NFGDC)? yes no		
2.	. If "yes", please enter your NFGDC account number from a recent bill:		
3.	B. Have you acted as a pool agent for any transportation gas pool on National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation's system any time in the last twelve (12) months? yes no		
4.	If applicable, when do you wish to initiate services as a Supplier Transportation, Balancing and Aggregator?20		
5.	If applicable, when do you wish to initiate services as a Daily Metered Transportation Aggregator?20		
6.	As a participant in NFGDC's STBA program, you are required to have upstream capacity on the major interstate pipeline systems. Are you an "approved bidder" or do you have an "approved agent" on National Fuel Gas Supply Corporation's and other major interstate pipeline systems? yes no		
ВА	NK REFERENCES:		
Bar Ad	dress & Branch		
Ва	nk: Phone #:		
Ad	dress & Branch		
ΑD	DITIONAL CREDIT / TRADE REFERENCES:		
Na	me: Phone #:		
Ad	dress:		
Na	me: Phone #:		
Ad	dress:		
Na	me: Phone #:		
Ad	dress:		
dee acc cree cree may	e undersigned hereby authorizes National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation to make whatever credit inquiries it ems necessary in order to process this credit application; regarding any credit review or the collection of any debts rued as a result of any credit extended as a result of their reliance on the information provided on or obtained from dit references given on this application. In addition, the undersigned hereby authorizes and instructs any person or dit reporting agency to compile and furnish National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation any information it may have or y find necessary to obtain in response to requested credit inquiries. The undersigned further asserts that they have authority to grant the permission to relinquish the requested information.		
	Signature Title Date		

SC ______ App'd By _____ Date ____

Email Date/Time Stamp ____



CUSTOMER CONSENT FORM

For customers who have elected to take natural gas sales service from a supplier other than National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation ("National Fuel") Account Name: _____ (Please print or type your full legal name) Please Check One of the Following: New Customer ____ Existing National Fuel Customer ____ National Fuel Account # ______ Service Address: __ (Please print or type the address that will receive natural gas from the supplier stated below) _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____ Phone Number: (______ - _____ To National Fuel: I have agreed to purchase my natural gas from the following supplier instead of National Fuel: Supplier's Name: _____(for Choice Billing) Supplier's Rate Code: _____ (obtain from Supplier) Supplier's Pool Name: _ I understand that I will not be a sales service customer of National Fuel. Also, I understand that all bills for natural gas charges will be billed at the above named Supplier's rates, but transportation charges shall continue to be billed at National Fuel's applicable rates. I also understand that if I have any questions about my bill, I should call the above supplier. However, if I smell gas or have any safety questions or concerns, I must call National Fuel at the phone number stated on my bill. Furthermore, I understand that this Customer Consent Form and the services that shall arise from signing this Customer Consent Form shall be subject to National Fuel's applicable tariffs and Gas Transportation Operating Procedures Manuals (collectively, the "Procedures"). If there are any inconsistencies between this Customer Consent Form and the Procedures, the Procedures shall prevail. Signed:_____ (Customer Signature) (type or print name) For Transportation Services Department Use Only

Today's Date:_____



TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULING SYSTEM

SUPPLIER ACKNOWLEDGMENT FORM

NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION (NFGDC)

Applicable to NY and PA Divisions

I am a principal, authorized agent or representative (Agent) of the marketer/ESCO/NGS identified below. Said marketer/ESCO/NGS is a "Supplier" as defined in NFGDC's tariff which is available on NFGDC's web site at www.natfuel.com or at any Consumer Business office. On behalf of Supplier, I have reviewed and understand the provisions of NFGDC's tariff relevant to Supplier's interaction with NFGDC, including but not limited to the city gate balancing services, rules and regulations. I understand that Supplier must pay all applicable penalties and charges incurred for city gate imbalances resulting from Supplier's nominations and deliveries. I also understand that failure to comply with these rules and regulations may result in disqualification of Supplier status and rejection of future nominations. By my signature below, the promises and understandings I have made herein shall be binding on Supplier, its successors and assigns.

			AGENT	
PRINT NAME OF SUP	PLIER	Ву:	AUTHORIZED SIGNA	ATURE
DATE			PRINT NAME	
			TITLE (OFFICER/ME	MBER LEVEL)
NOTARIZED BY				
	FOR TRANS	PORTATION SERVICE	ES DEPT. USE ONLY	Ī
	Appvd. By	Date		

ational Fuel
ational Fue

Customer Deposit/	<u>Prepayment Aindavit</u>
, (Hereinafter read and will comply with Distribution's Tariff at Service Classificates Requirements needed to qualify to accept Customer Deposits and Prindicates whether or not it accepts deposits or prepayments from Curesponsibility to annually notify Distribution and the Commission of ratings.	repayments. Through this affidavit, Supplier istomers. Supplier also acknowledges
Supplier Accepts:	Yes No
Customer Pre-payments. Customer Deposits.	
If Supplier Accepts Customer Pre-payments: Evidence of current bond rating is attached.	
If Supplier Accepts Customer Deposits : Evidence of current bond rating is attached. OR	
Letter from Supplier's financial institution evidencing letter of credit or escrow balance and bond rating of is financial institution is attached.	
State of)ss.:	
County of)	
On the day of, 20, before me to	
the said state, personally appeared	acknowledging that (he/ she) is
theof	Personally known to me to be the
individual whose name is subscribed to the within instru	ment and acknowledged to me that he
executed the same in his capacity.	
NOTARY PUBL	IC
Return To: National Fuel Distribution Corporation Transportation Services Department	FOR TRANSPORTATION SERVICES DEPT. USE ONLY

6363 Main St. Williamsville, NY 14221-5887

FOR TRANSPORTATION SERVICES DEPT. USE		
ONLY		
Appvd. By	Date	



Market Pool/Production Pool Request Form

This form is used when requesting creation of a new, first-time Pool, and required for initial setup of a new Market Pool or a new Production Pool. To initiate a new Pool for use in TSS, complete the <u>Market Pool/Production Pool Request Form</u> following, and fax to the <u>Transportation Services Department Transportation</u>
<u>Services</u> @ (716) 857-7479 or email to <u>TSSsupport@natfuel.com</u>.

New pools should be established as early as possible prior to the desired start month, but no later than thirty (30) days before the start month begins. Transportation Services will assign the name of a new pool and will notify the pool operator of the pool name.

For Business Parties already transporting gas on NFGDC, *New* Pools should be established as early as possible in the month prior to the desired start month, but no later than fifteen (15) business days before the new month begins. Due to training considerations, a one-month advance notice to establish new pools is required for those Business Parties new to transporting gas on NFGDC.

Transportation Services will assign the name of a new Pool and will notify the Pool Operator of the pool name. It is always best to establish new Pools as early as possible before the new month begins.

<u>national Fuel</u>
Market Pool / Production Pool Request Form (Used to establish NEW pools on NFGDC)
Date
Business Party Name:
Gas Scheduler Name: Phone Number (
Gas Scheduler Signature:
Proposed Pool Initiation Date:/
(Month) (Year) Note: New pools should be established at least thirty days before the beginning of the month
Production Pool: Daily Monthly NY PA
Market Pool:
Billing Model: (NY-DMT) Dual
(NY-STBA) Dual Marketer Consolidated Utility Consolidated
(PA-DMT) Dual
(PA-SATS) Dual Utility Consolidated
(PA-MMNGS) Dual Utility Consolidated
Pool Type (applies only to PA MMNGS): Intrastate Interstate
Fax to NFGDC Transportation Services @ 716-857-7479 or Email to <u>TSSsupport@natfuel.com</u>
For Transportation Services Use Only
Approved ByDate
Pool Name

national Fuel
Market Pool / Production Pool Request Form (Used to establish NEW pools on NFGDC)
Date (Month) (Day) (Year)
Business Party Name:
Gas Scheduler Name:Phone Number ()
Gas Scheduler Signature:
Proposed Pool Initiation Date:/
(Mouth) (Year) Note: New pools should be established at least fifteen days before the beginning of the month
Production Pool: Daily Monthly NY PA
Market Pool:
Billing Model: (NY-DMT) Dual
(NY-STBA) Dual Marketer Consolidated Utility Consolidated
(PA-DMT) Dual
(PA-SATS) Dual Utility Consolidated
(PA-MMNGS) Dual Utility Consolidated
Pool Type (applies only to PA MMNGS): Intrastate Interstate
Fax to NFGDC Transportation Services 716-857-7479 or Email to <u>TSSsupport@natfuel.com</u>
For Transportation Services Department Only
Approved ByDate
Pool Name



Utility Account Reclassification Certification Residential to Non-Residential

Please complete this form and return it to National Fuel. Incomplete Forms will not be processed.

National Fuel Account Number				Type of Structure (college dorm, commercial with upstairs residential, etc.)	
Name				Check if applicable: Comm. Indu	s. Pub. Auth.
Street Add	dress			Percentage of non-residential u	se at property
City	County	State	ZIP code		
				%	
If this reclassification is for another location, provide address			ovide address		
Street Add	dress			Telephone Number () -	
City	County	State	ZIP code	Email Address	

Who should complete this form?

The Customer of record for the account indicated above should fill out and sign this form. Forms completed on behalf of Customers by Energy Service companies will not be accepted. National Fuel reserves the right to contact the Customer to verify the representations made in this form.

Account Classification - Consistent with National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation's Tariff, P.S.C. No. 9 - Gas ("Tariff"):

<u>Residential Service Classification:</u> A Customer Account may be classified as Residential where consumption is less than 25,000,000 cubic feet per year for residential purposes in a one-family, two-family, three-family, or four-family dwelling, whether such service is individually or master metered, and in separately metered apartments in all other multiple-family dwellings.

Non-Residential Service Classification: A Customer Account may be classified as Commercial if:

- the consumer is engaged in selling, warehousing, or distributing a commodity, or service, in some business activity or profession, or in some other form of economic, social, or cultural activity, not primarily involving the manufacturing or processing of a product; or
- 2) the Structure is an Apartment building consisting of five or more family units supplied by one meter; or
- based upon the nature of consumer's primary business or economic activity at the location.

A Customer may be classified as Industrial if gas is consumed primarily to alter raw material into another form or product. Where gas is supplied to municipalities or divisions (agencies) of local, state or federal governments, a Customer may be classified as Public Authority.

≥ 50% Rule: Where gas used for non-residential and residential purposes is not separately metered, a non-residential Service Classification shall apply only if more than 50% of the pertinent structure's square footage is used for non-residential purposes.

Allocation Formula

Where the premises consists of both residential and non-residential (e.g. Commercial) space, the % applicable to commercial use should be calculated by the square footage of commercial use (excluding common areas) by the total square footage (excluding common areas). The result should be rounded to the nearest 10%. Hotels, motels, etc., may claim residential status for units occupied by the same occupant for at least 90 days.

Certification

I, the undersigned, certify that the above information is correct. Further I understand that if this information is accepted by National Fuel, my Account will be taxed as a Non-Residential Account, and to the extent any portion of the account should be taxed at residential rates or is otherwise exempt I am responsible for submitting the appropriate supporting information to National Fuel.

Mail Form to:	National Fuel Attn. Transportation Services 6363 Main Street Williamsville, NY 14221
or by Fax to: or by email to:	(716) 857-7479 TSD-Billing@natfuel.com
Questions:	(716) 857-7432

Signature_		
For Tra	nsportation Services Department Use Only	_
sc	App'd By Date	
Email Date/Tin	ne Stamp	



Utility Account Reclassification Certification Non-Residential to Residential

Please complete this form and return it to National Fuel. Incomplete Forms will not be processed.

National Fuel Account Number				Type of Structure (college dorm, commercial with upstairs residential, etc.)
Name				
Street Ad	dress			
				Percentage of residential use at property
City	County	State	ZIP code	
				%
If this	reclassification is fo	r another location, pro	ovide address	
Street Ad	dress			Telephone Number () -
City	County	State	ZIP code	Email Address

Who should complete this form?

The Customer of record for the account indicated above should fill out and sign this form. Forms completed on behalf of Customers by Energy Service companies will not be accepted. National Fuel reserves the right to contact the Customer to verify the representations made in this form.

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Non-Residential Service Classification: A Customer Account may be classified as Commercial if:

- the consumer is engaged in selling, warehousing, or distributing a commodity, or service, in some business activity or profession, or in some other form of economic, social, or cultural activity, not primarily involving the manufacturing or processing of a product; or
- 2) the Structure is an Apartment building consisting of five or more family units supplied by one meter; or
- 3) based upon the nature of consumer's primary business or economic activity at the location.

A Customer may be classified as Industrial if gas is consumed primarily to alter raw material into another form or product. Where gas is supplied to municipalities or divisions (agencies) of local, state or federal governments, a Customer may be classified as Public Authority.

> 50% Rule: Where gas used for non-residential and residential purposes is not separately metered, a non-residential Service Classification shall apply only if more than 50% of the pertinent structure's square footage is used for non-residential purposes.

Allocation Formula

Where the premises consists of both residential and non-residential (e.g. Commercial) space, the % applicable to commercial use should be calculated by the square footage of commercial use (excluding common areas) by the total square footage (excluding common areas). The result should be rounded to the nearest 10%. Hotels, motels, etc., may claim residential status for units occupied by the same occupant for at least 90 days.

Certification

I, the undersigned, certify that the above information is correct. Further I understand that if this information is accepted by National Fuel, my Account will be taxed as a Residential Account, and to the extent any portion of the account should be taxed at non-residential rates and/or is otherwise exempt I am responsible for submitting the appropriate supporting information to National Fuel.

Mail Form to:	National Fuel Attn. Transportation Services 6363 Main Street Williamsville, NY 14221
or by Fax to: or by email to:	(716) 857-7479 TSD-Billing@natfuel.com
Questions:	(716) 857-7432

Signature	
Name	
Title	
Date	
For Transportation Services Department Use Only	
SC App'd By Date	_

ACRONYMS

1000	
ADDQ	Aggregated Daily Delivery Quantity
AGA	American Gas Association
BCF	Billion Cubic Feet
BDR	Business Development Rate
BSA	Billing Services Agreement
BTU	British Thermal Unit
CAUR	Customer Assisted Unlock Read
CBS	Consolidated Billing Service
CCF	100 Cubic Feet (Volumetric) or approximately 1.03 therms
CDP	Central Delivery Point
CF	Cubic Foot
CIS	Customer Information System
CMR	Cost Mitigation Reserve
CME	Calendar Month Estimate
CTS	Customer Transportation Statement
CU FT/HR (CFH)	Cubic Feet Per Hour
°C	Degrees Celsius
DD	Degree Day
DDQ	Daily Delivery Quantity
DMT	Daily Metered Transportation
DF	Duel Fuel
DMT-INA	Daily Metered Transportation Imbalance Netting Agreement
DPR	Design Peak Requirement
DTH	Dekatherm, 10 Therms or 1,000,000 BTU's (Energy)
DTR	Demand Transfer Recovery Rate
EBB	Electronic Bulletin Board
EBD PTRA	Elderly, Blind or Disabled Payment Troubled Residential Assistance Program
EDZR	Economic Development Zone Rate
EFT	Enhanced Firm Transportation
EIA	Energy Information Administration
EPSQ	Elapsed Prorated Scheduled Quantity
ESCO	Energy Services Company
ESS	Enhanced Storage Service
°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
FSIV	Final System Imbalance Volume
FSS	Firm Storage Service
FT	Firm Transportation
GAC	Gas Adjustment Clause
GITC	Grandfathered Intermediate Transportation Capacity
GRT	Gross Receipts Tax
GTOP	Gas Transportation Operating Procedures
GUTC	Grandfathered Upstream Transportation Capacity
HEAP	Home Energy Assistance Program
HEFPA	Home Energy Fair Practices Act
ISIV	Initial System Imbalance Volume
IT	Interruptible Transportation
LC	Letter of Credit
LDC	Local Distribution Company, (e.g. Distribution)
LIRA	Low Income Residential Assistance
MAOP	Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

MC	Minimum Change
MCF	Minimum Charge
MCF	Thousand Cubic Feet (volumetric) or approx. 10 therms
MDIQ	Maximum Daily Injection Quantity
MDQ	Maximum Daily Quantity
MSQ	Maximum Storage Quantity
MDTQ	Maximum Daily Transport Quantity
MDWQ	Maximum Daily Withdrawal Quantity
MMBTU	Million British Thermal Units
MMCF	Million Cubic Feet
MMDTH	Million Dekatherms
MMT	Monthly metered transportation
MUTC	Mandatory Upstream Transportation Capacity
NAESB	North American Energy Standards Board
NFGDC	National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation
NFGSC	National Fuel Gas Supply Corporation
NGPA	Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978
NYMEX	New York Mercantile Exchange
NY PSC	New York Public Service Commission (a.k.a. PSC)
OBA	Operational Balancing Agreement
OFO	Operational Flow Order
PA PUC	Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission (a.k.a. PUC)
PDA	Pre-determined allocation
PDQ	Production Daily Quantity
POR	Purchase of Receivables
PRQ	Peak Requirement Quantity
PSI	Predetermined Scheduling Instructions
PSIV	Pre-Trading System Imbalance Volume
PSIG	Pounds Per Square Inch Gauge
RNG	Renewable Natural Gas
ROR	Rate of Return
RTS	Revenue Tax Surcharge
SA	System Alert
SC	Service Class
SB-CC	Monthly Standby Commodity Charge
SB-DC	Monthly Standby Demand Charge
SCF	Standard Cubic Feet
SIP	System Imbalance Position
SISA	Storage Injection System Alert
STBA	Supplier Transportation, Balancing and Aggregation
T&E	Transportation & Exchange
TAQ	Total Annual Quantity
TC	Transportation Charge
TCF	Trillion Cubic Feet
Th	Therm or 100,000 BTU's (Energy)
TMC	Total Monthly Consumption
TPA	Trading Partner Agreement
TS	Transition Surcharge
TSA	Transportation Service Agreement
TSS	Transportation Scheduling System
UBPs	Uniform Business Practices
WACOC	Weighted Average Cost of Capacity
WACOG	Weighted Average Cost of Gas

DEFINITIONS

A G ()	T
Access Controller	For a non-residential customer or multiple dwelling owner or manager, it
	is a party known to Distribution to be in control of access to the metering
	equipment of a customer.
Acquiring Shipper	In the context of capacity release, a shipper who acquires firm capacity
	rights from a releasing shipper (also known as "replacement shipper").
Actual Reading	One obtained by a Distribution employee from either the meter or a
	remote registration device attached thereto.
Adjusted Gas Revenue	The revenue realized from the applicable service classification rates and
(AGR)	charges, minus revenue taxes, the minimum charge and cost of gas.
Affidavit	A statement written down and sworn to be true, usually before a notary
	public or other authorized official.
Aggregated Customers	Customers receiving service under Distribution's SC-19 STBA or SC-13.
Aggregated Daily Delivery	The quantity of gas a Supplier-Aggregator is required to bring to
Quantity (ADDQ)	Distribution each day for redelivery by Distribution to the Supplier's
	market pool(s).
Aggregation	A) Grouping of customers organized by an Aggregator for the purpose of
	obtaining gas supplies from non-utility commodity suppliers.
	B) Also refers to the grouping of end users together to qualify for
	Distribution's STBA (SC-19) and DMT (SC-13) services.
Aggregation Pool	See Aggregator.
Operator (AGPO)	
Aggregator	An entity or company that consolidates a number of individual users
	and/or supplies into a group.
Aggregator Imbalance	The aggregated net surplus or deficiency quantity of gas for which the
	aggregator is responsible. For the customers included in the Aggregator's
	pool, Distribution will net all the imbalances.
Alternate Fuel Capability	The ability of any user such as a non-residential facility, or critical care
	residential facilities such as nursing homes, to use more than one fuel,
	including natural gas, for the same purpose(s). Implies that the facilities
	for such use have actually been installed, are operable, and that an
	adequate supply of the alternate fuel is readily available on-site.
American Gas Association	The AGA represents local natural gas utilities that deliver gas to homes and
(AGA)	businesses in all 50 states. Additionally, AGA provides services to member natural
(12012)	gas pipelines, marketers, gatherers, international gas companies and a variety of
	industry associates. AGA acts as a clearinghouse for gas energy information, as a
	catalyst in technical and energy policy matters and as a powerful voice for its
4 10	members.
Annual Period	The 12 months beginning with the month in which the customer first
	receives service under the applicable Service Classification and each
A 1: 4: 0 C :	succeeding 12-month period.
Application for Service	The written form for requesting any of Distribution's service offerings.
	Completion of an Application For Service by any residential customer or
	non-residential customer shall constitute an agreement to accept gas
	service under the terms and conditions of Distribution's Tariff, including
	all applicable charges.
Arrears	Charges for non-residential and residential customers for which payment
	has not been made more than 20 calendar days after payment was due.
Authorized Period	A period during which SC-11 Interruptible Sales Service is available
	because service to Customers under firm sales classifications is not
	jeopardized or impaired.
Average Temperature	The calculated average of the 24 hourly dry bulb atmospheric
(Mean)	temperatures in degrees Fahrenheit recorded for each day.

British Thermal Unit as defined under Part 229 of the Commission's
Regulations and, unless indicated otherwise, is expressed herein on the dry
basis.
The portion of any bill, other than a levelized bill, which represents
charges not previously billed for service that was actually delivered to a
non-residential customer during a period preceding the current billing
cycle. A bill based on an actual reading rendered after one or more bills based on estimated or customer readings which exceeds by 50 percent or
more the bill that would have been rendered under Distribution's standard
estimation program is presumed to be a backbill.
Energy provided to a pre-arranged customer to replace the loss of its
sources and to cover that portion of demand that exceeds supply.
Equalizing the volumes of gas withdrawn from a pipeline system with the
volumes of gas injected into the pipeline. Penalties may be assessed for
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
transportation imbalances beyond specified tolerances. The minimum amount of natural gas delivered or required over a given
period of time at a steady rate. The minimum demand over a given period
of time which is usually not temperature sensitive.
A charge normally set through rate proceedings by appropriate regulatory
agencies and fixed until reviewed at future proceedings. It is calculated
through multiplication of the rate from the appropriate rate schedule by the
level of consumption. It does not include components that may vary from
billing cycle to billing cycle, such as applicable surcharges.
The difference between the spot or cash price of a financial instrument or
commodity and the price of the futures contract or a related derivative
instrument. A seller is "short of the basis" if selling spot goods hedged by
the purchases of futures. Someone who is "long of the basis" has bought
spot goods and hedged them by the sale of futures. A basis point is one
percent of one percent.
A legal arrangement between a customer and a Marketer (" Billing
Agency Agreement") in which a customer authorizes a marketer to act as
Billing Agent to receive the customer's bills from Distribution;
consolidate those bills with the Marketer's charges; re-bill the entire
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amount to the customer; receive payments from the customer and remit payments to the utility for its services. Marketers offering Billing Agency
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Boiler	A device for generating steam for power, processing, or heating purposes
	or for producing hot water for heating purposes or hot water supply. Heat
	from an electrical combustion source is transmitted to a fluid contained
	within the tubes in the boiler shell. This fluid is delivered to an end-user at
	a desired pressure, temperature, and quality. Boilers are often classified as
	steam or hot water, low pressure or high pressure, capable of burning one
D - 21 E1	fuel or a number of fuels.
Boiler Fuel	Fuels suitable for generating steam or hot water in large industrial or electrical generating utility applications.
Boiler Fuel Gas	Natural gas used as fuel for the generation of steam or hot water.
British Thermal Unit	
	The amount of heat energy necessary to raise the temperature of one pound of water one degree Fahrenheit.
(BTU) British Thermal Unit	T v
	A measure of the heating value of natural gas that is free of moisture, or
(Btu), Dry	contains less than seven pounds per Mcf of water vapor.
British Thermal Unit	A measure of the heating value of natural gas that is fully saturated with
(Btu), Saturated	water vapor under standard temperature, pressure and gravity conditions.
Bundled Sales Service	Service under which the cost of the gas and the cost of transporting it are combined into one retail price or rate. This is to be contrasted with
	unbundled services under which some or all of the different rate
	components are separately stated.
Burner Tip Consumption	Consumption at end-use customer's billing meter.
Burner Tip Consumption Burner Tip Imbalance	Imbalances are calculated by subtracting the burner-tip consumption from
Durner Tip Imparance	the quantity of gas delivered. If gas delivered exceeds burner-tip
	consumption, then a surplus exists. If gas delivered is less than burner-tip
	consumption, then a deficit exists.
Business Day	See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.
Business Partner	A term for Customer used within Distribution's CIS.
Business Party	An entity that can establish and make use of production pools, aggregation
Dusiness 1 arty	and end-use market pools, STBA, and delegations.
Calendar Month Estimate	An estimate of the volume used during a calendar month based upon
(CME)	billing cycle meter readings and/or estimates, weather and/or proration.
Capacity (Gas)	The maximum amount of natural gas that can be produced, transported,
cupacity (Gus)	stored, distributed, or utilized 1) in a given period of time under design
	conditions or 2) pursuant to the terms of a contract.
Capacity Charge	One element of a multi-part pricing method often used in energy
	transportation transactions. The Capacity Charge, sometimes called
	Demand Charge, is assessed on the amount of capacity being purchased or
	demanded. The Capacity Charge is typically expressed in \$/Dth/month.
Capacity Release	The assignment, allocation or release of transportation rights to another
	party authorized under applicable FERC orders and/or regulations.
	Releases are made on a permanent or temporary basis, and generally
	awarded to the highest bidder, except in the case of applicable retail
	customer choice programs and asset management arrangements.
Cash Out	The resolution of imbalances at the end of a period, usually a month, through
	cash payments.
Ceiling Rates	The maximum rates applicable under a Service Classification, i.e. non-
	discounted rates.
Central Delivery Points	Primary receipt point for on-system contracts.
(CDP)	
Choice Billing	Distribution's Utility Consolidated Billing Service that combines Marketer
	supply charges with utility delivery charges on one bill issued to the
	Customer by Distribution.
City Gate	The interconnection point between interstate and intrastate pipelines and the
Ì	LDC. Also, the location at which natural gas ownership passes from one
	party to another, neither of which is the ultimate consumer.

City Gate Imbalance and	Daily deliveries of gas supplies by a Supplier to its aggregated group(s)
Charges	must be within a tolerance band of the sum of the DDQs (ADDQ) of the
	customers in the Supplier's Market Pool. Depending upon the service
	classification, underdeliveries below a tolerance band may result in cash
	out or sales service exposure. Similarly, overdeliveries may be rejected
	under service specified conditions.
City Gate Rate (Gate	The rate charged a distribution utility by its Suppliers. It refers to the cost
Rate)	of the natural gas at the point at which the distribution utility historically
	took title to the natural gas.
Class of Service	A group of customers with similar characteristics (e.g., residential,
	commercial, industrial, etc.) that are identified for the purpose of setting a
	rate for service.
Cogeneration	(1) Any of several processes which either use waste heat produced by
	electricity generating to satisfy thermal needs or process waste heat to
	electricity or produce mechanical energy. (2) The use of a single prime
	fuel source in a reciprocating engine or gas turbine to generate both
	electrical and thermal energy to optimize fuel efficiency. The dominant demand for energy may be either electrical or thermal. Usually it is
	thermal with excess electrical energy, if any, being transmitted into the
	local power supply companies' lines.
Commercial	A sector of customers or service defined as non-manufacturing business
	establishments, including but not limited to (i.e. apartment complexes =
	residential usage – but if in the complex or corp. name are commercial)
	hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, and health,
	social, and educational institutions. A utility may classify the commercial
	sector as all consumers whose demand or annual use exceeds some
	specified limit. The limit may be set by the utility based on the rate
	schedule of the utility.
Commission (a.k.a. PSC)	Public Service Commission of the State of New York.
Commodity Charge (or	A charge per unit of service actually delivered to the buyer, Compare
Rate)	Demand Charge.
Commodity Costs	Those costs that are allocated on the basis of actual use of service.
Competitive Transition	A non-bypassable charge, however designated, for recovery of stranded
Charge (CTC)	costs.
Confirmed Nominations	Pipeline verification that a change in a customer's level of transportation
	service will be matched by a change in supplier quantities.
Conjunctive Billing	The process of billing for several natural gas demands, services, or meters
	as if the billing were for a single demand, service, or meter. Conjunctive
	Billing is sometimes referred to as Combined Billing.
Consumer	The ultimate user of natural gas sometimes referred to as the end user or
Congruention Algorithm	end use consumer.
Consumption Algorithm	A mathematical formula used to calculate a customer's daily consumption
	based on a customer's historical base load and heat use per effective
Contract Account Number	degree-day factors. The customer's nine-digit account number; formerly the RBA plus the
Contract Account Number	two-check digits.
Contract Term	The duration of effectiveness for a contract.
Control Number	The sequential number that determines a customer's meter read date.
Control Date	A date when a Customer's supply service may be switched from one
Control Date	ESCO to another ESCO or to or from Company provided sales service.
	See also Billing Cycle.
Conversion to Natural Gas	Changing customer's energy service to natural gas from some other fuel.
Conversion to Huttin Gus	The term includes adjustment of customers' appliances to perform
	satisfactorily with natural gas.
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Core Customer A customer that has no viable alternative fuel and relies on the	e utility for gas
delivery and/or commodity service.	
Core Market Volumes that are transported and/or supplied by the local di	
company to firm customers with generally no alternative fu	
Cost Mitigation Reserve	ated October
(CMR) 21, 1998, issued in Case No. 98-G-1291.	
Cost of Service The total amount of money, including return on invested ca	
and maintenance costs, administrative costs, taxes, and depr	
expense, to produce a utility service. Traditional utility cos	
may be expressed as Operating Costs + Taxes + (Rate of Re	eturn x [Cost of
Plant Depreciation]).	
Cramming See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.	
Critical Day A critical day exits when the LDC declares an OFO.	
Critical Period A Critical Period is a period of operational stress or impend	
stress that may impact the integrity of Distribution's system	or a force
majeure event.	
Critical Service Customer Any customer such as, but not limited to: homes, hospitals,	
homes, residences, apartment buildings, condominiums, hot	
dormitories, correctional institutions, and firehouses. School	
classified as critical service unless there are dormitories or o	
facilities present. Similarly, churches and other religious or	
not critical service facilities unless they include rectories an	d/or convents
for living/sleeping.	
Cubic Feet per Hour (Cu. The standard unit of measurement used to express the maximum of the company of the com	
Ft./Hr.) or (CFH) rate (capability) of a natural gas-fired space-heating or proc	
Curtailment A reduction, interruption or cessation of delivery service in	
localized or general unavailability of gas supplies and/or tra	
capacity. Procedures and priorities have been established fo	
service during a gas shortage that begin with the lowest price	
of non-core customers and reach the highest priority categoricustomers last.	ries of core
Customer An individual, firm or organization that purchases service a	t and location
under one rate classification, contract, or schedule. If service	
at more than one location or under more than one rate sched	
location and rate schedule may be counted as a separate cus	
Class of Service.	tomer. Bee
Customer Account The utility specific unique identifier associated with a utility	v customer: see
Number Contract Account Number.	, Justomer, sec
Customer Charge A fixed amount to be paid periodically by the customer with	hout regard to
demand or energy consumption. See also Demand Charge.	
Customer Consent Form Form by which a transportation customer selects Supplier.	
Customer Costs The costs directly related to serving a customer, regardless of the costs directly related to serving a customer.	of sales
volume, such as meter reading, billing, and fixed charges fo	
investment required to serve a customer.	
Customer Delivery Points Metered points of entry for gas delivered from the Distribut	ion pipeline
system to a customer's facility.	
	1 1
Customer Excess Unused current-month deliveries; i.e., the quantity of gas de	
Customer Excess Unused current-month deliveries; i.e., the quantity of gas demonth which is greater than that amount left after applying	elivered in any
	elivered in any previous
month which is greater than that amount left after applying	elivered in any previous
month which is greater than that amount left after applying months' banks of customer excess to current month consum	elivered in any previous ption. (a.k.a.
month which is greater than that amount left after applying months' banks of customer excess to current month consum "Surplus Imbalance")	elivered in any previous ption. (a.k.a.
month which is greater than that amount left after applying months' banks of customer excess to current month consum "Surplus Imbalance") Cycle Billing A billing procedure that provides for the billing of a portion	elivered in any previous ption. (a.k.a.
month which is greater than that amount left after applying months' banks of customer excess to current month consum "Surplus Imbalance") Cycle Billing A billing procedure that provides for the billing of a portion each working day so that all customers are billed within a p	elivered in any previous ption. (a.k.a. of customers redetermined g Cycle.

D-2- M-41	Town of a mineral Distribution? CC 12 and analysts and a state of the
Daily Metered	Type of service under Distribution's SC-13 whereby the customer installs
Transportation (DMT)	the necessary electronic equipment, acceptable to Distribution, which
Data Dafaranaa Nambar	allows Distribution to monitor the customer's daily usage of gas.
Data Reference Number	The standard common code used within the gas industry to uniquely
	identify a gas nomination point. Where EDI nominations are available, its use is mandatory.
Daalining Dlaak Data	
Declining Block Rate	A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly
	lower per-unit prices. The more energy a customer uses the lower the average price.
Deferred Payment	See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.
Agreement	See ODF Definitions in OTOF Addendam 1, SECTION 1.
Deficiency Imbalance	An imbalance due to the Company which occurs when the volume of gas
Deficiency imparamee	delivered to the Company for the Imbalance Holder during the month after
	adjustment for line losses is less than the total amount of gas consumed by
	the Imbalance Holder.
Dekatherm	One million BTU's of energy. Also, ten therms.
Degree Day (DD)	A measure of the coldness of the weather experienced, based on the extent
Degree Day (DD)	to which the daily mean temperature falls below a reference temperature,
	usually 65° F. For example, on a day when the mean outdoor dry-bulb
	temperature is 35° F, there would be 30 degree days experienced. A
	measure of seasonal variation and intensity of temperature. In residential
	customer load, the more degree days in a year than the "average," the
	higher the utility bill.
Deficiency Imbalance	The amount of gas used by customers that is greater than the current-
	month deliveries.
Deliverability	The amount of natural gas a well, field, pipeline, or distribution system
	can supply in a given period of time. Also, the practical output from a gas
	storage reservoir.
Delivery	In the context of futures trading, the tendering and receipt of the physical
v	commodity to satisfy a futures contract.
Delivery Point	The point on a gas pipeline's system at which it delivers natural gas that it
-	has transported.
Demand	See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.
Demand Charge	The Demand Charge portion of rate design is expected to recover the costs
	associated with the level of demand for the particular service and will be
	paid even if no service is taken by the customer; a reservation charge.
	Included in demand charges are capital-related costs and the cost of
	operation and maintenance of transmission and distribution pipeline
	facilities.
Demand Response	An alternative term that includes all types of interruptible natural gas
Customer	customers,
Design Day	A 24-hour period of demand which is used as a basis for planning gas
D . D . D	capacity requirements.
Design Peak Requirement	The design peak day customer load determinants to be served by a
	Supplier, i.e. the portion of the extreme peak day requirement for which
Diment Countries	the Supplier may be allocated capacity.
Direct Customer	See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.
Distribution (Gas Utility)	A company that obtains the major portion of its natural gas operating
Company	revenues from the operation of a retail gas distribution system and that
	operates no transmission system other than incidental connections within
	its own system or to the system of another company. See also Local
Distribution (Cos)	Distribution Company.
Distribution (Gas)	Mains, service connections, and equipment that carry or control the supply
	of natural gas from the point of local supply to and including the sales
	meters.

D' 4 '1 4' T'	No. of Physics Production and the Company of Physics Production
Distribution Line	Network-like pipeline that transports natural gas from a transmission line
	to an end-user's service line or to other distribution lines. Generally, large pipelines are laid in principal streets, with smaller lateral lines extending
	along side streets and connected at their ends to form a grid; sometimes
	lateral lines are brought to a dead end.
Distribution Loss	See Line Loss.
Downstream Pipeline	A pipeline receiving natural gas from another pipeline at an
Downstream Pipenne	interconnection point. Compare Upstream Pipeline.
Dual Billing	See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.
Dual Fuel (DF) Capacity	The capacity of an energy burning facility to use more than one kind of
Dual Fuel (DF) Capacity	fuel, alternatively.
Efficiency (E)	Relating to heat, a percentage indicating the available Btu input that is
Zinciency (2)	converted to useful purposes. It is applied, generally, to combustion
	equipment. E equals Btu output over Btu input.
Elderly, Blind or Disabled	A program designed to assist our elderly, blind or disabled customers in
Payment Troubled	the reduction of arrearages and ease the burden of financially troubled
Residential Assistance	participants. Eligible customers will receive a lower gas rate, arrearage
Program (EBD PTRA)	forgiveness and case management counseling. In addition, they may be
	eligible for repairs to heating equipment and weatherization and insulation
	of their residences.
Electronic Bulletin Board	Generic name for the system of electronic posting of pipeline delivery
(EBB)	information as mandated by the FERC.
End-User	One who actually consumes energy, as opposed to one who sells or resells
	it.
Energy Services Company	See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.
(ESCO)	
Estimated Usage	Customer usage based on history, estimated and used in balancing and
	settlement for customers whose meters have not been read for the month.
	When actual meter reads are obtained adjustments will be made to the
E	account.
Facility	An existing or planned location/site which is or will be constructed where
Endanal Enganon	natural gas is defined as an energy source.
Federal Energy	The federal agency which regulates, <i>inter alia</i> , the transmission and sale of energy, including natural gas, in interstate commerce. FERC generally
Regulatory Commission (FERC)	
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	is the federal counterpart to state regulatory commissions.
Final System Imbalance	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the
	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the volume subject to cash out following the application of imbalance trading
Final System Imbalance Volume (FSIV)	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the volume subject to cash out following the application of imbalance trading volumes, if any, to its PSIV.
Final System Imbalance	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the volume subject to cash out following the application of imbalance trading volumes, if any, to its PSIV. A customer for whom contract demand is reserved and to whom the
Final System Imbalance Volume (FSIV) Firm Customer	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the volume subject to cash out following the application of imbalance trading volumes, if any, to its PSIV. A customer for whom contract demand is reserved and to whom the Supplier is obligated to provide service.
Final System Imbalance Volume (FSIV)	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the volume subject to cash out following the application of imbalance trading volumes, if any, to its PSIV. A customer for whom contract demand is reserved and to whom the Supplier is obligated to provide service. The capacity that a Supplier is required by contract to provide (except
Final System Imbalance Volume (FSIV) Firm Customer	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the volume subject to cash out following the application of imbalance trading volumes, if any, to its PSIV. A customer for whom contract demand is reserved and to whom the Supplier is obligated to provide service. The capacity that a Supplier is required by contract to provide (except during extreme emergencies).
Final System Imbalance Volume (FSIV) Firm Customer Firm Demand	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the volume subject to cash out following the application of imbalance trading volumes, if any, to its PSIV. A customer for whom contract demand is reserved and to whom the Supplier is obligated to provide service. The capacity that a Supplier is required by contract to provide (except during extreme emergencies). Gas sold on a continuous basis for a defined contract term (e.g., one year)
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Final System Imbalance Volume (FSIV) Firm Customer Firm Demand	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the volume subject to cash out following the application of imbalance trading volumes, if any, to its PSIV. A customer for whom contract demand is reserved and to whom the Supplier is obligated to provide service. The capacity that a Supplier is required by contract to provide (except during extreme emergencies). Gas sold on a continuous basis for a defined contract term (e.g., one year) under rate schedules or contracts that anticipate no interruptions, regardless of class of service, except for force majeure. Compare to
Final System Imbalance Volume (FSIV) Firm Customer Firm Demand Firm Gas	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the volume subject to cash out following the application of imbalance trading volumes, if any, to its PSIV. A customer for whom contract demand is reserved and to whom the Supplier is obligated to provide service. The capacity that a Supplier is required by contract to provide (except during extreme emergencies). Gas sold on a continuous basis for a defined contract term (e.g., one year) under rate schedules or contracts that anticipate no interruptions, regardless of class of service, except for force majeure. Compare to Interruptible Gas.
Final System Imbalance Volume (FSIV) Firm Customer Firm Demand Firm Gas	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the volume subject to cash out following the application of imbalance trading volumes, if any, to its PSIV. A customer for whom contract demand is reserved and to whom the Supplier is obligated to provide service. The capacity that a Supplier is required by contract to provide (except during extreme emergencies). Gas sold on a continuous basis for a defined contract term (e.g., one year) under rate schedules or contracts that anticipate no interruptions, regardless of class of service, except for force majeure. Compare to Interruptible Gas. Service, e.g. transportation, offered to customers under schedules or
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Final System Imbalance Volume (FSIV) Firm Customer Firm Demand Firm Gas	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's FSIV is the volume subject to cash out following the application of imbalance trading volumes, if any, to its PSIV. A customer for whom contract demand is reserved and to whom the Supplier is obligated to provide service. The capacity that a Supplier is required by contract to provide (except during extreme emergencies). Gas sold on a continuous basis for a defined contract term (e.g., one year) under rate schedules or contracts that anticipate no interruptions, regardless of class of service, except for force majeure. Compare to Interruptible Gas. Service, e.g. transportation, offered to customers under schedules or contracts that once scheduled, anticipates no interruptions, regardless of class of service, except for force majeure.

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Fixed Price	A contract in which a named, exact price is specified for commodities. A
	fixed price contract may have variations to the fixed price such as
	escalators or redeterminations for increased costs or incentives for meeting
E (D)	various goals.
Forecast Daily	The estimated daily consumption of an Aggregation Group/Market Pool as
Requirement	calculated by the Consumption Algorithm and forecast effective degree-
7	days, for example, the ADDQ.
Force Majeure	A common law concept borrowed from the French civil law. "Force
	majeure" means superior or irresistible force that excuses a failure to
	perform. It has been defined by the United States Supreme Court as a
	cause that is "beyond the control and without the fault or negligence" of
	the party excused. Force majeure events also must not have been
	reasonably foreseeable: e.g., a blizzard in Houston in January may be a
	force majeure event, but a blizzard in Montana will not qualify.
Futures	A standardized contract for the purchase or sale of a commodity, which is
	traded for delivery in the future.
Futures Contract	An exchange-traded contract promising to buy or sell standard
	commodities or securities at a future date at a set price. Futures are
	"paper" deals and involve profit and loss on promises to deliver, not
	possession of the actual commodity. The main difference between a
	futures contract and a forward contract is that a futures contract is cash
	settled, or marked-to-market, daily. Additionally, the futures market
	requires that all market participants - sellers and buyers - alike post a
Con Confirmation Decree	performance bond called margin.
Gas Confirmation Process	The process by which transporters (e.g. pipelines and LDCs) compare and
	verify transportation nominations at points of interconnection, upstream
	and downstream, to schedule gas along the path of the Supplier's
Carban	nomination.
Gas Day	A period of 24 consecutive hours beginning at 10:00 a.m. and ending at
Coo Industria Stondondo	10:00 a.m. Eastern Clock Time, next calendar day.
Gas Industry Standards	A nonprofit North American industry association whose mission was "to
Board (GISB)	develop and promote standards to simplify and expand electronic
	communications, and to simplify and streamline business practices that will lead to a seamless marketplace for natural gas." This organization has
	been succeeded by the North American Energy Standards Board
	(NAESB).
Gas Supply	Natural gas required to meet customers' needs, including as supply,
Gas Supply	interstate pipeline transportation, storage, losses and any other services
	required to transport such gas to Distribution's system boundary for
	subsequent delivery by Distribution to its customers and/or Aggregators.
Gas Transportation	A process whereby customers may purchase gas supply from Qualified
Gus Transportation	Sellers and have it delivered using Distribution's gas distribution system.
	An entity selling capacity and energy to a retail Direct Customer.
Gas Week (Bid Week)	Usually the last full week each month when all parties (LDCs, Marketers,
Cas (reca (sia (reca))	Shippers, etc.) firm up and finalize their required gas purchases and
	transportation arrangements for the upcoming month.
Gathering Line	Network-like pipeline that transports natural gas from individual
	wellheads to a compressor station, treating or processing plant, or main
	trunk transmission line. Gathering lines are generally relatively short in
	length, operate at a relatively low pressure, and are small in diameter.
Gross Receipts Tax (GRT)	The tax based on the total sales revenues derived from the furnishing of
2-355 2222-103 203 (312)	utility services.
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Heat Content	The sum of the latent heat and sensible heat contained in a substance,
Treat Content	above the heat contained at a specified temperature and pressure expressed
	as Btu or calories per unit of volume or weight.
Heating Degree Days	See Degree Day (DD).
Heating Value	The amount of heat produced by the complete combustion of a unit
Treating value	quantity of fuel. The gross, or higher, heating value is that which is
	obtained when all of the products of combustion are cooled to the
	temperature existing before combustion, the water vapor formed during
	combustion is condensed, and all the necessary corrections have been
	made. The net, or lower, heating value is obtained by subtracting the latent
	heat of vaporization of the water vapor formed by the combustion of the
	hydrogen in the fuel from the gross, or higher, heating value.
Hinshaw Pipeline	A pipeline company (defined by the Natural Gas Act and exempted from
	FERC jurisdiction under the NGA) defined as a regulated company
	engaged in transportation in interstate commerce, or the sale in interstate
	commerce for resale of natural gas received by that company from another
	person within or at the boundary of a state, if all the natural gas so
	received is ultimately consumed within such state. A Hinshaw pipeline
	may receive a certificate authorizing it to transport natural gas out of the
	state in which it is located, without giving up its status as a Hinshaw
	pipeline.
Home Energy Assistance	A federal benefit and assistance program that helps qualifying low income
Program (HEAP)	households pay their heating and cooling energy costs.
Home Energy Fair	HEFPA is the title part of the New York Public Service Law (sections 30
Practices Act (HEFPA)	et seq.). HEFPA authorizes the Commission to adopt implementing
	regulations; these regulations are set forth in 16 NYCRR Part 11 and are
	referred to as HEFPA regulations. The law and regulations cover
	initiation and termination of service, credit and collection policies,
	security deposits and related rules for transactions between utilities and
	their customers.
Human Needs Customer	High priority customers such as residences, hospitals and nursing homes,
	for which failure to get gas could be life threatening. See also Critical
	Service Customer.
Imbalance Holder	The Customer, Supplier or Marketer responsible for imbalance resolution
	as described in the Service Classification under which the Company
Toole leaves The 19	provides service.
Imbalance Trading	A feature of imbalance resolution whereby Imbalance Holders may reduce
	their end of month imbalances by trading amongst each other. Imbalance information is provided and trades are conducted via TSS
Ingramental Cost	information is provided and trades are conducted via TSS.
Incremental Cost	The change in total costs when output is increased or decreased by an increment or block of output for which costs can be accurately
	determined, usually calculated as the change in cost divided by the change
	in volume (for example as cents per Mcf); marginal cost.
Incumbent ESCO	A term describing the current Supplier, when a Customer is scheduled to
Incumpent ESCO	be switched to another ESCO or returned to Company provided sales
	service as of the next Control Date.
Industrial Bypass	A situation in which large industrial customers buy energy and/or
industrial Dypass	transportation service directly from a non-utility supplier, bypassing the
	local utility system. Deregulation of supply and transmission in some
	instances has opened up the opportunity for large users to purchase
	services from a Supplier other than the local retail utility.
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Industrial Customer	An industrial customer is generally defined as one engaged in
	manufacturing, construction, mining, agriculture, fishing and forestry
	establishments, Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes 01-39. The
	utility may classify industrial service using the SIC codes, or based on
	demand or annual usage exceeding some specified limit. The limit may be
	set by the utility based on the rate schedule of the utility.
Initial System Imbalance	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's ISIV is
Volume (ISIV)	computed each month by summing the imbalances from all the market
	pools for which it bears imbalance responsibility.
Input Rating	The designed rate of fuel acceptance by a burner. Usually expressed in
	BTH or CFH.
Interruptible Gas	Gas sold to customers with a provision that permits reduction or cessation
	of service under certain circumstances, as specified in the service contract.
Interruptible Load	Demand that can be interrupted by direct action of the supplying system's
	system operator in accordance with contractual provisions at times of
	seasonal peak load. It usually involves commercial and industrial
	consumers. In some instances the load reduction may be affected by
	direct action of the system operator (remote tripping) after notice to the
	consumer in accordance with contractual provisions. For example, loads
	that can be interrupted to fulfill planning or operation reserve
	requirements should be reported as Interruptible Load.
Interruptible Service	Transportation Service that is subject to interruption due to a lack of
	pipeline capacity at receipt points, delivery points and/or due to flowing
	constraints within the pipeline as the case may be. The scheduling priority
	for Interruptible Service is lower than that for Firm Service.
Interruptible	See Interruptible Service.
Transportation (IT)	
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Interstate Gas	(1) Natural gas transported in interstate pipelines and consumed in a state
Interstate Gas	(1) Natural gas transported in interstate pipelines and consumed in a state other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a
Interstate Gas	
Interstate Gas	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a
Interstate Gas Interstate Pipeline	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the
	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State.
	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of
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Interstate Pipeline	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA.
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period.
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction.
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA.
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline Inverted Block Rate	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA. A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline Inverted Block Rate (Graduated Rate)	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA. A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly higher per-unit prices. The more energy a customer uses the greater the average price.
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline Inverted Block Rate	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA. A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly higher per-unit prices. The more energy a customer uses the greater the average price. A process or situation where a customer's energy Supplier is changed
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline Inverted Block Rate (Graduated Rate)	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA. A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly higher per-unit prices. The more energy a customer uses the greater the average price.
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline Inverted Block Rate (Graduated Rate)	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA. A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly higher per-unit prices. The more energy a customer uses the greater the average price. A process or situation where a customer's energy Supplier is changed from one provider to another without the customer's authorization. This would include situations where a customer returns to utility service as a
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline Inverted Block Rate (Graduated Rate)	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA. A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly higher per-unit prices. The more energy a customer uses the greater the average price. A process or situation where a customer's energy Supplier is changed from one provider to another without the customer's authorization. This would include situations where a customer returns to utility service as a result of a Supplier's failure to deliver. An involuntary switch that is not
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline Inverted Block Rate (Graduated Rate)	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA. A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly higher per-unit prices. The more energy a customer uses the greater the average price. A process or situation where a customer's energy Supplier is changed from one provider to another without the customer's authorization. This would include situations where a customer returns to utility service as a result of a Supplier's failure to deliver. An involuntary switch that is not in accord with the "Discontinuance of Service" provision set forth in the
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline Inverted Block Rate (Graduated Rate) Involuntary Switch	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA. A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly higher per-unit prices. The more energy a customer uses the greater the average price. A process or situation where a customer's energy Supplier is changed from one provider to another without the customer's authorization. This would include situations where a customer returns to utility service as a result of a Supplier's failure to deliver. An involuntary switch that is not in accord with the "Discontinuance of Service" provision set forth in the rules is referred to as "slamming."
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline Inverted Block Rate (Graduated Rate)	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA. A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly higher per-unit prices. The more energy a customer uses the greater the average price. A process or situation where a customer's energy Supplier is changed from one provider to another without the customer's authorization. This would include situations where a customer returns to utility service as a result of a Supplier's failure to deliver. An involuntary switch that is not in accord with the "Discontinuance of Service" provision set forth in the rules is referred to as "slamming." Any payment made more than 20 calendar days after the date payment
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline Inverted Block Rate (Graduated Rate) Involuntary Switch	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA. A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly higher per-unit prices. The more energy a customer uses the greater the average price. A process or situation where a customer's energy Supplier is changed from one provider to another without the customer's authorization. This would include situations where a customer returns to utility service as a result of a Supplier's failure to deliver. An involuntary switch that is not in accord with the "Discontinuance of Service" provision set forth in the rules is referred to as "slamming." Any payment made more than 20 calendar days after the date payment was due. Payment is due whenever specified by Distribution on its bill,
Interstate Pipeline Interval Meters or Hourly Meters Intrastate Gas Intrastate Pipeline Inverted Block Rate (Graduated Rate) Involuntary Switch	other than the one in which it was produced or (2) Gas transported on a pipeline which travels through more than one state (and for purposes of the GTOP) is delivered to a receipt point within New York State. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas across state boundaries, and is therefore subject to FERC jurisdiction and/or FERC regulation under the NGA. Term used to describe a meter that measures usage in time increments during a billing period. Natural gas produced, sold and consumed in the same state without being transported in interstate commerce and not made subject to federal (FERC) jurisdiction. A natural gas pipeline company that is engaged in the transportation of natural gas not subject to FERC jurisdiction under the NGA. A rate structure that prices successive blocks of power use at increasingly higher per-unit prices. The more energy a customer uses the greater the average price. A process or situation where a customer's energy Supplier is changed from one provider to another without the customer's authorization. This would include situations where a customer returns to utility service as a result of a Supplier's failure to deliver. An involuntary switch that is not in accord with the "Discontinuance of Service" provision set forth in the rules is referred to as "slamming." Any payment made more than 20 calendar days after the date payment

Line Logs	The reduction in the questity of natural and floring them the girl I'm the
Line Loss	The reduction in the quantity of natural gas flowing through a pipeline that
	results from leaks, venting, and other physical and operational circumstances on a pipeline system. Line Loss is sometimes referred to as
	Shrinkage or Distribution Loss.
Line Pack	Inventory of gas in a pipeline or in a gas distribution system.
Liquefied Natural Gas	Natural gas that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to minus
(LNG)	260 degrees Fahrenheit at atmospheric pressure. It remains a liquid at
(LNG)	minus 116 degrees Fahrenheit and 673 psig. In volume, it occupies a
	volume 1/600 of that of the vapor.
Load Balancing	The process of reconciling differences that occur between the amount of
Load Balancing	natural gas delivered at the RDRP by an ESCO and the amount of natural
	gas delivered to the customer at the Retail Delivery Point adjusted for
	losses.
Load Factor	The ratio of average load to peak load during a specific period of time
	(usually a month) expressed as a percent. The load factor indicates to
	what degree energy has been consumed compared to maximum demand or
	the utilization of units relative to total system capability. It shows the
	variability in all customers' demand.
Load Profile	See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.
Local Distribution	The company whose primary function is to distribute gas supply procured
Company (LDC)	by it or by Marketers or Direct Customers, to retail gas users. LDCs also
	provide transportation service to retail end users as well as other services.
Lockbox	See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.
Losses	Losses are associated with all transmission and distribution service
	systems. Losses are the difference between the generation amount of
	energy produced and the metered amount of customer usage within a
	specific service area.
Lost and Unaccounted for	The difference between the quantity of gas available from all sources
Gas (LUFG)	(purchased, transported, and locally produced) and the quantity accounted
T T D :1 // 1	for by customer usage or company uses.
Low Income Residential	A program designed to assist economically disadvantaged customers in
Assistance (LIRA)	the reduction of their arrearages. Eligible customers will receive a lower
	gas rate, arrearage forgiveness, a conservation credit (as earned), and case management counseling with referrals made to other available programs
	when appropriate.
MCF	
WICE	One thousand (1000) cubic feet. This is a measure of gas usage. The
MACE.	average domestic user consumes 100-200 Mcf annually. Very roughly, 1
	average domestic user consumes 100-200 Mcf annually. Very roughly, 1 Mcf = 1 MMBtu = 1 Dth = 1 gigajoule.
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Main, Gas Margin Marginal Cost	average domestic user consumes 100-200 Mcf annually. Very roughly, 1 Mcf = 1 MMBtu = 1 Dth = 1 gigajoule. A main is a pipeline located on a public or private right-of-way, which is generally available or used to transport gas to more than one service line. Pipe used to carry natural gas from one point to another. As contrasted with service gas pipes, mains usually carry natural gas in large volume for general or collective use. Money that buyers and sellers of futures and exchange-traded options must put up with the clearinghouse to assure performance on the contracts. For over-the-counter options, margins are negotiated between the counterparties. In both cases, the amount of margin required varies with the price fluctuations of the underlying contract. Open positions are marked-to-market daily and, in times of extreme volatility, marked-to-market intraday as well. The increase or decrease in total costs brought about by a one-unit increase or decrease in output.
Main Main, Gas Margin	average domestic user consumes 100-200 Mcf annually. Very roughly, 1 Mcf = 1 MMBtu = 1 Dth = 1 gigajoule. A main is a pipeline located on a public or private right-of-way, which is generally available or used to transport gas to more than one service line. Pipe used to carry natural gas from one point to another. As contrasted with service gas pipes, mains usually carry natural gas in large volume for general or collective use. Money that buyers and sellers of futures and exchange-traded options must put up with the clearinghouse to assure performance on the contracts. For over-the-counter options, margins are negotiated between the counterparties. In both cases, the amount of margin required varies with the price fluctuations of the underlying contract. Open positions are marked-to-market daily and, in times of extreme volatility, marked-to-market intraday as well. The increase or decrease in total costs brought about by a one-unit

Market Pool	A logical grouping of end-use transportation customer burner tips or an
Market Pool	
Manhat Daal On anatan	aggregation group designated and authorized to receive gas.
Market Pool Operator	The business party within TSS that has responsibility for setup and
74 1 4 D · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	confirmation of Market Pools.
Market Pricing Tier	For imbalance resolution purposes, when an Imbalance Holder has an
	imbalance within the range 5% long to 5% short range, its cash outs are
	processed using market pricing as described in the Tariff. The cash out
	prices for imbalances outside this range as either surcharged or
	discounted, as appropriate.
Marketer	A competitive gas supplier, equivalent to ESCO - See UBP Definitions in
	GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.
Master Metering	The separate metering of individual units in a building which is required if
	the occupant has control over energy use in the unit and if benefits exceed
	costs.
Maximum Allowable	The maximum pressure at which a gas system may be operated.
Operating Pressure	
(MAOP)	
Maximum Daily Quantity	The contractual maximum daily quantity of gas that a customer may
(MDQ)	purchase from a supplier (in some cases, the LDC).
Maximum Demand	The greatest of all demands of the load that has occurred within a
	specified period of time.
Meter, Gas	An instrument for measuring and indicating, or recording, the volume of
	natural gas that has passed through it.
Meter Read Date	The date on which Distribution is scheduled to read a customer's meter
	each billing period.
Metering	Use of devices that measure and register the amount and/or direction of
	energy quantities relative to time.
Minimum Daily Gas Index	The average of the minimum daily prices from the Daily Price Survey
J J	from Gas Daily. To the extent that any publication or delivery area is no
	longer available, Distribution will, as a substitute, use equivalent prices
	from a standard recognized gas industry publication.
Minimum Purchase	Volume deducted from customer usage for minimum purchase tariff
	requirements associated with a customer's service class.
Month End Imbalance	The burner tip imbalance calculated pursuant to terms of each Service
	Classification under which the Company provides service to the
	Customers for which the Imbalance Holder bears imbalance responsibility.
	Generally, an Imbalance Holder's total receipt volumes (gas delivered to
	the Company adjusted by the allowance for losses incurred in the process
	of delivery) are the sum of allocated transportation receipt volumes from
	city gate deliveries, local production pool receipts and local production
	excess volumes.
Monthly Metered	Transportation service offered by Distribution under SC-18 (aggregated
Transportation (MMT)	under SC-19) in which the allocation period is the billing month.
(Imbalance and usage is based on cycle readings (except in the case of an
	OFO).
Natural Gas	A naturally occurring mixture of hydrocarbon and non-hydrocarbon gases
	found in porous geological formations beneath the earth's surface, often in
	association with petroleum. The principal constituent is methane, CH ₄ .
L	Figure 1 and

Natural Gas Policy Act of	A federal statute enacted in 1978 to phase out producer rate regulation	
1978 (NGPA)	between January 1, 1985 and July 1, 1987. The NGPA provides	
	"maximum lawful prices" for those categories of natural gas that it	
	subjects to price regulation. The NGPA also provides for "self-	
	implementing" transportation services, without the need for prior	
	certificates of public convenience and necessity from the FERC under the	
	NGA, for certain qualifying transportation by interstate pipelines on	
	behalf of intrastate pipelines or LDCs or by intrastate pipelines on behalf	
	of interstate pipelines or LDCs served by an interstate pipeline.	
New Delivery Customer	See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.	
New York Mercantile	The commodity exchange based in New York City where the natural gas	
Exchange (NYMEX)	futures and options contract and other energy futures are traded.	
No-Bump Rule	Rule which protects a Shipper with flowing gas from losing capacity	
_	(being bumped) by a higher priority shipper in the interruptible queue	
	deciding to increase its gas volumes.	
No-Harm – No-Foul Rule	DMT daily city gate delivery rule whereby; no imbalance cash outs are	
	required if deliveries to the overall DMT population is within tolerance.	
Nominated Deliveries	The volume of gas requested for delivery to a customer or pool of	
	customers.	
Nomination	See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.	
Non-aggregated	A customer, with annual natural gas consumption in excess of 3,500 Mcf,	
Transportation Customers	that acts on its own behalf as a Direct Customer under the UBPs in	
Transportation customers	arranging to bring natural gas to the utility's City Gate.	
Non-Core Customer	A customer that has multiple fuel options and does not rely solely on the	
Tron-core customer	flow of gas for continued heat and other operations.	
Non-residential Applicant		
Non-residential Applicant	Any person, corporation or other entity that has requested and made application for gas service as a non-residential customer.	
	**	
Non-residential Customer	Any person, corporation or other entity, supplied by Distribution with gas	
Non-residential Customer	Any person, corporation or other entity, supplied by Distribution with gas service under Distribution's Tariff and pursuant to an accepted application	
Non-residential Customer	service under Distribution's Tariff and pursuant to an accepted application	
Non-residential Customer	service under Distribution's Tariff and pursuant to an accepted application for service, who is not a residential customer as defined in Distribution's	
	service under Distribution's Tariff and pursuant to an accepted application for service, who is not a residential customer as defined in Distribution's Tariff.	
Non-utility Cogeneration	service under Distribution's Tariff and pursuant to an accepted application for service, who is not a residential customer as defined in Distribution's Tariff. Any cogeneration facility not selling gas to the public at retail pursuant to	
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Non-utility Cogeneration Facility Notice of Proposed Rule	service under Distribution's Tariff and pursuant to an accepted application for service, who is not a residential customer as defined in Distribution's Tariff. Any cogeneration facility not selling gas to the public at retail pursuant to	
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Non-utility Cogeneration Facility Notice of Proposed Rule Making (NOPR) Normal Business Hours Normal Degree Days Normalized North American Energy Standards Board (NAESB) Off Peak	service under Distribution's Tariff and pursuant to an accepted application for service, who is not a residential customer as defined in Distribution's Tariff. Any cogeneration facility not selling gas to the public at retail pursuant to a franchise. A draft generic policy change promulgated by regulatory agencies. 7:30 AM to 5:00 PM on normal business days, i.e. the hours staffed during the days on which the Company is open for regular business. Estimated (normalized) degree-days for a given day based on a historical average. Adjusted for weather using weather normalization (degree-day) factors. A nonprofit North American industry association whose mission is to "propose and adopt voluntary standards and model business practices designed to promote more competitive and efficient natural gas and electric service, as such standards apply to electronic data interchange ("EDI") record formats and communications protocols and related business practices that streamline the transactional processes of the natural gas and electric industries." The period during a day, week, month or year when the load being delivered by a natural gas or electric system is not at or near the maximum volume delivered by that system for a similar period of time (night vs. day; Sunday vs. Tuesday).	
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O	Out on which are issued by a minution to materal the angular and intermited	
Operational Flow Orders	Orders which are issued by a pipeline to protect the operational integrity	
(OFOs)	of the line. The orders may either restrict service or require affirmative	
0 11	action by shippers, such as line pack or draft.	
Overdelivery	See Surplus Imbalance.	
Payment, Timely	Is considered to be made on the date when it is received by Distribution or	
D 1 D	one of its authorized agents.	
Peak Day	The day in which the highest volume of gas is delivered into the utility's	
	system in order to meet usage demands. Related to operational	
D I D I	deliverability of the entire system.	
Peak Demand	The maximum load during a specified period of time.	
Peak Month	The month in which the highest volume of gas is delivered into the	
P. II. FGGG	utility's system in order to supply usage demands.	
Pending ESCO	A term describing the prospective Supplier, when a Customer is scheduled	
	to be switched from sales service or another Supplier as of the next	
	Control Date.	
Pipeline	An entity engaged in the transportation of natural gas in interstate or	
	intrastate commerce. Also, the actual facility itself.	
Point-to-Point	Open Access transmission service that is reserved and/or scheduled	
Transmission Service	pursuant to the provisions of Distribution's FERC Statement of Operating	
	Conditions.	
Pool	Pools are groups of customers supplied by one Marketer.	
Pool Agent	The Pool Agent is responsible for establishing and maintaining a Pool.	
_	Only the Pool Agent can change the parameters of a Pool.	
Pool Operator	A general term that is applicable to either Market Pool Operators or	
	Production Pool Operators. In most cases, this term is interchangeable	
	with Pool Agent.	
Pooling	Aggregation of customers by a Pool Agent to deliver natural gas supplies	
	delivered to Distribution's distribution systems.	
Pooling Point (1)	A physical or logical point where gas is aggregated from many receipt	
	points to serve a number of contracts without tying a particular receipt	
	point to a particular contract. Pooling points have traditionally been	
	thought of as mainline pipeline receipt points. Under Order No. 636 that	
	definition was expanded to include places where title passes from the gas	
	merchant to the Shipper, or where aggregation, balancing and penalties are	
D 11 D 1 (2)	determined.	
Pooling Point (2)	The point (either physical or logical) at which gas is aggregated from	
	many receipt points in order to serve several contracts without tying a	
	specific receipt point to a specific contract. "Paper pooling" refers to	
	aggregation as a matter of accounting, as opposed to physical pooling in a supply basin.	
Pre-determined Allocation	A method of allocating the excess or shortage of natural gas to a Market	
(PDA) Pre-determined	Pool. Production Pool Operators may modify Market Pools assigned as	
Scheduling Instructions	recipients of gas nominations from Production Pools through the	
(PSI)	modification of the PSI in TSS. Modifications to the PSI will be effective	
(1 D1)	the day of the change and forward.	
Pre-Trading System	For imbalance resolution purposes, an Imbalance Holder's PSIV is	
Imbalance Volume (PSIV)		
invarance volume (1 51 v)	ISIV. The resulting volume is available for imbalance trading.	
Premises	Any building or buildings where natural gas burning equipment is located.	
Price Majeure	The process of retrading interruptible gas, which is the result of significant	
Tree majeure	upward or downward price adjustments.	
Priority Allocation	Customer allocations in a SC-13 pool are made in the order set by the Pool	
Thorny Anocadon	Agent (i.e. Customer One gets all his nominated volume before Customer	
	Two, etc.)	
	1 10, 00.	

Duadasas	A wording interest owner of an ail and/or ass wall. A meducor may sall	
Producer	A working interest owner of an oil and/or gas well. A producer may sell	
	its share of production through the operator of the well, or through another producer.	
D 1 4: D 1	I Think the second of the seco	
Production Pool	A grouping of local production meters.	
Production Pool Excess	A process, which allows Production Pool Operators to determine which	
Pre-determined Allocation	Market Pools, may receive excess gas.	
(PPE PDA)	The state of the s	
Production Pool Operator	The business party within TSS that has responsibility for setup and	
	confirmation of Production Pools. Local production meters are added to	
	or deleted from Production Pools by the Production Pool Operator.	
Production Pool Shortage	A process, which allows Production Pool Operators to determine which	
Pre-determined Allocation	Market Pools, may be shorted.	
(PPS PDA)		
Proration	A methodology whereby shippers are allocated a share of the difference	
	between scheduled quantities and measured quantities based upon the	
	proportionate share each shipper scheduled.	
Public Service	The appointed regulatory body in New York State that governs	
Commission of the State of	procurement, gas sales and transportation services of Distribution.	
New York (NYPSC or		
PSC)		
Rate	The unit charge or charges made by an energy company or utility to	
	customers for energy. Rate structures include: <i>Block</i> A rate that provides	
	different unit charges for consumption falling within various blocks of	
	demand or consumption. <i>Flat:</i> A rate that provides for a specified charge	
	irrespective of the quantity used or the contract demand. <i>Postage-Stamp</i> :	
	Transportation rate which applies for a given zone or area rather than the	
	distance of actual transportation.	
Rate Base	The value of property upon which a utility is given the opportunity to earn	
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Ratepayer Billing Account (RBA) Rebundling	The value of property upon which a utility is given the opportunity to earn a specified rate of return as established by a regulatory authority. The value of property used by the utility in providing service and may be calculated by any one or a combination of the following accounting methods: fair value, prudent investment, reproduction cost, or original cost. The rate base may include a working capital allowance covering such elements as cash, working capital, materials and supplies, prepayments, minimum bank balances and tax offsets. The rate base may be adjusted by deductions for accumulated provision for depreciation, contributions in aid of construction, accumulated deferred income taxes, and accumulated deferred investment tax credits. A nine-digit number assigned to a transportation customer for identification purposes replaced by the Contract Account Number. See Distribution Utility Customer Account Number within the UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1. The process under which a Supplier may arrange supply, storage and/or transportation service to sell these combined services to a customer as a single product when permitted by applicable laws, rules and/or regulations, etc.	
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Ratepayer Billing Account (RBA) Rebundling Recall Rights	The value of property upon which a utility is given the opportunity to earn a specified rate of return as established by a regulatory authority. The value of property used by the utility in providing service and may be calculated by any one or a combination of the following accounting methods: fair value, prudent investment, reproduction cost, or original cost. The rate base may include a working capital allowance covering such elements as cash, working capital, materials and supplies, prepayments, minimum bank balances and tax offsets. The rate base may be adjusted by deductions for accumulated provision for depreciation, contributions in aid of construction, accumulated deferred income taxes, and accumulated deferred investment tax credits. A nine-digit number assigned to a transportation customer for identification purposes replaced by the Contract Account Number. See Distribution Utility Customer Account Number within the UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1. The process under which a Supplier may arrange supply, storage and/or transportation service to sell these combined services to a customer as a single product when permitted by applicable laws, rules and/or regulations, etc. The provision for a wholesale seller of power to cease to perform, generally in order to use such power to serve its indigenous retail loads.	
Ratepayer Billing Account (RBA) Rebundling Recall Rights Receipt Points	The value of property upon which a utility is given the opportunity to earn a specified rate of return as established by a regulatory authority. The value of property used by the utility in providing service and may be calculated by any one or a combination of the following accounting methods: fair value, prudent investment, reproduction cost, or original cost. The rate base may include a working capital allowance covering such elements as cash, working capital, materials and supplies, prepayments, minimum bank balances and tax offsets. The rate base may be adjusted by deductions for accumulated provision for depreciation, contributions in aid of construction, accumulated deferred income taxes, and accumulated deferred investment tax credits. A nine-digit number assigned to a transportation customer for identification purposes replaced by the Contract Account Number. See Distribution Utility Customer Account Number within the UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1. The process under which a Supplier may arrange supply, storage and/or transportation service to sell these combined services to a customer as a single product when permitted by applicable laws, rules and/or regulations, etc. The provision for a wholesale seller of power to cease to perform, generally in order to use such power to serve its indigenous retail loads. Metered points of entry for gas delivered into a transporter's system.	
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Ratepayer Billing Account (RBA) Rebundling Recall Rights Receipt Points Redelivery	The value of property upon which a utility is given the opportunity to earn a specified rate of return as established by a regulatory authority. The value of property used by the utility in providing service and may be calculated by any one or a combination of the following accounting methods: fair value, prudent investment, reproduction cost, or original cost. The rate base may include a working capital allowance covering such elements as cash, working capital, materials and supplies, prepayments, minimum bank balances and tax offsets. The rate base may be adjusted by deductions for accumulated provision for depreciation, contributions in aid of construction, accumulated deferred income taxes, and accumulated deferred investment tax credits. A nine-digit number assigned to a transportation customer for identification purposes replaced by the Contract Account Number. See Distribution Utility Customer Account Number within the UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1. The process under which a Supplier may arrange supply, storage and/or transportation service to sell these combined services to a customer as a single product when permitted by applicable laws, rules and/or regulations, etc. The provision for a wholesale seller of power to cease to perform, generally in order to use such power to serve its indigenous retail loads. Metered points of entry for gas delivered into a transporter's system. Delivery of natural gas by a transporter back to a Shipper or to a Shipper's account that the transporter had received from the Shipper.	
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Renewable Natural Gas	Renewable natural gas (RNG), or biomethane (another term for RNG), is		
(RNG)	the product of anaerobic digestion or gasification of a wide variety of		
	waste products. These include dairy/animal residuals (e.g., manure, etc.),		
	landfill biomass material, wastewater treatment produced gases; digestion		
	of agricultural wastes and, in advanced systems, co-digestion of mixed		
	biomass substrates. Fully interchangeable with natural gas, i.e. pipeline		
	quality, it comes from raw biogas after the biogas is cleaned of impurities.		
Replacement Shipper	A Shipper who acquires firm transportation capacity through release by		
	another Shipper under a pipeline's capacity release program (also known		
	as "Acquiring Shipper").		
Residential	Private household establishments which consume energy primarily for		
	space heating, water heating, air conditioning, lighting, refrigeration,		
	cooking and clothes drying. The classification of an individual		
	consumer's account, where the use is both residential and commercial, is		
	based on principal use.		
Residential	Any person who requests gas service at a premises to be used as his or her		
Applicant/Customer	residence or the residence of a third party on whose behalf the person is		
	requesting service, and where the person meets the criteria set forth in 16		
	NYCRR, paragraph 11.2(a)(2).		
Retail Access Program	The transmission, distribution, and delivery by Distribution to the		
	customer of natural gas requirements, furnished to Distribution by the		
	customer or by a third party on the customer's behalf pursuant to the		
	provisions of Commission No. 207 and in particular Rule 39.		
Retail Delivery Metering	The location where the gas service is metered or the location to which		
Point	meter readings are compensated.		
Retail Delivery Point	The point where Distribution's retail distribution system connects to the		
	customer's service entrance at the customer's premises.		
Retail Distribution Receipt	The point(s) of receipt of natural gas into the distribution system.		
Point (RDRP)			
Retail Supplier	An energy services company who has registered with the Commission,		
Retail Supplier	been approved as a provider of natural gas service to customers in New		
	been approved as a provider of natural gas service to customers in New York, and has met all other approval requirements of Distribution.		
Retail Supplier Restricted STBA	been approved as a provider of natural gas service to customers in New York, and has met all other approval requirements of Distribution. For purposes of EDI and creditworthiness requirements, an STBA Group		
	been approved as a provider of natural gas service to customers in New York, and has met all other approval requirements of Distribution. For purposes of EDI and creditworthiness requirements, an STBA Group that limits enrollments to STBA Customer accounts under common		
Restricted STBA	been approved as a provider of natural gas service to customers in New York, and has met all other approval requirements of Distribution. For purposes of EDI and creditworthiness requirements, an STBA Group that limits enrollments to STBA Customer accounts under common ownership. All Restricted STBAs are also Direct Customers.		
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Restricted STBA Seasonal Customer Service Classification (SC) Service Line Service Requestor Shortfall	been approved as a provider of natural gas service to customers in New York, and has met all other approval requirements of Distribution. For purposes of EDI and creditworthiness requirements, an STBA Group that limits enrollments to STBA Customer accounts under common ownership. All Restricted STBAs are also Direct Customers. A short-term customer that can be non-residential or residential (see HEFPA and/or 16 NYCRR). This would apply to Transportation and Consumer Business type customers. Each of Distribution's rates and service offerings is a Service Classification, such as SC-13 is Firm Transportation Service. The piping, including associated metering and pressure reducing appurtenances, that transports gas below grade from a main to the first accessible fitting inside the wall of a customer's building, when a meter is located within the building; if a meter is located outside the building, the service line will be deemed to terminate at the outside of the building foundation wall. The Business Party Name for the Market Pool Operator or owner. The quantity of customer usage exceeding the quantity of gas delivered into Distribution's system for a transportation customer.		
Restricted STBA Seasonal Customer Service Classification (SC) Service Line Service Requestor Shortfall Short-term Customer	been approved as a provider of natural gas service to customers in New York, and has met all other approval requirements of Distribution. For purposes of EDI and creditworthiness requirements, an STBA Group that limits enrollments to STBA Customer accounts under common ownership. All Restricted STBAs are also Direct Customers. A short-term customer that can be non-residential or residential (see HEFPA and/or 16 NYCRR). This would apply to Transportation and Consumer Business type customers. Each of Distribution's rates and service offerings is a Service Classification, such as SC-13 is Firm Transportation Service. The piping, including associated metering and pressure reducing appurtenances, that transports gas below grade from a main to the first accessible fitting inside the wall of a customer's building, when a meter is located within the building; if a meter is located outside the building, the service line will be deemed to terminate at the outside of the building foundation wall. The Business Party Name for the Market Pool Operator or owner. The quantity of customer usage exceeding the quantity of gas delivered into Distribution's system for a transportation customer. A customer who requested service for a period of time up to two years.		
Restricted STBA Seasonal Customer Service Classification (SC) Service Line Service Requestor Shortfall Short-term Customer Shrinkage	been approved as a provider of natural gas service to customers in New York, and has met all other approval requirements of Distribution. For purposes of EDI and creditworthiness requirements, an STBA Group that limits enrollments to STBA Customer accounts under common ownership. All Restricted STBAs are also Direct Customers. A short-term customer that can be non-residential or residential (see HEFPA and/or 16 NYCRR). This would apply to Transportation and Consumer Business type customers. Each of Distribution's rates and service offerings is a Service Classification, such as SC-13 is Firm Transportation Service. The piping, including associated metering and pressure reducing appurtenances, that transports gas below grade from a main to the first accessible fitting inside the wall of a customer's building, when a meter is located within the building; if a meter is located outside the building, the service line will be deemed to terminate at the outside of the building foundation wall. The Business Party Name for the Market Pool Operator or owner. The quantity of customer usage exceeding the quantity of gas delivered into Distribution's system for a transportation customer. A customer who requested service for a period of time up to two years. See Line Loss.		
Restricted STBA Seasonal Customer Service Classification (SC) Service Line Service Requestor Shortfall Short-term Customer Shrinkage Slamming	been approved as a provider of natural gas service to customers in New York, and has met all other approval requirements of Distribution. For purposes of EDI and creditworthiness requirements, an STBA Group that limits enrollments to STBA Customer accounts under common ownership. All Restricted STBAs are also Direct Customers. A short-term customer that can be non-residential or residential (see HEFPA and/or 16 NYCRR). This would apply to Transportation and Consumer Business type customers. Each of Distribution's rates and service offerings is a Service Classification, such as SC-13 is Firm Transportation Service. The piping, including associated metering and pressure reducing appurtenances, that transports gas below grade from a main to the first accessible fitting inside the wall of a customer's building, when a meter is located within the building; if a meter is located outside the building, the service line will be deemed to terminate at the outside of the building foundation wall. The Business Party Name for the Market Pool Operator or owner. The quantity of customer usage exceeding the quantity of gas delivered into Distribution's system for a transportation customer. A customer who requested service for a period of time up to two years. See Line Loss. See UBP Definitions in GTOP Addendum 1, SECTION 1.		
Restricted STBA Seasonal Customer Service Classification (SC) Service Line Service Requestor Shortfall Short-term Customer Shrinkage	been approved as a provider of natural gas service to customers in New York, and has met all other approval requirements of Distribution. For purposes of EDI and creditworthiness requirements, an STBA Group that limits enrollments to STBA Customer accounts under common ownership. All Restricted STBAs are also Direct Customers. A short-term customer that can be non-residential or residential (see HEFPA and/or 16 NYCRR). This would apply to Transportation and Consumer Business type customers. Each of Distribution's rates and service offerings is a Service Classification, such as SC-13 is Firm Transportation Service. The piping, including associated metering and pressure reducing appurtenances, that transports gas below grade from a main to the first accessible fitting inside the wall of a customer's building, when a meter is located within the building; if a meter is located outside the building, the service line will be deemed to terminate at the outside of the building foundation wall. The Business Party Name for the Market Pool Operator or owner. The quantity of customer usage exceeding the quantity of gas delivered into Distribution's system for a transportation customer. A customer who requested service for a period of time up to two years. See Line Loss.		

Snot Monkot	Commodity transactions in which the transaction common amont is near		
Spot Market	Commodity transactions in which the transaction commencement is near term (e.g., within ten days) and the contract duration is relatively short		
	(e.g., 30 days).		
Spot Purchases	A short-term single shipment sale of gas on an interruptible or best efforts		
Spot I di chases	basis. Spot purchases are often made to fulfill a certain portion of energy		
	requirements, to meet unanticipated energy needs, or to take advantage of		
	low prices.		
Standard Cubic Foot	One cubic foot of natural gas as measured at standard conditions of 60°F		
(SCF)	and one atmosphere of barometric pressure.		
Standby Sales Service	Mandatory for all heating needs of customers which heat any building		
Summary Summer Service	solely by gas where persons reside, including apartment houses, prisons,		
	dormitories, nursing homes, hospitals, hotels, and other buildings where		
	persons may dwell on a permanent basis.		
Standby Service	Support service that is available, as needed, to supplement a consumer, a		
·	utility system, or to another utility to replace normally scheduled energy		
	that becomes unavailable.		
Supplier Transportation	Service available under Distribution's SC-19 whereby Distribution will		
Balancing and	provide transportation and balancing services to facilitate the redelivery of		
Aggregation (STBA)	gas supplies from the City Gate to the customer.		
Surplus Delivery	See Surplus Imbalance.		
STBA Customer	Transportation Service customer who has elected an alternative gas		
	Supplier approved under the terms of SC-19 of Distribution's Tariff.		
STBA Group	The Supplier's Group of STBA customers.		
STBA Imbalance	Net imbalances developed by the STBA Group and the primary financial		
	responsibility of the Supplier.		
Straight Gas Utility	A utility company that derives the major portion of its total sales revenues		
	from natural gas operations. Compare to combined gas and electric utility,		
G 1	a.k.a. Combination Utility.		
Supplier	(1) Signatory to an STBA Agreement who, in the sole judgment of		
	Distribution, has been determined creditworthy for participation in the		
	STBA program or (2) A third party provider, aggregator or Marketer of natural gas.		
Surplus Imbalance	An imbalance due from the Company which occurs when the volume of		
Sur prus Imparance	gas delivered to the Company for the Imbalance Holder during the month		
	after adjustment for line losses is greater than the total amount of gas		
	consumed by the Imbalance Holder.		
System Alert	An announcement of actual or pending events that if unchecked may result		
	in an OFO.		
System Imbalance Position	Where the "system total" is computed by summing volumes attributable to		
(SIP)	all Imbalance Holders, a percentage imbalance computed each month for		
	by dividing the system total ISIV by the system total TMC and converting		
	the quotient into a percentage.		
System Supply	Natural gas supplies purchased, owned and sold by Distribution to retail		
	sales customers.		
Tampered Equipment	Any service-related equipment that has been subjected either to		
	unauthorized interference so as to reduce the accuracy or eliminate the		
	measurement of gas service, or to unauthorized connection occurring after		
7F7 • 66	a company has physically-disconnected service.		
Tariff	A document filed by a regulated entity with either a federal or state		
	commission. It lists the services the entity will provide, rates the regulated		
	entity will charge to provide service to its customers, and the terms and		
Tolomotovino	conditions that it will follow in providing service.		
Telemetering	Process by which measured quantities of gas are transmitted through		
	telecommunication to a remote location.		

Therm	A unit of heating value equivalent to 100,000 British thermal units (Btu)		
	(0.1 MMBtu).		
Throughput	The volume of gas flowing through a pipeline or distribution system.		
Total Annual Quantity	The maximum annual quantity of gas a company is contractually obligated		
(TAQ)	to deliver per year.		
Transition Costs	Costs associated with the change of an industry from a regulated, bundled		
	service to a competitive open-access service, including "Stranded Costs."		
Transportation Customer	Transportation Service customer of Distribution.		
Unauthorized Period	A period during which SC-11 Interruptible Sales Service is unavailable on		
	an authorized basis because service to customers under firm sales		
	classifications is jeopardized or impaired. During an unauthorized period,		
	a surcharge is applied to the rate that would be charged for SC-11 gas during an authorized period.		
Unbundled Services	The selling and pricing of energy services separately, as opposed to		
Circulated Sci vices	offering services "bundled" into packages with a single price for the whole		
	package. With unbundling, separate fees are charged for each service		
	based upon only the costs of providing that service. (i.e. transportation,		
	storage, generation, production, etc.).		
Uniform Business	Refers to the guidelines adopted by the Commission in Case No. 98-M-		
Practices (UBPs)	1343 as of April 15, 1999.		
Upstream Agent	A party that upon completion of an Upstream Agency Consent Form and		
	Affidavit accepted by Distribution takes assignment of upstream		
	transportation and storage capacity on behalf of an STBA Supplier and		
	assumes management and city gate delivery responsibilities under SC-19.		
Upstream Capacity	Transportation or storage capacity on a pipeline upstream of Distribution.		
Upstream Pipeline	(1) An interstate pipeline or intrastate pipeline to which Distribution is		
	physically connected and from which Distribution may take deliveries of		
	gas or (2) The pipeline delivering natural gas to a downstream pipeline at an interconnection point along the transportation path to the consumer.		
Voluntary Switch			
Voluntary Switch	A process or situation where a customer's energy Supplier is changed from one provider to another with the customer's direct authorization.		
Website	Site on internet worldwide web established and maintained by Distribution		
Sobiet	for transacting business.		
Weighted Average Cost of	The weighted average unit cost of a supply of natural gas; WACOG is		
Gas (WACOG)	calculated as the total cost of all natural gas purchased during a base		
, ,	period divided by either the total quantity purchased (unit of production)		
	or the system throughput (unit of sales) during the same period.		
Weighted Average Cost of	The weighted average cost of capacity, in terms of reservation cost, for		
Capacity (WACOC)	upstream pipeline capacity released as a part of Distribution's MUTC		
	Release Program.		
Wellhead Price	The price received by the producer for sales at the well.		
Zero Pool	For imbalance resolution purposes, a pool set up to handle all the		
	imbalances for which an Imbalance Holder is responsible. The Zero Pool		
	is also used for imbalance trading and for billing purposes, to handle cash		
	out amounts.		

FILE FORMATS

Electronic Exchange of Daily Delivery Quantity Data

ADDQ information (in PDF format) can be obtained through TSS each morning after 8:45 AM by executing the TSS shortcuts EADDQ (for aggregation market pools) or EEDDQ (for SC-16 market pools).

Additionally, ADDQ information is available in the standard file format for electronic exchange of daily delivery quantity data between LDCs and Marketers approved in the Commission's Opinion and Order on Implementation of Electronic Data Interchange (Opinion No. 00-05), issued April 12, 2000. As a general description, this is a flat ASCII file in comma separated value (.CSV) format. The first row of the file is comprised of the standard field names or standard abbreviations for the data elements in the order in which the corresponding data is to appear in all subsequent rows. The CSV ADDQ flat file contains one row of data per pool. Should a Marketer operate several pools, one row of data is provided per pool. In the case of non-aggregation transportation pools, one row of data is provided per Contract Account Number.

Distribution's implementation has the following file layout:

Field Name	Abbreviation
Transaction ID	Tran ID
System Date	Sys Date
Utility DUNS	TSP
Marketer DUNS	Svc Req
Transaction Type	TT
Unit of Measure For Energy	Units
ADDQ for Month/Year	Acct Per
Pool ID	Svc Req K
Account Number	Dn K
ADDQ for Day 1	A1
ADDQ for Day 2	A2
ADDQ for Day 3	A3
ADDQ for Day 31	A31
Contact Name	Contact Name
Contact Phone	Contact Phone

To obtain a file in this format, TSS shortcuts EADDQF (for aggregation market pools) or EEDDQF (for MMT or DMT market pools) should be utilized.

RULES & PROCEDURES

Affiliate Rules

NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION

Affiliate Rules

1.0 Affiliate Relations – In General

- 1.1 National Fuel Gas Distribution Company ("NFGD") and National Fuel Gas Company's ("NFG")⁵ other subsidiaries will be operated as separate entities.
- 1.2 Any transfer of assets or the provision of goods or services, other than tariffed services and corporate governance, administrative, legal and accounting services by NFGD to an unregulated subsidiary or an unregulated subsidiary to NFGD, will be pursuant to regulations of the Securities Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Public Service Commission of New York ("PSC").
- 1.3 Cost allocation guidelines if amended and/or supplemented will be filed with the Director of the Office of Accounting and Finance of the Department of Public Service 30 days prior to becoming effective.
- 1.4 All cost allocations will be subject to review during rate proceedings.

2.0 Non-Discriminatory Application of Tariffed Services

- 2.1 NFGD shall apply its tariffs in a nondiscriminatory manner.
- 2.2 NFGD shall not apply a tariff provision in any manner that would give its affiliates an unreasonable preference over other parties with regard to matters such as scheduling, balancing, transportation, storage, curtailment, capacity release and assignment, or non-delivery, and all other services provided to its affiliates.
- 2.3 Tariff provisions cannot be waived by NFGD absent prior approval of the PSC.

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NFG holding company is registered as a holding company under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935.

- 2.4 If a tariff provision is not mandatory or permits discretionary waivers, NFGD shall grant the waivers without preference to its affiliates. NFGD shall apply the provisions of its Gas Transportation Operating Procedures Manual without preference to its affiliates.
- 2.5 NFGD shall process requests for distribution services promptly and in a nondiscriminatory fashion with respect to other requests received in the same or a similar period.
- 2.6 If NFGD provides a distribution service discount, fee waiver or rebate to customers of its affiliated marketer, NFGD shall offer the same distribution service discount, fee waiver or rebate to other similarly situated parties. Offers shall not be tied to any unrelated service, incentive or offer on behalf of either the natural gas distribution company or its affiliates.

3.0 Personnel

- 3.1 Unregulated affiliates will have separate operating employees.
- 3.2 Non-administrative operating officers of NFGD will not be operating officers of any of the unregulated subsidiaries.
- 3.3 Officers of NFG may be officers of NFGD.
- 3.4 Employees may be transferred between NFGD and an unregulated affiliate upon mutual agreement. Employees transferred to a marketing affiliate may not be reemployed by NFGD for a minimum of 12 months from the transfer date. Employees returning to NFGD from a marketing affiliate may not be transferred to a marketing affiliate for a minimum of 24 months from the date of return or in the case of a transfer to an unregulated affiliate, for a minimum of 12 months. The foregoing limitations will not apply to employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement.
- 3.5 NFGD will not restrict by any means the employment with marketers of employees of NFGD unless NFGD applies the same restriction to its affiliated marketer(s). NFGD may negotiate restrictive employment conditions in severance agreements with employees under which the employee, as a result of a bargained-for exchange, receives value.

- 3.6 The foregoing provision in no way restricts the loaning of employees from any affiliate to NFGD to respond to an emergency that threatens the safety or reliability of service to consumers. Nor does the foregoing provision restrict the "loaned and borrowed labor" arrangement traditionally maintained between NFGD and National Fuel Gas Supply Corporation ("NFGS") for routine system operational purposes.
- 3.7 The compensation of NFGD employees may not be tied to the performance of any of NFG's unregulated subsidiaries. However, the stock of NFG may be used as an element of compensation and the compensation of common officers of NFG and NFGD may be based upon the operations of NFG and NFGD.
- 3.8 The employees of NFG, NFGD, NFGS and the unregulated affiliates may participate in common pension and benefit plans.

4.0 Goods, Services and Transactions Between NFGD and Affiliates

- 4.1 NFGD shall justly and reasonably allocate to its affiliates the costs or expenses for general administration or support services provided to said entities.
- 4.2 NFGD shall not condition or tie the provision of any product, service or price agreement by it (including release of interstate pipeline capacity) to the provision of any product or service by its affiliates.
- 4.3 NFGD shall not give its affiliates preference over non-affiliated marketers in the provision of goods and services including processing requests for information, complaints and responses to service interruptions. NFGD shall provide comparable treatment in its provision of such goods and services without regard to a customer's chosen marketer.
- 4.4 NFGD and affiliated marketers shall not be located in the same building or share office structures or centralized computer and/or communication networks. The NFG Corporate Website and corporate-governance transactions (such as those performed for financial reporting purposes) are exempt from the restriction pertaining to joint use of centralized computer and/or communications network.

- 4.5 NFGD shall maintain separate books and records from its affiliates. Further transactions between NFGD and its affiliates shall not involve cross-subsidies. Any shared facilities shall be fully and transparently allocated between the distribution company and affiliates. NFGD's accounts and records shall be maintained such that the costs incurred on behalf of an affiliate may be clearly identified.
- 4.6 NFGD may provide other services to affiliates, except that NFGD may not use any of its marketing or sales employees to provide services to NFGS or an affiliated marketer. NFGS and the affiliated marketers shall compensate NFGD for the services of employees performing such services in accordance with the orders, rules and regulations of the SEC governing same.
- 4.7 NFGD's affiliates, including NFGS and any affiliated marketers may provide services to NFGD, subject to any applicable requirements of this PSC, the SEC and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
- 4.8 Common property/casualty and other business insurance policies may cover NFG, NFGD, NFGS, and other affiliates. The costs of such policies shall be allocated among the entities in an equitable manner.
- 4.9 Notwithstanding the above, the Commission's <u>Order on Rehearing</u> in Case 98-G-0122 Proceeding on Motion of the Commission to Review the Bypass Policy Relating to Pricing of Gas for Electric Generation, dated June 29, 2001, and any additional review of that order, continues to control the issues resolved there.

5.0 Customer Information

5.1 Release of proprietary customer information relating to customers within NFGD's service territory shall be subject to the Uniform Business Practices ("UBPs") and, if required, prior authorization by the customer and subject to the customer's direction regarding the person(s) to whom the information may be released. If a customer authorizes the release of information to an affiliate and one or more of the affiliate's competitors, NFGD shall make that information available to the affiliate and such competitors on an equal and contemporaneous basis.

- 5.2 NFGD will not disclose to marketing or pipeline affiliates any customer or marketer information that it receives from a marketer, non-affiliated pipeline or gatherer, customer, or potential customer, which is not available from sources other than NFGD. Excluded from this restriction is operational information supplied to a pipeline affiliate necessary to implement changes in system operations.
- 5.3 Subject to customer privacy or confidentiality constraints, NFGD shall not disclose, directly or indirectly, any customer proprietary information to its affiliate unless authorized by the customer or the UBPs.
- 5.4 Distribution shall not disclose to its affiliates including marketing affiliates any information relating to the availability of transportation services that it does not disclose to all marketers at the same time. Excluded from this restriction is operational information supplied to a pipeline affiliate necessary to conduct day-to-day and long term system operations.

6.0 Customer Communications

- 6.1 NFGD shall not directly or by implication, represent to any customer, natural gas supplier or third party that an advantage may accrue to any party through use of NFGD's affiliates, such as:
 - a. That the PSC regulated services provided by NFGD are of a superior quality when such services are purchased from its affiliated marketer; or
 - b. That the commodity services (for natural gas) are being provided by NFGD when they are in fact being provided by an affiliated marketer;
 - c. That the natural gas purchased from a non-affiliated marketer may not be reliably delivered;
 - d. That natural gas must be purchased from an affiliated marketer in order to receive the PSC regulated services.
- On a one-time basis NFGD shall disclose to all of its affiliated marketer's customers the distinction between the LDC and its marketing affiliate. NFGD will disclose the same information to new customers of its marketing affiliate in the anti-slamming letter required by the UBPs. Proposed disclosure language shall be distributed to the marketer signatories to this agreement and shall be subject to their approval.

7.0 Standards of Competitive Conduct

The following standards of competitive conduct shall govern NFGD's relationship with any energy supply and energy service affiliates:

- 7.1 There are no restrictions on affiliates using the same name, trade names, trademarks, service name, service mark or a derivative of a name, of NFG or NFGD, or in identifying itself as being affiliated with NFG or NFGD. However, NFGD will not provide sales leads for customers in its service territory to any affiliate and will refrain from giving any appearance that NFGD speaks on behalf of an affiliate or that an affiliate speaks on behalf of NFGD. If a customer requests information about securing any service or product offered within the service territory by an affiliate, NFGD may provide a list of all companies known to NFGD operating in the service territory who provide the service or product, which may include an affiliate, but NFGD will not promote its affiliate.
- 7.2 NFGD will not represent to any entity that an advantage may accrue to anyone in the use of NFGD's services as a result of that customer, supplier or third party dealing with any affiliate. This standard does not prohibit two or more of the unregulated subsidiaries from lawfully packaging their services.
- 7.3 All similarly situated customers, including but not limited to energy services companies and customers of energy service companies, whether affiliated or unaffiliated, will pay the same rates for NFGD's utility services. NFGD shall apply any tariff provision in the same manner if there is discretion in the application of the provision.

8.0 Enforcement of Standards

- 8.1 If any competitor or customer of NFGD believes that NFGD has violated the standards of conduct established in this section of the agreement, such competitor or customer may file a complaint in writing with NFGD. NFGD will respond to the complaint in writing within 20 business days after receipt of the complaint. Within 15 business days after the filing of such response, NFGD and the complaining party will meet in an attempt to resolve the matter informally. If NFGD and the complaining party are not able to resolve the matter informally, the matter will be subject to the Dispute Resolution Procedures in accordance with the UBPs.
- 8.2 Nothing in this section prevents the PSC from taking action to enforce its statutory obligations.

Interconnection Rules and Procedures

Rules

- 1. The interconnection applicant is responsible for all reasonable incremental costs.
- 2. The Company shall not unreasonably restrict, constrain or deny application for or operation of an interconnection if the applicant meets the rules for such service. Provided, however, that the operation of interconnections may be restricted or constrained by the Company in furtherance of and to the extent of the Company's obligations and requirements to manage system flows, dispatching and reliability needs. The Company shall not provide any advantages, services, or competitive information to an affiliate or other entity that is not provided contemporaneously and in a similar manner to others similarly situated.
- 3. Interconnection procedures may distinguish among interconnections with producers, interstate pipelines, and intrastate pipelines and gatherers to the extent such distinctions are technically or operationally justified.
- 4. The tariff shall provide that the Company will respond within 30 days of any application for an interconnection point and the response will either accept the request or will describe modifications required to accept the application.
- 5. General technical, operational and engineering specifications are to be provided in the Procedures Manual within 30 days of the Commission's approval of the Joint Proposal. More detailed requirements unique to the application may be set forth in the Interconnection Agreement.
- 6. Any party may complain to the Commission for resolution of a problem under these rules. Any party may also raise concerns in confidence to the Department of Public Service ("Department") but the nature of those concerns may be disclosed to Distribution at the Department's discretion. The Interconnection Agreement and these rules are subject to modification by the Commission upon notice as provided by law. The parties agree that Distribution maintains all of its rights under federal and state constitutional, statutory and case law.

Interconnection Procedures

- 1. The applicant will submit the application for interconnection service. The application must at a minimum describe gas flows on the interconnecting system.
- 2. The applicant must agree to some form of creditworthiness to the extent appropriate for the service being provided.

- 3. Distribution will provide a written response to the applicant within 30 days of receipt of an application. The response will provide an estimate of the cost of the work requested and the time of completion or, if necessary, request more information concerning the request. The Company's response will contain an estimated completion date. If the Company determines that it cannot meet the estimated completion date, it shall notify the applicant and provide an explanation together with a new estimate of the completion date.
- 4. The Interconnection Agreement will be executed by the parties before the Company orders equipment and work is commenced.
- 5. If requested by the applicant, the Company will schedule field meetings within 60 days of receipt of the fully completed application, unless field information is needed to complete the application.
- 6. Payment will be submitted to Distribution before construction commences.
- 7. Upon completion of the interconnection, gas will be accepted to flow if it meets the standards for service requested.

STANDARD-FORM AGREEMENTS

Pipeline/Gatherer Interconnection Agreement

INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

THIS INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is made and entered into this, 20, by and between, hereinafter, "Operator,"		
and		
NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION, 6363 Main Street, Williamsville, New York, 14221, hereinafter, "NFGDC."		
WITNESSETH		
WHEREAS, NFGDC is a public utility authorized to purchase and transport natural gas and to provide retail natural gas service subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Utility Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the New York Public Service Commission; and		
WHEREAS, by means of facilities operated by it, Operator proposes to deliver into facilities owned and operated by NFGDC natural gas; and		
NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants and agreements hereinafter contained, NFGDC and Operator agree as follows:		
ARTICLE I.		
<u>DEFINITIONS</u>		
(A) "Receipt Point" means the point of interconnection between Operator's facilities and the facilities of NFGDC located immediately upstream of NFGDC's measurement facility which is used to identify such point of interconnection in Exhibit A.		
(B) "Exhibit A" means the document entitled "Exhibit A" which is attached hereto (and by such attachment, made a part hereof), as said document may be amended or supplemented, from time to time.		
(C) "Btu" means the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of one (1)		

pound of water from fifty-eight degrees Fahrenheit (58° F) to fifty-nine degrees

Fahrenheit (59° F).

- (D) "Cubic Foot" means the volume of gas contained in one (1) cubic foot of space at a standard pressure of fourteen and seventy-three hundredths (14.73) pounds per square inch absolute and a standard temperature of sixty degrees Fahrenheit (60° F), under standard gravitational force.
- (E) "Mcf" means one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of gas, determined on the measurement basis set forth in this Agreement.
- (F) "Day" means the twenty-four (24) hour period commencing at ten o'clock a.m., Eastern Time (10:00 a.m.) on one calendar day and ending at 10:00 a.m., Eastern Time on the following calendar day.
- (G) "Month" means the period commencing at ten o'clock a.m., Eastern Time (10:00 a.m.) on the first day of a calendar month and ending at 10:00 a.m., Eastern Time on the first day of the next calendar month, or as otherwise established by the Gas Industry Standards Board ("GISB").
- (H) "Operator's Gas" means the natural gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities at any given time at any given Receipt Point.
- (I) "Written Notice" means notice by written correspondence, facsimile transmission, e-mail, or other reliable electronic means.

ARTICLE II.

DELIVERY OF GAS INTO NFGDC'S FACILITIES

(A) Any interconnection with NFGDC's system shall be made consistent with the policies described in the "National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation Meter Station Installation Policy" (the "Policy"). NFGDC shall incorporate the Policy into the Gas Transportation Operating Procedures Manual ("GTOP") filed with the New York State Public Service Commission and applicable to operations in New York State. In addition, this Agreement is subject to NFGDC's Interconnection Rules & Procedures as set forth in a certain Joint Proposal, at Appendix F, filed by NFGDC with the Public Service Commission of the State of New York on January 23, 2002. In the event NFGDC proposes changes to the Interconnection Rules & Procedures, NFGDC shall send such proposed changes to Operator in electronic format at least thirty (30) days prior to the effective date of such changes. In the event Operator has an objection to any such change proposed by NFGDC, Operator shall, no later than twenty (20) days after receipt of such proposed changes, raise such objection with the Public Service Commission of the State of New York (with respect to an Agreement governing interconnection in New York State) or the Public Utility Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (with respect to an Agreement governing interconnection in Pennsylvania) in accordance with the provisions of Article XII, Paragraph G.

- (B) Operator shall not deliver (or permit the delivery of) any quantity of gas into any facility owned or operated by NFGDC other than at the Receipt Point(s) identified on Exhibit A (the "Exhibit A Receipt Point(s)"). No Receipt Point shall be deemed to have been added to Exhibit A, and Exhibit A shall not be deemed to have been otherwise amended or supplemented, unless and until such amendment or supplement of Exhibit A shall be evidenced by a writing executed by Operator and NFGDC.
- (C) Operator shall deliver gas at a pressure sufficient to enable such gas to enter NFGDC's facilities against the pressure prevailing therein from time to time, provided, however, that Operator shall not deliver gas at any Receipt Point at a pressure in excess of the maximum operating pressure reasonably designated by NFGDC and posted by NFGDC on its web site.
- (D) Operator shall not install or operate (or permit any other entity to install or operate) compression facilities in order to deliver gas into any NFGDC facility ("NFGDC-Related Compression Operations") without providing fourteen (14) days written notice to NFGDC.
- (E) Operator warrants that all NFGDC-Related Compression Operations shall be conducted in a manner (i) so as to prevent the pulsations therefrom from interfering with NFGDC's measurement at any Receipt Point, and (ii) so that compressed gas will be delivered to NFGDC at a temperature not exceeding one hundred twenty degrees Fahrenheit (120° F).
- (F) Operator shall give NFGDC written notice at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the commencement of (and any material change in) NFGDC-Related Compression Operations.
- (G) Operator shall give NFGDC written notice prior to any material change in the maintenance routine applicable to any compressor used in NFGDC-Related Compression Operations.
- (H) In the event that the installation, operation and/or maintenance of any compressor used in NFGDC-Related Compression Operations requires (in NFGDC's reasonable judgment) modification(s) to any facility owned or operated by NFGDC, the cost of such modification(s) shall be borne by Operator. Upon notice from Operator that Operator plans to install or modify NFGDC-Related Compression Operations, NFGDC shall meet with Operator to discuss the need for modification(s) of any facility owned or operated by NFGDC resulting from the proposed NFGDC-Related Compression Operations. If such modification(s) are found to be necessary by NFGDC, then NFGDC shall advise Operator in a timely manner of the estimated costs of such modification(s) and the anticipated time to complete such modification(s). Notwithstanding NFGDC's efforts to provide such notice to Operator, Operator shall remain solely responsible for costs incurred by NFGDC from planned modification(s) and/or unforeseen modification(s) of NFGDC owned and operated facilities as contemplated hereunder.

- (I) Operator shall, at its own cost and expense, (i) obtain, provide NFGDC with, and maintain any easement(s) or other land interest(s) which, in NFGDC's judgment as to type and extent, are reasonably necessary for the installation, operation and maintenance of NFGDC's receipt and related measurement facilities; and (ii) provide NFGDC with a copy of the recorded instruments evidencing the same.
- (J) Measurement and other equipment shall be owned by the party indicated in the Table attached as Exhibit B, except as otherwise agreed to in writing by the parties and be installed, at Operator's expense, at each Exhibit A Receipt Point facility, which, in NFGDC's reasonable judgment, may be necessary to accommodate the deliveries of gas received and projected to be received by it at the Receipt Points (the "Receipt Facilities"). The normal operation, calibration, maintenance, adjustment and repair of the measurement equipment and other equipment shall be performed by the owner of such equipment indicated in the Table attached as Exhibit B, except as otherwise agreed to in writing by the parties. Modifications to Receipt Facilities resulting from changes in Operator's operations shall be performed at Operator's cost and expense. The Receipt Facilities shall be operated in accordance with the applicable specifications of the Gas Measurement Committee of the Natural Gas Department of the American Gas Association, as amended from time to time, or in accordance with any other mutually agreeable standard commonly accepted in the industry.
- (K) Nothing shall prevent NFGDC from seeking approval from the appropriate regulatory authority of a Receipt Facility Maintenance Fee(s) which shall be applicable, from time to time, pursuant to the provisions of NFGDC's Tariff. In this connection, Operator agrees that NFGDC shall have the right to file with any regulatory authority having jurisdiction, and to make effective, (i) initial and revised rates and charges applicable to NFGDC's operations hereunder, (ii) changes in any provision of the General Terms and Conditions of NFGDC's Tariff applicable to NFGDC's operations hereunder, and (iii) the terms and conditions of this Agreement (hereinafter, collectively, the "Receipt Parameters"). NFGDC agrees that Operator may protest or contest any such filing and/or may seek from any duly constituted regulatory authority having jurisdiction such revision of any one or more of the Receipt Parameters as may be necessary or appropriate to cause the same to be, in all respects, just and reasonable.
- (L) Operator shall, at its own cost and expense, provide, operate and maintain in safe and efficient operating condition such regulators, relief valves, and other equipment as may be necessary in NFGDC's reasonable judgment to avoid excessive pressures (and the risk of such pressures) in facilities owned and operated by NFGDC or its customers.
 - (M) Operator acknowledges that:
 - (1) The Receipt Points identified in Exhibit A are located on NFGDC's gas distribution facilities;
 - (2) NFGDC must, at all times, be in a position to operate, maintain, enhance, and/or replace any one or more of its facilities in such a

manner, at such times, and under such circumstances as will enable it to furnish and provide facilities and service which are safe and adequate and in all respects just and reasonable;

- (3) The maximum operating pressure applicable to Operator's delivery of gas into NFGDC's facilities may vary from time to time in order to enable NFGDC to satisfy its public service obligations, and such pressures shall be posted on NFGDC's web site. In the event NFGDC proposes changes to the maximum operating pressures posted on its web site, NFGDC shall send notice of such proposed changes to Operator in electronic format at least thirty (30) days prior to the effective date of such changes, provided however, that NFGDC shall be entitled to change such operating pressures on shorter notice, or without prior notice, to Operator as reasonably required for NFGDC to satisfy its public service obligations, provided that if NFGDC changes the maximum operating pressure without prior notice to Operator, it shall provide notice to Operator as soon as reasonably possible after such change. In those situations where NFGDC changes the maximum operating pressure on notice shorter than thirty (30) days, and upon request of Operator, NFGDC shall provide Operator with an explanation of the reason for the change in the maximum operating pressure, to the best of NFGDC's knowledge;
- (4) In furtherance of its public service obligations, NFGDC reserves its right to restrict and/or completely stop Operator's deliveries at any one or more Receipt Points insofar as reasonably necessary.

ARTICLE III.

MEASUREMENT

- (A) The unit of volume for purposes of measurement of the gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities at the respective Exhibit A Receipt Points shall be Mcf.
- (B) For purposes of measurement and meter calibration, the atmospheric pressure shall be deemed to be constant at fourteen and four-tenths (14.4) pounds per square inch absolute.
- (C) Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, temperature compensation measurement equipment shall be utilized by NFGDC.
- (D) The total heating value of the gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities at the respective Exhibit A Receipt Points shall be determined by tests of samples of gas collected at said Receipt Points. The unit of measurement of heating value shall be Btu, as measured through chromatographic analysis, by a calorimeter, or by any other acceptable industry

method for establishing heating value, and determined on an anhydrous (dry) basis, at sixty degrees Fahrenheit (60° F), at a standard pressure of fourteen and seventy-three hundredths (14.73) pounds per square inch absolute. For all Receipt Points under this Agreement, NFGDC shall perform, at its expense, Btu determinations at least once annually to assess compliance with the provisions of Article IV, Paragraph A(8). Btu determinations that are made by NFGDC at Operator's request shall be made by NFGDC at Operator's cost and expense. It shall be Operator's responsibility to provide such Btu determinations to shippers on its system for purposes of delivering appropriate volumes to Exhibit A Receipt Points. NFGDC will apply Btu determinations in the same fashion as it does with respect to similarly situated regulated entities (i.e., for accounting purposes, NFGDC shall use a two (2) month lag in the application of Btu values to account for Operator's deliveries at said Receipt Point(s)).

- (E) At Operator's request, NFGDC's test of the accuracy of any meter or other measurement equipment owned and used by NFGDC to measure volumes of gas delivered into its facilities shall be arranged and conducted, insofar as reasonably practicable, so as to permit representatives of Operator to be present. In those instances where Operator has not made a specific request to be present during such meter accuracy tests, NFGDC shall endeavor to contact Operator telephonically in advance of such meter accuracy tests so that Operator may be present during such test. Notwithstanding the above, for Receipt Points flowing an anticipated average daily volume greater than One Thousand (1000) DTH based on a rolling twelve (12) month average, NFGDC shall, at its expense, test the accuracy of said meters on a quarterly basis. For all other Receipt Points under this Agreement, NFGDC shall, at its expense, test the accuracy of said meters at least annually. If, upon any such test (whether conducted at Operator's request or upon NFGDC's own initiative) any such meter or measurement equipment shall be found to be inaccurate, NFGDC shall adjust the same as soon as practicable to read correctly; and
 - (1) If such inaccuracy is less than two percent (2%), the previous readings shall be deemed correct, and, in the event such test was conducted at Operator's request, Operator shall bear all costs of such test;
 - (2) If such inaccuracy is two percent (2%) or more, the previous readings shall be corrected to zero (0) error for the period of time during which such meter or other measurement equipment is known or agreed to have been inaccurate. If the length of such period of inaccuracy is not known or agreed upon, such correction shall be made for a period equal to one-half (½) of the time which has elapsed since the date of the last calibration;
 - (3) If any such meter or other measurement equipment is out of service, or inaccurate by two percent (2%) or more, under circumstances where the correction of previous readings of such equipment to "zero (0) error" is not feasible, then the volume of gas delivered during the period shall be estimated (a) by using data recorded by any check-measuring equipment, if installed and registering accurately, or (b) if such check-measuring equipment is not installed or registering inaccurately, by correcting the error if the percentage of error is

ascertainable by calibration, test or mathematical calculation, or (c) if neither such method is feasible, by estimating the quantity delivered based upon deliveries under similar conditions during a period when equipment was registering accurately.

This Paragraph E shall also apply to those meters owned by Operator, as indicated in Exhibit B hereto, provided that Operator shall assume the duties of NFGDC and NFGDC shall enjoy the rights of Operator as set forth earlier in this Paragraph E with respect to such meters owned by Operator.

ARTICLE IV.

GAS QUALITY

- (A) Operator understands and acknowledges that NFGDC will not continuously monitor, test, or otherwise inspect Operator's Gas prior to the delivery thereof into NFGDC's facilities. Operator further acknowledges that, irrespective of the contractual disposition of Operator's Gas, all such gas is commingled with, and becomes an inseparable part of, the gas supply used by NFGDC to satisfy its obligations to its retail and transportation customers. Accordingly, Operator expressly warrants and represents that (i) Operator's Gas shall, in all respects and at all times, consist solely of gas which is merchantable, and (ii) without limitation of the generality of the foregoing, Operator's Gas shall at all times, and in all respects, meet at least the following minimum quality specifications:
 - (1) Operator's Gas shall be entirely free of dust, objectionable odors, and, subject to the provisions of Article IV(A)(3), all other gaseous and solid matter which might damage or interfere with the proper operation of the pipelines, regulators, meters or other equipment and apparatus through which it flows or in which it is used;
 - (2) Operator's Gas shall be entirely free of all hydrocarbon liquids and other material in liquid form, including, without limitation, water, glycol, brines, condensate and oil;
 - (3) All gas delivered by Operator to NFGDC hereunder into NFGDC's facilities through any Receipt Point listed on the attached Exhibit A shall be dehydrated by Operator for removal of water present therein in a vapor state to a level determined acceptable by NFGDC ("Acceptable Level"), at its sole discretion, from time to time, provided such level is not arbitrary as to Operator when compared to other third party gas entering NFGDC's facilities. In no event shall the Acceptable Level, as determined by NFGDC, be required to be less than seven (7) pounds of water vapor (H₂O) per million cubic feet. NFGDC shall provide Operator with a chart designating the Acceptable Level for each

respective Receipt Point. NFGDC shall also provide Operator with thirty (30) days' notice of any change in an Acceptable Level;

- (4) Operator's Gas shall contain not more than twenty (20) grains of total sulfur (S), nor more than three-tenths (0.3) grain of hydrogen sulfide (H₂S) per one hundred (100) cubic feet;
- (5) Operator's Gas shall contain not more than two-tenths of one percent (0.02 of 1%) by volume of oxygen (O₂);
- (6) Operator's Gas shall contain not more than five percent (5%) by volume of a combined total of carbon dioxide (CO₂) and nitrogen (N₂) components; provided, however, (i) that the total carbon dioxide (CO₂) content of Operator's Gas shall not exceed two percent (2%) by volume, and, (ii) that Operator's Gas shall be entirely free of NOx compounds;
- (7) Operator's Gas shall have a temperature of not more than one hundred twenty degrees Fahrenheit (120° F); and
- (8) Operator's Gas shall have a total heat content of not less than nine hundred sixty seven (967) Btu per cubic foot, and not more than eleven hundred (1,100) Btu per cubic foot (determined on the measurement basis set forth in this Agreement), provided, however, that NFGDC shall have the option (but never the obligation) to accept Operator's Gas having a heat content outside of said range, when in NFGDC's sole judgment, such different heat content does not prevent such gas from being merchantable and fit for use in NFGDC's retail markets.
- (B) Operator shall make every reasonable effort to keep Operator's Gas entirely free of oxygen (O_2) .
- (C) Operator shall furnish, install, operate, maintain and keep in efficient and safe operating condition, at Operator's sole cost and expense, such drips, separators, dehydrators, alcohol bottles, gas cleaners, treatment facilities, and any other devices or equipment as may be or become reasonably necessary to effect compliance with the quality specifications set forth in this Article.
- (D) In addition to any other remedy which may be available to NFGDC hereunder, or under any provision of law, in respect of Operator's undertakings expressed in this Article, NFGDC shall have and be entitled to exercise any one or more of the following rights, options and remedies, on a non-exclusive basis, in the event of any breach by Operator of any one or more of said undertakings, to wit:

- (1) Upon notice to Operator, treat or process Operator's Gas, at Operator's sole cost and expense, insofar as reasonably necessary in NFGDC's judgment to cause the same to conform to the quality specifications set forth in this Article, provided that said notice shall include NFGDC's anticipated cost to treat or process said gas;
- (2) Continue to receive Operator's Gas, with or without treatment or processing thereof;
- (3) Discontinue receiving Operator's Gas at the affected Receipt Point(s) until the occasion(s) for the exercise of a remedy by NFGDC has, in NFGDC's reasonable judgment, been corrected;
- (4) Terminate this Agreement as respects the delivery of Operator's Gas into NFGDC's facilities at the affected Receipt Point(s) in the event that, in NFGDC's reasonable judgment, the occasion for NFGDC's exercise of a remedy cannot be corrected at a reasonable cost in a reasonable time. NFGDC shall not terminate this Agreement pursuant to this provision unless Operator has failed to cure any breach of this Agreement within thirty (30) days following written notice of such breach by NFGDC; and
- (5) Clean-up and/or repair, at Operator's sole cost and expense, all facilities, equipment and apparatus affected by the occasion for NFGDC's exercise of a remedy.

ARTICLE V.

CHART CHANGES AND INDEX READINGS

- (A) Operator shall, at its own cost and expense, (i) change the charts on each orifice meter associated with the Exhibit A Receipt Points (the "Charts"), on the first (1st) working day of each month, (ii) mail the removed Charts to NFGDC on or before the fifth (5th) working day of each month, (iii) change the Charts regularly, once each seven (7) day period following said first (1st) working day, and (iv) mail these removed Charts to NFGDC within three (3) working days of each such Chart change.
- (B) Insofar as applicable, Operator shall, at its own cost and expense, read each displacement meter associated with any Exhibit A Receipt Point on the first (1st) working day of each month and shall mail all such index information to NFGDC on or before the fifth (5th) working day of each month.
- (C) All Charts and all index information shall be addressed to "NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION, GAS MEASUREMENT DEPARTMENT, 717 STATE STREET SUITE 700, ERIE, PENNSYLVANIA, 16501.

(D) Operator understands that NFGDC is not able to account for and/or allocate Operator's Gas without using the Chart or index information (as the case may be) referred to in this Article. Accordingly, given (i) the incremental expense and other costs which will be incurred by NFGDC in the event of its tardy receipt of the Chart or index information referred to in this Article; (ii) the difficulty of quantifying such costs and expenses, and (iii) the inconvenience and practical infeasibility of otherwise providing an adequate remedy in respect of Operator's breach of its undertakings expressed in this Article, it is agreed as follows:

In the event that either of the following conditions are met, to wit: (i) Operator shall fail to mail any Chart or index information as stipulated in this Article, or (ii) NFGDC shall fail to receive said Chart or index information on or before the fifth (5th) working day following the mailing date stipulated in this Article, then NFGDC shall be relieved of any obligation to account for any of the production in a timely manner, but NFGDC will endeavor to account for such production in the next accounting cycle. This provision shall not apply if the measurement of gas does not require said Chart or index information.

ARTICLE VI.

TERM

- (A) This Agreement shall have no force or effect unless and until it shall have been executed by each of the parties identified on the first page hereof (the "Effective Date").
- (B) The term of this Agreement shall extend until the first anniversary of the Effective Date, and, unless otherwise lawfully terminated, this Agreement shall continue in effect month to month thereafter, until the same is terminated by Operator, by written notice to NFGDC, no later than thirty (30) days prior to the termination date. Notwithstanding the above, either party shall be entitled to terminate this Agreement for cause.
- (C) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, and in addition to any other right or remedy available to NFGDC hereunder or under any provision of law, NFGDC shall have the following rights, exercisable at NFGDC's sole option, to wit:
 - (1) Terminate this Agreement and remove all Receipt Facilities owned by NFGDC at the Exhibit A Receipt Points, or suspend or cease receiving Operator's Gas at any one or more of the Exhibit A Receipt Points, upon thirty (30) days' prior written notice to Operator, in the event that Operator should (i) for any reason experience a loss or cancellation of the security required to be provided by Operator pursuant to Article X hereof, or (ii) for any reason unrelated to NFGDC's inability or

unwillingness to receive Operator's Gas at one or more of the Exhibit A Receipt Points, deliver through each of the affected Exhibit A Receipt Points a volume of less than three hundred (300) Mcf during any period of three hundred sixty five (365) consecutive calendar days following the Effective Date; and

(2) Terminate this Agreement as to the affected Receipt Point(s) and remove all Receipt Facilities owned by NFGDC at the affected Receipt Point(s), or suspend or cease receiving Operator's Gas at any affected Receipt Point(s), upon thirty (30) days' prior written notice to Operator, in the event that Operator should repeatedly violate, in NFGDC's opinion, the standards contained in Article IV. For purposes of this Section, the term "repeatedly violate" shall mean six (6) or more violations in any given two (2) year period, each of which violation Operator fails to cure within thirty (30) days of notice by NFGDC. Notwithstanding the above, NFGDC shall be fully entitled to discontinue receiving Operator's gas at any affected Receipt Point(s) in the event of a violation by Operator, in accordance with the provisions of Article IV, Paragraph(D)(3).

ARTICLE VII.

GOVERNMENTAL REGULATION

- (A) This Agreement and the respective obligations of the parties hereunder shall be subject to all valid applicable federal, state and local laws, orders, rules and regulations, whether in effect on the date hereof, or becoming effective thereafter. The parties shall be entitled to regard all laws, orders, rules and regulations issued by any federal, state or local regulatory or governmental body as valid and may act in accordance therewith until such time as same shall have been invalidated by final judgment (no longer subject to judicial review) of a court of competent jurisdiction. Neither party shall be held in default for failure to perform hereunder if such failure is due to compliance with laws, orders, rules or regulations of any such duly constituted authorities. Nothing contained herein, however, shall be construed as affecting any party's right(s) to contest the validity or applicability of any such law, order, rule or regulation.
- (B) It is agreed that each party, and their respective obligations under this Agreement are, or in the future may become, subject to the continuing jurisdiction of various regulatory authorities, and that this Agreement may be modified by the rules, regulations, orders or directives of such authorities. In the event any such regulatory authority issues a rule, regulation, order or directive modifying or requiring modification of this Agreement, this Agreement will become effective as modified, unless either party objects to such modification and elects to terminate this Agreement by providing written notice to the other party within thirty (30) days of such regulatory authority's action. In the event of such a termination, this Agreement shall be null and void.

ARTICLE VIII.

FORCE MAJEURE

- (A) In the event either NFGDC or Operator is rendered unable, in whole or in part, by <u>force majeure</u> to carry out their respective obligations under this Agreement, other than to make payments due hereunder or to maintain minimum gas quality specifications, it is agreed that the obligations of the party claiming such inability to perform, so far as they are affected by such <u>force majeure</u>, shall be suspended from the inception of and during the continuance of such inability so caused but for no longer period; provided that the party claiming such inability gives notice and reasonably full particulars of such <u>force majeure</u> event relied upon; and provided further that the party claiming such inability shall promptly and diligently take such action as may be necessary and reasonably practicable to correct, or cause to be corrected, such inability.
- (B) The term "force majeure" as employed herein shall mean, without limitation, acts of God, governmental action or regulation, strikes, lockouts or other industrial disturbances, acts of the public enemy, wars, blockades, insurrections, riots, epidemics, landslides, lightning, earthquakes, fires, hurricanes, tornadoes, storms, storm warnings, floods, washouts, arrests and restraints of governments and people, civil disturbances, explosions, breakage or accidents to machinery or pipelines, the necessity for making repairs to or alterations of machinery or pipelines, freezing of pipelines, and any other causes, whether of the kind herein enumerated or otherwise, not under or within the control of the party claiming inability to perform and which, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, such party is unable to prevent or overcome.
- (C) The settlement of strikes, lockouts or any such labor disputes shall be entirely within the discretion of the party having the difficulty, and the above requirement that any force majeure event shall be remedied promptly and diligently shall not require the settlement of strikes, lockouts or other labor disputes by acceding to the demands of any opposing party when such course is inadvisable in the discretion of the party having the difficulty.

ARTICLE IX.

NOTICE

(A) All notices required by the following sections:

Article II, Paragraph A

Article II, Paragraph C

Article II, Paragraph M(3)

Article III, Paragraph (E)

shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of such sections. Any other notice, request, statement, bill or invoice provided for in this Agreement shall be in writing, unless otherwise provided herein, and shall be sent by prepaid mail, facsimile, or by overnight delivery, addressed to the party to whom given, at such party's address stated below, or at such other address as such party may in and by such notice direct hereafter, provided however that any notice of default, breach or termination of this Agreement by either party shall be sent by certified mail, addressed to the party to whom given, at such party's address stated below. Facsimile notices, requests, statements, bills or invoices shall be deemed given only when facsimile receipt is confirmed.

Notice shall be sent:

(1) To NFGDC:

National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation Gas Measurement Department 717 State Street – Suite 700 Erie, PA 16501

24-Hour Telephone: (800) 444-3130 Emergencies Only

Facsimile: (814) 871-8672

(2) To Operator:

(B) The parties shall provide each other with a current telephone number, facsimile number and address at which the party or the party's representatives may be contacted at all hours. For themselves and their agents, NFGDC and Operator agree to the recording of all telephone conversations during which NFGDC notifies Operator to suspend or cease deliveries into any facility owned or operated by NFGDC.

ARTICLE X.

OPERATOR'S CREDITWORTHINESS

(A) At its option, NFGDC may (i) suspend its receipt of Operator's Gas, or (ii) terminate this Agreement, in the event that Operator is or has become insolvent or fails within a reasonable period, upon NFGDC's request, to demonstrate creditworthiness, or in

the event that Operator incurs a poor credit history with respect to any service provided by NFGDC or as established by a reliable reporting agency.

- (B) With respect to Operator's creditworthiness, subject to NFGDC's approval as to below subsection X(B)(3), any of the following means of security shall be accepted by NFGDC as sufficient security in respect to any remedy afforded NFGDC under this Agreement or any provision of law:
 - (1) A security deposit in the amount of Seventeen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$17,500) or higher, to be held in a non-interest-bearing general account by NFGDC for the term of this Agreement;
 - (2) An irrevocable letter of credit issued by a financial institution acceptable to NFGDC and in a form acceptable to NFGDC with a face amount of Seventeen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$17,500) or higher for the term of this Agreement; or
 - (3) At Operator's option and subject to NFGDC's approval, a copy of the most recent audited financial statements of Operator (or of a guarantor of Operator's performance hereunder) showing a net worth in excess of Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$30,000), or a copy of the most recent unaudited financial statements of Operator (or of a guarantor of Operator's performance hereunder) showing a net worth of at least Forty Thousand Dollars (\$40,000), in which event, Operator shall also provide NFGDC with evidence of its ownership of unencumbered assets valued, in the aggregate, in excess of Seventeen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$17,500) or higher in each state in which Operator conducts any business with NFGDC.
- (C) In connection with Article X, Paragraph B(3), NFGDC reserves the right to require Operator to establish or demonstrate its creditworthiness, from time to time, during the term of this Agreement.

ARTICLE XI.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR GAS

- (A) Nothing in this Agreement shall affect the title to gas tendered by Operator for receipt by NFGDC.
- (B) Operator shall be deemed in exclusive control and possession of gas while on Operator's system until such gas has been delivered to NFGDC at the Receipt Point(s). NFGDC shall be deemed to be in exclusive control and possession of such gas while on NFGDC's system.

- (C) Operator represents that it will have, at the time of delivery of gas to NFGDC, good right to deliver the gas and, provided Operator has good right to deliver said gas, NFGDC represents that it will have, at the time of delivery of gas to NFGDC, good right to receive said gas.
- (D) Except insofar as NFGDC is in breach of its obligations or has an obligation to indemnify and save Operator harmless pursuant to this Article XI, Operator agrees to indemnify NFGDC and save it harmless from all suits, actions, debts, accounts, damages, costs, losses and expenses arising from or out of any adverse claims of any and all persons to said gas and/or to royalties, taxes, license fees, or charges thereon which are applicable for such delivery of gas to NFGDC and to indemnify NFGDC and save it harmless from all taxes or assessments which may be levied or assessed upon such delivery and which are by law payable by and the obligation of the party making such delivery.
- (E) Except insofar as Operator is in breach of its obligations or has an obligation to indemnify and save NFGDC harmless pursuant to this Article XI, NFGDC agrees to indemnify Operator and save it harmless from all suits, actions, debts, accounts, damages, costs, losses and expenses arising from or out of any adverse claims of any and all persons to said gas accepted for receipt by NFGDC and/or to royalties, taxes, license fees, or charges thereon which are applicable for such receipt of gas to NFGDC and to indemnify Operator and save it harmless from all taxes or assessments which may be levied or assessed upon such receipt and which are by law payable by and the obligation of the party receiving such delivery.
- (F) If Operator's right to deliver gas to be accepted by NFGDC is questioned, disputed or involved in any action, Operator shall not qualify for and/or shall be ineligible to continue to receive service hereunder until such time as Operator's right to deliver is free from question; provided, however, NFGDC shall allow Operator to qualify for and/or continue receiving service hereunder if Operator furnishes security satisfactory to NFGDC.

ARTICLE XII.

MISCELLANEOUS

- (A) This document shall <u>not</u> be construed as an agreement running with the land.
- (B) No change, modification or alteration of this Agreement shall be or become effective until executed in writing by the parties hereto, and no course of dealing between the parties shall be construed to alter the terms hereof, except as expressly stated herein.
- (C) No waiver by any party of any one or more defaults by the other in the performance of any provision of this Agreement shall operate or be construed as a waiver of any other default or defaults, whether of a like or of a different character.

- (D) Operator (or its designee) and NFGDC shall respond to requests for confirmations of shipper nominations within the applicable time limits set forth in the GISB standards. Operator acknowledges that NFGDC is under no obligation to schedule unconfirmed nominations.
- (E) Any company which shall succeed by purchase, merger or consolidation of the gas related properties, substantially as an entirety, of NFGDC or of Operator, as the case may be, shall be entitled to the rights and shall be subject to the obligations of its predecessor in title under this Agreement. Either party may, without relieving itself of its obligations under this Agreement, assign any of its rights hereunder to a company with which it is affiliated, but otherwise, no assignment of this Agreement or of any of the rights or obligations hereunder shall be made unless there first shall have been obtained the consent thereto in writing of the other party. Consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- (F) The headings contained in this Agreement are intended solely for convenience and do not constitute any part of the agreement between the parties and shall not be used in any manner in construing this Agreement.

(G) (1) Agreement Governing Interconnection in New York State:

This Agreement shall be construed, enforced and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, excluding, however, any such law which would direct the application of the law of another jurisdiction. The parties (i) submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Western District of New York, and, in the event that such court lacks subject matter jurisdiction, to the New York State Supreme Court, Erie County, and, as respects those matters which are subject to the exclusive or primary jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of the State of New York, to that Commission, and (ii) waive any right or entitlement which they or any of them might otherwise have to cause any dispute arising under this Agreement to be adjudicated, determined or resolved pursuant to the law of any other jurisdiction, or, in or by any other court(s) or tribunal(s). Provided, however, that the parties may bring disputed matters before the Public Service Commission of the State of New York according to dispute resolution procedures under NFGDC's Interconnection Rules & Procedures approved by the Public Service Commission of the State of New York and set forth in a certain Joint Proposal, at Appendix F, filed by NFGDC with the Public Service Commission of the State of New York on January 23, 2002.

(2) Agreement Governing Interconnection in Pennsylvania

This Agreement shall be construed, enforced and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, excluding, however, any such law which would direct the application of the law of another jurisdiction. The parties (i) submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and, in the event that such court lacks subject matter jurisdiction, to the Erie County Court of Common Pleas, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and, as respects those matters which are subject to the exclusive or primary jurisdiction of the Pennsylvania Public Utility

Commission, to that Commission, and (ii) waive any right or entitlement which they or any of them might otherwise have to cause any dispute arising under this Agreement to be adjudicated, determined or resolved pursuant to the law of any other jurisdiction, or, in or by any other court(s) or tribunal(s). Provided, however, that the parties may bring disputed matters before the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission according to that Commission's applicable procedures.

- (H) So that there will be certainty as to the actual agreement between the parties, it is mutually understood and agreed that this Interconnection Agreement and the Exhibit A attached hereto, as the same may be impacted by any applicable provision of NFGDC's Tariff, is intended to constitute the final expression, as well as the complete, exclusive and integrated statement, of the terms of the parties' agreement relative to the interconnection and other transactions described therein.
- (I) No presumption shall operate in favor of or against either party hereto as a result of any responsibility either party may have had for drafting this Agreement.
- (J) This Agreement establishes rights and obligations only as between the parties to this Agreement and only with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement.

and effect unless all of the parties identified the same prior to	eement memorialized thereby shall be without force ntified on the first page of this document shall have, 20, as evidenced by duplicate or e in each party's possession prior to five o'clock p.m.
Operator	NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION
By	By:
Name:	Name:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:

INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

		Between
	NFGDC and	
EXHIBIT A		
Receipt Points(s):		

EXHIBIT B

Table of Equipment Ownership and Responsibilities

<u>Equipment</u>	Installed by	Owned by	Maintained by	Paid by
Meter/Recording instrument	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC
Meter run and valves Regulator	Operator Operator	Operator Operator	Operator Operator	Operator Operator
Drying Equipment Odorizing Equipment	Operator NFGDC	Operator NFGDC	Operator NFGDC	Operator Operator
"Pop-offs"/Relief valves	Operator	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator
Heaters	Operator	Operator	Operator	Operator
Water separator/drips	Operator	Operator	Operator	Operator
Communications facilities	Operator	Operator	Operator	Operator
Telemetrics/Teleflow	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator

Standard-Form Producer Interconnection Agreement

PRODUCER INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

THIS INTERCON	NECTION AGREEMENT (the	"Agreement") is made and entered into this
day	of,	, by and between
		, hereinafter, "Operator,"
		·
	and	

NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION, 6363 Main Street, Williamsville, New York, 14221-5887, hereinafter, "NFGDC."

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, NFGDC is a public utility authorized and obligated to receive and transport natural gas and to provide retail natural gas service subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of the State of New York hereinafter, "NYSPSC"; and

WHEREAS, NFGDC is a public utility authorized and obligated to receive and transport natural gas and to provide retail natural gas service subject to the jurisdiction of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, hereinafter, "PAPUC"; and

WHEREAS, by means of facilities operated by it, Operator proposes to deliver to, and deliver into facilities owned and operated by NFGDC natural gas produced in the State of New York or deliver into facilities owned and operated by NFGDC natural gas produced in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; and

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants and agreements hereinafter contained, NFGDC and Operator agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 "Receipt Point" means the point of interconnection between Operator's facilities and the facilities of NFGDC located immediately upstream of NFGDC's measurement facility which is used to identify such point of interconnection in Exhibit A.
- 1.2 "Exhibit A" means the document entitled "Exhibit A" which is attached hereto (and by such attachment, made a part hereof), as said document may be amended or supplemented, from time to time.
- 1.3 "Btu" or "British Thermal Unit" means, generally, the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of liquid water by 1°F at a constant pressure of one atmosphere and is a measure of heat value (energy content). Btu is calculated in conformance with applicable ANSI/API and A.G.A. recommendations.
- 1.4 "Cubic Foot" means the volume of gas contained in one (1) cubic foot of space at a standard pressure of fourteen and seventy-three hundredths (14.73) pounds per square inch absolute and a standard temperature of sixty degrees Fahrenheit (60° F), under standard gravitational force.
- 1.5 "Mcf" means one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of gas, determined on the measurement basis set forth in this Agreement.

- 1.6 "Meter Location" means the state, New York or Pennsylvania, in which an individual meter on Exhibit A is geographically located.
- 1.7 "NFGDC's Tariff" or "Tariff" means NFGDC's Schedule For Gas Service Applicable In The Entire Territory (PSC No. 9 GAS, as amended from time to time, or any superseding tariff), for gas delivered by Operator in New York or Rates, Rules And Regulations Governing The Furnishing of Natural Gas Service (Gas--Pa. P.U.C. No. 9, as amended from time to time, or any superseding tariff) for gas delivered by Operator in Pennsylvania. Meter Location determines the applicable Tariff.
- 1.8 "Gas Transportation Operating Procedures Manual" or "GTOP" is a document describing operating procedures, protocols and business practices for transportation service, as amended from time to time. The GTOP applicable to gas delivered by Operator in New York is filed with the NYSPSC and the GTOP applicable to gas delivered by Operator in Pennsylvania is filed with the PAPUC. Each GTOP is posted on the NFGDC web site. Meter Location determines the applicable GTOP.
- 1.9 "Day" means the twenty-four (24) hour period commencing at an hour specified in the Tariff of an interstate pipeline delivering gas to NFGDC at a city gate station, or as otherwise specified in NFGDC's GTOP.
- 1.10 "Month" means the period commencing on the first Day of a calendar month and ending immediately prior to the commencement of the first Day of the next calendar month.
- 1.11 "Operator's Gas" means the natural gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities at any given time at any given Receipt Point.
- 1.12 "Commission" means the NYSPSC or PAPUC depending on Meter Location.
- 1.13 "NFGDC Contacts Addendum" means the document so entitled which is attached hereto (and by such attachment, made a part hereof), providing NFGDC contact information pertinent to this Agreement. Said document may be amended or supplemented, from time to time by NFGDC and communicated to Operator through facsimile, e-mail or a posting to the NFGDC website,
- 1.14 "Operator Contacts Addendum" means the document so entitled which is attached hereto (and by such attachment, made a part hereof), providing Operator contact information pertinent to this Agreement. Said document may be amended or supplemented, from time to time by Operator and communicated to NFGDC as provided therein.
- 1.15 "Gas Scheduling" means the administrative function(s) of arranging for Operator's Gas to be delivered for the account of NFGDC transportation customers and/or their suppliers, including nominations, confirmations, pool assignments and related activities.

ARTICLE 2. DELIVERY OF GAS INTO NFGDC FACILITIES

- 2.1 Operator shall not deliver (or permit the delivery of) any gas into any facility owned or operated by NFGDC other than at a Receipt Point identified on Exhibit A at the time of such delivery (the "Exhibit A Receipt Point(s)"). No Receipt Point shall be deemed to have been added to Exhibit A, and Exhibit A shall not be deemed to have been otherwise amended or supplemented, unless and until such amendment or supplement of Exhibit A shall be evidenced by a writing executed by Operator and NFGDC.
- 2.2 Operator warrants and represents as follows:

- 2.2.1 All gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities at any one Receipt Point shall be gas produced exclusively from wells configured to deliver to such Receipt Point.
- 2.2.2 Gas produced or scheduled by Operator to be produced from additional well(s) flowing through a Receipt Point identified in Exhibit A shall be authorized and gas received therefrom accepted by Distribution at the designated Receipt Point so long as:
 - 2.2.2.1 Operator provides Distribution with 15 days written notice of its intent to add said additional well(s), together with the scheduled turn-on date; and
 - 2.2.2.2 The well has been tested by or caused to be tested by Distribution and the results therefrom meet Distribution's satisfaction;
 - 2.2.2.3 Provided, however, if Distribution fails to perform or cause to perform such well test by Operator's scheduled turn-on date, as provided in subdivision (i) above, said well(s) may nonetheless be turned on and production therefrom shall be accepted by Distribution at the designated Receipt Point, subject to Operator's sole liability for damages resulting from such production, and further subject to Distribution's determination, upon testing at any later date, that such gas is not acceptable pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
 - 2.2.2.4 The criteria contained in paragraph 2.2.2 shall also apply to new or different formations of gas that are accessed from an existing well already flowing through a Receipt Point identified on Exhibit A.
- 2.3 Operator shall deliver gas at a pressure sufficient to enable such gas to enter NFGDC's facilities against the pressure prevailing therein from time to time, provided, however, that Operator shall not deliver gas at any Receipt Point at a pressure in excess of the pressure designated by NFGDC.
- 2.4 Operator shall not install or operate (or permit any other entity to install or operate) compression facilities in order to deliver gas into any NFGDC facility ("NFGDC-Related Compression Operations") without the express prior written consent of NFGDC, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 2.5 Operator warrants that all NFGDC-Related Compression Operations shall be conducted in a manner (i) so as to prevent the pulsations therefrom from interfering with NFGDC's measurement at any Receipt Point, and (ii) so that compressed gas will be delivered to NFGDC at a temperature not exceeding one hundred twenty degrees Fahrenheit (120° F).
- 2.6 Operator shall give NFGDC written notice at least fourteen (14) days prior to the commencement of (and any material change in) authorized NFGDC-Related Compression Operations.
- 2.7 Operator shall give NFGDC written notice at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to any material change in the maintenance routine applicable to any compressor used in NFGDC-Related Compression Operations. For purposes of this subsection, "material" shall mean any change that may produce a variance in gas volumes or pressure.
- 2.8 In the event that the installation, operation and/or maintenance of Operator's compressor used in NFGDC-Related Compression Operations requires (in NFGDC's reasonable judgment) modification(s) to any facility owned or operated by NFGDC, the cost of such modification(s) shall be borne by Operator. Operator shall consult with NFGDC so as to assist NFGDC in ascertaining the extent to which such modification may be indicated, and on the basis of such consultation and NFGDC's own judgment, NFGDC shall endeavor to notify Operator of its determination prior to the date scheduled by Operator for such installation, operation and/or maintenance. Notwithstanding

NFGDC's efforts to provide such notice to Operator, Operator shall remain solely responsible for costs incurred by NFGDC in the event resulting and reasonably unforeseen modification of NFGDC facilities are required.

- 2.9 Operator shall, at its own cost and expense, (i) obtain, provide NFGDC with, and maintain any easement(s) or other land interest(s) which, in NFGDC's judgment as to type and extent, are reasonably necessary for the installation, operation and maintenance of NFGDC's receipt and related measurement facilities; and (ii) upon NFGDC's request, provide NFGDC with a copy of the recorded instruments evidencing such land interests and NFGDC's beneficial interest therein.
- 2.10 Receipt facilities shall be installed, owned and maintained by and at the expense of either NFGDC or Operator according to the below schedule. Such equipment shall be installed at each Exhibit A Receipt Point facility, which, in NFGDC's reasonable judgment, may be necessary to accommodate the deliveries of gas received and projected to be received by it at the Receipt Points. The normal operation, calibration, maintenance, adjustment and repair of the measurement equipment shall be performed by the owner of the equipment. Modifications to Receipt Facilities resulting from changes in Operator's operations shall be performed at Operator's cost and expense. The Receipt Facilities shall be operated in accordance with the applicable specifications of the Gas Measurement Committee of the Natural Gas Department of the American Gas Association, as amended from time to time, or in accordance with any other mutually agreeable standard commonly accepted in the industry.

Equipment	Install By	Own By	Maintain By	Paid By
Meter/Recording instrument	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC	Either* Operator Operator Operator
Meter run and valves	Either	Either	Either	
Regulator	Operator	Operator	Operator	
Drying Equipment	Operator	Operator	Operator	
Odorizing Equipment "Pop-offs"/Relief valves Mainline valve	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator
	Either	Either	NFGDC	Operator
	Either**	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator
Heaters Water separator/drips Communications facilities Telemetrics/Teleflow	Operator Operator Operator NFGDC	Operator Operator Operator NFGDC	Operator Operator Operator NFGDC	Operator Operator Operator Operator

^{*} NFGDC for initial installation and replacements due to normal wear and tear; otherwise by Operator except on a case by case basis.

- 2.11 Operator shall pay to NFGDC the Receipt Facility Maintenance Fee(s), if any, which shall be applicable, from time to time, pursuant to the provisions of NFGDC's Tariff. In this connection, Operator agrees that NFGDC shall have the unilateral right, exercisable at its sole option, to file with any regulatory authority having jurisdiction, and to make effective, (i) initial and revised rates and charges applicable to NFGDC's operations hereunder, (ii) changes in any provision of the General Terms and Conditions of NFGDC's Tariff applicable to NFGDC's operations hereunder, and (iii) the terms and conditions of this Agreement (hereinafter, collectively, the "Receipt Parameters"). NFGDC agrees that Operator may protest or contest any such filing and/or may seek from any duly constituted regulatory authority having jurisdiction such revision of any one or more of the Receipt Parameters as may be necessary or appropriate to cause the same to be, in all respects, just and reasonable.
- 2.12 Operator shall, at its own cost and expense, provide, operate and maintain in safe and efficient operating condition such regulators, relief valves, and other equipment as may be necessary in NFGDC's reasonable judgment to avoid excessive pressures (and the risk of such pressures) in facilities owned and operated by NFGDC or its customers.

^{**}Pursuant to a determination by NFGDC

2.13 Operator acknowledges that:

- 2.13.1 The Receipt Points identified in Exhibit A are located on NFGDC's gas distribution facilities;
- 2.13.2 NFGDC must, at all times, be in a position to operate, maintain, enhance, and/or replace any one or more of its facilities in such a manner, at such times, and under such circumstances as will enable it to furnish and provide facilities and service which are safe and adequate and in all respects just and reasonable;
- 2.13.3 The maximum and/or minimum delivery pressures or other parameters applicable to Operator's delivery of gas into NFGDC's facilities may vary from time to time, in light of the above, and in order to enable NFGDC to satisfy its retail market requirements, including but not limited to its firm service obligations, transportation obligations, and to ensure the maintenance of safe operating conditions throughout its system, including, but not limited to, the maintenance, enhancement and/or improvement of its facilities;
- 2.13.4 Operator acknowledges NFGDC's right (a) to restrict and/or completely stop Operator's deliveries at any one or more Receipt Points insofar as reasonably necessary in NFGDC's judgment to accommodate the above requirements, and/or (b) to designate and redesignate, from time to time, the maximum pressure or other delivery parameter(s) temporarily applicable to deliveries of gas by Operator at any one or more Receipt Points; and
- 2.13.5 Without limitation of the remedies available to NFGDC in respect of any breach of this Agreement, a breach of any one or more of the obligations undertaken by Operator under paragraphs 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 and 2.5 of this Article 2 shall constitute a material breach of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 3. MEASUREMENT

- 3.1 Measurement of Operator's Gas shall be in accordance with the Tariff and GTOP requirements applicable to gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities for transportation service and/or applicable to production facility gas measurement.
- 3.2 The unit of volume for purposes of measurement of the gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities at the respective Exhibit A Receipt Points shall be Mcf.
- 3.3 The total heating value of the gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities at the respective Exhibit A Receipt Points shall be determined by tests of samples of gas collected at said Receipt Points at such time(s) as may be determined by NFGDC. The unit of measurement of heating value shall be Btu. Btu determinations shall be made as often as NFGDC deems appropriate, and at NFGDC's expense, provided, however, that Btu determinations which are made by NFGDC at Operator's request shall be made by NFGDC at Operator's cost and expense.
- 3.4 If undertaken at Operator's request, NFGDC's test of the accuracy of any meter or other measurement equipment owned and used by NFGDC to measure volumes of gas delivered into its facilities shall be arranged and conducted, insofar as reasonably practicable, so as to permit representatives of Operator to be present. If, upon any such test (whether conducted at Operator's request or upon NFGDC's own initiative) any such meter or measurement equipment shall be found to be inaccurate, NFGDC shall adjust the same as soon as practicable to read correctly; and
 - 3.4.1 If such inaccuracy is less than three percent (3%), the previous readings shall be deemed correct, and, in the event such test was conducted at Operator's request, Operator shall bear all costs of such test;

3.4.2 If such inaccuracy is three percent (3%) or more, the previous readings shall be corrected to zero (0) error for the period of time during which such meter or other measurement equipment is known or agreed to have been inaccurate. If the length of such period of inaccuracy is not known or agreed upon, such correction shall be made for a period equal to one-half (½) of the time which has elapsed since the date of the last calibration, provided, however, that such correction period shall not exceed thirty (30) days.

If any such meter or other measurement equipment is out of service, or inaccurate by three percent (3%) or more, under circumstances where the correction of previous readings of such equipment to "zero (0) error" is not feasible, then the volume of gas delivered during the period shall be estimated (a) by using data recorded by any check-measuring equipment, if installed and registering accurately, or (b) if such check-measuring equipment is not installed or registering inaccurately, by correcting the error if the percentage of error is ascertainable by calibration, test or mathematical calculation, or (c) if neither such method is feasible, by estimating the quantity delivered based upon deliveries under similar conditions during a period when equipment was registering accurately.

ARTICLE 4. GAS QUALITY

- 4.1 Operator understands and acknowledges that NFGDC will not continuously monitor, test, or otherwise inspect Operator's Gas prior to the delivery thereof into NFGDC's facilities. Operator further acknowledges that, irrespective of the contractual disposition of Operator's Gas, all such gas is commingled with, and becomes an inseparable part of, the gas supply used by NFGDC to satisfy its obligations to its retail and transportation customers. Accordingly, Operator expressly warrants and represents that (i) Operator's Gas shall, in all respects and at all times, consist solely of gas which is merchantable and fit for use by NFGDC's retail customers, and (ii) without limitation of the generality of the foregoing, Operator's Gas shall at all times, and in all respects, shall conform to the Tariff and GTOP requirements applicable to gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities for transportation service, and meet at least the following minimum quality specifications:
 - 4.1.1 Operator's Gas shall be entirely free of all hydrocarbon liquids and other material in liquid form, including, without limitation, water, glycol, brines, condensate and oil;
 - 4.1.2 All gas delivered by Operator to NFGDC hereunder into NFGDC's facilities through any Receipt Point listed on the attached Exhibit A shall be dehydrated by Operator for removal of water present therein in a vapor state to a level determined acceptable by NFGDC, at its sole discretion, from time to time. In no event shall the acceptable level, as determined by NFGDC, be required to be less than the maximum water vapor (H₂O) per million cubic feet level specified in the Tariff;
 - 4.1.3 Operator's Gas shall be entirely free of NOx compounds;
- 4.2 To the extent accepting Operator's Gas does not prevent gas delivered to customers from being merchantable and fit for use in its retail markets, NFGDC shall have the option (but never the obligation), to relax gas quality requirements, from time to time, by describing permissible variations in its GTOP.
- 4.3 Operator shall furnish, install, operate, maintain and keep in efficient and safe operating condition, at Operator's sole cost and expense, such drips, separators, dehydrators, alcohol bottles, gas cleaners, treatment facilities, and any other devices or equipment as may be or become reasonably necessary to effect compliance with the quality specifications set forth in this Article.
- 4.4 In addition to any other remedy which may be available to NFGDC hereunder, or under any provision of law, in respect of Operator's undertakings expressed in this Article, NFGDC shall

have and be entitled to exercise any one or more of the following rights, options and remedies, on a non-exclusive basis, in the event of any breach by Operator of any one or more of said undertakings, to wit:

- 4.4.1 Upon notice to Operator, treat or process Operator's Gas, at Operator's sole cost and expense, insofar as reasonably necessary in NFGDC's judgment to cause the same to conform to the quality specifications set forth in this Article;
- 4.4.2 Continue to receive Operator's Gas, with or without treatment or processing thereof;
- 4.4.3 Discontinue receiving Operator's Gas at the affected Receipt Point(s) until the occasion(s) for the exercise of a remedy by NFGDC has, in NFGDC's reasonable judgment, been corrected:
- 4.4.4 Terminate this Agreement as respects the delivery of Operator's Gas into NFGDC's facilities at the affected Receipt Point(s) in the event that, in NFGDC's reasonable judgment, the occasion for NFGDC's exercise of a remedy cannot be corrected at a reasonable cost in a reasonable time;
- 4.4.5 Require Operator to cease receiving into Operator's facilities production attributable to the source which occasioned NFGDC's exercise of a remedy; and
- 4.4.6 Clean-up and/or repair, at Operator's sole cost and expense, all facilities, equipment and apparatus affected by the occasion for NFGDC's exercise of a remedy. NFGDC shall endeavor to notify the Operator prior to taking such remedial action.

ARTICLE 5. CHART CHANGES AND INDEX READINGS

- 5.1 Operator shall, at its own cost and expense, (i) change the charts on each orifice meter associated with the Exhibit A Receipt Points (the "Charts"), on the first (1st) working day of each month, (ii) mail the removed Charts to NFGDC on or before the fifth (5th) working day of each month, (iii) change the Charts regularly, once each seven (7) day period following said first (1st) working day, or on a 31-day cycle in the case of 31-day charts, and (iv) mail these removed Charts to NFGDC within three (3) working days of each such chart change.
- Insofar as applicable, Operator shall, at its own cost and expense, read each displacement meter associated with any Exhibit A Receipt Point on the first (1st) working day of each month and shall mail, or, with confirmed receipt, e-mail or fax all such index information to NFGDC on or before the fifth (5th) working day of each month.
- 5.3 All charts and all index information shall be addressed to "NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION" at the address provided for Gas Measurement in the NFGDC Contacts Addendum.
- Operator understands that NFGDC is not able to account for and/or allocate Operator's Gas without using the Chart or index information (as the case may be) referred to in this Article. Accordingly, given (i) the incremental expense and other costs which will be incurred by NFGDC in the event of its tardy receipt of the Chart or index information referred to in this Article; (ii) the difficulty of quantifying such costs and expenses, and (iii) the inconvenience and practical infeasibility of otherwise providing an adequate remedy in respect of Operator's breach of its undertakings expressed in this Article, it is agreed as follows:

In the event that either of the following conditions are met, to wit: (i) Operator shall fail to mail any Chart or index information as stipulated in this Article, or (ii) NFGDC shall fail to receive said Chart or index information on or before the fifth (5th) working day following the mailing date stipulated in this Article, then

NFGDC shall be relieved of any obligation to account for any of the production in a timely manner but will endeavor to account for such production in the next accounting period.

ARTICLE 6. TERM

- This Agreement shall have no force or effect unless and until it shall have been executed by each of the parties identified on the first page hereof and by each of the parties identified in the Addendum thereto, if any (the "Effective Date"). Thereafter, and unless and until NFGDC shall have notified each of the other parties who executed this Agreement (the "Non-NFGDC Parties") that all applicable gas disposition agreements have become effective, no right or entitlement shall accrue to any Non-NFGDC Party due to the execution of this Agreement.
- 6.2 The term of this Agreement shall extend until the first anniversary of the Effective Date, and, unless otherwise lawfully terminated, this Agreement shall continue in effect thereafter, until the same is terminated by any party to this Agreement, if any, by written notice to all other such parties, no later than thirty (30) days prior to the beginning of a calendar month.
- 6.3 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, and in addition to any other right or remedy available to NFGDC hereunder or under any provision of law, NFGDC shall have the following rights, exercisable at NFGDC's sole option, to wit:
 - 6.3.1 Terminate this Agreement and remove all Receipt Facilities at the Exhibit A Receipt Points, or suspend or cease receiving Operator's Gas at any one or more of the Exhibit A Receipt Points, upon thirty (30) days' prior written notice to Operator, in the event that Operator should for any reason experience a loss or cancellation of the security required to be provided by Operator pursuant to Article IX hereof; and
 - 6.3.2 Terminate this Agreement as to the affected Receipt Point(s) and remove all Receipt Facilities at the affected Receipt Point(s), or suspend or cease receiving Operator's Gas at any affected Receipt Point(s), upon thirty (30) days' prior written notice to Operator, in the event that Operator should (i) fail to provide satisfactory title to the production or (ii) repeatedly violate, in NFGDC's sole opinion, the standards contained in Article IV.

ARTICLE 7. GOVERNMENTAL REGULATION

7.1 This Agreement and the respective obligations of the parties hereunder shall be subject to all valid applicable federal, state and local laws, orders, rules and regulations, whether in effect on the date hereof, or becoming effective thereafter. The parties shall be entitled to regard all laws, orders, rules and regulations issued by any federal, state or local regulatory or governmental body as valid and may act in accordance therewith until such time as same shall have been invalidated by final judgment (no longer subject to judicial review) of a court of competent jurisdiction. Neither party shall be held in default for failure to perform hereunder if such failure is due to compliance with laws, orders, rules or regulations of any such duly constituted authorities. Nothing contained herein, however, shall be construed as affecting any party's right(s) to contest the validity or applicability of any such law, order, rule or regulation.

ARTICLE 8. FORCE MAJEURE

8.1 In the event either NFGDC or Operator is rendered unable, in whole or in part, by <u>force majeure</u> to carry out their respective obligations under this Agreement, other than to make payments due hereunder or to maintain minimum gas quality specifications, it is agreed that the obligations of the party claiming such inability to perform, so far as they are affected by such <u>force majeure</u>, shall be suspended from the inception of and during the continuance of such inability so caused but for no longer period; provided that the party claiming such inability gives notice and

reasonably full particulars of such <u>force majeure</u> event relied upon; and provided further that the party claiming such inability shall promptly and diligently take such action as may be necessary and reasonably practicable to correct, or cause to be corrected, such inability.

- 8.2 The term "force majeure" as employed herein shall mean, without limitation, acts of God, Governmental action or regulation, strikes, lockouts or other industrial disturbances, acts of the public enemy, wars, blockades, insurrections, riots, epidemics, landslides, lightning, earthquakes, fires, hurricanes, tornadoes, storms, storm warnings, floods, washouts, arrests and restraints of governments and people, civil disturbances, explosions, breakage or accidents to machinery or pipelines, the necessity for making repairs to or alterations of machinery or pipelines, freezing of pipelines, and any other causes, whether of the kind herein enumerated or otherwise, not under or within the control of the party claiming inability to perform and which, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, such party is unable to prevent or overcome.
- 8.3 The settlement of strikes, lockouts or any such labor disputes shall be entirely within the discretion of the party having the difficulty, and the above requirement that any <u>force majeure</u> event shall be remedied promptly and diligently shall not require the settlement of strikes, lockouts or other labor disputes by acceding to the demands of any opposing party when such course is inadvisable in the discretion of the party having the difficulty.
- 8.4 <u>Force majeure</u> shall not include failure or disruption of technical systems or products within the reasonable control of the party claiming <u>force majeure</u> which arise as a result of any leap year.

ARTICLE 9. NOTICE

- 9.1 Every notice, request, statement, bill or invoice provided for in this Agreement shall be in writing, unless otherwise provided herein, and shall be sent by prepaid mail, facsimile, or by overnight delivery, addressed to the party to whom given, at such party's address stated below, or at such other address as such party may in and by such notice direct hereafter. Facsimile notices, requests, statements, bills or invoices shall be deemed given only when facsimile receipt is confirmed.
- 9.1.1 Notice to NFGDC shall be sent to the address provided for Notices in the NFGDC Contacts Addendum.
- 9.1.2 Notice to Operator shall be sent to the address provided for Notices in the Operator Contacts Addendum.
- 9.2 Operator shall provide NFGDC with a current telephone number, facsimile number and E-mail address at which Operator or Operator's representatives may be contacted at all hours using the Operator Contacts Addendum or other mutually agreeable form that minimally provides the same information contained therein. For themselves and their agents, NFGDC and Operator agree to the recording of all telephone conversations during which NFGDC notifies Operator to suspend or cease deliveries into any facility owned or operated by NFGDC.

ARTICLE 10. OPERATOR'S CREDITWORTHINESS

- 10.1 At its sole option, NFGDC may (i) suspend its receipt of Operator's Gas, or (ii) terminate this Agreement, in the event that Operator is or has become insolvent or fails within a reasonable period, upon NFGDC's request, to demonstrate creditworthiness, or in the event that Operator incurs a poor credit history with respect to any service provided by NFGDC or as established by a reliable reporting agency.
- 10.2 As a demonstration of Operator's creditworthiness and as security in respect of any remedy afforded NFGDC under this Agreement or under any provision of law, Operator agrees to provide

NFGDC, prior to the Effective Date, and to keep in force throughout the term of this Agreement, any one of the following:

- 10.2.1 A security deposit in the amount of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000), to be held in a non-interest-bearing general account by NFGDC;
- 10.2.2 An irrevocable letter of credit issued by a financial institution acceptable to NFGDC and in a form acceptable to NFGDC with a face amount of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000); or
- 10.2.3 At NFGDC's sole discretion, a copy of the most recent audited financial statements of Operator (or of a guarantor of Operator's performance hereunder) showing a net worth in excess of Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$30,000), or a copy of the most recent unaudited financial statements of Operator (or of a guarantor of Operator's performance hereunder) showing a net worth of at least Forty Thousand Dollars (\$40,000), in which event, Operator shall also provide NFGDC with evidence of its ownership of unencumbered assets valued, in the aggregate, in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) in each state in which Operator conducts any business with NFGDC.
- 10.2.4 Security, in a form acceptable to NFGDC, provided on behalf of Operator by a creditworthy third party, including but not limited to a marketer, individual, or other entity.
- 10.3 NFGDC reserves the right to require Operator to establish or demonstrate its creditworthiness, from time to time, during the term of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 11. TITLE TO GAS

- 11.1 Nothing in this Agreement shall affect the title to Operator's Gas.
- 11.2 Operator shall indemnify NFGDC against, and hold it harmless from, and undertake the defense of NFGDC with respect to, all suits, actions, claims, debts, accounts, damages, costs, losses and expenses (including attorneys' fees) arising from or out of adverse claims of any and all persons or entities to Operator's Gas, or to royalties, overriding royalties or other payments with respect thereto, or to taxes, licenses, fees, or charges with respect to Operator's Gas or the disposition thereof (hereinafter, respectively "Adverse Claim To Operator's Gas"). Except insofar as Operator is in breach of its obligations or has an obligation to indemnify and save NFGDC harmless pursuant to this section XI (B), NFGDC agrees to indemnify and save Operator harmless from all suits, actions, debts, accounts, damages, costs, losses and expenses arising out of adverse claims of any and all persons to the natural gas after receipt by NFGDC of Operator's gas for redelivery by NFGDC (whether by means of transportation service or NFGDC commodity service) according to NFGDC's Tariff.
- 11.3 In the event of any Adverse Claim To Operator's Gas, NFGDC may, at its sole discretion, suspend receipts of Operator's Gas at the Receipt Point(s) where the affected gas is delivered into NFGDC's facilities (without incurring any liability to Operator or any other entity interested in Operator's Gas) until such claim is finally determined and the prevailing party(ies) agree(s) to be bound by this Agreement, or until Operator furnishes NFGDC a bond, in form and amount and with sureties acceptable to NFGDC, conditioned to hold NFGDC harmless from any such Adverse Claim To Operator's Gas, or until Operator demonstrates, to NFGDC's satisfaction, that such gas subject to an adverse claim does not constitute any portion of Operator's Gas
- 11.4 Operator agrees to provide NFGDC, upon request, evidence reasonably satisfactory to NFGDC of Operator's right to handle and deliver into NFGDC's facilities, one hundred percent (100%) of the gas comprising Operator's Gas.

ARTICLE 12. REMEDIES

12.1 In addition to any other remedy available to NFGDC under this Agreement or any provision of law, Operator shall indemnify NFGDC against, hold it harmless from, and undertake the defense of NFGDC with respect to all suits, actions, claims, losses, damages (including punitive damages and economic losses), injuries (including personal injury and death), debts, accounts, costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees and other expenses incurred by NFGDC in responding to, and in partial or full satisfaction of, any such suits, actions, claims, losses, damages and injuries) related to and/or arising from or out of any breach by Operator of any provision of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 13. MISCELLANEOUS

- 13.1 This document shall *not* be construed as an agreement running with the land.
- 13.2 No change, modification or alteration of this Agreement shall be or become effective until executed in writing by the parties hereto, and no course of dealing between the parties shall be construed to alter the terms hereof, except as expressly stated herein.
- 13.3 No waiver by any party of any one or more defaults by the other in the performance of any provision of this Agreement shall operate or be construed as a waiver of any other default or defaults, whether of a like or of a different character.
- 13.4 Not less than five (5) working days prior to the first day of each calendar month during the term of this Agreement, Operator shall provide NFGDC with update(s), if any, to the identity of the entity and person who shall conduct Gas Scheduling for Operator's Gas at each of the Exhibit A Receipt Points. In the absence of Operator's timely notification to this effect, NFGDC may (but shall not be obligated to) deem the authority of the entity and person identified in Operator's last previous timely notification to continue until its receipt of the Operator's next timely notification under this paragraph.
- 13.5 Any company which shall succeed by purchase, merger or consolidation of the gas related properties, substantially as an entirety, of NFGDC or of Operator, as the case may be, shall be entitled to the rights and shall be subject to the obligations of its predecessor in title under this Agreement. Either party may, without relieving itself of its obligations under this Agreement, assign any of its rights hereunder to a company with which it is affiliated, but otherwise, no assignment of this Agreement or of any of the rights or obligations hereunder shall be made unless there first shall have been obtained the consent thereto in writing of the other party. Consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 13.6 The headings contained in this Agreement are intended solely for convenience and do not constitute any part of the agreement between the parties and shall not be used in any manner in construing this Agreement.
- 13.7 With respect to Meter Location, this Agreement shall be construed, enforced and interpreted in accordance with the laws of
 - 13.7.1 the State of New York, excluding, however, any such law which would direct the application of the law of another jurisdiction. The parties (i) submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Western District of New York, and, in the event that such court lacks subject matter jurisdiction, to the New York State Supreme Court, Erie County, and, as respects those matters which are subject to the exclusive or primary jurisdiction of the NYSPSC, and (ii) waive any right or entitlement which they or any of them might otherwise have to cause any dispute arising under this Agreement to be adjudicated, determined or resolved pursuant to the law of any other jurisdiction, or, in or by any other court(s) or tribunal(s). Provided, however, that the parties may bring disputed matters before the NYSPSC according to dispute resolution procedures under NFGDC's Interconnection Rules and Procedures set forth in NFGDC's GTOP.

- 13.7.2 the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, excluding, however, any such law which would direct the application of the law of another jurisdiction. The parties (i) submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and, in the event that such court lacks subject matter jurisdiction, to the Court of Common Pleas of Erie County, Pennsylvania, and, as respects those matters which are subject to the exclusive or primary jurisdiction of the PAPUC, and (ii) waive any right or entitlement which they or any of them might otherwise have to cause any dispute arising under this Agreement to be adjudicated, determined or resolved pursuant to the law of any other jurisdiction, or, in or by any other court(s) or tribunal(s). Provided, however, that the parties may follow the dispute resolution procedures applicable to Suppliers as set forth in NFGDC's Tariff under Rate Schedule SATS, Special Provision § U(19), as revised.
- 13.8 So that there will be certainty as to the actual agreement between the parties, it is mutually understood and agreed that this Interconnection Agreement and the Exhibit A attached hereto, as the same may be impacted by any applicable provision of NFGDC's Tariff and GTOP, are intended to constitute the final expression, as well as the complete, exclusive and integrated statement, of the terms of the parties' agreement relative to the interconnection and other transactions described therein. If there is any inconsistency between this Agreement and the Tariff, either as presently in effect or as amended, then the provisions of the Tariff shall apply.
- 13.9 No presumption shall operate in favor of or against either party hereto as a result of any responsibility either party may have had for drafting this Agreement.

(OP	ERATOR)	NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION
,		By: Name:
		Title:
Date:		Date:

PRODUCER INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT NFGDC CONTACTS ADDENDUM

CONTACT INFORMATION: 24-Hour Telephone: (800) 444-3130 EMERGENCIES ONLY

NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION

Legal/Contract Notices/Contracting	Legal Department	
	1100 State Street	
	Erie, PA 16504Facsimile: (814) 871-8177	
	Attn. Nathaniel Ehrman	
	Email: EhrmanN@natfuel.com	
Gas Measurement/Gas Testing	Gas Measurement Department	
	717 State Street – Suite 700	
	Erie, PA 16501	
	Phone (844) NFG-WELL (844) 634-9355	
	Facsimile: (814) 871-8672	
	Email: NFG_GM@natfuel.com	
Field Operations/Meter Sets	Gas Measurement Department	
	717 State Street – Suite 700	
	Erie, PA 16501	
	Phone (814) 871-8539	
	Facsimile: (814) 871-8672	
	Email: CampbellC@natfuel.com	
Gas Scheduling	Transportation Service Department	
	6363 Main Street	
	Williamsville, NY 14221	
	Phone (716) 857-7232	
	Facsimile: (716) 857-7479	
	Email: TSSsupport@natfuel.com	
Credit	Credit & Receivables Management	
	6363 Main Street	
	Williamsville, NY 14221	
	Phone (716) 857-7570	
	Facsimile: (716) 857-7439	
	Email: Szretterb@natfuel.com	

PRODUCER INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT OPERATOR CONTACTS ADDENDUM

CONTACT INFORMATION:	Operator:
Legal/Contract Notices	
	Name:
	Address:
	Title:
	City/State/Zip:
	Phone(1):
	Phone(2):
	Facsimile:
	Email:
Emergency (24-Hour)	Email.
Emergency (24-1 lour)	Name:
	Address:
	Title:
	City/State/Zip:
	Phone(1):
	Phone(2):
	Facsimile:
	Email:
Field/Gas Testing/Operations	
	Name:
	Address:
	Title:
	City/State/Zip:
	Phone(1):
	Phone(2):
	Facsimile:
	Email:
Accounting/Invoices	
3	Name:
	Address:
	Title:
	City/State/Zip:
	Phone(1):
	· ·
	Facsimile:
	Email:
	Name
Other:	Name:
	Address:
	Title:
	City/State/Zip:
	Phone(1):
	Phone(2):
	Facsimile:
	Email:

Updated Addendums should be sent to NFGDC by facsimile: (814) 871-8672 or E-mail: NFG GM@natfuel.com

INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

Between

NFGDC and Operator

EXHIBIT A

Receipt Points(s):

Daily Metered Transportation - Imbalance Netting Agreement (DMT-INA)

DAILY METERED TRANSPORTATION IMBALANCE NETTING AGREEMENT

AGREEMENT made as of the day of 20, by and between		
Aggregator Name		
("Aggregator") having offices at	and	
Aggregator Address		
National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation, a New York corporation, with offices at 6363 Main Street, Williamsville, New York, 14221-5887 ("Company").		
DEFINITIONS APPLICABLE TO THIS AGREEMENT		

Aggregator Signatory to this Agreement who, in the judgment of Company, has

Terms and conditions in this Agreement not defined below shall have their meaning as defined or utilized in

been determined creditworthy for participation in DMT Customer imbalance management (i.e. the DMT Supplier or Marketer under SC-

13.)

the Company's Tariff for gas service, PSC No. 9 - GAS.

DMT Daily Metered Transportation

DMT Customer SC-13 Transportation service customer who has appointed Aggregator.

financial responsibility of the Aggregator.

Commission Public Service Commission of the State of New York

SC-13 Service Classification No. 13 under Company's Tariff.

Tariff Company's Schedule of Gas service, P.S.C. No. 9, GAS, or successor.

Transportation Transportation service customer of Company pursuant to an effective

Customer Transportation Service Agreement.

UBPs Uniform Business practices as adopted by the Commission.

WHEREAS, Aggregator desires to participate in Company's DMT program by performing imbalance management services for DMT Customer(s) under SC-13;

WHEREAS, Aggregator wishes to assume responsibility for payment, on behalf of its DMT Customer(s), of DMT Imbalance charges incurred by DMT Customer account(s) in Aggregator's DMT Market Pool;

WHEREAS, Aggregator wishes to do all things necessary to effectuate all services under Company's DMT program as set forth under SC-13;

WHEREAS, Company is willing to provide such services to Aggregator as are necessary and sufficient to effectuate the DMT program under SC-13 in accordance with all laws, rules, regulations, permits, orders and authorization applicable to the DMT program, or any part thereof.

The parties agree as follows:

A. Designation as Aggregator:

Company shall accept designation and appointment of Aggregator, and identification of DMT Market Pool, upon receipt of a valid enrollment, upon the terms and conditions contained in this Agreement and SC-13. The Aggregator, upon request, shall provide the Company with evidence of Customer consent.

B. Identification of DMT Customer:

DMT Customers shall be identified by the Aggregator by enrolling DMT Customers into the Aggregator's DMT Market Pool, subject to the terms and conditions contained therein and under SC-13. All necessary customer information shall be communicated to the Company via Electronic Data Interchange (EDI), the Company's Web Site or other protocol established by the Company. Notification and execution of Customer switches including switches from the Company to the Aggregator, as well as the timing thereof, shall be governed by the applicable provisions of the UBPs.

C. Term of Agreement:

The term of this Agreement shall commence on _	and shall continue through
ŭ	(beginning date)
, and renew annually for success	sive terms ending eachunless
(ending date)	•
otherwise terminated by the following events:	

- 1. Default by Aggregator of any terms or conditions contained in this Agreement;
- 2. By mutual agreement of Company and Aggregator;
- 3. At the discretion of Company to the extent necessary to preserve system operational integrity;
- 4. Pursuant to an order of the Commission.

D. Aggregator's Duties and Obligations:

- Aggregator hereby assumes primary responsibility for DMT Customer transportation nominations and for DMT Imbalances as calculated and billed by Company under SC-13.
- DMT Imbalances shall be resolved as described under SC-13. Aggregator shall be billed for applicable imbalance services pursuant to the Tariff.
- All other terms and conditions under SC-13 and Company's Tariff apply as if fully stated herein, and as amended from time to time.

E. Company's Duties and Obligations:

- 1. Company shall accept Aggregator's DMT Market Pool, as described in B above, and shall provide all services required to effectuate service under SC-13.
- Company shall bill Aggregator on a monthly basis for DMT Imbalance charges and imbalance cash out charges (as applicable), plus applicable fees, taxes and surcharges incurred.
- Company shall bill DMT Customer for DMT delivery charges, plus applicable fees, taxes and surcharges incurred.

 All other terms and conditions under SC-13 and Company's Tariff apply as if fully stated herein.

F. Rates and Charges:

Applicable rates and charges for DMT service shall be billed to Aggregator pursuant to SC-13.

G. Consequences of Default:

In the event Aggregator fails to comply with any of the terms and conditions set forth herein and under SC-13, this Agreement shall terminate and Company shall refund Aggregator's security deposit minus amounts due Company for services rendered under SC-13 or any applicable Service Classification for past DMT Imbalances, fees, and residual DMT Imbalances, if applicable.

H. Incorporation by Reference:

A copy of the currently effective form of SC-13 is attached hereto and is incorporated herein. All terms not otherwise defined in the Agreement shall have the same meaning as set forth in SC-13. If there is any inconsistency between this Agreement, SC-13 and other provisions of the Tariff, either as presently effective or as amended, then the provisions of SC-13 and the Tariff shall apply.

I. Notices:

All notices, invoices and billing should be directed in care of the Transportation Services Department; inquiries regarding rates should be directed to the Energy Services Dept.; nominations and other correspondence pursuant to this Agreement shall be sent to the Transportation Services Department at the following address:

To Company:	National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation 6363 Main Street Williamsville, New York 14221-5887
To Aggregator:	(name)
	(address)

J. Limitation on Company's Liability:

Company shall not be liable for any error in judgment or any mistake of law or fact or any act done in good faith in the exercise of the powers and authority herein conferred or for any loss, damage, delay or failure to perform in whole or in part resulting from causes beyond Company's control, including, but not limited to, fires, strikes, insurrections, riots, embargoes, shortages in supplies, delays in transportation, or requirements of any governmental authority. Furthermore, in no event shall Company be liable for consequential, punitive, incidental, indirect or special damages in the provision of services hereunder.

K. Aggregator Indemnity Obligations:

Aggregator shall indemnify, save harmless and, at Company's option, defend Company from and against any and all losses, claims, demands, damages, costs (including, without limitations, reasonable attorneys' fees), expenses, liabilities, proceedings, suits, actions, restrictions, injunctions, fines, judgments, penalties and assessments which Company may suffer for, on account of, by reason of or in connection with any adverse claim of any person or persons to the gas purchased by Company under SC-13, regarding purchases of DMT Month End Surplus Imbalances, and in

connection with any bodily injury, including death to any person or persons (including, without limitation, Aggregator's employees) or any damage to or destruction of any property, including, without limitation, loss of use thereof, arising out of, in any manner connected with or resulting from the goods, work or services furnished by Aggregator with respect to this Agreement. The provisions of this Paragraph K shall survive the termination or expiration of this Agreement.

L. Entire Contract:

This agreement and express incorporations sets forth the entire contract between the parties concerning the subject hereof, and supersedes all prior and contemporaneous written or oral negotiations and agreements between them concerning the subject hereof.

M. Modification of Agreement:

Any amendment to this Agreement may be made in the sole discretion of Company so long as such changes are not inconsistent with the Tariff and any modification of this Agreement must be in writing and signed by both parties, except that modifications of the Tariff affecting this Agreement shall modify this agreement automatically with no further writings.

N. Interpretation of Agreement:

The interpretation, construction, and performance of this Agreement shall be in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without recourse to the law regarding the conflicts of law, and the parties to this Agreement hereby submit and consent to the jurisdiction of the courts of the State of New York (including, without limitation, the federal courts located within the State of New York) in any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to) this Agreement.

O. Drafting Presumptions:

No presumption shall operate in favor of Aggregator or against Company as a result of drafting this Agreement.

P. Waiver:

No waiver by any party of any one or more defaults by the other in performance of any provisions of this Agreement shall operate or be construed as a waiver of any other default or defaults, whether of a like or different character.

Q. Assignment:

Aggregator shall not assign this Agreement, or any of its rights, duties or obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of Customer.

R. Severability:

If any provision of this Agreement is determined to be invalid or unenforceable or contrary to Commission Rules or law, the provision shall be deemed to be void as of the date of this Agreement and shall not be part of this Agreement and shall otherwise be severable from the remainder of this Agreement and shall not cause the invalidity or unenforceability of the remainder of this Agreement. If any provision of this Agreement does not comply with any law, ordinance or regulation of any governmental or quasi-governmental authority, now existing or hereinafter enacted, such provision shall to the extent possible be interpreted in such a manner so as to comply with such law, ordinance or regulation, or if such interpretation is not possible, it shall be deemed amended to satisfy the requirements thereof.

S. Creditworthiness:

In order to qualify for service hereunder, DMT Aggregator will be required to meet Company's credit requirements according to criteria contained in the Commission's Uniform Business Practices. Aggregator agrees to execute, on an ongoing basis, at the discretion of Company, any other agreements necessary in order to remain qualified as a DMT Aggregator. Failure to execute said other Agreements shall constitute default.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties, intending to be legally bound, have caused this Agreement to be signed by their duly authorized officers as of the day and year first above written.

	NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION
(Witness)	By:
	Title: (please type/print name & title of person signing)
(Witness)	By:
	Title:(please type/print name & title of person signing)

Billing Services Agreement for Consolidated Billing Service

Billing Services Agreement for Consolidated Billing Service Under Service Classification No. 19

BILLING SERVICES AGREEME	ENT ("Agreement") entered into this day of
, 20, by and between N	ational Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation
("Company") and	("Marketer") (the
"Parties").	

WHEREAS Marketer is receiving service from Company as a "Supplier" under Service Classification No. 19, Supplier Transportation, Balancing and Aggregation ("STBA" or "STBA Tariff"), such service classification being contained and subsumed in Company's tariff, P.S.C. No. 9 – GAS ("Tariff");

WHEREAS by means of such STBA service Marketer purchases natural gas commodity on behalf of STBA customers ("Customers") on Company's system and causes such natural gas commodity to be delivered to the Company for redelivery, or transportation, by the Company to Marketer's Customers;

WHEREAS as a result, Marketer is interested in charging such Customers ("Customer Accounts") for Marketer's commodity service ("Marketer charges"), and Company is interested in charging the same Customers for Company's transportation and other services ("Company charges"), on a single bill that includes Marketer charges and Company charges;

WHEREAS Marketer has elected to receive, and Company agrees to provide, a consolidated billing service ("CBS"), pursuant to the STBA tariff;

WHEREAS, with respect to Customer Accounts for Customers that consume less than 25,000 Mcf annually, Marketer has requested that Company purchase, free and clear of all liens, claims and encumbrances, without recourse except as described in this Agreement, all amounts billed by Company hereunder on Marketer's behalf and make payments to Marketer relating to such purchases;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing premises and the mutual covenants, conditions and terms set forth below, Marketer and Company agree as follows:

A. Applicable Tariff and Operating Procedures

1. <u>Tariff and Operating Procedures</u>. The terms and conditions of the Tariff, STBA agreements, Gas Transportation Operating Procedures ("GTOP" or "Operating Procedures") and the New York State Public Service Commission's ("NYPSC") Uniform Business Practices ("UBPs"), as applicable, are fully incorporated in this Agreement except as otherwise expressly stated herein.

2. <u>Tariff Controls</u>. If there is any inconsistency between this Agreement and the Tariff (including the STBA tariff contained within the Tariff), in its current form or as subsequently amended, then the provisions of the Tariff shall apply.

B. Consolidated Billing and Purchase of Accounts Receivable

1. <u>Billing Service</u>. Pursuant to the STBA tariff, Marketer hereby elects to receive CBS and authorizes Company to perform certain retail billing functions for Marketer's Customers, as defined in the STBA tariff and the UBPs, including invoicing, remittance processing and customer service activities. Marketer and Company shall comply in every respect with the provisions of CBS under the STBA tariff, Company's Tariff and, where applicable, the UBPs. Service hereunder is available only to Customers and not for retail customers under any other service classifications.

2. Purchase of Accounts Receivable.

- a. For Customer Accounts with annual consumption less than 25,000 Mcf and subject to the other terms and conditions of this Agreement: Marketer hereby assigns, sells and conveys to Company free and clear of all liens, claims and encumbrances, and Company agrees to purchase without recourse except as described in sections B ¶11 and ¶12 below, Marketer's right, title and interest in all accounts receivable, being amounts due from all such Customers as shown on CBS bills issued by Company on and after the effective date of this Agreement ("Purchased Customer Accounts").
- b. Title to Marketer's Purchased Customer Accounts shall pass to Company as of the date bills are issued by Company (the "Billing Date"), and as of such Billing Date Marketer shall have no rights in or to the Purchased Customer Accounts and shall not seek to collect in any manner such amounts from Customers or pledge or attempt to encumber such amounts as security.
- 3. Rate-Ready Service. CBS is a "rate ready" service, as defined in the UBPs. Marketer shall provide to Company all rates, charges and other information, including Customer Account information, necessary for billing purposes, in a form and manner determined by Company, at least four (4) business days prior to the Customers' Meter Read Date. Such information shall be deemed received for processing only upon Company's express confirmation of receipt. Company shall not be responsible for billing errors or delays caused by Marketer's failure to timely and properly provide accurate billing information to Company. Marketer agrees to indemnify Company against any and all actions, charges, complaints, proceedings, liabilities, damages, penalties and fines resulting from errors caused by untimely or inaccurate information provided by Marketer.
- 4. <u>Bills based on Meter Reads</u>. Bills issued by Company shall be based on actual or estimated meter readings retrieved by Company in the manner, and according to procedures, utilized for Company's general billing practices. Meter readings are recorded for billing purposes on the Meter Read Date or on such other special reading date as the Company may determine appropriate. Marketer will not be responsible for billing errors resulting from meter reading inaccuracies or errors. Consumption adjustments shall be reflected on subsequent Customer bills in the ordinary course of billing. Company reserves the right; however, to re-bill Customers or issue corrected

bills if justified by the circumstances and as permitted by the UBPs and Company's Tariff.

- 5. <u>Bill Content</u>. CBS bills will display Marketer's charges. The Company will calculate the Customer's total Marketer charge(s) by multiplying the commodity rate(s), provided by Marketer, by the consumption determined by Company. CBS bills will also identify Marketer as the Customer's natural gas Marketer, and will set forth a phone number at which Marketer can be reached for Customer inquiries. Company's charges will also be displayed on the bill in the manner prescribed by the Tariff and NYPSC directives, orders, rules and regulations.
- 6. <u>Taxes</u>. Company is not responsible for the paying or remitting to the applicable taxing authorities, on behalf of Marketer, of any federal, state or local taxes as a result of this Agreement. Company will calculate and identify the sales and use tax applicable to Marketer's charges and will provide such calculations to Marketer. Marketer shall be liable for and pay all such taxes and shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Company from and against any and all liability for such taxes and any interest, penalties and attorney fees.
- 7. <u>Late Payment Charges</u>. Late payment charges ("LPC") shall be assessed on Customers by Company for untimely payment of amounts billed. The LPC for unpaid Company charges shall be 1.5% per month (also assessed on unpaid LPCs), or as otherwise directed by the NYPSC. The LPC for unpaid Marketer charges shall be 1.5% per month. Provided, however, that for Customer Accounts that are not Purchased Customer Accounts, the LPC shall be designated by Marketer (subject to Company's billing capabilities) pursuant to Marketer's agreement with the Customer. The LPC, if assessed, shall be inclusive of all billed charges. To the extent necessary, Marketer hereby grants, assigns and delegates to Company all of Marketer's rights to assess and collect a LPC on the Marketer's charges included in the CBS bill. LPC proceeds collected on Purchased Customer Accounts shall be retained by the Company. LPC proceeds collected on Customer Accounts that are not Purchased Customer Accounts shall be remitted to Marketer.
- 8. <u>Budget Billing</u>. Company offers budget billing (also known as balanced billing) through CBS for the entire bill as a Customer option, and will provide such service according to Company procedures for Budget Billing.
- 9. <u>Authorized Payment Agencies</u>. Customers may pay CBS bills at authorized payment agencies in the same manner as is permitted for Company bills.
 - 10. Billing and Collection Procedures; Security Interest; Setoff.
 - a. Company charges and Marketer charges will be shown on CBS bills and collected by Company. Company shall have the exclusive right to receive and process Customer payments, and will perform for itself and on behalf of Marketer required billing and collection activities on Customer Accounts in conformance with the Home Energy Fair Practices Act ("HEFPA") with respect to residential Customers and in accordance with Part 13 of 16 NYCRR with respect to non-residential Customers.

- b. Marketer hereby grants, assigns and delegates to Company all of Marketer's rights under New York law and regulations to terminate and suspend Marketer's service to a Customer who fails to make full payment of all amounts due for such service on the CBS bill.
- c. Company agrees to indemnify Marketer against any and all actions, charges, complaints, proceedings, liabilities, damages, penalties and fines resulting from Company's failure to properly apply HEFPA procedures for billing and collection activities as provided in this Agreement.
- d. For non-residential Customers, Company shall terminate its transportation service and the Marketer's commodity service where: (i) the Customer fails to make full payment of all amounts due on the CBS bill; (ii) the Customer Account is a Purchased Customer Account; and (iii) the Marketer has executed and furnished Company with an affidavit from an officer of Marketer attesting to the representation and warranty set forth below at section C ¶5. The Company's receipt of such properly executed affidavit shall be condition of service under this Agreement. Marketer will indemnify Company for any cost, expense, or penalty incurred if any of Marketer's Customer's service is terminated for non-payment and the Customer establishes that it did not receive such notification.
- e. Any Customer payment or portion thereof that is billed by Company and received by Marketer shall be held by Marketer in trust as the property of Company and shall be remitted in full to Company within three (3) business days without any deduction or set-off by Marketer.
- f. For Customer Accounts that are not Purchased Customer Accounts, Marketer agrees to permit Company to set-off any unsatisfied Marketer obligations to Company with proceeds received from Customers' payments of Marketer charges, with the remainder, if any, remitted to Marketer in the ordinary course. Marketer hereby grants a security interest in such Customer Accounts and Company may in its discretion perfect a security interest in such Customer Accounts to the extent necessary in order to give effect to this Agreement.
- 11. Purchase Amount. Subject to the other terms and conditions of this Agreement: For Purchased Customer Accounts, Company shall pay Marketer an amount equal to _____% for residential amounts billed (inclusive of taxes pursuant to above section B ¶6), and _____% of non-residential amounts billed (also inclusive of taxes) hereunder. The above payment percentages are subject to changes as approved by the NYPSC. For current balances on Purchased Customer Accounts, Company will remit payment twenty-three (23) days (plus two (2) business days for processing) following the Billing Date (or the next following business day if the 23rd day falls on a bank holiday or a Company holiday) of all Marketer charges billed to Customers in the previous month. For Budget Billing CBS bills, the amount purchased shall be based on the total billed amount without regard to current debit or credit balances.
 - 12. Other Deductions.

- a. Company's payment obligation to Marketer in accordance with above section B ¶11 shall be subject to netting of all amounts owed to Company by the Marketer for STBA services and/or other charges under the Tariff or GTOP, including (but not limited to):
 - Special meter read fees;
 - Customer usage history fees;
 - Gas imbalance charges;
 - Billing and payment processing charges;
 - Amounts due under other Marketer accounts;
 - Amounts disputed by Marketer's Customers as described below: and
 - At the time the amount is written off by the Company or when Customer's service is restored with a different marketer, billed amounts in excess of the amount necessary to restore Customer service pursuant to Public Service Law §32(5)(d).

Such amounts deducted from Company's payment to Marketer in accordance with section B ¶11 shall be itemized and described by Company at the time of payment. At Marketer's request, Company agrees to provide Marketer with calculations and other documentation supporting such deductions.

- b. <u>Disputed Amounts</u>. An amount is deemed disputed if a Customer initiates a bill complaint under Part 12 of the NYPSC's Rules of Procedure (16 NYCRR Part 12) questioning the validity of Marketer's bill, charges or services. A Customer's claim of inability to pay or inaccurate meter reading shall not constitute a dispute for purposes of Company's obligation to pay Marketer amounts billed.
- 13. <u>Bill Format</u>. Company shall determine CBS bill format, subject to changes at Company's discretion and to accommodate bill content requirements under the UBPs and applicable directives of the NYPSC. At Marketer's option, Marketer's logo will be printed (according to the capabilities of CBS) so long as Marketer's logo is provided in an acceptable electronic format at least thirty (30) days before it is to be used. Both Parties' bill message spacing shall be governed by the Parties' agreement and CBS capabilities but shall not be less than four hundred eighty (480) characters for either Party. Information required by statute, regulation or order shall be printed on or inserted into CBS bills without additional charge so long as inserts do not exceed one-half ounce in weight. Additional bill inserts may be provided at negotiated rates. Company reserves the right to reject bill message or bill insert content requested by Marketer if Company in its sole judgment finds such content inappropriate or otherwise offensive.
- 14. <u>Customer Inquiries</u>. Company will receive and endeavor to process Customer inquiries relating to the CBS bill. Provided, however, that Customer inquiries relating to Marketer's rates or services shall be directed to Marketer's phone number shown on the bill. Marketer shall remain obligated to maintain a system capable of handling Customer complaints.

15. <u>Security Deposits</u>. Marketer hereby grants, assigns and delegates to Company Marketer's complete right to obtain security deposits and other forms of security. Existing deposits held on Customer Accounts shall be refunded to Customer or transferred to Company within five (5) days of commencement of service hereunder.

C. Representation and Warranties

- 1. Agreement Not for the Benefit of Third Parties. Marketer warrants and hereby agrees that it is not entitled to and shall not pledge Company's credit for any purpose whatsoever. This Agreement is for the benefit of the Parties hereto and not for the benefit of third parties, except to the extent of any amounts payable to Marketer under this Agreement to the extent Marketer grants a security interest to its bona fide lender in amounts due to Marketer pursuant to this Agreement.
- 2. <u>Marketer Eligibility</u>. Marketer represents and warrants, and shall demonstrate at Company's request, that it has satisfied all requirements to qualify as an eligible gas marketer in New York State for service to the class of Customers served under this Agreement, and will continue to be in compliance with such requirements and subsequently adopted laws and regulatory requirements throughout the term of this Agreement.
- 3. No Encumbrances. Marketer warrants and shall demonstrate to Company that Purchased Customer Accounts are unencumbered and not subject to a security interest or lien held by a third party. Marketer further warrants that it will not allow any interest or permit any third party to assert a claim of any type on those Purchased Customer Accounts or any new Purchased Customer Accounts opened during the term of this Agreement.
- 4. <u>Late Payment Charge</u>. Marketer represents and warrants that Marketer's Customers billed under this Agreement have received notice that a LPC of 1.5% per month shall be assessed as described in this Agreement and any and all Customer Accounts or portions thereof are subject to a LPC at such rate.
- 5. <u>Non-residential Service Termination</u>. Marketer represents and warrants and shall demonstrate at Company's request that it has notified its current non-residential Customers and will notify its future non-residential Customers that Company is permitted to terminate the non-residential Customer for non-payment of Marketer charges.
- 6. <u>Marketer charges</u>. Marketer represents and warrants that Marketer charges reflect and are limited exclusively to charges for Marketer's gas commodity service or other authorized charges as provided under the STBA tariff or Commission regulations, orders or directives.
- 7. <u>Security Deposits</u>. Marketer represents and warrants that deposits previously held on Customer Accounts will be returned to Customers or refunded to Company within five (5) business days of commencement of service hereunder.

D. Term of Agreement

Service shall commence under this Agreement on the date an executed copy of this Agreement is received or the date set forth on the signature page attached hereto and continues on a month-to-month basis unless terminated as follows: Either Party shall have the right to terminate this Agreement on thirty (30) days written notice; provided, however, that this Agreement may be terminated by Company (i) on one (1) day's written notice if the STBA agreement is terminated for any reason or if Marketer or a creditor commences a proceeding or any other action under any law relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or relief of debtors, seeking to have an order for relief entered with respect to Company or any creditor, or seeking to adjudicate Marketer as bankrupt or insolvent, or seeking reorganization, dissolution, winding up, liquidation or other relief with respect to Marketer or Marketer's debts, or seeking appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian or other similar official for Marketer, or Marketer makes a general assignment for the benefit of Marketer's creditors; (ii) on not less than fifteen (15) days written notice if Marketer breaches any provision hereof and does not cure said breach within the fifteen (15) day period, such fifteen (15) day periods to run concurrently; or (iii) on one (1) day's written notice following issuance of an order or ruling by the NYPSC materially impacting any of the terms or conditions herein. Termination of this Agreement shall not suspend or discontinue Marketer's right to offer single-retailer billing or dual billing.

E. Miscellaneous

- 1. <u>Liability</u>. Company shall not be liable for any damages arising from CBS bills rendered based on untimely or inaccurate rate information provided by Marketer. Company's total cumulative liability to Marketer for all claims of any kind associated with Company's performance under this Agreement shall in no case exceed the payment or remittance amounts otherwise due under this Agreement. In no event, shall Company be liable for special, punitive, indirect or consequential damages, nor shall any action or inaction on Marketer's part, constitute a waiver by Company of any cause of action or defense. Company shall have no obligation to pursue, or assist Marketer in pursuing, any claim Marketer may have against any third party.
- Further Indemnification. Marketer, to the fullest extent allowed by law, shall 2. indemnify, defend and hold harmless and shall reimburse Company, from and against any and all damages, losses, liabilities, obligations, judgments, orders, writs, injunctions, decrees, fines, penalties, taxes, costs, suits, charges, expenses (including attorneys' fees), claims, investigations, proceedings, or causes of action (collectively, "Damages") which may at any time be imposed on, incurred by, or asserted against Company by third parties (including Customers) that are directly or indirectly caused by, arise out of or under, associated with, incident to or in connection with this Agreement, including, but not limited to any of the following: (i) Marketer's acts or omissions regarding Customer Accounts or Marketer charges; (ii) any claim, demand, cause of action, litigation, suit, proceeding, hearing or investigation (collectively, "Claims") by any persons for payments based upon any agreement or understanding alleged to have been made by such person, directly or indirectly, with Marketer or any of its representatives, in connection with any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; (iii) any Claims with respect to the action or inaction of Marketer or its representatives, which is contrary to the requirements of this Agreement; (iv) any inaccuracy in or other breach of any representation or warranty made by Marketer in this Agreement; (v) any failure by Marketer to perform or comply, in

whole or in part, with any covenant, agreement or provision of this Agreement; and (vi) any costs and expenses, including reasonable fees and attorneys' fees associated with all Damages incurred by Company in connection with any Claims subject to indemnification rights as provided herein.

- 3. <u>Force Majeure</u>. Any delays in or failure of performance by the Parties shall not constitute a default and shall be excused under this Agreement, if and to the extent such delays or failures of performance are caused by occurrences that are both: (1) beyond the reasonable control of the Parties, including, but not limited to, acts of God, compliance with any order or request of any governmental or judicial authority, compliance with Company's public service obligations, riots or strikes or other concerted acts of workers, storms, fires, floods, and accidents; and (2) beyond the ability of the Parties to prevent, by the exercise of reasonable diligence.
- 4. <u>Additional Personnel</u>. Marketer agrees that Company shall have no obligation to Marketer to add personnel, equipment or facilities in order to perform any activities under this Agreement.
- 5. <u>Notice</u>. Any notice to be provided under this Agreement will be deemed given, and any other document to be delivered hereunder will be deemed delivered, if in writing and (a) delivered by hand, (b) deposited for next business day delivery (fee prepaid) with an established overnight delivery service, or (c) mailed by certified mail (return receipt requested) postage prepaid, addressed to the recipient at the address set forth below for that Party (or at some other address as that Party may from time-to-time designate by giving written notice thereof).

Notice to:	National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation Rates & Regulatory Affairs 6363 Main Street Williamsville, NY 14221 Fax no. (716) 857-7254
	Attention: Jeffrey Same
Marketer:	

6. <u>Financing Statements</u>. At Company's request, Marketer shall execute and deliver to Company all financing statements, and amendments thereof, and other documents and instruments that Company may request to perfect, protect or establish the security interests granted hereunder or to provide notice of Company's purchase of Marketer's Purchased Customer Accounts, or Company may execute and file any financing statements and amendments without Marketer's signature which Marketer hereby authorizes. Marketer hereby ratifies and consents to the filing of any such financing statements by Company prior to the date this Agreement is executed.

- 7. <u>Complete Agreement</u>. This Agreement is the complete agreement between the Parties as to the subject matter hereof, all prior contracts, commitments, proposals, negotiations concerning the subject matter hereof are superseded and merged herein.
- 8. <u>Amendments.</u> Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement, Company may at any time propose and file with the NYPSC changes to the rates, terms and conditions of the Tariff, and/or Operating Procedures. Such amendment or modification shall be effective with respect to service pursuant to this Agreement on the date specified by the NYPSC.
- 9. <u>Assignment</u>. Neither Party shall assign any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the prior written consent of the non-assigning Party, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, except that Marketer, upon ten (10) days' prior written notice to Company, may assign all or any part of the monies payable by Company under this Agreement without the consent of Company, to any party, lender, or financial institution. Marketer shall at all times remain liable for the repayment on demand to Company of all obligations owed Company. No assignment of this Agreement shall relieve the assigning Party of any of its obligations under this Agreement until such obligations are expressly assumed by the assignee in writing.
- 10. <u>Waiver and Modification</u>. No modification or waiver of all or any part of this Agreement will be valid unless in writing and signed by the Parties. No such waiver shall apply prospectively to subsequent events unless expressly stated. No delay or failure on Company's part in exercising any right, privilege or option hereunder shall operate as a waiver of such or of any other right, privilege or option.
- 11. <u>Dispute Resolution</u>. Dispute resolution procedures, if utilized, shall be governed by the UBPs.
- 12. <u>Applicable Law.</u> This Agreement is made in the State of New York and shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of New York State, without regard to conflict of law principles.
- 13. <u>Venue</u>. At Company's option, all actions and proceedings based on, arising from or relating to this Agreement shall be litigated in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Erie. Marketer consents to the jurisdiction of such court and waives any and all rights to transfer or change the venue of any such action or proceeding to any other court.
- 14. Waiver of Jury Trial. MUTUAL WAIVER OF RIGHT TO JURY TRIAL. MARKETER AND COMPANY EACH HEREBY WAIVE THE RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION BASED UPON, ARISING FROM, OR IN ANY WAY RELATING TO: (I) THIS AGREEMENT, OR ANY SUPPLEMENT OR AMENDMENT HERETO; OR (II) ANY OTHER PRIOR, PRESENT OR FUTURE INSTRUMENT OR AGREEMENT BETWEEN COMPANY AND MARKETER; OR (III) ANY CONDUCT, ACTS OR OMISSIONS BY COMPANY OR MARKETER OR ANY OF COMPANY'S OR MARKETER'S RESPECTIVE DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AGENTS, ATTORNEYS OR ANY OTHER PERSONS AFFILIATED WITH COMPANY OR MARKETER; IN EACH OF THE FOREGOING CASES, WHETHER SOUNDING IN CONTRACT OR TORT OR OTHERWISE.

	only and are not to be co	 The captions and headings herein are for onstrued as a part of this Agreement, nor shall the ting in any way the scope or intent of the provision 	
nereor.			
The above term, 20		acknowledged and agreed as of this day of	:
MARK	EIEK		
Ву			_
,	Signed	Print Name & Title	
NATIO	NAL FUEL GAS DISTR	RIBUTION CORPORATION	
Ву			
	Signed	Print Name & Title	

Transportation Service Agreement



TRANSPORTATION SERVICE AGREEMENT

PARTIES:	The parties to this Transportation Ser Distribution Corporation ("Company")	vice Agreement ("Agreement") are National Fuel Gas and
Customer Name ("Customer"	")	Contract Account Number
Address transportation servi	ice requested at.	
Customer Phone Number (in	ncluding weekends)	FAX number
PURPOSE:		n by Company, Customer will be entitled to mpany's Service Classification No
RIGHTS & DUTIES:	Company shall render service pursuant to the applicable terms and conditions contained in said Service Classification No All general terms and conditions set forth in Company's Tariff for natural gas service (P.S.C. No. 9 – GAS) apply as if fully stated herein. Customer expressly acknowledges that this Agreement incorporates the terms and conditions applicable to transportation service set forth in Company's Tariff, as amended from time-to-time.	
TERMS:	For Service Classification No. 13: the term of this Agreement shall be one (1) month beginning the first day transportation service commences. Unless otherwise canceled or terminated, this Agreement shall renew monthly for successive one-month terms. Customer or Company may terminate this Agreement unilaterally on fifteen (15) days' notice prior to the end of a monthly term or by mutual agreement.	
	months beginning the first day transparent canceled or terminated, this Agreement	e term of this Agreement shall be twelve (12) portation service commences. Unless otherwise ent shall renew annually for successive one-year rminate this Agreement unilaterally on sixty (60) hual term or by mutual agreement.
BILLING:	Bills for service hereunder are due upon receipt. Customer may appoint an agent for billing purposes, subject to Company's approval.	
DEFAULT:	Failure to comply with any of the terms, conditions, rules or regulations contained and incorporated in this Agreement shall constitute default, whereupon the non-defaulting party may elect to terminate this Agreement.	
ACKNOWLEDGMENT		
	wledges that it has been offered a copy	by the terms and conditions of this Agreement. of the Service Classification set forth above and
	·	National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation
Customer's Signature		
Print Customer Name		ву:
		Date:
Title		
Date:		

Supplier Transportation, Balancing and Aggregation Service Agreement

STBA Service Agreement No.

SERVICE AGREEMENT FOR SUPPLIER TRANSPORTATION, BALANCING AND AGGREGATION UNDER SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 19

	AGREEMENT made as of the	day of	, 20,
by and between	. a	corporation having office	es at
	("Supplier") and Nationa	al Fuel Gas Distribution Co	rporation, a Nev
York corporation, wit	th offices at 6363 Main Street, Willia	amsville, New York, 14221	("Company").
DEFINITIONS APPI	LICABLE TO THIS AGREEMENT		
	in this Agreement not defined below gas service, PSC No. 9 - GAS.	w shall have their meaning	utilized in the
Control Date	Customer's meter read date.		
Supplier	Signatory to this Agreement who, i determined creditworthy for partici	5 C	
STBA	Supplier Transportation, Balancing	and Aggregation	
STBA Customer	Transportation service customer wh Customer Consent Form	no has selected Supplier un	der an effective
STBA Group	The Supplier's group of STBA Cus	stomers	
STBA Imbalance	Net imbalances developed by the S responsibility of the Supplier	TBA Group and the primar	ry financial
Commission	Public Service Commission of the	State of New York	
SC-19	Service Classification No. 19 under	Company's Tariff	
Transportation Customer	Transportation service customer of Transportation Service Agreement.		ffective
UBPs	Uniform Business Practices as adop	pted by the Commission	
Web Site	Site on internet world-wide web estransacting business hereunder	established and maintained by Company for	

WHEREAS, Supplier desires to participate in Company's STBA program under SC-19;

WHEREAS, Supplier wishes to do all things necessary to effectuate all services under Company's STBA program as set forth under SC-19;

WHEREAS, Company is willing to provide such services to Supplier as are necessary and sufficient to effectuate the STBA program under SC-19 in accordance with all laws, rules, regulations, permits, orders and authorizations applicable to the STBA program, or any part thereof.

The parties agree as follows:

A. Designation as Supplier:

Company shall accept designation and appointment of Supplier, and identification of STBA Group, upon the terms and conditions contained in this Agreement and SC-19.

B. Identification of STBA Customers:

STBA Customers shall be identified by the Supplier on a list provided to the Company showing the name and account number of each Customer properly enrolled. All information shall be communicated to the Company via Electronic Data Interchange (EDI), the Company's Web Site or other protocol established by the Company. Notification and execution of Customer switches, including switches from the Company to a Supplier, shall be governed by the applicable provisions of the UBPs. All switches shall occur on the Customer's Control Date.

C.	Term	of A	Agreement	:

The term of this Agreement shall commence on _	and shall
continue through	unless otherwise terminated by mutual
agreement or default of any terms and conditions	applicable to service hereunder.

- D. Supplier further agrees as follows:
 - 1. Supplier will deliver natural gas to the Company's City Gate on behalf of STBA Customers included in Supplier's STBA Group.
 - Supplier is bound by the terms and conditions of the transportation service classification
 applicable to the STBA Customers in Supplier's STBA Group and Service Classification
 No. 19 in accordance with any changes or modifications thereof as approved by the
 Commission.
 - 3. Supplier warrants that all information provided to the Company for the purpose of qualifying for service under Service Classification No. 19 is true, timely and accurate and Supplier acknowledges that such information has been provided to the Company for the purpose of inducing the Company to provide service pursuant to Service Classification No. 19.
 - 4. As a condition of service under Service Classification No. 19, Supplier shall satisfy the credit criteria set forth in the General Information section of Company's Tariff. Supplier acknowledges that its creditworthiness may be periodically reviewed during service hereunder, and any security requirement modified as determined by the Company to accommodate changes in the Supplier's financial standing, fitness to serve or ADDQ for Supplier's STBA Group.
 - 5. Supplier acknowledges that its obligations to deliver natural gas on behalf of its STBA Customers will not be abated under any circumstances, including a breach of the obligations by any STBA Customer to the Supplier, except for events of Force Majeure as specified in Service Classification No. 19 or actions by the Company that prevent performance by Supplier.
 - 6. Supplier shall comply with all applicable provisions of the UBPs for transacting business hereunder.
- E. Company's Duties and Obligations:

- Company shall accept Supplier's STBA Group, as determined according to STBA enrollment procedures, and shall provide all services required to effectuate service under SC-19.
- 2. Company shall bill Supplier on a monthly basis for services rendered or to be rendered.
- Company shall comply with all applicable provisions of the UBPs for transacting business hereunder.
- 4. All other terms and conditions under SC-19 and Company's Tariff apply as if fully stated herein.
- F. Rates and Charges:

Rates and charges for STBA service shall be billed to Supplier pursuant to SC-19.

G. Incorporation by Reference:

A copy of the currently-effective form of SC-19 is attached hereto and is incorporated herein. If there is any inconsistency between this Agreement and SC-19, either as presently effective or as amended, then the provisions of SC-19 shall apply.

H. Notices:

All notices, invoices and other correspondence sent pursuant to this Agreement shall be addressed to the following parties:

To Company:	National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation Transportation Services Department 6363 Main Street
	Williamsville, NY 14221
To Supplier:	

I. Limitation on Company's Liability:

Company shall not be liable for any error in judgment or any mistake of law or fact or any act done in good faith in the exercise of the powers and authority herein conferred or for any loss, damage, delay or failure to perform in whole or in part resulting from causes beyond Company's control, including, but not limited to, fires, strikes, insurrections, riots, embargoes, shortages in supplies, delays in transportation, or requirements of any governmental authority. Furthermore, in no event shall Company be liable for consequential, punitive, incidental, indirect or special damages in the provision of services hereunder.

J. Supplier Indemnity Obligations:

Supplier shall indemnify, save harmless and, at Company's option, defend Company from and against any and all losses, claims, demands, damages, costs (including, without limitations, reasonable attorneys' fees), expenses, liabilities, proceedings, suits, actions, restrictions, injunctions, fines, judgments, penalties and assessments which Company may suffer for, on account of, by reason of or in connection with any adverse claim of any person or persons to

the gas purchased by Company under SC-19, regarding cash out purchases of Burner Tip Net Surplus Imbalances, and in connection with any bodily injury, including death to any person or persons (including, without limitation, Supplier's employees) or any damage to or destruction of any property, including, without limitation, loss of use thereof, arising out of, in any manner connected with or resulting from the goods, work or services furnished by Supplier with respect to this Agreement. The provisions of this Paragraph J shall survive the termination or expiration of this Agreement.

K. Entire Contract:

This agreement and express incorporation sets forth the entire contract between the parties concerning the subject hereof, and supersedes all prior and contemporaneous written or oral negotiations and agreements between them concerning the subject hereof.

L. Modification of Agreement:

Any amendment to this Agreement may be made in the sole discretion of Company so long as such changes are not inconsistent with the applicable tariff(s) and any modification of this Agreement must be in writing and signed by both parties.

M. Interpretation of Agreement:

The interpretation, construction, and performance of this Agreement shall be in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without recourse to the law regarding the conflicts of law, and the parties to this Agreement hereby submit and consent to the jurisdiction of the courts of the State of New York (including, without limitation, the federal courts located within the State of New York) in any action brought to enforce (other otherwise relating to) this Agreement.

N. Drafting Presumptions:

No presumption shall operate in favor of Supplier or against Company as a result of drafting this Agreement.

O. Waiver:

No waiver by any party of any one or more defaults by the other in performance of any provisions of this Agreement shall operate or be construed as a waiver of any other default or defaults, whether of a like or different character.

P. Assignment:

Supplier shall not assign this Agreement, or any of its rights, duties or obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of the Company.

O. Severability:

If any provision of this Agreement is determined to be invalid or unenforceable or contrary to Commission rules or law, the provision shall be deemed to be void as of the date of this Agreement and shall not be part of this Agreement and shall otherwise be severable from the remainder of this Agreement and shall not cause the invalidity or unenforceability of the remainder of this Agreement. If any provision of this Agreement does not comply with any law, ordinance or regulation of any governmental or quasi-governmental authority, now existing or hereinafter enacted, such provision shall to the extent possible be interpreted in

- such a manner so as to comply with such law, ordinance or regulation, or if such interpretation is not possible, it shall be deemed amended to satisfy the requirements thereof.
- R. Service under this Agreement is in accordance with SC-19, as amended from time to time. If there is any inconsistency between this Agreement and SC-19, either as presently in effect or as amended, then the provisions of SC-19 shall apply.
- S. Unless specified otherwise, business transactions under this Agreement shall be governed by the UBPs.
- T. Unauthorized Customer switches, called "slamming," are strictly prohibited. Suppliers shall be subject to penalties under the UBPs for any confirmed slamming activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties, intending to be legally bound, have caused this Agreement to be signed by their duly authorized officers as of the day and year first above written.

Company Representative	
Title:	
Supplier Representative	
Title:	

National Fuel System Administrator Security Process Agency Agreement

AGENCY AGREEMENT

Applicable for use on the National Fuel Gas Supply Corporation ("NFG"), Empire Pipeline, Inc. ("Empire"), and National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation ("Distribution") systems
Internal Tracking - Agency Agreement No6
This Agency Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into effective as of the Effective Start Date specified below, by and between ("Principal") and
("Agent"), which for existing Principals shall be the date the National Fuel Gas Supply Corporation's ("NFG") FERC gas tariff implementing the National Fuel System Administrator Security Process ("SA System") becomes effective or for new Principals the date specified below.
WHEREAS, Principal is an entity that ships gas or produces natural gas that is received into NFG, Empire or Distribution's ("Transporter") system subject to provisions specified in applicable tariffs (either FERC for NFG or Empire or the New York Public Service Commission approved tariff and/or Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission approved tariff for Distribution (collectively or individually, "Tariff") (as supplemented by Distribution's Gas Transportation Operating Procedures Manual ("GTOP") for the applicable state jurisdiction);
WHEREAS, Principal has rights and obligations with Transporter;
WHEREAS, Principal desires to transfer certain rights and obligations to Agent; and Agent is willing to act as agent for Principal, as described herein;
NOW THEREFORE, Principal and Agent agree as follows:
Principal hereby authorizes Agent to exercise the rights and/or perform the obligations ("Agency Business Functions") as set forth in Exhibit A and as described on NFG's web site to enter meter/index readings. Such authorization shall begin on the Effective Start Date and end on the End Date, as defined below. Agency Business Functions will be as permitted and described on NFG's web site. Exhibit A is incorporated by reference and made a part of this Agreement for all purposes. Principal and Agent agree that they are required to comply with all provisions of the contracts listed on Exhibit A and all provisions of Transporter's Tariff and GTOP.
Effective Start Date: The Agreement start date shall be for activity for Gas Day This Agreement must be executed, via NFG's web site or, if unavailable, then by email delivery to Transporter (as specified on Transporter's web site) of a fully executed Agreement, at least two (2) business days prior to the Effective Start Date, unless otherwise allowed by Transporter.
End Date: Principal's designation and appointment of Agent shall end upon termination by either Party, unless otherwise allowed by Transporter; provided however, that this Agreement may be terminated at any time by the Principal or Agent, but no such termination shall be effective as to Transporter until terminated via NFG's web site by the terminating party. By execution hereof, Agent accepts its designation and appointment as agent for Principal and agrees to act as agent for Principal

in accordance with the terms hereof. Agent shall clearly specify it is acting on behalf of Principal in all

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⁶ The Agency Agreement No. will be assigned upon implementation of the SA System. After implementation, the Agency Agreement No. will be assigned upon executing the agreement.

⁷ The Effective Start Date shall be the date NFG's FERC Gas tariff implementing the SA System becomes effective. For Agreements entered into after that date, the Effective Start Date is that specified within this Agreement.

actions taken in its role of Agent. Communications with, or actions by, Agent shall be deemed communications with, or actions by, Principal, and Principal accepts and agrees that Transporter may rely on all such communications by Agent on behalf of Principal rendered under the terms of this Agreement.

In the event that a communication(s) or action(s) taken by Principal and Agent are, in Transporter's sole opinion, inconsistent or conflicting, with respect to the Agency Business Functions and contracts listed on Exhibit A, then Principal understands and agrees that Transporter shall comply with the later communication or action taken by Principal or Agent, provided that such communication or action is not inconsistent with Transporter's Tariff and/or GTOP, including applicable deadlines therein, or the terms of the applicable contract, in Transporter's sole opinion.

Correspondence concerning the above-mentioned delegated duties shall be directed to Agent and Principal at the following address:

Principal Contact Person:	
Address:	
Addiess.	
-	
-	
Telephone:	
Fax:	
Email Address:	
Agent Contact Person:	
Address:	
-	
Telephone:	
Fax:	
Email Address:	

Principal shall remain liable to Transporter for all of its obligations as Principal under the contracts listed on Exhibit A, including but not limited to all payments to Transporter of all fees and charges for any services rendered under Transporter's Tariff and/or GTOP. Principal and Agent, each, hereby indemnify and hold Transporter harmless from any and all liabilities, losses, damages, expenses and other obligations of any nature whatsoever that Transporter may suffer as a result of any and all claims, demands, costs, attorney fees and judgments against Transporter resulting from Transporter's reliance on communications and actions of Agent, including but not limited to payment made by

Transporter to Agent or actions taken by Transporter pursuant to Agent's communication(s), action(s) or inaction(s) given on behalf of Principal pursuant to this Agreement.

This Agreement shall be subject to all applicable governmental statutes, orders, rules, and regulations and Transporter's Tariff and/or GTOP as it exists from time-to-time, and is contingent upon the receipt and continuation of all necessary regulatory approvals or authorizations upon terms acceptable to Transporter. This Agreement shall be void and of no force and effect if any necessary regulatory approval or authorization is not so obtained or continued.

The interpretation and performance of this Agreement shall be in accordance with the laws of the state of New York without regard to choice of law doctrine that refers to the laws of another jurisdiction.

In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Agreement and the provisions of Transporter's Tariff and/or GTOP, the provisions of the Tariff and/or GTOP shall govern.

The Parties agree and stipulate that the services to be performed pursuant to this Agreement by each Party are uniquely tied to the Parties performing the services. Therefore the rights and obligations pursuant to this Agreement may not be assigned. The parties acknowledge that the execution of this Agreement via NFG's web site shall constitute a valid enforceable agreement and shall legally bind the parties accordingly.

PRINCIPAL	AGENT		
(Principal Name)	(Agent Name)		
By: Please Sign)	By: (Please Sign)		
Name: (Please Print)	Name:(Please Print)		
Fitle: Must be an authorized officer)	Title:(Must be an authorized officer)		

Standard-Form Renewable Natural Gas Interconnection Agreement

RENEWABLE NATURAL GAS INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

THIS INTERCONN	IECTION AGREEM	ENT (the "Agreem	ent") is made	and entered	into this
	day of	,	,	by and	between
			, hereinafter,	"Operator"	or "RNG
Operator," and				·	
	GAS DISTRIBUTION nereinafter, "NFGDC	,	6363 Main Stre	eet, Williamsv	ille, New

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, NFGDC is a public utility authorized and obligated to receive and transport natural gas and to provide retail natural gas service subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of the State of New York hereinafter, "NYSPSC"; and

WHEREAS, NFGDC is a public utility authorized and obligated to receive and transport natural gas and to provide retail natural gas service subject to the jurisdiction of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, hereinafter, "PAPUC"; and

WHEREAS, by means of facilities operated by it, Operator proposes to deliver Renewable Natural Gas ("RNG") into facilities owned and operated by NFGDC in the State of New York or into facilities owned and operated by NFGDC in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; and

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants and agreements hereinafter contained, NFGDC and Operator agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 "Receipt Point" means the point of interconnection between Operator's Plant and the facilities of NFGDC located immediately upstream of NFGDC's measurement facility which is used to identify such point of interconnection in Exhibit A.
- 1.2 "Exhibit A" means the document entitled "Exhibit A" which is attached hereto (and by such attachment, made a part hereof), as said document may be amended or supplemented, from time to time.
- 1.3 "Exhibit B" means the document entitled "Exhibit B" which is attached hereto (and by such attachment, made a part hereof), as said document may be amended or supplemented, from time to time specific to RNG.
- 1.4 "Exhibit C" means the document entitled "Exhibit C" which is attached hereto (and by such attachment, made a part hereof), as said document may be amended or supplemented, from time to time specific to RNG.
- 1.5 "Btu" or "British Thermal Unit" means, generally, the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of liquid water by 1°F at a constant pressure of one atmosphere and is a measure of heat value (energy content). Btu is calculated in conformance with applicable ANSI/API and A.G.A. recommendations.

- 1.6 "Cubic Foot" means the volume of gas contained in one (1) cubic foot of space at a standard pressure of fourteen and seventy-three hundredths (14.73) pounds per square inch absolute and a standard temperature of sixty degrees Fahrenheit (60° F), under standard gravitational force.
- 1.7 "Mcf" means one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of gas, determined on the measurement basis set forth in this Agreement.
- 1.8 "Meter Location" means the state, New York or Pennsylvania, in which an individual meter on Exhibit A is geographically located.
- 1.9 "NFGDC's Tariff" or "Tariff" means NFGDC's Schedule For Gas Service Applicable In The Entire Territory (PSC No. 9 GAS, as amended from time to time, or any superseding tariff), for gas delivered by Operator in New York or Rates, Rules And Regulations Governing The Furnishing of Natural Gas Service (Gas--Pa. P.U.C. No. 9, as amended from time to time, or any superseding tariff) for gas delivered by Operator in Pennsylvania. Meter Location determines the applicable Tariff.
- 1.10 "Gas Transportation Operating Procedures Manual" or "GTOP" is a document describing operating procedures, protocols and business practices for transportation service, as amended from time to time. The GTOP applicable to RNG delivered by Operator in New York is filed with the NYSPSC and the GTOP applicable to RNG delivered by Operator in Pennsylvania is filed with the PAPUC. Each GTOP is posted on the NFGDC web site. Meter Location determines the applicable GTOP.
- 1.11 "Day" means the twenty-four (24) hour period commencing at an hour specified in the Tariff of an interstate pipeline delivering gas to NFGDC at a city gate station, or as otherwise specified in NFGDC's GTOP.
- 1.12 "Month" means the period commencing on the first Day of a calendar month and ending immediately prior to the commencement of the first Day of the next calendar month.
- 1.13 "Operator's Gas" means the RNG delivered into NFGDC's facilities at any given time at any given Receipt Point.
- 1.14 "Commission" means the NYSPSC or PAPUC depending on Meter Location.
- 1.15 "NFGDC Contacts Addendum" means the document so entitled which is attached hereto (and by such attachment, made a part hereof), providing NFGDC contact information pertinent to this Agreement. Said document may be amended or supplemented, from time to time by NFGDC and communicated to Operator through facsimile, e-mail or a posting to the NFGDC website.
- 1.16 "RNG Operator Contacts Addendum" means the document so entitled which is attached hereto (and by such attachment, made a part hereof), providing Operator contact information pertinent to this Agreement. Said document may be amended or supplemented, from time to time by Operator and communicated to NFGDC as provided therein.
- 1.17 "Gas Scheduling" means the administrative function(s) of arranging for Operator's RNG to be delivered for the account of NFGDC transportation customers and/or their suppliers, including nominations, confirmations, pool assignments and related activities.
- 1.18 "Renewable Natural Gas" or "RNG" means the gas produced by Operator at its Plant which meets NFGDC RNG Quality Standards, specified in Exhibit B, as well as the gas quality standards specified in NFGDC's Tariff.

- 1.19 "Plant" means the digester, gasifier, and other upgrading and processing facilities used to produce biomethane. Such Plants shall be limited to non-hazardous landfills, dairy farms, wastewater treatment plants, food waste processing facilities and Plants producing NFGDC approved syngas.
- 1.20 "Security Requirement Amount" means the dollar amount of security NFGDC deems appropriate, in its sole discretion, based upon circumstances attributable to the Operator and Operator's facility.
- 1.21 "Hazardous Waste Landfill" refers to the facilities as defined by the United States Environmental Protection Agency 40 CFR 260.10, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 6 NYCRR Part 370.2 or Pennsylvania Solid Waste Management Act, 35 Pennsylvania Statutes (Pa. Stat.) 6018.101 to 6018.1003 and rules at 25 Pennsylvania Code (Pa. Code) 260a to 270a, and 25 Pa. Code 298

ARTICLE 2. DELIVERY OF RNG INTO NFGDC FACILITIES

- 2.1 Operator shall not deliver (or permit the delivery of) any RNG into any facility owned or operated by NFGDC other than at a Receipt Point identified on Exhibit A at the time of such delivery (the "Exhibit A Receipt Point(s)"). No Receipt Point shall be deemed to have been added to Exhibit A, and Exhibit A shall not be deemed to have been otherwise amended or supplemented, unless and until such amendment or supplement of Exhibit A shall be evidenced by a writing executed by Operator and NFGDC.
- 2.2 Operator warrants and represents as follows:
 - 2.2.1 All gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities at any one Receipt Point shall be RNG produced exclusively from Plant(s) configured to deliver to such Receipt Point.
 - 2.2.2 RNG delivered into NFGDC's facilities was not collected from a Hazardous Waste Landfill including landfills permitted by the Department of Toxic Substances Control.
 - 2.2.3 RNG produced or scheduled by Operator to be produced from additional Plant(s) flowing through a Receipt Point identified in Exhibit A shall be authorized and RNG received therefrom accepted by Distribution at the designated Receipt Point so long as:
 - 2.2.3.1 Operator provides NFGDC with 30 days written notice of its intent to add Plant(s), together with the scheduled turn-on date; and
 - 2.2.3.2 The Plant has been tested by or caused to be tested by NFGDC and the results therefrom meet NFGDC's satisfaction;
 - 2.2.3.3 The criteria contained in paragraph 2.2.3.2 shall also apply to new or different RNG that is formulated with new or modified feedstock source at an existing Plant already flowing through a Receipt Point identified on Exhibit A.
 - 2.2.3.4 The criteria contained in paragraph 2.2.3.2 shall also apply to new or different Plant operations including installation of new processing equipment or modification to existing processing equipment.
- 2.3 Operator shall deliver RNG at a pressure sufficient to enable such RNG to enter NFGDC's facilities against the pressure prevailing therein from time to time, provided, however, that Operator shall not deliver RNG at any Receipt Point at a pressure in excess of the pressure designated by NFGDC.

- 2.3.1 Sufficient delivery pressure does not guarantee access to NFGDC's facilities. In addition to pressure, nearby distribution system market demand and the priority of service of the parties shipping gas from the Receipt Point(s) shall also be determinative for the purpose of access to NFGDC's facilities.
- 2.4 Operator shall not install or operate (or permit any other entity to install or operate) compression facilities in order to deliver RNG into any NFGDC facility ("NFGDC-Related Compression Operations") without the express prior written consent of NFGDC, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 2.5 Operator warrants that all NFGDC-Related Compression Operations shall be conducted in a manner (i) so as to prevent the pulsations therefrom from interfering with NFGDC's measurement at any Receipt Point, and (ii) so that compressed RNG will be delivered to NFGDC at a temperature not exceeding seventy-three degrees Fahrenheit (73° F). Operator shall ensure safeguards to prevent compressing air (e.g. low pressure shut off or oxygen shut off) into NFGCD's system are present and operational.
- 2.6 Operator shall give NFGDC written notice at least fourteen (14) days prior to the commencement of (and any material change in) authorized NFGDC-Related Compression Operations.
- 2.7 Operator shall give NFGDC written notice at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to any material change in the maintenance routine applicable to any compressor used in NFGDC-Related Compression Operations. For purposes of this subsection, "material" shall mean any change that may produce a variance in RNG volumes or pressure.
- 2.8 In the event that the installation, operation and/or maintenance of Operator's compressor used in NFGDC-Related Compression Operations requires (in NFGDC's reasonable judgment) modification(s) to any facility owned or operated by NFGDC, the cost of such modification(s) shall be borne by Operator. Operator shall consult with NFGDC so as to assist NFGDC in ascertaining the extent to which such modification may be indicated, and on the basis of such consultation and NFGDC's own judgment, NFGDC shall endeavor to notify Operator of its determination prior to the date scheduled by Operator for such installation, operation and/or maintenance. Notwithstanding NFGDC's efforts to provide such notice to Operator, Operator shall remain solely responsible for costs incurred by NFGDC in the event resulting and reasonably unforeseen modification of NFGDC facilities are required.
- 2.9 Operator shall, at its own cost and expense, (i) obtain, provide NFGDC with, and maintain any easement(s) or other land interest(s) which, in NFGDC's judgment as to type and extent, are reasonably necessary for the installation, operation and maintenance of NFGDC's receipt and related measurement facilities; and (ii) upon NFGDC's request, provide NFGDC with a copy of the recorded instruments evidencing such land interests and NFGDC's beneficial interest therein.
- 2.10 Receipt facilities shall be installed, owned and maintained by and at the expense of either NFGDC or Operator according to the below schedule. Such equipment shall be installed at each Exhibit A Receipt Point facility, which, in NFGDC's reasonable judgment, may be necessary to accommodate the deliveries of RNG received and projected to be received by it at the Receipt Points. The normal operation, calibration, maintenance, adjustment and repair of the measurement equipment shall be performed by the owner of the equipment. Modifications to Receipt Facilities resulting from changes in Operator's operations shall be performed at Operator's cost and expense. The Receipt Facilities shall be operated in accordance with the applicable specifications of the Gas Measurement Committee of the Natural Gas Department of the American Gas Association, as

amended from time to time, or in accordance with any other mutually agreeable standard commonly accepted in the industry.

Equipment	Install By	Own By	Maintain By	Paid By
Meter/Recording instrument	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator
Meter run and valves	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator
Regulator	Operator	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator
Drying Equipment	Operator	Operator	Operator	Operator
Odorizing Equipment	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator
"Pop-offs"/Relief valves	Operator	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator
Mainline valve	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator
Heaters	Operator	Operator	Operator	Operator
Water separator/drips	Operator	Operator	Operator	Operator
Communications facilities	Operator	Operator	Operator	Operator
Telemetrics/Teleflow	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator
Gas Quality Equipment	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator
Real-Time Analyzer	NFGDC	NFGDC	NFGDC	Operator

- 2.11 Operator shall pay to NFGDC the Receipt Facility Maintenance Fee(s), if any, which shall be applicable, from time to time, pursuant to the provisions of NFGDC's Tariff. In this connection, Operator agrees that NFGDC shall have the unilateral right, exercisable at its sole option, to file with any regulatory authority having jurisdiction, and to make effective, (i) initial and revised rates and charges applicable to NFGDC's operations hereunder, (ii) changes in any provision of the General Terms and Conditions of NFGDC's Tariff applicable to NFGDC's operations hereunder, and (iii) the terms and conditions of this Agreement (hereinafter, collectively, the "Receipt Parameters"). NFGDC agrees that Operator may protest or contest any such filing and/or may seek from any duly constituted regulatory authority having jurisdiction such revision of any one or more of the Receipt Parameters as may be necessary or appropriate to cause the same to be, in all respects, just and reasonable.
- 2.12 Operator shall, at its own cost and expense, provide, operate and maintain in safe and efficient operating condition such regulators, relief valves, and other equipment as may be necessary in NFGDC's reasonable judgment to avoid excessive pressures (and the risk of such pressures) in facilities owned and operated by NFGDC or its customers.
- 2.13 Operator acknowledges that:
 - 2.13.1 The Receipt Points identified in Exhibit A are located on NFGDC's gas distribution facilities;
 - 2.13.2 NFGDC must, at all times, be in a position to operate, maintain, enhance, and/or replace any one or more of its facilities in such a manner, at such times, and under such circumstances as will enable it to furnish and provide facilities and service which are safe and adequate and in all respects just and reasonable;
 - 2.13.3 The maximum and/or minimum delivery pressures or other parameters applicable to Operator's delivery of RNG into NFGDC's facilities may vary from time to time, in light of the above, and in order to enable NFGDC to satisfy its retail market requirements, including but not limited to its firm service obligations, transportation obligations, and to ensure the maintenance of safe operating conditions throughout its system, including, but not limited to, the maintenance, enhancement and/or improvement of its facilities;

- 2.13.4 Operator acknowledges NFGDC's right (a) to restrict and/or completely stop Operator's deliveries at any one or more Receipt Points insofar as reasonably necessary in NFGDC's judgment to accommodate the above requirements, and/or (b) to designate and redesignate, from time to time, the maximum pressure or other delivery parameter(s) temporarily applicable to deliveries of RNG by Operator at any one or more Receipt Points; and
- 2.13.5 Without limitation of the remedies available to NFGDC in respect of any breach of this Agreement, a breach of any one or more of the obligations undertaken by Operator under paragraphs 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 and 2.5 of this Article 2, or under any of the paragraphs of Article 4, shall constitute a material breach of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 3. MEASUREMENT

- 3.1 Measurement of Operator's RNG shall be in accordance with the Tariff and GTOP requirements applicable to gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities for transportation service and/or applicable to production facility gas measurement.
- 3.2 The unit of volume for purposes of measurement of the RNG delivered into NFGDC's facilities at the respective Exhibit A Receipt Points shall be Mcf.
- 3.3 The total heating value of the RNG delivered into NFGDC's facilities at the respective Exhibit A Receipt Points shall be determined by chromatographic analysis using equipment provided at Operator's expense but installed, owned and maintained by NFGDC. The unit of measurement of heating value shall be Btu.
- 3.4 If undertaken at Operator's request, NFGDC's test of the accuracy of any meter or other measurement equipment owned and used by NFGDC to measure volumes of RNG delivered into its facilities shall be arranged and conducted, insofar as reasonably practicable, so as to permit representatives of Operator to be present. If, upon any such test (whether conducted at Operator's request or upon NFGDC's own initiative) any such meter or measurement equipment shall be found to be inaccurate, NFGDC shall adjust the same as soon as practicable to read correctly; and
 - 3.4.1 If such inaccuracy is less than three percent (3%), the previous readings shall be deemed correct, and, in the event such test was conducted at Operator's request, Operator shall bear all costs of such test:
 - 3.4.2 If such inaccuracy is three percent (3%) or more, the previous readings shall be corrected to zero (0) error for the period of time during which such meter or other measurement equipment is known or agreed to have been inaccurate. If the length of such period of inaccuracy is not known or agreed upon, such correction shall be made for a period equal to one-half (½) of the time which has elapsed since the date of the last calibration, provided, however, that such correction period shall not exceed thirty (30) days.

If any such meter or other measurement equipment is out of service, or inaccurate by three percent (3%) or more, under circumstances where the correction of previous readings of such equipment to "zero (0) error" is not feasible, then the volume of RNG delivered during the period shall be estimated (a) by using data recorded by any check-measuring equipment, if installed and registering accurately, or (b) if such check-measuring equipment is not installed or registering inaccurately, by correcting the error if the percentage of error is ascertainable by calibration, test or mathematical calculation, or (c) if neither such method is feasible, by estimating the quantity delivered based upon deliveries under similar conditions during a period when equipment was registering accurately.

ARTICLE 4. GAS QUALITY

- 4.1 Operator understands and acknowledges that while NFGDC will continuously monitor, test, or otherwise inspect Operator's RNG prior to the delivery thereof into NFGDC's facilities, this does not mean that every Constituent of Concern, as identified in Exhibit B Table 1, will be continuously monitored and tested. Operator further acknowledges that, irrespective of the contractual disposition of Operator's RNG, all such RNG may be commingled with, and become an inseparable part of, the gas supply used by NFGDC to satisfy its obligations to its retail and transportation customers. Accordingly, Operator expressly warrants and represents that (i) Operator's RNG shall, in all respects and at all times, consist solely of RNG which is merchantable and fit for use by NFGDC's retail customers, and (ii) without limitation of the generality of the foregoing, Operator's RNG shall at all times, and in all respects, shall conform to the Tariff and GTOP requirements applicable to gas delivered into NFGDC's facilities for transportation service, and meet at least the following minimum quality specifications:
 - 4.1.1 Operator's RNG shall be entirely free of all hydrocarbon liquids and other material in liquid form, including, without limitation, water, glycol, brines, condensate and oil;
 - 4.1.2 All RNG delivered by Operator to NFGDC hereunder into NFGDC's facilities through any Receipt Point listed on the attached Exhibit A shall be dehydrated by Operator for removal of water present therein in a vapor state to a level determined acceptable by NFGDC, at its sole discretion, from time to time. In no event shall the acceptable level, as determined by NFGDC, be required to be less than the maximum water vapor (H₂O) per million cubic feet level specified in the Tariff;
 - 4.1.3 Operator's RNG shall be entirely free of NOx compounds;
 - 4.1.4 Operator's RNG must also comply with all additional requirements specified in Exhibit B, including but not limited to, having a composition that does not exceed the threshold level for any Constituent of Concern identified in Exhibit B Table 1.
- 4.2 To the extent accepting Operator's RNG does not prevent gas delivered to customers from being merchantable and fit for use in its retail markets, NFGDC shall have the option (but never the obligation), to relax RNG quality requirements, from time to time, by describing permissible variations in its GTOP.
- 4.3 Except as identified in 2.10 above, Operator shall furnish, install, operate, maintain and keep in efficient and safe operating condition, at Operator's sole cost and expense, such drips, separators, dehydrators, alcohol bottles, gas cleaners, treatment facilities, equipment to provide real-time gas quality analysis ("Real-Time Analyzer"), automated shut-off valves and any other devices or equipment as may be or become reasonably necessary to effect compliance with the quality specifications set forth in this Article.
- 4.4 Operator shall inform NFGDC of changes in its RNG feedstock source prior to such changes or as soon as practicable thereafter.
- 4.5 In addition to any other remedy which may be available to NFGDC hereunder, or under any provision of law, in respect of Operator's undertakings expressed in this Article, NFGDC shall have and be entitled to exercise any one or more of the following rights, options and remedies, on a non-exclusive basis, in the event of any breach by Operator of any one or more of said undertakings, to wit:

- 4.5.1 Upon notice to Operator, treat or process Operator's RNG, at Operator's sole cost and expense, insofar as reasonably necessary in NFGDC's judgment to cause the same to conform to the quality specifications set forth in this Article;
- 4.5.2 Continue to receive Operator's RNG, with or without treatment or processing thereof;
- 4.5.3 Discontinue receiving Operator's RNG at the affected Receipt Point(s) until the occasion(s) for the exercise of a remedy by NFGDC has, in NFGDC's reasonable judgment, been corrected:
- 4.5.4 Terminate this Agreement as respects the delivery of Operator's RNG into NFGDC's facilities at the affected Receipt Point(s) in the event that, in NFGDC's reasonable judgment, the occasion for NFGDC's exercise of a remedy cannot be corrected at a reasonable cost in a reasonable time:
- 4.5.5 Require Operator to cease receiving into Operator's facilities RNG feedstock attributable to the source which occasioned NFGDC's exercise of a remedy; and
- 4.5.6 Clean-up and/or repair, at Operator's sole cost and expense, all facilities, equipment and apparatus affected by the occasion for NFGDC's exercise of a remedy. NFGDC shall endeavor to notify the Operator prior to taking such remedial action.

ARTICLE 5. CHART CHANGES AND INDEX READINGS

- 5.1 Insofar as applicable, Operator shall, at its own cost and expense, read each rotary, ultrasonic or turbine meter associated with any Exhibit A Receipt Point on the first (1st) working day of each month and shall enter associated meter readings online through a secure web site as provided in NFGDC's GTOP all such meter reading information to NFGDC on or before the fifth (5th) working day of each month.
- 5.32 All written correspondence concerning measurement shall be addressed to "NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION" at the address provided for Gas Measurement in the NFGDC Contacts Addendum.
- 5.3 Operator understands that NFGDC is not able to account for and/or allocate Operator's RNG without using the meter reading information (as the case may be) referred to in this Article. Accordingly, given (i) the incremental expense and other costs which will be incurred by NFGDC in the event of its tardy receipt of the meter reading information referred to in this Article; (ii) the difficulty of quantifying such costs and expenses, and (iii) the inconvenience and practical infeasibility of otherwise providing an adequate remedy in respect of Operator's breach of its undertakings expressed in this Article, it is agreed as follows:

In the event that either of the following conditions are met, to wit: (i) Operator shall fail to provide any meter reading information as stipulated in this Article, or (ii) NFGDC shall fail to receive said meter reading information on or before the fifth (5th) working day following the date stipulated in this Article, then NFGDC shall be relieved of any obligation to account for any of the production in a timely manner but will endeavor to account for such production in the next accounting period.

ARTICLE 6. TERM

6.1 This Agreement shall have no force or effect unless and until it shall have been executed by each of the parties identified on the first page hereof and by each of the parties identified in the

Addendum thereto, if any (the "Effective Date"). Thereafter, and unless and until NFGDC shall have notified each of the other parties who executed this Agreement (the "Non-NFGDC Parties") that all applicable RNG disposition agreements have become effective, no right or entitlement shall accrue to any Non-NFGDC Party due to the execution of this Agreement.

- 6.2 The term of this Agreement shall extend until the first anniversary of the Effective Date, and, unless otherwise lawfully terminated, this Agreement shall continue in effect thereafter, until the same is terminated by any party to this Agreement, if any, by written notice to all other such parties, no later than thirty (30) days prior to the beginning of a calendar month.
- 6.3 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, and in addition to any other right or remedy available to NFGDC hereunder or under any provision of law, NFGDC shall have the following rights, exercisable at NFGDC's sole option, to wit:
 - 6.3.1 Terminate this Agreement and remove all Receipt Facilities at the Exhibit A Receipt Points, or suspend or cease receiving Operator's RNG at any one or more of the Exhibit A Receipt Points, upon thirty (30) days' prior written notice to Operator, in the event that Operator should for any reason experience a loss or cancellation of the security required to be provided by Operator pursuant to Article IX hereof; and
 - 6.3.2 Terminate this Agreement as to the affected Receipt Point(s) and remove all Receipt Facilities at the affected Receipt Point(s), or suspend or cease receiving Operator's RNG at any affected Receipt Point(s), upon thirty (30) days' prior written notice to Operator, in the event that Operator should (i) fail to provide satisfactory title to the production or (ii) repeatedly violate, in NFGDC's sole opinion, the standards contained in Article 4.

ARTICLE 7. GOVERNMENTAL REGULATION

7.1 This Agreement and the respective obligations of the parties hereunder shall be subject to all valid applicable federal, state and local laws, orders, rules and regulations, whether in effect on the date hereof, or becoming effective thereafter. The parties shall be entitled to regard all laws, orders, rules and regulations issued by any federal, state or local regulatory or governmental body as valid and may act in accordance therewith until such time as same shall have been invalidated by final judgment (no longer subject to judicial review) of a court of competent jurisdiction. Neither party shall be held in default for failure to perform hereunder if such failure is due to compliance with laws, orders, rules or regulations of any such duly constituted authorities. Nothing contained herein, however, shall be construed as affecting any party's right(s) to contest the validity or applicability of any such law, order, rule or regulation.

ARTICLE 8. FORCE MAJEURE

- 8.1 In the event either NFGDC or Operator is rendered unable, in whole or in part, by <u>force majeure</u> to carry out their respective obligations under this Agreement, other than to make payments due hereunder or to maintain minimum RNG quality specifications, it is agreed that the obligations of the party claiming such inability to perform, so far as they are affected by such <u>force majeure</u>, shall be suspended from the inception of and during the continuance of such inability so caused but for no longer period; provided that the party claiming such inability gives notice and reasonably full particulars of such <u>force majeure</u> event relied upon; and provided further that the party claiming such inability shall promptly and diligently take such action as may be necessary and reasonably practicable to correct, or cause to be corrected, such inability.
- 8.2 The term "force majeure" as employed herein shall mean, without limitation, acts of God, Governmental action or regulation, strikes, lockouts or other industrial disturbances, acts of the public enemy, wars, blockades, insurrections, riots, epidemics, landslides, lightning, earthquakes,

fires, hurricanes, tornadoes, storms, storm warnings, floods, washouts, arrests and restraints of governments and people, civil disturbances, explosions, breakage or accidents to machinery or pipelines, the necessity for making repairs to or alterations of machinery or pipelines, freezing of pipelines, and any other causes, whether of the kind herein enumerated or otherwise, not under or within the control of the party claiming inability to perform and which, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, such party is unable to prevent or overcome.

- 8.3 The settlement of strikes, lockouts or any such labor disputes shall be entirely within the discretion of the party having the difficulty, and the above requirement that any <u>force majeure</u> event shall be remedied promptly and diligently shall not require the settlement of strikes, lockouts or other labor disputes by acceding to the demands of any opposing party when such course is inadvisable in the discretion of the party having the difficulty.
- 8.4 <u>Force majeure</u> shall not include failure or disruption of technical systems or products within the reasonable control of the party claiming force majeure which arise as a result of any leap year.

ARTICLE 9. NOTICE

- 9.1 Every notice, request, statement, bill or invoice provided for in this Agreement shall be in writing, unless otherwise provided herein, and shall be sent by prepaid mail, facsimile, or by overnight delivery, addressed to the party to whom given, at such party's address stated below, or at such other address as such party may in and by such notice direct hereafter. Facsimile notices, requests, statements, bills or invoices shall be deemed given only when facsimile receipt is confirmed.
 - 9.1.1 Notice to NFGDC shall be sent to the address provided for Notices in the NFGDC Contacts Addendum.
 - 9.1.2 Notice to Operator shall be sent to the address provided for Notices in the RNG Operator Contacts Addendum.
- 9.2 Operator shall provide NFGDC with a current telephone number, facsimile number and Email address at which Operator or Operator's representatives may be contacted at all hours using the Operator Contacts Addendum or other mutually agreeable form that minimally provides the same information contained therein. For themselves and their agents, NFGDC and Operator agree to the recording of all telephone conversations during which NFGDC notifies Operator to suspend or cease deliveries into any facility owned or operated by NFGDC.

ARTICLE 10. OPERATOR'S CREDITWORTHINESS

- 10.1 At its sole option, NFGDC may (i) suspend its receipt of Operator's RNG, or (ii) terminate this Agreement, in the event that Operator is or has become insolvent or fails within a reasonable period, upon NFGDC's request, to demonstrate creditworthiness, or in the event that Operator incurs a poor credit history with respect to any service provided by NFGDC or as established by a reliable reporting agency.
- 10.2 As a demonstration of Operator's creditworthiness and as security in respect of any remedy afforded NFGDC under this Agreement or under any provision of law, Operator agrees to provide NFGDC with security in an amount, not less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000), or as determined by NFGDC ("Security Requirement Amount"), prior to the Effective Date, and to keep in force throughout the term of this Agreement, any one of the following:
 - 10.2.1 A security cash deposit equal to the Security Requirement Amount, to be held in a non-interest-bearing general account by NFGDC;

- 10.2.2 An irrevocable letter of credit issued by a financial institution acceptable to NFGDC and in a form acceptable to NFGDC with a face amount of the Security Requirement Amount; or
- 10.2.3 At NFGDC's sole discretion, a copy of the most recent audited financial statements of Operator (or of a guarantor of Operator's performance hereunder) showing a net worth in excess three times the Security Requirement Amount, or a copy of the most recent unaudited financial statements of Operator (or of a guarantor of Operator's performance hereunder) showing a net worth of at least four three times the Security Requirement Amount, in which event, Operator shall also provide NFGDC with evidence of its ownership of unencumbered assets valued, in the aggregate, in excess of the Security Requirement Amount in each state in which Operator conducts any business with NFGDC.
- 10.2.4 Security, in a form acceptable to NFGDC, provided on behalf of Operator by a creditworthy third party, including but not limited to a marketer, individual, or other entity.
- 10.3 NFGDC reserves the right to require Operator to establish or demonstrate its creditworthiness, from time to time, during the term of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 11. TITLE TO GAS

- 11.1 Nothing in this Agreement shall affect the title to Operator's RNG.
- 11.2 Operator shall indemnify NFGDC against, and hold it harmless from, and undertake the defense of NFGDC with respect to, all suits, actions, claims, debts, accounts, damages, costs, losses and expenses (including attorneys' fees) arising from or out of adverse claims of any and all persons or entities to Operator's RNG, or to royalties, overriding royalties or other payments with respect thereto, or to taxes, licenses, fees, or charges with respect to Operator's RNG or the disposition thereof (hereinafter, respectively "Adverse Claim To Operator's RNG"). Except insofar as Operator is in breach of its obligations or has an obligation to indemnify and save NFGDC harmless pursuant to this section 11.2, NFGDC agrees to indemnify and save Operator harmless from all suits, actions, debts, accounts, damages, costs, losses and expenses arising out of adverse claims of any and all persons to the RNG after receipt by NFGDC of Operator's RNG for redelivery by NFGDC (whether by means of transportation service or NFGDC commodity service) according to NFGDC's Tariff.
- 11.3 In the event of any Adverse Claim To Operator's RNG, NFGDC may, at its sole discretion, suspend receipts of Operator's RNG at the Receipt Point(s) where the affected RNG is delivered into NFGDC's facilities (without incurring any liability to Operator or any other entity interested in Operator's RNG) until such claim is finally determined and the prevailing party(ies) agree(s) to be bound by this Agreement, or until Operator furnishes NFGDC a bond, in form and amount and with sureties acceptable to NFGDC, conditioned to hold NFGDC harmless from any such Adverse Claim To Operator's RNG, or until Operator demonstrates, to NFGDC's satisfaction, that such RNG subject to an adverse claim does not constitute any portion of Operator's RNG
- 11.4 Operator agrees to provide NFGDC, upon request, evidence reasonably satisfactory to NFGDC of Operator's right to handle and deliver into NFGDC's facilities, one hundred percent (100%) of the gas comprising Operator's RNG.

ARTICLE 12. REMEDIES

12.1 In addition to any other remedy available to NFGDC under this Agreement or any provision of law, Operator shall indemnify NFGDC against, hold it harmless from, and undertake the defense of NFGDC with respect to all suits, actions, claims, losses, damages (including punitive damages and economic losses), injuries (including personal injury and death), debts, accounts, costs and

expenses (including attorneys' fees and other expenses incurred by NFGDC in responding to, and in partial or full satisfaction of, any such suits, actions, claims, losses, damages and injuries) related to and/or arising from or out of any breach by Operator of any provision of this Agreement.

12.2 Under no circumstances shall NFGDC be liable to Operator or any third party for any direct, special, indirect, incidental, punitive or consequential losses or damages of any kind whatsoever (including, but not limited to, lost business, lost profits, lost revenues, or lost data) however arising, whether claims for said losses or damages are premised on agreement, tort (including negligence), strict liability or otherwise, irrespective of the number or nature of the claims.

ARTICLE 13. MISCELLANEOUS

- 13.1 This document shall *not* be construed as an agreement running with the land.
- 13.2 Operator shall release, protect, defend, indemnify and save harmless NFGDC, its affiliates and related companies and their directors, officers and employees, from and against each and every suit, demand or cause of action and any and all liabilities, expenses, liens, losses, claims, damages, costs (including court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees) for or based upon personal injury, disease or death, or on account of property damage, resulting from, in connection with, or in any way arising out of, relating to, or incident to its activities under this Agreement, except to the extent such damage, injury, or loss is caused in whole or in part by the negligence or willful misconduct of NFGDC. For purposes of enforcing this paragraph, Operator waives as a complying employer its immunity provided under the Pennsylvania Worker's Compensation Laws and/or related laws rules and regulations.
- 13.3 Operator shall comply with the insurance requirements set forth in Exhibit C to this Agreement.
- 13.4 Operator covenants and represents that no "hazardous substance" as that term is defined in the Federal Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation Liability Act (CERCLA), petroleum or petroleum products, "asbestos-containing material" as that term is defined in 40 CFR Part 61 Subpart M, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), "solid waste" as that term is defined in the Federal Resource Conservation Recovery Act (RCRA) or other toxic, hazardous, or deleterious substance (individually or collectively referred to herein as an "Environmentally Deleterious Substance"), is currently at, or will be leaked, spilled, deposited, conveyed through the Interconnect or otherwise released by Operator on, at, adjacent to or through NFGDC's property. If any Environmentally Deleterious Substance is released or discovered on, at, through or adjacent to said property. Operator shall immediately notify NFGDC of the discovery and existence of said Environmentally Deleterious Substance. In the event of Operators breach of the covenants and representations contained in this section, the full responsibility for the handling, investigation, remediation, treatment, storage or disposal of any such Environmentally Deleterious Substance, including the management and handling of such materials in compliance with all federal, state, or local laws, rules, regulations pertaining to the protection of the environment ("Environmental Laws"), shall remain with Operator and Operator shall indemnify NFGDC for any loss, injury, damage to persons or property, or fines, penalties or compliance order issued by any governmental agency pursuant to any Environmental Law relating to the existence of such Environmentally Deleterious Substance on, at, or adjacent to said. This section shall survive the termination of this Agreement.
- 13.5 No change, modification or alteration of this Agreement shall be or become effective until executed in writing by the parties hereto, and no course of dealing between the parties shall be construed to alter the terms hereof, except as expressly stated herein.

- 13.6 No waiver by any party of any one or more defaults by the other in the performance of any provision of this Agreement shall operate or be construed as a waiver of any other default or defaults, whether of a like or of a different character.
- 13.7 Not less than five (5) working days prior to the first day of each calendar month during the term of this Agreement, Operator shall provide NFGDC with update(s), if any, to the identity of the entity and person who shall conduct Gas Scheduling for Operator's RNG at each of the Exhibit A Receipt Points. In the absence of Operator's timely notification to this effect, NFGDC may (but shall not be obligated to) deem the authority of the entity and person identified in Operator's last previous timely notification to continue until its receipt of the Operator's next timely notification under this paragraph.
- 13.8 Any company which shall succeed by purchase, merger or consolidation of the RNG related properties, substantially as an entirety, of NFGDC or of Operator, as the case may be, shall be entitled to the rights and shall be subject to the obligations of its predecessor in title under this Agreement. Either party may, without relieving itself of its obligations under this Agreement, assign any of its rights hereunder to a company with which it is affiliated, but otherwise, no assignment of this Agreement or of any of the rights or obligations hereunder shall be made unless there first shall have been obtained the consent thereto in writing of the other party. Consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 13.9 The headings contained in this Agreement are intended solely for convenience and do not constitute any part of the agreement between the parties and shall not be used in any manner in construing this Agreement.
- 13.10 With respect to Meter Location, this Agreement shall be construed, enforced and interpreted in accordance with the laws of
 - 13.10.1 the State of New York, excluding, however, any such law which would direct the application of the law of another jurisdiction. The parties (i) submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Western District of New York, and, in the event that such court lacks subject matter jurisdiction, to the New York State Supreme Court, Erie County, and, as respects those matters which are subject to the exclusive or primary jurisdiction of the NYSPSC, and (ii) waive any right or entitlement which they or any of them might otherwise have to cause any dispute arising under this Agreement to be adjudicated, determined or resolved pursuant to the law of any other jurisdiction, or, in or by any other court(s) or tribunal(s). Provided, however, that the parties may bring disputed matters before the NYSPSC according to dispute resolution procedures under NFGDC's Interconnection Rules and Procedures set forth in NFGDC's GTOP.
 - 13.10.2 the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, excluding, however, any such law which would direct the application of the law of another jurisdiction. The parties (i) submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and, in the event that such court lacks subject matter jurisdiction, to the Court of Common Pleas of Erie County, Pennsylvania, and, as respects those matters which are subject to the exclusive or primary jurisdiction of the PAPUC, and (ii) waive any right or entitlement which they or any of them might otherwise have to cause any dispute arising under this Agreement to be adjudicated, determined or resolved pursuant to the law of any other jurisdiction, or, in or by any other court(s) or tribunal(s). Provided, however, that the parties may follow the dispute resolution procedures applicable to Suppliers as set forth in NFGDC's Tariff under Rate Schedule SATS, Special Provision § U(19), as revised.
- 13.11 So that there will be certainty as to the actual agreement between the parties, it is mutually understood and agreed that this Interconnection Agreement, the Exhibit A, the Exhibit B and the

Exhibit C attached hereto, as the same may be impacted by any applicable provision of NFGDC's Tariff and GTOP, are intended to constitute the final expression, as well as the complete, exclusive and integrated statement, of the terms of the parties' agreement relative to the interconnection and other transactions described therein. If there is any inconsistency between this Agreement and the Tariff, either as presently in effect or as amended, then the provisions of the Tariff shall apply.

13.12 No presumption shall operate in favor of or against either party hereto as a result of any responsibility either party may have had for drafting this Agreement.

(OPERATOR)	NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION
Ву	By:
Name:	Name:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:

RENEWABLE NATURAL GAS INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT NFGDC CONTACTS ADDENDUM

CONTACT INFORMATION:

24-Hour Telephone: (800) 444-3130 EMERGENCIES ONLY

NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION

Legal/Contract Notices/Contracting	Legal Department 1100 State Street Erie, PA 16504 Facsimile: (814) 871-8061 Attn. Nathaniel Ehrman Email: EhrmanN@natfuel.com
Gas Measurement/Gas Testing	Gas Measurement Department 717 State Street – Suite 700 Erie, PA 16501 Phone (844) NFG-WELL (844) 634-9355 Facsimile: (814) 871-8672 Email: NFG_GM@natfuel.com
Field Operations/Meter Sets	Gas Measurement Department 717 State Street – Suite 700 Erie, PA 16501 Phone (814) 871-8539 Facsimile: (814) 871-8672 Email: CampbellC@natfuel.com
Gas Scheduling	Transportation Service Department 6363 Main Street Williamsville, NY 14221 Phone (716) 857-7232 Facsimile: (716) 857-7479 Email: TSSsupport@natfuel.com
Credit	Credit & Receivables Management 6363 Main Street Williamsville, NY 14221 Phone (716) 857-7570 Facsimile: (716) 857-7439 Email: Szretterb@natfuel.com

RENEWABLE NATURAL GAS INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT RNG OPERATOR CONTACTS ADDENDUM

CONTACT INFORMATION:	RNG Operator:
Legal/Contract Notices	
Ğ	Name:
	Address: Title:
	City/State/Zip:
	Phone(1):
	Phone(2):
	Facsimile:
	Email:
Emergency (24-Hour)	
	Name:
	Address:
	Title:
	City/State/Zip:
	Phone(1):
	Phone(2):
	Facsimile:
	Email:
Field/Gas Testing/Operations	
riela/Gas resting/Operations	
	Name:
	Address:
	Title:
	City/State/Zip:
	Phone(1):
	Phone(2):
	Facsimile:
	Email:
Accounting/Invoices	
	Name:
	Address:
	Title:
	City/State/Zip:
	Phone(1):
	Phone(2):
	Facsimile:
	Email:
Othor	Name:
Other:	Name:
	Address:
	Title:
	City/State/Zip:
	Phone(1):
	Phone(2):

Updated Addendums should be sent to NFGDC by facsimile: (814) 871-8061 or mailed.

Email:

Facsimile:

RENEWABLE NATURAL GAS INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

		Between	
	NFGDC and		
		EXHIBIT A	
Receipt Points(s):			

RENEWABLE NATURAL GAS INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

	Between	
NFGDC and		("RNG Operator")

EXHIBIT B Renewable Natural Gas Quality Standards

Renewable Natural Gas Quality Standards are based on the feedstock source utilized at the RNG Operator's Plant to generate Biogas that is processed and treated to produce RNG. RNG constituent testing shall be based on the following table:

TABLE 1: Constituents of Concern (COC)

		Testing Required				
	Threshold					Gasifier,
Parameter	Level	Landfill	Swine	WWTP	Waste	Syngas
Water Content	7 lbs. vapor per MMcf **	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sulfur (S)	20 grains of total S per ccf	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S)	0.3 grain of H ₂ S per ccf **	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Carbon Dioxide	2 vol% **	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Carbon Dioxide and Nitrogen	5 vol% **	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oxygen	0.2 vol% **	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Siloxanes	0.1 mg Si/m ³	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A
Ammonia	0.001 vol%	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hydrogen	0.1 vol%	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mercury	0.08 mg/m ³	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
Biologicals	≠	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A
Volatile Metals						
Arsenic	0.38 mg/m ³	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
Antimony	9 mg/m ³	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
Copper	0.9 mg/m ³	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
Lead	1.125 mg/m ³	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
Volatile Organic Compounds						
Ethylbenzene	120 ppmv	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
Toluene	3600 ppmv	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
Semi-volatile Organic Compounds						
n-Nitroso-di-n- propylamine	0.12 ppmv	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes

TABLE 1: Constituents of Concern (COC) - continued

		Testing Required				
Parameter	Threshold Level	Landfill	Dairy, Swine	WWTP	Food Waste	Gasifier, Syngas
Halocarbons						
p-Dichlorobenzenes	19 ppmv	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
Vinyl Chloride	6.6 ppmv	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
Aldehydes and Ketone	es					
Methacrolein	5.55 ppmv	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	Below Detectable Limit	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pesticides	Below Detectable Limit	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A

^{≠ 4} x 10⁴/scf (qPCR per APB, SRB, IOB^a group) and commercially free of bacteria of >0.2 microns ** Tariff specified limit.

Note: If mixed feedstock sources are utilized by the RNG Operator, NFGDC may test for all COCs.

RENEWABLE NATURAL GAS INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

	Between	
NFGDC and		("RNG Operator")

EXHIBIT C

Insurance Requirements

RNG Operator shall furnish insurance listed below. Insurance shall be placed with insurance carriers acceptable to NFGDC. Any insurance carrier providing such insurance must have at least an A- rating and financial category of VII or better as defined by A. M. Best. RNG Operator shall maintain this insurance at all times during performance of this Contract. In addition, if insurance is written on a "claims-made" basis, such insurance shall be maintained by RNG Operator for a minimum period of three years after the completion of the Contract. RNG Operator may elect to extend the discovery period under the existing policy for not less than three years.

RNG Operator, and any subcontractors, shall have NFGDC named as an additional insured under the insurance policies required below (with the exception of the professional liability policy (if applicable) and the workers' compensation policy which shall include alternate employer endorsement), including any excess or umbrella policies for ongoing/current and completed operations. The coverage must be provided on a primary non-contributing basis and the limits will be exhausted before any other insurance is to apply.

RNG Operator shall require all subcontractors to the extent such are permitted, to furnish insurance listed below and such insurance shall be in accordance with all requirements of this section. In the event that subcontractors' insurance does not meet the minimum requirements, RNG Operator's insurance will respond.

Each insurance policy required by this section shall contain a waiver of the right of subrogation, as well as the right of set off and any right of deduction, by the respective underwriter(s) of such policy, and shall be endorsed to provide for severability of interest, cross liability or cross suit protection, so that each insured is treated separately under the policy. The waiver of the right of subrogation, setoff and deduction shall also extend to parent companies, subsidiaries and affiliates of NFGDC and the officers, directors, agents, and employees of such entities. These provisions must survive expiration, termination or cancellation of this Contract.

RNG Operator or subcontractor that is a legally permitted and qualified self-insurer in the state in which services are to be performed, may furnish proof that it is such a self-insurer and evidence of any excess coverage. RNG Operator will maintain financial responsibility of any-self-insured retention or deductible.

The Following Insurance Policies Are Required

<u>Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance</u> - RNG Operator or subcontractor, shall maintain Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance of the state in which the services are to be performed.

a) RNG Operator shall determine if the work to be performed under this Contract requires coverage by any Federal Compensation statutes including, but not limited to, the

Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act or Jones Act and provide such coverage.

b) The Commercial Umbrella and/or Employer's Liability limits must be in an amount not less than the amount for each accident included in the workers' compensation policy or separately obtained in those states that do not provide employer liability under the workers' compensation policy.

Commercial General Liability and Commercial Umbrella Liability Insurance - Commercial general liability insurance and commercial umbrella liability insurance with a combined limit for Bodily Injury and Property Damage of not less than \$5,000,000 each occurrence. Such insurance policies must include, at a minimum, coverage for contractual liability, personal injury and advertising, broad form property damage, premises/operations, independent operators, and products and completed operations and shall remain in force for a period of at least 5 years after completion of the work. Any exclusion for "Explosion", "Collapse" and/or "Underground" (XCU) operations shall be removed from such coverage RNG Operator, and any subcontractors, shall have NFGDC named as an additional insured including any excess or umbrella policies for ongoing/current and completed operations.

<u>Business Automobile Liability and Commercial Umbrella Liability Insurance</u> - Business automobile liability insurance and commercial umbrella liability insurance with a combined single limit of not less than \$5,000,000 each occurrence. Such insurance policies must include, at a minimum, coverage for owned, hired and non-owned vehicles and related equipment.

<u>Professional Liability Insurance</u> - Professional liability insurance with a limit of not less than \$5,000,000 each claim and aggregate. This is to provide coverage for claims arising out of the performance of professional services under this Contract and caused by any error, omission, or negligent act for which RNG Operator is held liable. RNG Operator shall maintain this insurance for a minimum period of three years after the completion of the Contract. (The Professional Liability Insurance requirement is applicable if the RNG Operator or subcontractor performs professional services for any reason as part of the Contract.)

Certificates of insurance shall state that the insurance carrier has issued the policies providing for the insurance specified herein, that such policies are in force, that NFGDC is an additional insured under the policies for ongoing/current and completed operations, that all policies contain contractual liability coverage, and RNG Operator will give NFGDC thirty (30) days prior written notice of any material change in, non-renewal, or cancellation of, such policies. If such insurance policies are subject to any exceptions to the terms specified herein, such exceptions shall be explained in full in such certificates. NFGDC may, at its discretion, require RNG Operator, or any subcontractor to obtain insurance policies that are not subject to any exceptions to the terms specified herein. For such time as insurance is required under this Contract, RNG Operator shall provide NFGDC with annual current certificates of insurance 15 days prior to the anniversary date of each policy evidenced. At the request of NFGDC, RNG Operator shall provide NFGDC with current copies of all insurance policies and related endorsements required under this section.

FAILURE TO MAINTAIN THE INSURANCE COVERAGE PROVIDED HEREIN THROUGHOUT THE LIFE OF THIS CONTRACT SHALL CONSTITUTE A MATERIAL BREACH OF THE CONTRACT. IT IS THE RNG OPERATOR'S OBLIGATION TO PROVIDE NFGDC WITH CURRENT CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE.

Certificate of Insurance Requirements

a) Before entering the project site or starting work, the RNG Operator will give the NFGDC a certificate of insurance issued by a duly authorized representative of their insurer certifying that at least the minimum coverages required herein are in effect. The NFGDC will have the right, but not the obligation, of prohibiting the RNG Operator or sub-RNG Operator from entering the project site until such certificates or other evidence that insurance has been placed in complete compliance with these requirements is received and approved by the NFGDC. Certificates of insurance shall be sent to:

National Fuel Risk Management Department P. O. Box 2081 Erie, PA 16512

- b) Failure of the NFGDC to demand such certificate or other evidence of full compliance with these insurance requirements or failure of the NFGDC to identify a deficiency from evidence provided will not be construed as a waiver of the RNG Operator's obligation to maintain insurance.
- c) The acceptance of delivery by the NFGDC of any certificate of insurance evidencing the required coverages and limits does not constitute approval or agreement by the NFGDC that the insurance requirements have been met or that the insurance policies shown in the certificates of insurance are in compliance with the requirements.
- d) If the RNG Operator fails to maintain the insurance as set forth herein, the NFGDC will have the right, but not the obligation, to purchase said insurance at the RNG Operator's expense. Alternatively, the RNG Operator's failure to maintain the required insurance may result in termination of this Contract at the NFGDC's option
- e) If any of the coverages are required to remain in force after final payment, an additional certificate evidencing continuation of such coverage will be submitted with the RNG Operator's final invoice.

	DATA SEC AGREEN	
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Gas Transportation Operating Procedures Manual

National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation

This Data Security Agreement ("Agreeme	nt") effective, is made
and entered into this day of	, 20 by and between National
Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation, 6363 M	ain Street, Williamsville, NY 14221
("Utility") and	, an Energy Service Entity
("ESE") with offices at	
and together with Utility the ("Parties" and each, individually, a "Party").	

RECITALS

WHEREAS, ESE desires to have access to Confidential Customer Utility Information, or the New York State Public Commission ("Commission") has ordered Utility to provide to ESE customer information; and

WHEREAS, ESE has obtained consent¹ from all customers from whom the ESE intends to obtain information from Utility; and

WHEREAS, ESE may utilize a third party to fulfill its Service obligations, including but not limited to, Electronic Data Interchange ("EDI") communications with Utility, data collection or analysis, or billing; and

WHEREAS, ESE utilization of a third party provider does not relieve ESE of their transactional obligation; and

WHEREAS, Utility and ESE also desire to enter into this Agreement to establish, among other things, the full scope of ESE's obligations of security and confidentiality with respect to the Confidential Customer Utility Information in a manner consistent with the orders, rules and regulations of the Commission and requirements of Utility, as well as the obligations of the Utility under this Agreement; and

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the covenants herein contained, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties, intending to be legally bound, hereby agree as follows:

1. Definitions.

a. "Confidential ESE Information" means information that ESE is: (A) required by the Uniform Business Practices ("UBP"), DERS UBP ("UBP DERS") or Commission order or rule to receive from the end use customer and provide to Utility to enroll the customer or (B) any other information provided by ESE to Utility and marked confidential by the ESE, but excludes (i) information which is or becomes generally available to the public other than as a result of a disclosure by Receiving Party or its Representatives; (ii) information which was already known to Receiving Party on a non-confidential basis prior to being furnished to Receiving Party by Disclosing Party; (iii) information which becomes available to Receiving Party on a non-confidential basis from a source

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¹ Customer consent is not obtained by the ESE when Green Button Connect (GBC) is utilized as the data sharing mechanism.

other than Disclosing Party or a representative of Disclosing Party if such source was not subject to any prohibition against transmitting the information to Receiving Party and was not bound by a confidentiality agreement with Disclosing Party; (iv) information which was independently developed by the Receiving Party or its Representatives without reference to, or consideration of, the Confidential Information; or (v) information provided by the customer with customer consent where the customer expressly agrees that the information is public.

- b. "Confidential Customer Utility Information" means information that Utility is: (A) required by the UBP at Section 4: Customer information (C)(2), (3) or UBP DERS at Section 2C: Customer Data (C)(2), to provide to ESE or (B) any other information provided to ESE by Utility and marked confidential by the Utility at the time of disclosure, but excludes (i) information which is or becomes generally available to the public other than as a result of a disclosure by Receiving Party or its Representatives; (ii) information which was already known to Receiving Party on a non-confidential basis prior to being furnished to Receiving Party by Disclosing Party; (iii) information which becomes available to Receiving Party on a non-confidential basis from a source other than Disclosing Party or a representative of Disclosing Party if such source was not subject to any prohibition against transmitting the information to Receiving Party and was not bound by a confidentiality agreement with Disclosing Party; (iv) information which was independently developed by the Receiving Party or its Representatives without reference to, or consideration of, the Confidential Information; or (v) information provided by the customer with customer consent where the customer expressly agrees that the information is public.
- "Confidential Information" means, collectively, Confidential Customer Utility Information or Confidential ESE Information.
- d. "Cybersecurity and Data Privacy Protections" refer to controls addressing the risk to IT systems and data. These cybersecurity requirements are applicable to ESE or its Third-Party Representative that electronically exchange Confidential Customer Utility Information, not including by email, with Utility. These controls also implement and address the risk of improper access, or misuse, of Confidential Customer Utility Information. The data privacy protections are required of any ESE that process Confidential Customer Utility Information
- e. "Data Protection Requirements" means, collectively, (A) all national, state, and local laws, regulations, or other government standards relating to the protection of information that identifies or can be used to identify an individual that apply with respect to ESE or its Representative's Processing of Confidential Customer Utility Information; (B) industry best practices or frameworks to secure information, computer systems, network, and devices using a defense-in-depth approach, such as and including, but not limited to, NIST SP 800-53, ISO 27001 / 27002, COBIT, CIS Security Benchmarks, Top 20 Critical Controls as best industry practices and frameworks may evolve

over time; and (C) the Commission rules, regulations, and guidelines relating to data access, Cybersecurity and Data Privacy Protection, including the Commission-approved UBP and UBP DERS. Subject to the above, The ESE will determine and implement the necessary Cybersecurity and Data Privacy Protections to be in compliance with the Commission's Order Establishing Minimum Cybersecurity and Data Privacy Protections and Making Other Findings in Cases 18-M-0376, 15-M-0180 and 98-M-1343 at page49 issued and effective October 17, 2019.

- f. "Data Security Incident" means a situation when Utility or ESE reasonably believes that there has been: (A) the loss or misuse (by any means) of Confidential Information; (B) the unauthorized acquisition of computerized data that compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of Confidential Information, or Private Information as defined by GBL § 899-aa, computer systems, network and devices used by a business; (C) any other act or omission that compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of Confidential Information, or (D) any material breach of any Data Protection Requirements in relation to the Processing of Confidential Information, including by any current or former Representatives.
- g. "DER Supplier" or "DERS" has the meaning set forth in the UBP DERS approved by the Commission and as it may be amended from time to time, which is "[a] supplier of one or more DERs that participates in a Commission authorized and/or utility or DSP-operated program or market. DERS may choose to provide DERs as standalone products or services, or may choose to bundle them with energy commodity. CDG Providers and On-Site Mass Market DG Providers are included within the definition of DERS. Entities which sell both DERs and energy commodity are both DERS and ESCOs."
- h. "Direct Customer" has the meaning set forth in the UBP approved by the Commission and as it may be amended from time to time, which is "An entity that purchases and schedules delivery of electricity or natural gas for its own consumption and not for resale. A customer with an aggregated minimum peak connected load of 1 MW to a designated zonal service point qualifies for direct purchase and scheduling of electricity provided the customer complies with NYISO requirements. A customer with annual usage of a minimum of 3,500 dekatherms of natural gas at a single service point qualifies for direct purchase and scheduling of natural gas."
- i. "ESCO" has the meaning set forth in the UBP approved by the Commission and as it may be amended from time to time, which is "An entity eligible to sell electricity and/or natural gas to end-use customers using the transmission or distribution system of a utility. ESCOs may perform other retail service functions."
- j. "ESE" means any entity (including, but not limited to, ESCOs, Direct Customers, DERS, and contractors of such entities with an electronic connection to the Utility other than by email) that provides energy or performs

- an energy related service and is seeking access to Confidential Customer Utility Information.
- k. "Green Button Connect" or "GBC" provides a set of standards for allowing interoperable communications of energy usage and billing information between utilities and ESEs.
- I. "PSC" or "Commission" shall have the meaning attributed to it in the Recitals.
- m. "Processing" (including its cognate, "process") means any operation, action, error, omission, negligent act, or set of operations, actions, errors, omissions, or negligent acts that is performed using or upon Confidential Information or Utility Data, whether it be by physical, automatic or electronic means, including, without limitation, collection, recording, organization, storage, access, adaptation, alteration, retrieval, use, transfer, hosting, maintenance, handling, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure, dissemination, exfiltration, taking, removing, copying, processing, making available, alignment, combination, blocking, deletion, erasure, or destruction.
- n. "Third-Party Representatives" or "Representatives" means those agents acting on behalf of ESEs that are contractors or subcontractors and that store, transmit or process Confidential Customer Utility Information. For the avoidance of doubt, Third-Party Representatives do not include ESEs and their members, directors, officers or employees who need to know Confidential Customer Utility Information for the purposes of providing Services.
- o. "Services" mean any assistance in the competitive markets provided by ESEs to end use customers or ESCOs, Direct Customers or DERS that also require interaction with a Utility, including but not limited to the electronic exchange of information with a Utility, and must be provided in accordance with Commission Orders, the UBP or UBP DERS, where applicable. Commission Orders, the UBP or the UBP DERS may not apply to Third Party Representatives that are not electronically interconnected with a utility other than by email.
- p. "Utility Data" means data held by Utility, whether produced in the normal course of business or at the request of ESE.
- 2. Scope of the Agreement. This Agreement shall govern the Cybersecurity and Data Privacy Protections of ESEs that electronically receive or exchange customer information, other than email, from a direct connection with the Utility IT systems and the privacy protections that apply to Confidential Information disclosed to ESE or to which ESE is given access by Utility, including all archival or back-up copies of the Confidential Information held or maintained by ESE (or its Representatives) and Confidential ESE Information. No financial information, other than billing information, will be provided pursuant to this Agreement. If any information is inadvertently sent to ESE or Utility, ESE or Utility will immediately notify the Utility/ESE and destroy any such information in the appropriate manner.

- ESE Compliance with all Applicable Commission Uniform Business Practices. The Parties agree that the Commission's UBP and UBP DERS set forth rules governing the protection of Confidential Customer Utility Information and electronic exchange of information between the Parties, including but not limited to EDI.
- 4. Customer Consent. The Parties agree that the UBP, UBP DERS, Federal, State and local laws, and the orders, rules and regulations of the Commission govern an ESE's obligation to obtain informed consent from all customers before ESE requests Confidential Customer Utility Information from Utility. The ESE agrees to comply with the UBP, UBP DERS (when applicable), Federal, State and local laws, the orders, rules and regulations of the Commission, and the Utility's tariffs regarding customer consent.
- Provision of Information. Utility agrees to provide to ESE or its Third-Party Representatives, certain Confidential Customer Utility Information, as requested, provided that: (A) if the utility has identified a potential Cybersecurity or Data Privacy Protection issue ESE (and its Third-Party Representatives with an electronic connection to the utility other than by email) are in compliance with the terms of this Agreement in all material respects; (B) if required by Utility due to the identification of a potential or actual Data Security Incident, ESE shall undergo an audit, at the ESE's expense2; (C) ESE (and its Third-Party Representatives with an electronic connection to the utility other than by email) shall have and maintain throughout the term, systems and processes in place and as detailed in the Self-Assessment to protect utility IT systems, Data Privacy Protections and Confidential Customer Utility Information. Provided the foregoing prerequisites have been satisfied, ESE shall be permitted access to Confidential Customer Utility Information and/or Utility shall provide such Confidential Customer Utility Information to ESE. Nothing in this Agreement will be interpreted or construed as granting either Party any license or other right under any patent, copyright, trademark, trade secret, or other proprietary right or any right to assert any lien over or right to withhold from the other Party any Data and/or Confidential Information of the other Party. Utility will comply with the security requirements set forth in its Assessment.
- 6. Confidentiality. ESE shall: (A) hold all Confidential Customer Utility Information in strict confidence pursuant to the UBP or UBP DERS and Commission's orders and rules; except as otherwise expressly permitted by Section 7 herein; (B) not disclose Confidential Customer Utility Information to any Third-Party Representatives, or affiliates, except as set forth in Section 7(a) of this Agreement; (C) not Process Confidential Customer Utility Information other than for the Services defined in the Recitals as authorized by this Agreement; (D) limit

² An audit related to a Data Security Incident is used to verify that the necessary Cybersecurity and Data Privacy Protections are in place for the utility to provide certain Confidential Customer Utility Information to the ESE or its Third-Party Representatives with an electronic connection to the utility, other than by email. The same audit requirements will apply as in Section 9. However, the ESE will be responsible for the cost of the audit in order to be re-authorized to receive data from the utility.

reproduction of Confidential Customer Utility Information; (E) store Confidential Customer Utility Information in a secure fashion at a secure location that is not accessible to any person or entity not authorized to receive the Confidential Customer Utility Information under the provisions hereof; and (F) otherwise use at least the same degree of care to avoid publication or dissemination of the Confidential Customer Utility Information as ESE employs (or would employ) with respect to its own confidential information that it does not (or would not) desire to have published or disseminated, but in no event less than reasonable care. At all times, Utility shall have the right for cause to request reasonable further assurances that the foregoing restrictions and protections concerning Confidential Customer Utility Information are being observed and ESE shall be obligated to promptly provide Utility with the requested assurances. An ESE may provide Confidential Customer Utility Information to a Third-Party representative without a direct electronic connection with the Utility, to assist the ESE in providing permitted Services, but an ESE utilizing such Third party Representative shall be solely responsible and fully liable for the actions of the Third Party Representative.

Utility shall: (A) hold all Confidential ESE Information in strict confidence; except as otherwise expressly permitted by Section 7 herein; (B) not disclose Confidential ESE Information to any other person or entity except as set forth in Section 7(a) of this Agreement; (C) not Process Confidential ESE Information other than for the Services defined in the Recitals as authorized by this Agreement; (D) limit reproduction of Confidential ESE Information; (E) store Confidential ESE Information in a secure fashion at a secure location that is not accessible to any person or entity not authorized to receive the Confidential ESE Information under the provisions hereof; (F) otherwise use at least the same degree of care to avoid publication or dissemination of the Confidential ESE Information as Utility employs (or would employ) with respect to its own confidential information that it does not (or would not) desire to have published or disseminated, but in no event less than reasonable care; and (G) to the extent required by ESE, each Third Party Representative with a need to know the Confidential ESE Information shall sign the Third-Party Representative Agreement set forth as Exhibit B to this Agreement. At all times, ESE shall have the right for cause to request reasonable further assurances that the foregoing restrictions and protections concerning Confidential ESE Information are being observed and Utility shall be obligated to promptly provide ESE with the requested assurances.

This Section 6 supersedes prior data security agreements between the Parties pertaining to Confidential Information.

7. Exceptions Allowing ESE to Disclose Confidential Customer Utility Information.

a. Disclosure to Representatives. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 6 herein, the Parties may disclose Confidential Information to their Third-Party Representatives who have a legitimate need to know or use such Confidential Customer Utility Information for the purposes of providing Services in accordance with the UBP, UBP DERS and Commission orders and rules.

provided that each such Third-Party Representative first is advised by the disclosing Party of the sensitive and confidential nature of such Confidential Customer Utility Information. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the ESE shall be liable for any act or omission of its Third-Party Representative, including without limitation, those acts or omissions that would constitute a breach of this Agreement.

- b. Disclosure if Legally Compelled. Notwithstanding anything herein, in the event that a Party or any of its Third-Party Representatives receives notice that it has, will, or may become compelled, pursuant to applicable law or regulation or legal process to disclose any Confidential Information (whether by receipt of oral questions, interrogatories, requests for information or documents in legal proceedings, subpoenas, civil investigative demands, other similar processes, or otherwise), that Party shall, except to the extent prohibited by law, within one (1) business day, notify the other Party, orally and in writing, of the pending or threatened compulsion. To the extent lawfully allowable, the Parties shall have the right to consult and the Parties will cooperate, in advance of any disclosure, to undertake any lawfully permissible steps to reduce and/or minimize the extent of Confidential Information that must be disclosed. The Parties shall also have the right to seek an appropriate protective order or other remedy reducing and/or minimizing the extent of Confidential Information that must be disclosed. In any event, the Party and its Third-Party Representatives shall disclose only such Confidential Information which they are advised by legal counsel that they are legally required to disclose in order to comply with such applicable law or regulation or legal process (as such may be affected by any protective order or other remedy obtained by the Party) and the Party and its Third-Party Representatives shall use all reasonable efforts to ensure that all Confidential Information that is so disclosed will be accorded confidential treatment.
- 8. Return/Destruction of Information. Within thirty (30) days after Utility's written demand, ESE shall (and shall cause its Third-Party Representatives to) cease to access and Process Confidential Customer Utility Information and shall at the Utility's option: (A) return such Confidential Customer Utility Information to Utility in such manner, format, and timeframe as reasonably requested by Utility or, if not so directed by Utility, (B) shred, permanently erase and delete, degauss or otherwise modify so as to make unreadable, unreconstructible and indecipherable ("Destroy") all copies of all Confidential Customer Utility Information (including any and all extracts, compilations, studies, or other documents based upon, derived from, or containing Confidential Customer Utility Information) that has come into ESE's or its Third-Party Representatives' possession, including Destroying Confidential Customer Utility Information from all systems, records, archives, and backups of ESE and its Third-Party Representatives, and all subsequent access, use, and Processing of the Confidential Customer Utility Information by ESE and its Third-Party Representatives shall cease, provided any items required to be maintained by governmental administrative rule or law or necessary for legitimate business or legal needs will not be destroyed until permitted and will remain subject

to confidentiality during the retention period. A Utility making a written demand of an ESE for the return or destruction of Confidential Customer Utility Information will specify the reason for the demand. ESE agrees that upon a customer revocation of consent. ESE warrants that it will no longer access through Utility Confidential Customer Utility Information and that it will Destroy any Confidential Customer Utility Information in its or its Third-Party Representative's possession. Notwithstanding the foregoing, ESE and its Third-Party Representatives shall not be obligated to erase Confidential Customer Utility Information contained in an archived computer system backup maintained in accordance with their respective security or disaster recovery procedures, provided that ESE and its Third-Party Representatives shall: (1) not have experienced an actual Data Security Incident; (2) maintain Cybersecurity and Data Privacy Protections to limit access to or recovery of Confidential Customer Utility Information from such computer backup system and; (3) keep all such Confidential Customer Utility Information confidential in accordance with this Agreement. ESE shall, upon request, certify to Utility that the destruction by ESE and its Third-Party Representatives required by this Section has occurred by (A) having a duly authorized officer of ESE complete, execute, and deliver to Utility a certification and (B) obtaining substantially similar certifications from its Third-Party Representatives and maintaining them on file. Compliance with this Section 8 shall not relieve ESE from compliance with the other provisions of this Agreement. The written demand to Destroy or return Confidential Customer Utility Information pursuant to this Section may occur if the ESE has been decertified pursuant to the UBP or UBP DERS, the Utility has been notified of a potential or actual Data Security Incident and Utility has a reasonable belief of potential ongoing harm or the Confidential Customer Utility Information has been held for a period in excess of its retention period. The obligations under this Section shall survive any expiration of termination of this Agreement. Subject to applicable federal, state and local laws, rules, regulations and orders, at ESE's written demand and termination of electronic exchange of data with Utility, Utility will Destroy or return, at ESE's option, Confidential ESE Information.

9. Audit. Upon thirty (30) days notice to ESE, ESE shall permit an auditor selected by the Utility through a competitive solicitation and agreed ("CSA") to by the ESE to audit and inspect, at Utility's sole expense (except as otherwise provided in this Agreement), and provided that the audit may occur no more often than once per twelve (12) month period (unless otherwise required by Utility's regulators). The audit may include (A) the facilities of ESE and ESE's Third-Party Representatives where Confidential Customer Utility Information is Processed by or on behalf of ESE; (B) any computerized or paper systems used to Process Confidential Customer Utility Information; and (C) ESE's security practices and procedures, facilities, resources, plans, procedures, and books and records relating to the privacy and security of Confidential Customer Utility Information. Such audit rights shall be limited to verifying ESE's compliance with this Agreement, including all applicable Data Protection Requirements. If the ESE provides a SOC II report or its equivalent to the Utility, or commits to complete an independent third-party audit of ESE's compliance with this Agreement acceptable to the Utility at ESE's sole expense, within one hundred eighty (180) days, no audit by an auditor selected by

the Utility through a CSA and conducted at Utility's sole expense is necessary absent a Data Security Incident. Any audit must be subject to confidentiality and non-disclosure requirements set forth in Section 6 of this Agreement. The auditor will audit the ESE's compliance with the required Cybersecurity and Data Privacy Protections and provide those results to the utility and ESE. The audit report sent to the utility shall not include any ESE confidential information, it will simply provide an assessment as to the ESE's compliance with the terms of this Agreement. In the event of a "failed" audit dispute, the dispute resolution processes outlined in the UBP can be utilized or a complaint can be brought to the Department of Public Service's Office of Consumer Services Staff. Utility shall provide ESE with a report of the findings as a result of any audit carried out by an auditor selected by a CSA. ESE shall, within thirty (30) days, or within a reasonable time period agreed upon in writing between the ESE and Utility, correct any deficiencies identified in the audit, and provide the SOC II audit report or its equivalent or the report produced by the independent auditor at ESE expense to the Utility and provide a report regarding the timing and correction of identified deficiencies to the Utility.

- 10. Investigation. Upon notice to ESE, ESE shall assist and support Utility in the event of an investigation by any regulator or similar authority, if and to the extent that such investigation relates to Confidential Customer Utility Information Processed by ESE on behalf of Utility. Such assistance shall be at Utility's sole expense, except where such investigation was required due to the acts or omissions of ESE or its Representatives, in which case such assistance shall be at ESE's sole expense.
- Data Security Incidents. ESE is responsible for any and all Data Security Incidents involving Confidential Customer Utility Information that is Processed by, or on behalf of, ESE. ESE shall notify Utility in writing immediately (and in any event within forty-eight (48) hours) whenever ESE reasonably believes that there has been a Data Security Incident. After providing such notice, ESE will investigate the Data Security Incident, and immediately take all necessary steps to eliminate or contain any exposure of Confidential Customer Utility Information and keep Utility advised of the status of such Data Security Incident and all matters related thereto. ESE further agrees to provide, at ESE's sole cost: (1) reasonable assistance and cooperation requested by Utility and/or Utility's designated representatives, in the furtherance of any correction, remediation, or investigation of any such Data Security Incident; (2) and/or the mitigation of any damage, including any notification required by law or that Utility may determine appropriate to send to individuals impacted or potentially impacted by the Data Security Incident; and (3) and/or the provision of any credit reporting service required by law or that Utility deems appropriate to provide to such individuals. In addition, within thirty (30) days of confirmation of a Data Security Incident, ESE shall develop and execute a plan, subject to Utility's approval, which approval will not be unreasonably withheld, that reduces the likelihood of a recurrence of such Data Security Incident. ESE agrees that Utility may at its discretion and without penalty immediately suspend performance hereunder and/or terminate the Agreement if a Data Security Incident occurs and it has a reasonable belief of potential ongoing

harm. Any suspension made by Utility pursuant to this paragraph 11 will be temporary, lasting until the Data Security Incident has ended, the ESE security has been restored to the reasonable satisfaction of the Utility so that Utility IT systems and Confidential Customer Utility Information are safe and the ESE is capable of maintaining adequate security once electronic communication resumes. Actions made pursuant to this paragraph, including a suspension will be made, or subject to dispute resolution and appeal as applicable, pursuant to the UBP or UBP DERS processes as approved by the Commission.

12. No Intellectual Property Rights Granted. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as granting or conferring any rights, by license, or otherwise, expressly, implicitly, or otherwise, under any patents, copyrights, trade secrets, or other intellectual property rights of Utility, and ESE shall acquire no ownership interest in the Confidential Customer Utility Information. No rights or obligations other than those expressly stated herein shall be implied from this Agreement.

13. Additional Obligations.

- a. ESE shall not create or maintain data which are derivative of Confidential Customer Utility Information except for the purpose of performing its obligations under this Agreement, as authorized by the UBP or UBP DERS, or as expressly authorized by the customer, unless that use violates Federal, State, and local laws, tariffs, rules, and regulations. For purposes of this Agreement, the following shall not be considered Confidential Customer Utility Information or a derivative thereof: (i) any customer contracts, customer invoices, or any other documents created by ESE that reference estimated or actual measured customer usage information, which ESE needs to maintain for any tax, financial reporting or other legitimate business purposes consistent with the UBP or UBP DERS; and (ii) Data collected by ESE from customers through its website or other interactions based on those customers' interest in receiving information from or otherwise engaging with ESE or its partners.
- ESE shall comply with all applicable privacy and security laws to which it is subject, including without limitation all applicable Data Protection Requirements and not, by act or omission, place Utility in violation of any privacy or security law known by ESE to be applicable to Utility.
- c. ESE shall have in place appropriate and reasonable processes and systems, including an Information Security Program, defined as having completed an accepted Attestation as reasonably determined by the Utility in its discretion, to protect the security of Confidential Customer Utility Information and protect against a Data Security Incident, including, without limitation, a breach resulting from or arising out of ESE's internal use, processing, or other transmission of Confidential Customer Utility Information, whether between or among ESE's Third-Party Representatives, subsidiaries and affiliates or any other person or entity acting on behalf of ESE, including without limitation Third-Party Representatives. The Utility's determination is subject to the dispute resolution process under the UBP or UBP DERS.

- d. ESE and Utility shall safely secure or encrypt during storage and encrypt during transmission all Confidential Information, except that no encryption in transit is required for email communications.
- e. ESE shall establish policies and procedures to provide reasonable and prompt assistance to Utility in responding to any and all requests, complaints, or other communications received from any individual who is or may be the subject of a Data Security Incident involving Confidential Customer Utility Information Processed by ESE to the extent such request, complaint or other communication relates to ESE's Processing of such individual's Confidential Customer Utility Information.
- f. ESE shall establish policies and procedures to provide all reasonable and prompt assistance to Utility in responding to any and all requests, complaints, or other communications received from any individual, government, government agency, regulatory authority, or other entity that is or may have an interest in the Confidential Customer Utility Information, data theft, or other unauthorized release of Confidential Customer Utility Information, disclosure of Confidential Customer Utility Information, or misuse of Confidential Customer Utility Information to the extent such request, complaint or other communication relates to ESE's accessing or Processing of such Confidential Customer Utility Information.
- g. ESE will not process Confidential Customer Utility Information outside of the United States or Canada absent a written agreement with Utility. For the avoidance of doubt, Confidential Customer Utility Information stored in the United States or Canada, or other countries as agreed upon in writing will be maintained in a secure fashion at a secure location pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
- 14. Specific Performance. The Parties acknowledge that disclosure or misuse of Confidential Customer Utility Information in violation of this Agreement may result in irreparable harm to Utility, the amount of which may be difficult to ascertain and which may not be adequately compensated by monetary damages, and that therefore Utility shall be entitled to specific performance and/or injunctive relief to enforce compliance with the provisions of this Agreement. Utility's right to such relief shall be in addition to and not to the exclusion of any remedies otherwise available under this Agreement, at law or in equity, including monetary damages, the right to terminate this Agreement for breach and the right to suspend in accordance with the UBP, UBP DERS and the Commission's rules and orders the provision or Processing of Confidential Customer Utility Information hereunder. ESE agrees to waive any requirement for the securing or posting of any bond or other security in connection with Utility obtaining any such injunctive or other equitable relief.
- 15. Indemnification. To the fullest extent permitted by law, ESE shall indemnify and hold Utility, its affiliates, and their respective officers, directors, trustees, shareholders, employees, and agents, harmless from and against any and all loss,

cost, damage, or expense of every kind and nature (including, without limitation, penalties imposed by the Commission or other regulatory authority or under any Data Protection Requirements, court costs, expenses, and reasonable attorneys' fees) arising out of, relating to, or resulting from, in whole or in part, the breach or non-compliance with this Agreement by ESE or any of its Third-Party Representatives except to the extent that the loss, cost, damage or expense is caused by the negligence, gross negligence or willful misconduct of Utility.

Notices. With the exception of notices or correspondence relating to potential or pending disclosure under legal compulsion, all notices and other correspondence hereunder shall be sent by first class mail, by personal delivery, or by a nationally recognized courier service. Notices or correspondences relating to potential or pending disclosure under legal compulsion shall be sent by means of Express Mail through the U.S. Postal Service or other nationally recognized courier service which provides for scheduled delivery no later than the business day following the transmittal of the notice or correspondence and which provides for confirmation of delivery. All notices and correspondence shall be in writing and addressed as follows:

If to ESE, to:

ESE Name: Name of Contact: Address: Phone:

If to Utility, to:

Email:

Utility Name: National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation

Name of Contact: Beverly G. Hogan

Address: 6363 Main Street Phone: Williamsville, NY 14221 Email: <u>TSSsupport@natfuel.com</u>

A Party may change the address or addressee for notices and other correspondence to it hereunder by notifying the other Party by written notice given pursuant hereto.

17. Term and Termination. This Agreement shall be effective as of the date first set forth above and shall remain in effect until terminated in accordance with the provisions of the service agreement, if any, between the Parties or the UBP or UBP DERS and upon not less than thirty (30) days' prior written notice specifying the effective date of termination, provided, however, that any expiration or termination shall not affect the respective obligations or rights of the Parties arising under this Agreement prior to the effective date of termination. Utility may terminate this Agreement if the ESE is decertified under Commission Orders, the UBP or DER UBP, where applicable, has not served customers for two (2) years, or has not had

electronic communication, other than by email, with Utility for one (1) year. Further, Utility may terminate this Agreement immediately upon notice to ESE in the event of a material breach hereof by ESE or its Third-Party Representatives. For the purpose of clarity, a breach of Sections 3-4, 6-11, 12, 13, 15, and 23 shall be a material breach hereof. The Breaching Party will provide the non-breaching Party with a written description and notice of material breach. Upon the expiration or termination hereof, neither ESE nor its Third-Party Representatives shall have any further right to Process Confidential Customer Utility Information or Customer Information, unless the customer has given written or electronic consent to do so, and shall immediately comply with its obligations under Section 8 and the Utility shall not have the right to process Confidential ESE Information and shall immediately comply with its obligations under Section 8.

- 18. Consent to Jurisdiction; Selection of Forum. ESE irrevocably submits to the jurisdiction of the Commission and courts located within the State of New York with regard to any dispute or controversy arising out of or relating to this Agreement. ESE agrees that service of process on it in relation to such jurisdiction may be made by certified or registered mail addressed to ESE at the address for ESE pursuant to Section 11 hereof and that such service shall be deemed sufficient even under circumstances where, apart from this Section, there would be no jurisdictional basis for such service. ESE agrees that service of process on it may also be made in any manner permitted by law. ESE consents to the selection of the New York State and United States courts within Erie, County, New York as the exclusive forums for any legal or equitable action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement. If the event involves all of the Utilities jurisdiction will be in Albany County, New York.
- 19. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be interpreted, and the rights and obligations of the Parties determined in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without recourse to such state's choice of law rules.
- 20. Survival. The obligations of ESE under this Agreement shall continue for so long as ESE and/or ESE's Third-Party Representatives continue to have access to, are in possession of or acquire Confidential Customer Utility Information even if all Agreements between ESE and Utility have expired or been terminated.
- 21. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which shall together constitute one and the same instrument. Copies of this Agreement and copies of signatures on this Agreement, including any such copies delivered electronically as a .pdf file, shall be treated for all purposes as originals.
- 22. Amendments; Waivers. Except as directed by the Commission, this Agreement may not be amended or modified except if set forth in writing signed by the Party against whom enforcement is sought to be effective. No forbearance by any Party to require performance of any provisions of this Agreement shall constitute or be deemed a waiver of such provision or the right thereafter to enforce it. Any waiver shall be effective only if in writing and signed by an authorized representative of

- the Party making such waiver and only with respect to the particular event to which it specifically refers.
- 23. Assignment. This Agreement (and the Utility's or ESE's obligations hereunder) may not be assigned by Utility, ESE or Third-Party Representatives without the prior written consent of the non-assigning Party, and any purported assignment without such consent shall be void. Consent will not be unreasonably withheld.
- 24. Severability. Any provision of this Agreement which is determined by any court or regulatory body having jurisdiction over this Agreement to be invalid or unenforceable will be ineffective to the extent of such determination without invalidating the remaining provisions of this Agreement or affecting the validity or enforceability of such remaining provisions.
- 25. Entire Agreement. This Agreement (including any Exhibits hereto) constitutes the entire Agreement between the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and any prior or contemporaneous oral or written Agreements or understandings with respect to such subject matter are merged herein. This Agreement may not be amended without the written Agreement of the Parties.
- 26. No Third-Party Beneficiaries. This Agreement is solely for the benefit of, and shall be binding solely upon, the Parties and their respective agents, successors, and permitted assigns. This Agreement is not intended to benefit and shall not be for the benefit of any party other than the Parties and the indemnified parties named herein, and no other party shall have any right, claim, or action as a result of this Agreement.
- 27. Force Majeure. No Party shall be liable for any failure to perform its obligations in connection with this Agreement, where such failure results from any act of God or governmental action or order or other cause beyond such Party's reasonable control (including, without limitation, any mechanical, electronic, or communications failure) which prevents such Party from performing under this Agreement and which such Party is unable to prevent or overcome after the exercise of reasonable diligence. For the avoidance of doubt a Data Security Incident is not a force majeure event.
- 28. Relationship of the Parties. Utility and ESE expressly agree they are acting as independent contractors and under no circumstances shall any of the employees of one Party be deemed the employees of the other for any purpose. Except as expressly authorized herein, this Agreement shall not be construed as authority for either Party to act for the other Party in any agency or other capacity, or to make commitments of any kind for the account of or on behalf of the other.
- Construction. This Agreement shall be construed as to its fair meaning and not strictly for or against any party.
- 30. Binding Effect. No portion of this Agreement is binding upon a Party until it is executed on behalf of that Party in the space provided below and delivered to the other Party. The Utility shall execute and deliver a signed original copy of this

Agreement to the ESE within five (5) business days of receiving an executed Agreement with a complete SA, if the ESE has an electronic interconnection with the utility other than by email, from the ESE. Prior to such execution and delivery by the Parties, neither the submission, exchange, return, discussion, nor the negotiation of this document, whether or not this document is then designated as a "draft" document, shall have any binding effect on a Party.

[signature page follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed and delivered this Agreement as of the date first above written.

UTILITY: NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION	ESE:
Ву:	Ву:
Name: <u>John J. Polka Jr.</u>	Name:
Title: Assistant Vice President	Title:
Date:	Date:

SELF-ATTESTATION OF Cybersecurity Protections

Each Utility, for itself only, represents that for all information received from ESE, in response or pursuant to this Self-Attestation, that is marked CONFIDENTIAL by ESE (Confidential Self-Attestation Information) Utility shall: (A) hold such Confidential Self-Attestation Information in strict confidence; (B) not disclose such Confidential Self-Attestation Information to any other person or entity; (C) not Process such Confidential Self-Attestation Information outside of the United States or Canada; (D) not Process such Confidential Self-Attestation Information for any purpose other than to assess the adequate security of ESE pursuant to this Self-Attestation and to work with ESE to permit it to achieve adequate security if it has not already done so; (E) limit reproduction of such Confidential Self-Attestation Information; (F) store such Confidential Self-Attestation Information in a secure fashion at a secure location in the United States or Canada that is not accessible to any person or entity not authorized to receive such Confidential Self-Attestation Information under the provisions hereof; (G) otherwise use at least the same degree of care to avoid publication or dissemination of such Confidential Self-Attestation Information as Utility employs (or would employ) with respect to its own confidential information that it does not (or would not) desire to have published or disseminated, but in no event less than reasonable care.

The Cybersecurity protections listed below are required before ESEs will be allowed access to Utility IT systems or electronically exchange Confidential Customer Utility Information with Utility.

This SELF-ATTESTATION OF INFORMA' ("Attestation"), is made as of this day of	
(/modumon/), to made de er mile may er	, an ESE to Consolidated Edison
Company of New York, Inc., Orange and Rocklar Electric Corporation, National Fuel Gas Distributi Gas Company d/b/a National Grid NY, KeySpan Grid, and Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation d/Electric & Gas Corporation and Rochester Gas a New York State Joint Utilities or "JU").	on Corporation, The Brooklyn Union Gas East Corporation d/b/a National /b/a National Grid, New York State

WHEREAS, ESE desires to obtain or retain access to Utility IT systems and electronically exchange Confidential Customer Utility Information³ (as defined in this Data Security Agreement) with Utility, ESE must THEREFORE self-attest to ESE's compliance with the Cybersecurity Protections ("Requirements") as listed herein. ESE acknowledges that non-compliance with any of the Requirements may result in the termination of utility data access as per the discretion of any of the JU, individually as a Utility or collectively, in whole or part, for its or their system(s). Any termination process will proceed pursuant to the Uniform Business Practices or Distributed Energy Resources Uniform Business Practices.

	An Information Security Policy is implemented across the ESE's corporation which includes officer level approval.
—	An Incident Response Procedure is implemented that includes notification within 48 hours of knowledge of a potential incident alerting utility when Confidential Customer Utility Information is potentially exposed, or of any other potential security breach.
	Role-based access controls are used to restrict system access to authorized users and limited on a need-to-know basis.
	Multi-factor authentication is used for all remote administrative access, including, but not limited to, access to production environments.
	All production systems are properly maintained and updated to include security patches on a periodic basis. Where a critical alert is raised, time is of the essence, and patches will be applied as soon as practicable.
—	Antivirus software is installed on all servers and workstations and is maintained with up-to-date signatures.
	All Confidential Customer Utility Information is encrypted in transit utilizing industry best practice encryption methods, except that Confidential Information does not need to be encrypted during email communications.

³ "Confidential Customer Utility Information" means information that Utility is: (A) required by the UBP at Section 4: Customer information (C)(2), (3) or UBP DERS at Section 2C: Customer Data (C)(2), to provide to ESE or (B) any other information provided to ESE by Utility and marked confidential by the Utility at the time of disclosure, but excludes (i) information which is or becomes generally available to the public other than as a result of a disclosure by Receiving Party or its Representatives; (ii) information which was already known to Receiving Party on a non-confidential basis prior to being furnished to Receiving Party by Disclosing Party; (iii) information which becomes available to Receiving Party on a non-confidential basis from a source other than Disclosing Party or a representative of Disclosing Party if such source was not subject to any prohibition against transmitting the information to Receiving Party and was not bound by a confidentiality agreement with Disclosing Party; (iv) information which was independently developed by the Receiving Party or its Representatives without reference to, or consideration of, the Confidential Information; or (v) information provided by the customer with customer consent where the customer expressly agrees that the information is public.

_	All Confidential Customer Utility Information is secured or encrypted at rest utilizing industry best practice encryption methods, or is otherwise physically secured.
-	It is prohibited to store Confidential Customer Utility Information on any mobile forms of storage media, including, but not limited to, laptop PCs, mobile phones, portable backup storage media, and external hard drives, unless the storage media or data is encrypted.
_	All Confidential Customer Utility Information is stored in the United States or Canada only, including, but not limited to, cloud storage environments and data management services.
_	ESE monitors and alerts their network for anomalous cyber activity on a 24/7 basis.
	 Security awareness training is provided to all personnel with access to Confidential Customer Utility Information.
_	 Employee background screening occurs prior to the granting of access to Confidential Customer Utility Information.
	 Replication of Confidential Customer Utility Information to non- company assets, systems, or locations is prohibited.
	Access to Confidential Customer Utility Information is revoked when no longer required, or if employees separate from the ESE or Third Party Representative.
	ionally, the attestation of the following item is requested, but is NOT part of equirements:
ESE maintains an up-to-date SOC II Type 2 Audit Report, or other security controls audit report.	
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, ESE has delivered accurate information for this Attestation as of the date first above written.	
Signature:	
Name:	
Title:	
Date:	

PSC NO: 9 GAS ADDENDUM TYPE: UBP NATIONAL FUEL GAS DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION ADDENDUM NO: 2

INITIAL EFFECTIVE DATE: 10/23/2019

ISSUED IN COMPLIANCE WITH ORDER IN CASE NO. 98-M-1343 DATED 09/23/2019

STATE OF NEW YORK PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

UNIFORM BUSINESS PRACTICES CASE 98-M-1343

September 2019

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SECTION 1: DEFINITIONS

As used in the Uniform Business Practices (UBP), the following terms shall have the following meanings:

<u>Assignment</u> – Transfer by one ESCO to another ESCO of its rights and responsibilities relating to provision of electric and/or gas supply under a sales agreement.

<u>Bill ready</u> – A consolidated billing practice that requires each non-billing party, after receiving customers' usage data, to calculate its charges and send via EDI charges, billing information, and bill messages to the billing party in a form that allows the transfer of the information to the bill in a format the billing party selects.

<u>Billing cycle</u> – The period for which a customer is billed for usage of electricity or natural gas.

<u>Billing services agreement (BSA)</u> – An agreement between the distribution utility and the ESCO stating the billing practices and procedures and the rights and responsibilities of billing and non-billing parties relating to issuance of consolidated bills to customers.

<u>Budget billing</u> – A billing plan that provides for level or uniform amounts due each billing period over a set number of periods, typically 12 months, and determined by dividing projected annual charges by the number of periods. Installment amounts may be adjusted during the period and may include reconciliations at the end of the budget period to account for differences between actual charges and installment amounts.

Business day – Monday through Friday, except for public holidays.

<u>Consolidated billing</u> – A billing option that provides customers with a single bill combining charges from more than one service provider and issued by a distribution utility providing delivery service (utility consolidated bill) or by a commodity supplier (ESCO consolidated bill).

<u>Customer inquiry</u> – A question or request for information from a customer relating to a rate, term, or condition of service provided by an ESCO, distribution utility or other service provider.

Cramming – The addition of unauthorized charges to a customer's bill.

<u>Deferred payment agreement (DPA)</u> – A fair and equitable payment plan agreed upon by a customer and utility and/or a customer and an ESCO that allows a customer to pay an overdue amount in installments. A DPA is based upon the customer's financial circumstances and ability to pay the overdue amount while making payment on current charges.

<u>Demand</u> – The amount of electricity or natural gas that is or could be immediately needed by a customer at any given point in time referred to as customer load. For consolidated billing, the term is used in the context of "billing period demand" for customer bills.

<u>Electric</u> – The amount of electricity, measured in kilowatts (kW), that a customer uses at a point in time, the customer's usage averaged over a period, or capacity of facilities reserved for the customer for stand-by or other service.

<u>Natural Gas</u> – The amount of gas measured in cubic feet or therms that a customer uses or may use over a period, or capacity of facilities reserved for the customer for stand-by or other service.

<u>Direct customer</u> – An entity that purchases and schedules delivery of electricity or natural gas for its own consumption and not for resale. A customer with an aggregated minimum peak connected load of 1 MW to a designated zonal service point qualifies for direct purchase and scheduling of electricity provided the customer complies with NYISO requirements. A customer with annual usage of a minimum of 3,500 dekatherms of natural gas at a single service point qualifies for direct purchase and scheduling of natural gas.

<u>Distribution utility</u> – A gas or electric corporation owning, operating or managing electric or gas facilities for the purpose of distributing gas or electricity to end users.

<u>Distribution utility customer account number</u> – A number used by a distribution utility to identify the account of a utility customer.

<u>Distribution utility tariff</u> – A schedule of rates, terms and conditions of services provided by a distribution utility.

<u>Door-to-door sales</u> – The sale of energy services in which the ESCO or the ESCO's representative personally solicits the sale, and the buyer's agreement or offer to purchase is made at a place other than the place of business of the seller; provided that "door-to-door sales" shall not include any sale which is conducted and consummated entirely by mail, telephone or other electronic means, or during a scheduled appointment at the premises of a buyer of nonresidential utility service, or through solicitations of commercial accounts at trade or business shows, conventions or expositions.

<u>Drop</u> – A transaction that closes a customer's account with a provider. This term is used when: (1) a customer's enrollment is pending and the customer rescinds the enrollment; (2) a customer enrolled with an ESCO returns to distribution utility service or enrolls with another ESCO; or (3) the ESCO discontinues service to a customer.

<u>Dual billing</u> – A billing option that provides for separate calculation of charges and presentation of bills to the customer by the distribution utility and ESCO.

<u>Electronic data interchange (EDI)</u> – The computer-to-computer exchange of routine information in a standard format using established data processing protocols. EDI transactions are used in retail access programs to switch customers from one supplier to another or to exchange customers' history, usage or billing data between a distribution utility or MDSP and an ESCO. Transaction set standards, processing protocols and test plans are authorized in orders issued by the Public Service Commission in Case 98-M-0667, <u>In the Matter of Electronic Data Interchange</u> and available on the Department of Public Service website at: www.dps.ny.gov/98m0667.htm.

<u>Energy broker</u> – A non-utility entity that performs energy management or procurement functions on behalf of customers or ESCOs but does not make retail energy sales to customers.

<u>Energy services company (ESCO)</u> – An entity eligible to sell electricity and/or natural gas to end-use customers using the transmission or distribution system of a utility. ESCOs may perform other retail service functions.

<u>ESCO</u> marketing representative – An entity that is either the ESCO or a contractor/vendor conducting, on behalf of the ESCO, any marketing activity that is designed to enroll customers with the ESCO.

<u>Enroll/Enrollment</u> – The process used to switch a customer from a distribution utility to an ESCO or from one ESCO to another.

<u>Enrollment date</u> – The effective date for commencement of electric or natural gas service from an ESCO or distribution utility.

<u>Guarantor</u> – An entity that agrees to pay another's debt or perform another's duty, liability or obligation.

<u>Independent Third Party Verification</u> – the confirmation of a customer's agreement to take service from an ESCO or authorization for the ESCO to request information by a Verification Agent.

<u>Interval data</u> – Actual energy usage for a specific time interval for a specific period recorded by a meter or other measurement device.

<u>Load profile</u> – Actual or estimated customer energy usage by interval over a period representing usage for a customer or average usage for a customer class.

<u>Lockbox</u> – A billing payment receipt method agreed upon by a distribution utility and an ESCO, involving use of a third party financial institution to receive and disburse customer payments.

<u>Marketing</u> - The publication, dissemination or distribution of informational and advertising materials regarding the ESCO's services and products to the public by print, broadcast, electronic media, direct mail or by telecommunication.

<u>Meter</u> – A device for determination of the units of electric or natural gas service supplied to consumers.

<u>Meter Data Service Provider (MDSP)</u> – An entity that provides meter data services, consisting of meter readings, meter data translations, and customer association, validation, editing and estimation.

<u>Meter Service Provider (MSP)</u> – An entity that installs, maintains, tests and removes meters, or other measurement devices and related equipment.

<u>Multi-retailer model</u> – A model for retail access that involves provision of electric or natural gas supply and of delivery service, provided separately to end use customers by two or more entities.

<u>New York State Independent System Operator (NYISO)</u> - An independent management organization, authorized by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, operating the bulk electric transmission system.

New delivery customer – A customer initiating delivery service by a distribution utility.

Nomination – A request for delivery of a physical quantity of natural gas or for its delivery at a specific point under a purchase, sale, or transportation agreement.

<u>Office of Consumer Services – Office</u>, within the Department of Public Service, which receives and makes determinations concerning customer complaints. Office of Consumer Services (OCS) identifies the exiting Office or its successor in the event the Office name is changed.

<u>Pay-as-you-get-paid method</u> – A payment processing method offered by a billing party presenting consolidated bills, whereby the billing party forwards payment to the non-billing party after receiving payment from the customer.

<u>Pending enrollment</u> – A stage in processing an enrollment that commences with validation of an enrollment transaction request and ends on the enrollment date that the new supplier is expected to deliver energy.

<u>Pending ESCO</u> – An ESCO is a pending ESCO from the date of receipt of an EDI notice containing the effective date for a customer's enrollment until the ESCO commences commodity service for that customer.

<u>Plain Language</u> – Written in clear and coherent manner using words with common and everyday meaning and avoiding legal or energy industry terms, acronyms and abbreviations that a person of ordinary intelligence would not be expected to understand. If use of a technical term is necessary, the term is clearly defined in the portion of the text where it is used.

<u>Purchased accounts receivable</u> – A debt owed to an ESCO by a customer for receipt of supplies of gas or electricity and transferred to a distribution utility in exchange for consideration.

<u>With recourse</u> – Purchase of accounts receivable with recourse by a distribution utility means that the ESCO remains liable if its customers fail to make payments. A distribution utility that purchases accounts receivable with recourse sends payments to an ESCO at predetermined intervals for amounts billed that are not in dispute and may offset subsequent purchase payments against or obtain reimbursement from an ESCO of any unpaid amounts.

<u>Without recourse</u> – Purchase of accounts receivable without recourse by a distribution utility means that the ESCO is not liable if its customers fail to make payments. A distribution utility that purchases accounts receivable without recourse sends payments to an ESCO at predetermined intervals for amounts billed that are not in dispute and has no right to seek reimbursement from an ESCO of any unpaid amounts.

<u>Rate ready</u> – A consolidated billing practice that requires each non-billing party to furnish in advance of the billing cycle, rates, rate codes or prices (fixed and/or variable), tax rates, billing information, and bill messages to the billing party. The billing party, after receipt of usage data from the MDSP, uses the information on record to calculate the non-billing party's charges.

<u>Residential customer</u> – An individual or occupant of a residential premise as defined in 16 NYCRR Part 11.2(a)(2).

<u>Sales agreement</u> – An agreement between a customer and an ESCO that contains the terms and conditions governing the supply of electricity and/or natural gas provided by an ESCO. The agreement may be a written contract signed by the customer or a statement supporting a customer's verifiable verbal or electronic authorization to enter into an agreement with the ESCO for the services specified.

<u>Single retailer model</u> – A model for retail access that involves provision of electric and/or natural gas service to end users by an ESCO that purchases delivery service from the distribution utility and resells it along with electricity and/or natural gas to end users.

Slamming – Enrollment of a customer by an ESCO without authorization.

<u>Special meter reading</u> – An actual meter reading performed, upon request, on a date that is different than the regularly scheduled meter reading date.

<u>Special needs customer</u> – A customer who has a certified medical emergency condition, who is elderly, blind or physically challenged, or who may suffer serious impairment to health or safety as a result of service termination during cold weather periods and, thus, is eligible for special procedures before termination of service under the Home Energy Fair Practices Act (HEFPA) (Public Service Law §32(3)).

<u>Switch</u> – Transfer of a customer from one ESCO to another, from a distribution utility to an ESCO, or from an ESCO to a distribution utility.

<u>Switching cycle</u> – For electric service, the period between the date of the last meter read and the next regularly scheduled meter read. For gas customers, the period between the date of the last meter read and the next regularly scheduled meter read or the first day of the month and the first day of the following month.

<u>Termination Fee</u> – An amount specified in an ESCO sales agreement where such agreement permits the ESCO to assess and collect a charge in such amount to a customer who terminates the agreement before the end of a term described in that agreement, regardless of whether the assessed amount is identified as a fee, a charge, liquidated damages or a methodology for the calculation of damages, and regardless of whether it is fixed, scaled or subject to calculation based on market factors. In the event the customer is deceased before the end of such contract term, no fee for termination or early cancellation shall be assessed.

<u>Verification Agent</u> - An entity that is an independent vendor/contractor conducting, on behalf of the ESCO, verification of an agreement, resulting from telephonic or door-to-door marketing, with a customer to initiate service and begin enrollment or to obtain customer authorization for release of information, as required by Section 5, Attachment 1 of the UBP. In the limited circumstance where the verification is only of customer authorization for release of information, the entity does not need to be independent of the ESCO.

SECTION 2: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

A. Applicability

This Section sets forth the process that an applicant is required to follow for a Department of Public Service (the Department) finding of eligibility to sell natural gas or electricity as an ESCO, that an ESCO is required to follow to maintain eligibility, and that a distribution utility is required to follow for discontinuance of an ESCO's or Direct Customer's participation in a distribution utility's retail access program.

B. Application Requirements

- 1. Applicants seeking eligibility to sell natural gas and/or electricity as ESCOs are required to submit to the Department an application package containing the following information and attachments:
 - a. A completed Retail Access Eligibility Form, available on the Department website: www.dps.ny.gov
 - b. A sample standard Sales Agreement for each customer class that meets the requirements set forth in Section 5.B.3, infra.
 - c. Sample forms of the notices sent upon assignment of sales agreements, discontinuance of service, or transfer of customers to other providers.
 - d. A sample ESCO bill used when dual billing is in effect and, if applicable, a sample ESCO consolidated bill, with terms stated in clear, plain language;
 - e. Procedures used to obtain customer authorization for ESCO access to a customers' historic usage or credit information;
 - f. Sample copies of informational and promotional materials that the ESCO uses for mass marketing purposes;
 - g. Proof of registration with the New York State Department of State;
 - h. Internal procedures for prevention of slamming and cramming;
 - i. Name, postal and e-mail addresses, and telephone and fax numbers for the applicant's main office;
 - Names and addresses of any entities that hold ownership interests of 10% or more in the ESCO, including a contact name for corporate entities and partnerships;
 - k. Detailed explanation of any criminal or regulatory sanctions imposed during the previous 36 months against any senior officers of the ESCO or any entities holding ownership interests of 10% or more in the ESCO;
 - A copy of the ESCO's quality assurance program, which is designed to monitor (a) compliance with Section 10 of the UBP and (b) accuracy of the ESCO marketing materials provided to prospective customers;
 - m. A completed Service Provider Contact Form, which can be found on the Department's website http://www.dps.ny.gov/ocs.html, identifying the ESCO's employee(s) responsible for resolving consumer complaints received by the Department and referred to the ESCO; and

- n. A list of the entities, including contractors and sub-contractors, that will market to customers on behalf of the ESCO. The list must include the entities' names, addresses, phone numbers and owners, managers, and/or principals. This list must be updated regularly as entities are added or removed.
- 2. Applicants shall submit to the Department the name of the utility that will test designated EDI transactions required for syntactical verification in the Phase I testing program. The Department shall maintain a list of ESCOs that successfully complete Phase I test requirements by transaction type.
- 3. An ESCO that knowingly makes false statements in its application package is subject to denial or revocation of eligibility.
- 4. If the application package contains information that is a trade secret or sensitive for security reasons, the applicant may request that the Department withhold disclosure of the information, pursuant to the Freedom of Information Law (Public Officers Law Article 6) and Public Service Commission regulations (16 NYCRR §6-1.3).

C. Department Review Process

The Department shall review the application for each applicant. An ESCO shall notify the Department of any major changes in the information submitted in the Retail Access Eligibility Form and/or application package that occurs during the Department review process. The Department shall advise the applicant, in writing, if the applicant submitted the required information and completed if satisfaction of Phase I EDI testing requirement has been verified by the utility designated by the applicant.

1. ESCOs deemed eligible to provide commodity service by the Department must begin serving customers within two-years from the date of the letter notifying the ESCO of their eligibility status (eligibility letter). The ESCO that does not begin serving customers within such two-year period may be required to conduct additional EDI testing before enrollments will be processed.

D. Maintaining ESCO Eligibility Status

- 1. An ESCO shall submit by January 31 each year (January 31 Statement):
 - a. a statement that the information and attachments in its Retail Access Eligibility Form and application package are current; or
 - b. a description of revisions to the Retail Access Eligibility Form and application package and a copy of the revised portions or, at the ESCO's option, a copy of the revised portions identifying the revisions by highlighting or other means.
- 2. An ESCO shall update all the information it submitted in its original application package to the Department every three years, starting from the date of its eligibility letter, consistent with the requirements of UBP Section 2.B. An ESCO's status as an eligible supplier is continuous from the date of the Department eligibility letter, unless revoked or otherwise limited in accordance with UBP Section 2.D.5. If the three year anniversary date falls within one month of January 31, the ESCO shall resubmit its application package in lieu of the January 31 statement.

- 3. An ESCO shall file with the Secretary, a separate average unit price for products with no energy-related value added services for each of two groups of customers and by load zone: i) residential price fixed for a minimum 12 month period; ii) residential variable price. The averages should be weighted by the amount of commodity sold at each price within each customer category. ESCOs shall also file the number of customers purchasing products in those categories. ESCOs shall file the required information quarterly, reflecting data over that period, within 30 days of the end of each calendar quarter (i.e., data must be provided no later than April 30th, July 30th, October 30th and January 30th of each year).¹
- 4. An ESCO shall submit at other times during the year:
 - a. A description of any major change in the Retail Access Eligibility Form and/or application package and a copy of the revised portions or, at the ESCO's option, a copy of the revised portions identifying the revisions by highlighting or other means. For purposes of Subdivision D of this Section, the term, "major change," means a revision in the terms and conditions applicable to the business relationship between the ESCO and its customers, including provisions governing the process for termination of sales agreements.
 - b. Changes in marketing plans, including changes to the list required in subsection B.1.n of this Section of the UBP.
 - c. Changes in the ESCO's business and customer service information displayed on the Department's Website.
 - d. At least once every thirty days, each ESCO serving residential customers must post a price for each product it offers to those customer classes (e.g., fixed-price, variable-price, renewable energy, with each type of value-added service, etc) on the Power to Choose website. Each ESCO must guarantee to charge new customers no more than the price of the ESCOs posted offers at the time of the customer's agreement for each product.
 - e. Changes in personnel responsible for resolving consumer complaints received by the Department and referred to the ESCO.
- 5. An ESCO may be subject to the consequences listed in UBP Section 2.D.6.b for reasons, including, but not limited to:
 - a. false or misleading information in the application package;
 - b. failure to adhere to the policies and procedures described in its Sales Agreement;
 - c. failure to comply with required customer protections;
 - d. failure to comply with applicable NYISO requirements, reporting requirements, or Department oversight requirements;

If the Power-to-Choose website is modified to allow ESCOs to file this information there, the Department may notify ESCOs that compliance with this provision may be accomplished in that manner.

- e. failure to provide notice to the Department of any material changes in the information contained in the Retail Access Eligibility Form or application package;
- f. failure to comply with the UBP terms and conditions, including discontinuance requirements;
- g. failure to comply with EDI transaction set standards and processing protocols and/or use properly functioning EDI systems;
- h. repeated failures to comply with price reporting requirements, reporting misleading price information, or continuing to fail to comply with price reporting requirements after withdrawal of eligibility to enroll new customers;
- failure to comply with the Commission's Environmental Disclosure Requirements or failure to comply with other Commission Orders, Rules or Regulations;
- failure to reply to a complaint filed with the Department and referred to the ESCO within the timeframe established by the Department' Office of Consumer Services which is not less than five days;
- k. any of the reasons stated in Subdivision F of this Section; or
- 1. a material pattern of consumer complaints on matters within the ESCO's control;
- m. failure to comply with any federal, state, or local laws, rules, or regulations related to sales or marketing; or 'No Solicitation' signage on the premises; or
- n. failure to comply with any of the Marketing Standards set forth in Section 10 of the UBP.
- 6. In determining the appropriate consequence for a failure or non-compliance in one or more of the categories set forth in UBP Section 2.D.5, the Commission or Department may take into account the nature, the circumstances, including the scope of harm to individual customers, and the gravity of the failure or non-compliance, as well as the ESCO's history of previous violations.
 - a. The Commission or Department shall:
 - 1. Either (a) notify the ESCO in writing of its failure to comply and request that the ESCO take appropriate corrective action or provide remedies within the directed cure period, which will be based on a reasonable amount of time given the nature of the issue to be cured; or (b) order that the ESCO show cause why a consequence should not be imposed.
 - 2. The Commission may impose the consequences listed in subparagraph b of this paragraph if (a) ESCO fails to take corrective actions or provide remedies within the cure period; or (b) the Commission determines that the incident or incidents of non-compliance are substantiated and the consequence is appropriate.
 - 3. Consequences shall not be imposed until after the ESCO is provided notice and an opportunity to respond.
 - 4. The notice of consequences imposed by the Commission will be published

on the Department's website.

- b. Consequences for non-compliance in one or more of the categories set forth in UBP Section 2.D.5 may include one or more of the following restrictions on an ESCO's opportunity to sell electricity and/or natural gas to retail customers:
 - 1. Suspension from a specific Commission approved retail program in either a specific service territory or all territories in New York;
 - 2. Suspension of the ability to enroll new customers in either a specific service territory or all service territories in New York;
 - 3. Imposition of a requirement to record all telephonic marketing presentations, which shall be made available to the Department for review;
 - 4. Reimbursements to customers who did not receive savings promised in the ESCO's sales agreement/Customer Disclosure Statement or substantially demonstrated to have been included in the ESCO's marketing presentation or to customers who incurred costs as a result of the ESCO's failure to comply with the marketing standards set forth in Section 10 of the UBP;
 - 5. Release of customers from sales agreements without imposition of early termination fees;
 - 6. Revocation of an ESCO's eligibility to operate in New York; and,
 - 7. Any other measures that the Commission may deem appropriate.
- c. Consequences imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall continue to apply until the ESCO's failure to comply with the UBP has been cured or the Commission or Department has determined that no further cure is necessary.
- 7. An ESCO's eligibility to serve customers is valid unless: the ESCO abandons its eligibility status; or such status is revoked by the Commission through a final order pursuant to UBP Section 2.D.6.
- 8. The Department shall notify distribution utilities upon notice to the ESCO, and the NYISO if applicable, of any determination to revoke an ESCO's eligibility to sell natural gas and/or electricity. The distribution utility shall notify the ESCO's customers, in accordance with paragraph 3 of Subdivision F of this Section, of any Department revocation of an ESCO's eligibility.
- E. Distribution Utility Requirements
 - 1. After receipt of the Department's compliance letter, the ESCO shall notify the distribution utility, and NYISO if applicable, of its eligibility status and intent to complete the process to commence operation in the distribution utility's service area, including execution of any operating agreement that is required.
 - 2. Upon satisfaction of the distribution utility's and, if applicable the NYISO's requirements, and successful completion of EDI testing conducted by the distribution utility, the ESCO may enter into an operating agreement, if any is required, with the distribution utility to commence operations in its service territory.
- F. Discontinuance of an ESCO's and Direct Customer's Participation in a Retail Access Program
 - In accordance with the procedures established in this Subdivision, a distribution utility may discontinue an ESCO's or Direct Customer's participation in its retail Issued by D.L.DeCarolis, President, 6363 Main Street, Williamsville, NY 14221

access program for the following reasons:

- a. Failure to act that is likely to cause, or has caused, a significant risk or condition that compromises the safety, system security, or operational reliability of the distribution utility 's system, and the ESCO or Direct Customer failed to eliminate immediately the risk or condition upon verified receipt of a non-EDI notice;
- b. Failure to provide natural gas (provided zero quantity) to the distribution utility's city gate;
- c. Failure to pay an invoice upon the due date;
- d. Failure to provide for delivery of at least 95% of the amount of natural gas directed by a distribution utility for delivery or at least 80% of the daily metered usage of the ESCO's customers or a Direct Customer's specified load or lower percentages included in a balancing program established in a distribution utility's tariff and/or any operating agreement;
- e. Failure to maintain a creditworthiness standard or provide required security;
- f. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of a distribution utility's tariff, operating agreement, or Gas Transportation Operating Procedures (GTOP) Manual to the extent that said documents are consistent with the provisions of the UBP;
- g. Discontinuance of an ESCO's or Direct Customer's participation in a distribution utility's retail access program by the NYISO; or,
- h. Commission determination that an ESCO is not eligible to sell natural gas or electricity to retail customers.
- 2. To initiate the discontinuance process, a distribution utility shall send a non-EDI discontinuance notice by overnight mail and verified receipt, to the ESCO or Direct Customer and the Department. The notice shall contain the following information:
 - a. The reason, cure period, if any, and effective date for the discontinuance;
 - b. A statement that the distribution utility shall notify the ESCO's customers of the discontinuance if the ESCO fails to correct the deficiency described in the notice within the cure period, unless the Department directs the distribution utility to stop the discontinuance process;
 - c. The distribution utility may suspend the ESCO's right to enroll customers until correction of the deficiency; and
 - d. Correction of the deficiency within the cure period, or a Department directive, will end the discontinuance process.
- 3. The distribution utility shall send notices to the ESCO's customers informing them of the discontinuance and providing the following information:
 - a. The discontinuance shall or did occur on one of the following dates selected by the distribution utility: the scheduled meter read date, the first day of the month, or another date, if readings are estimated, or on the date of a special meter read:
 - b. Customers have the option to select another ESCO or return to full utility service or, if a program authorizing random assignment is in effect, to enroll with a designated ESCO through that program;

- c. Names and telephone numbers of ESCOs offering service to retail customers in the distribution utility's service territory;
- d. Any ESCO selected by a customer may file an enrollment request on the customer's behalf with the distribution utility, and the distribution utility shall charge no fee for changing the customer's provider to the new ESCO; and,
- e. During any interim between discontinuance of a customer's current ESCO and enrollment with a new ESCO, the distribution utility shall provide service under its applicable tariff, unless the distribution utility notified the customer that it is terminating its delivery services to the customer on or before the discontinuance date.
- 4. The distribution utility shall submit a sample copy of its discontinuance notice to the Department for review and approval prior to distribution to customers.
- 5. The distribution utility may request permission from the Department to expedite the discontinuance process, upon a showing that it is necessary for safe and adequate service or in the public interest. Any expeditious discontinuance process shall include the ESCO or Direct Customer, and the distribution utility.
- 6. Upon any discontinuance, an ESCO or Direct Customer shall remain responsible for payment or reimbursement of any and all sums owed under the distribution utility tariffs, any tariffs on file with the FERC and service agreements relating thereto, or any agreements between the ESCO and the distribution utility.
- 7. The notice requirements and time limits for a distribution utility to discontinue an ESCO's or Direct Customer's participation in a distribution utility's retail access program (discontinue participation) are:
 - a. Upon a distribution utility determination that an ESCO's or Direct Customer's action, or failure to act, is likely to cause, or has caused, a significant risk or condition that compromises the safety, system security, or operational reliability of the distribution utility's system and that the ESCO or Direct Customer failed to eliminate immediately the risk or condition upon verified receipt of a non-EDI notice, the distribution utility may discontinue participation as soon as practicable.
 - b. Upon a distribution utility determination that an ESCO or Direct Customer responsible for the delivery of natural gas failed, except under force majeure conditions, to deliver natural gas (provided zero quantity) to the distribution utility's service territory for its load, the distribution utility may discontinue participation no sooner than two business days after receipt by the ESCO or Direct Customer of a discontinuance notice.
 - c. Upon a distribution utility determination that an ESCO or Direct Customer failed to pay an invoice on the due date, as specified in the distribution utility's tariff, and the ESCO's or Direct Customer's required security or credit limit is insufficient to cover the unpaid amount, with interest, the distribution utility may discontinue participation no sooner than ten business days (cure period) after receipt by the ESCO or Direct Customer of a discontinuance notice. If the ESCO or Direct Customer pays the amount due on or before the expiration of the cure period, the distribution utility shall stop the process to discontinue participation.
 - d. Upon a distribution utility determination that an ESCO or Direct Customer

responsible for the nomination and delivery of natural gas failed, except in force majeure conditions, to nominate and/or deliver sufficient natural gas to the distribution utility's service territory to satisfy at least 95% of the amount of natural gas directed by a distribution utility for delivery or at least 80% of the daily metered usage of the ESCO's customers or the Direct Customer's specified load or lower percentages included in a balancing program established in a distribution utility's tariffs and/or any operating agreement on any three days during any month, the distribution utility may initiate a discontinuance process no sooner than five business days (cure period) after receipt by the ESCO or Direct Customer of a discontinuance notice. If the ESCO or Direct Customer provides adequate assurances and a description of any necessary process changes that ensure adequate nominations and deliveries on or before the expiration of the cure period, the distribution utility shall stop the discontinuance process. Upon a determination to continue the discontinuance process because the assurances and proposed process changes are inadequate, the distribution utility shall notify the ESCO or Direct Customer that it will discontinue participation no later than 15 business days from the expiration of the cure period. The distribution utility shall notify the ESCO's customers that the distribution utility will discontinue participation on or before the expiration of 15 business days from the end of the cure period. If a failure to provide sufficient natural gas for any 3 days during a calendar month occurred during the past 12 months and the distribution utility sent a related discontinuance notice for each occurrence, it may discontinue participation no sooner than two business days after receipt by an ESCO or Direct Customer of a discontinuance notice.

- Upon a distribution utility determination that an ESCO or Direct Customer failed to provide or maintain a creditworthiness standard or required security, the distribution utility may initiate a discontinuance process no sooner than five business days (cure period) after receipt by the ESCO or Direct Customer of a discontinuance notice. If the ESCO or Direct Customer satisfies the creditworthiness standard or provides the required security on or before the expiration of the cure period, the distribution utility shall stop the discontinuance process. Upon a determination to continue with the discontinuance process because the ESCO or Direct Customer failed to comply with the creditworthiness standard or provide adequate security, the distribution utility shall notify the ESCO or Direct Customer that it will discontinue participation no later than 15 business days from the expiration of the cure period. The distribution utility shall notify the ESCO's customers that it will discontinue participation on or before 15 days from the expiration of the cure period. If a failure to comply with the creditworthiness standard or provide adequate security occurred twice during the past 12 months and the distribution utility sent a related discontinuance notice for each failure, it may discontinue participation no sooner than two business days after receipt by an ESCO or Direct Customer of a discontinuance notice.
- f. Upon a distribution utility determination that an ESCO or Direct Customer failed, except in force majeure conditions, to comply with any other applicable provision of the distribution utility's tariff, operating agreement, or GTOP manual, the distribution utility may initiate a discontinuance process no

sooner than ten business days (cure period) after receipt by the ESCO or Direct Customer of a discontinuance notice. If the ESCO or Direct Customer provides adequate assurances and a description of any necessary process changes that ensure compliance on or before the expiration of the cure period, the distribution utility shall stop the discontinuance process. Upon a determination to continue the discontinuance process because the assurances and proposed process changes are inadequate, the distribution utility shall notify the ESCO or Direct Customer that it will discontinue participation no later than 15 business days from the expiration of the cure period. The distribution utility shall notify the ESCO's customers that it will discontinue participation on or before the expiration of 15 business days after the end of the cure period.

SECTION 3: CREDITWORTHINESS

A. Applicability

This Section establishes creditworthiness standards that apply to ESCOs and Direct Customers. An ESCO's and Direct Customer's participation in a distribution utility's retail access program is contingent upon satisfaction of creditworthiness requirements and provision of any security.

A. ESCOs

- 1. An ESCO shall satisfy a distribution utility's creditworthiness requirements if:
 - a. The ESCO, or a guarantor, maintains a minimum rating from one of the rating agencies and no rating below the minimum from one of the other two rating agencies. For the purposes of this Section, minimum rating shall mean "BBB" from Standard & Poor's, "Baa2" from Moody's Investor Service, or "BBB" from Fitch Ratings (minimum rating); or,
 - b. The ESCO enters into a billing arrangement with the distribution utility, whereby the distribution utility bills customers on behalf of the ESCO and retains the funds it collects to offset any balancing and billing service charges provided that the distribution utility has a priority security interest with a first right of access to the funds. The ESCO shall submit an affidavit from a senior officer attesting to such utility interest and right. Except that an ESCO serving customers outside of such billing arrangement, must satisfy the security requirements of UBP Section 3.D with respect to those customers.
- 2. If an ESCO, or a guarantor, is not rated by Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investor Service or Fitch Ratings, it shall satisfy a distribution utility's creditworthiness requirements if the ESCO, or a guarantor:
 - a. Maintains a minimum "1A2" rating from Dun & Bradstreet (Dun and Bradstreet minimum rating) and the ESCO maintains 24 months good payment history with the distribution utility; and,
 - b. Provides any security required by the distribution utility, calculated in accordance with Subdivision D, after deduction of the following unsecured credit allowances:

<u>Rating</u>	<u>Unsecured Credit Allowance</u>
5A1 or 5A2	30% of an ESCO's tangible net worth, up to 5% of the distribution utility's average monthly revenues for the applicable service
4A1 or 4A2	30% of an ESCO's tangible net worth, up to 5% of the distribution utility's average monthly revenues for the applicable service

3A1 or 3A2	30% of an ESCO's tangible net worth, up to 5% of the distribution utility's average monthly revenues for the applicable service
2A1 or 2A2	50% of an ESCO's tangible net worth, up to \$500,000
1A1 or 1A2	50% of an ESCO's tangible net worth, up to \$375,000

An ESCO shall provide information, upon request of the distribution utility, to enable the distribution utility to verify the ESCO's equity. The distribution utility may request reasonable information to obtain the verification and shall safeguard it as confidential information and protect it from public disclosure. The distribution utility may deny the unsecured credit allowance to any ESCO that fails to provide the requested information.

- 3. A distribution utility may require an ESCO to provide and maintain security in the full amount of the distribution utility's credit risk, calculated in accordance with Subdivision D, if:
 - a. The ESCO, or a guarantor, is not rated;
 - b. The ESCO, or a guarantor, with a minimum rating is placed on credit watch with negative implications or is rated below the minimum rating;
 - c. The ESCO, or a guarantor, is rated below the Dun & Bradstreet minimum rating or the ESCO fails to maintain 24 months good payment history with the distribution utility; or,
 - d. An ESCO issuing consolidated bills fails to render timely bills to customers or to make timely payments to the distribution utility.
- 4. If a distribution utility's credit risk, associated with an ESCO's participation in its retail access program, exceeds 5% of the distribution utility's average monthly revenues for the applicable service, the distribution utility may require the ESCO, in addition to maintaining a minimum rating, to provide and maintain security in the amount of such excess credit risk.

B. Direct Customers

A Direct Customer shall satisfy a distribution utility's creditworthiness requirements if:

- 1. Its account is current and remained current for the past 12 months; and,
- 2. If its debt is rated, it maintains a minimum rating of its long-term unsecured debt securities from one of the rating agencies and no rating below the minimum rating from one of the other two rating agencies.

C. Calculation of Credit Risk and Security

The distribution utility shall calculate its credit risk and establish its security requirements as follows:

- 1. Delivery Service Risk
 - a. For an ESCO that issues a consolidated bill under a multi-retailer model, a distribution utility may require security in an amount no greater than 45 days

- of peak usage of the ESCO's customers' projected energy requirements during the next 12 months, priced at the distribution utility's applicable delivery service rate and including relevant customer charges.
- b. For an ESCO that bills customers for delivery and commodity services under a single retailer model, a distribution utility may require security in an amount no greater than 60 days of peak usage of the ESCO's customers' projected energy requirements during the next 12 months, priced at the distribution utility's applicable delivery service rate and including relevant customer charges.
- c. Upon an ESCO request, the distribution utility shall establish separate security requirements for summer (April 1 October 31) and winter (November 1 March 31) and may retain winter security until the end of two months (April and May) after the end of the winter period.

2. Natural Gas Imbalance Risk

- a. The distribution utility may require an ESCO or Direct Customer to provide security in an amount no greater than the ESCO's customers' or a Direct Customer's projected maximum daily quantity times peak forecasted NYMEX price for the next 12 months and for upstream capacity to the city gate times 10 days.
- b. Upon the request of an ESCO or Direct Customer, the distribution utility shall establish separate security requirements for summer (April 1 October 31) and winter (November 1 March 31) and may retain winter security until the end of two months (April and May) after the end of the winter period.

3. Major Change in Risk

- a. A major change shall mean a change in credit risk of more than the greater of 10% or \$200,000.
- b. The ESCO or Direct Customer shall promptly notify the distribution utility and the Department of any major change in credit and or rating risk.
- c. The distribution utility may require an ESCO or a Direct Customer, within five days, to provide additional amounts of security if a major change occurs to increase its credit risk, as follows:
 - 1. If Standard & Poors, Moody's Investor Service, or Fitch Ratings downgrades an ESCO's, or its guarantor's, rating or a Direct Customer's debt below the minimum rating or Dun & Bradstreet downgrades an ESCO's, or its guarantor's, rating or a Direct Customer's debt; or,
 - 2. An increase occurs in customer usage or in energy prices and such increase is sustained for at least 30 days.
- d. In the event that a major change occurs to decrease a distribution utility's credit and/or rating risk, results in compliance by an ESCO or Direct Customer with creditworthiness requirements, and elimination of the basis for holding some or all of the security, the distribution utility shall return or release the excess amount of the ESCO's or Direct Customer's security with accumulated interest, if applicable. The distribution utility shall return such amount within five business days after receipt of an ESCO or Direct Customer notice informing the distribution utility of the occurrence of such major

change.

D. Security Instruments

- 1. The following financial arrangements are acceptable methods of providing security:
 - Deposit or prepayment, which shall accumulate interest at the applicable rate per annum approved by the Public Service Commission for "Other Customer Capital";
 - b. Standby irrevocable letter of credit or surety bond issued by a bank, insurance company or other financial institution with at least an "A" bond rating;
 - c. Security interest in collateral; or,
 - d. Guarantee by another party or entity with a credit rating of at least "BBB" by S&P, "Baa2" by Moody's, or "BBB" by Fitch; or
 - e. Other means of providing or establishing adequate security.
- 2. A distribution utility may refuse to accept any of these methods for just cause provided that its policy is applied in a nondiscriminatory manner to any ESCO.
- 3. If the credit rating of a bank, insurance company, or other financial institution that issues a letter of credit or surety bond to an ESCO or Direct Customer falls below an "A" rating, the distribution utility shall allow a minimum of five business days for an ESCO or Direct Customer to obtain a substitute letter of credit or surety bond from an "A" rated bank, insurance company, or other financial institution.

E. Lockbox

If the distribution utility and ESCO arrange for a lockbox, security requirements are reduced by 50% provided that the arrangement includes the following:

- 1. Agreement on allocation of funds and the first right of the distribution utility, in the event of an ESCO's financial difficulty, to obtain funds in the lockbox deposited to the credit of the ESCO;
- 2. Establishment of rules for managing the lockbox;
- 3. Agreement on conditions for terminating the lockbox for non-compliance with the rules or for failure to receive customer payments on a timely basis; and,
- 4. Responsibility of an ESCO for any costs associated with implementing and administering the lockbox.

F. Calling on Security

- 1. If an ESCO or Direct Customer fails to pay the distribution utility, in accordance with UPB Section 7, Invoices, the distribution utility may draw from security provided that the distribution utility notifies the ESCO or Direct Customer five business days' in advance of the withdrawal and the ESCO or Direct Customer fails to make full payment before the expiration of the five business days.
- 2. If an ESCO receives a discontinuance notice or elects to discontinue service to customers and owes amounts to the distribution utility, the distribution utility may draw from the security provided by the ESCO without prior notice.
- 3. If an ESCO files a petition or an involuntary petition is filed against an ESCO under the laws pertaining to bankruptcy, the distribution utility may draw from security, to the extent permitted by applicable law.
- G. Application by Distribution Utilities

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1. Within ten business days after receipt of a complete ESCO application, a distribution utility shall complete its evaluation of initial creditworthiness, state the rationale for its determination, and provide the calculation supporting the credit limit and any resulting security requirement.

- 2. A distribution utility shall perform, at least annually, an evaluation, at no charge, of an ESCO's satisfaction of creditworthiness standards and security requirements.
- A distribution utility shall perform evaluations of creditworthiness, security requirements, and security calculations in a non-discriminatory and reasonable manner.
- 4. Pending resolution of any dispute, the ESCO or Direct Customer shall provide requested security within the time required in this Section.
- 5. A distribution utility may reduce or eliminate any security requirement provided that it reduces or eliminates the requirement in a nondiscriminatory manner for any ESCO or Direct Customer. The distribution utility may request reasonable information to evaluate credit risk. If an ESCO or Direct Customer fails to provide the requested information, a distribution utility may deny the ESCO or Direct Customer an opportunity to provide lower or no security.

SECTION 4: CUSTOMER INFORMATION

A. Applicability

This Section establishes practices for release of customer information by distribution utilities or MDSPs to ESCOs and Direct Customers and identifies the content of information sets. The distribution utility or MDSP and an ESCO shall use EDI standards, to the extent developed, for transmittal of customer information and may transmit data, in addition to the minimum information required, via EDI or by means of an alternative system.

B. Customer Authorization Process

The distribution utility or MDSP shall provide information about a specific customer requested by an ESCO authorized by the customer to receive the information.

- 1. An ESCO shall obtain customer authorization to request information, in accordance with the procedures in UBP Section 5, Changes in Service Providers, Attachments 1, 2, and 3. An ESCO shall inform its customers of the types of information to be obtained, to whom it will be given, how it will be used, and how long the authorizations will be valid. The authorization is valid for no longer than six months unless the sales agreement provides for a longer time.
- 2. A distribution utility and a MDSP shall assume that an ESCO obtained proper customer authorization if the ESCO is eligible to provide service and submits a valid information request.
- 3. An ESCO shall retain, for a minimum of two years or for the length of the sales agreement whichever is longer, verifiable proof of authorization for each customer. Verification records shall be provided by an ESCO, upon request of the Department, within five calendar days after a request is made. Locations for storage of the records shall be at the discretion of the ESCOs.
- 4. Upon request of a customer, a distribution utility and/or MDSP shall block access by ESCOs to information about the customer.
- 5. An ESCO and its agent shall comply with statutory and regulatory requirements pertaining to applicable state and federal do-not-call registries.

C. Customer Information Provided to ESCOs¹

1. Palacea of Information A distribution

1. Release of Information. A distribution utility and a MDSP shall use the following practices for transferring customer information to an ESCO:

a. A distribution utility shall provide the information in the Billing Determinant Information Set upon acceptance of an ESCO's enrollment request and the information in the Customer Contact Information Set and the Credit Information Set, upon ESCO request.

Upon enrollment of a customer, an ESCO shall receive usage data and any subsequent changes, corrections and adjustments to previously supplied data or estimated consumption for a period, at the same time that the distribution utility validates them for use. An ESCO issuing consolidated bills is entitled to receive billing information, in accordance with UBP Section 9, Billing and Payment Processing.

- b. The distribution utility or MDSP shall respond within two business days to valid requests for information as established in EDI transaction standards and within five business days to requests for data and information for which an EDI transaction standard is not available. The distribution utility or MDSP shall provide the reason for rejection of any valid information request.
- 2. Customer Contact Information Set. The distribution utility or MDSP, to the extent it possesses the information, shall provide, upon an ESCO request, consumption history for an electric account and consumption history and/or¹ a gas profile for a gas account.
 - a. Consumption history² for an electric or gas account shall include:
 - 1. Customer's service address;
 - 2. Electric or gas account indicator;
 - 3. Sales tax district used by the distribution utility and whether the utility indentifies the customer as tax exempt;
 - 4. Rate service class and subclass or rider by account and by meter, where applicable;
 - 5. Electric load profile reference category or code, if not based on service class, whether the customer's account is settled with the ISO utilizing an actual 'hourly' or a 'class shape' methodology, or Installed Capacity (ICAP) tag, which indicates the customer's peak electricity demand;
 - 6. Customer's number of meters and meter numbers;
 - 7. Whether the customer receives any special delivery or commodity "first through the meter" incentives, or incentives from the New York Power Authority;
 - 8. The customer's Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code;
 - 9. Usage type (e.g., kWh or therm), reporting period, and type of consumption (actual, estimated, or billed);
 - 10. Whether the customer's commodity service is currently provided by the utility;
 - 11. 12 months, or the life of the account, whichever is less, of customer data via EDI and, upon separate request, an additional 12 months, or the life of the account, whichever is less, of customer data via EDI or an alternative system at the discretion of the distribution utility or MDSP, and, where applicable, demand information;³ if the customer has more than one meter associated with an account, the distribution utility or MDSP shall provide the applicable information, if available, for each meter; and

¹ If a distribution utility or MDSP offer a gas profile and consumption history, an ESCO may choose either option. A distribution utility or MDSP shall make available, upon request, class average load profiles for electric customers.

² A distribution utility or MDSP, in addition to EDI transmittal, may provide Web based access to customer history information.

³ A distribution utility may provide data for a standard 24 months or life of the account, whichever is less, as part of its Customer Contract Information Set.

- 12. Electronic interval data in summary form (billing determinants aggregated in the rating periods under a distribution utility's tariffs) via EDI, and if requested in detail, via an acceptable alternative electronic format.
- b. A gas profile for a gas account shall include:
 - 1. Customer's service address;
 - 2. Gas account indicator;
 - 3. Customer's number of meters and meter numbers;
 - 4. Sales tax district used by the distribution utility for billing and whether the utility indentifies the customer as tax exempt;;
 - 5. The customer's Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code;
 - 6. Whether the customer's commodity service is currently provided by the utility;
 - 7. Rate service class and subclass or rider, by account and by meter, where applicable;
 - 8. Date of gas profile; and,
 - 9. Weather normalization forecast of the customer's gas consumption for the most recent 12 months or life of the account, whichever is less, and the factors used to develop the forecast.
- 3. Billing Determinant Information Set. Upon acceptance of an ESCO enrollment request, a distribution utility shall provide the following billing information for an electric or gas account, as applicable¹:
 - a. Customer's service address, and billing address, if different;
 - b. Electric and/or gas account indicator;
 - c. Meter reading date or cycle and reporting period;
 - d. Billing date or cycle and billing period;
 - e. Meter number, if available;
 - f. Distribution utility rate class and subclass, by meter;
 - g. Description of usage measurement type and reporting period;
 - h. Customer's load profile group, for electric accounts only;
 - i. Life support equipment indicator;
 - j. Gas pool indicator, for gas accounts only;
 - k. Gas capacity/assignment obligation code;
 - 1. Customer's location based marginal pricing zone, for electric accounts only; and.
 - m. Budget billing indicator.²

¹ As specified in the EDI standard for an enrollment request and response, the distribution utility may transmit additional data elements, based upon the request, the responding distribution utility, and the commodity type.

² This indicator is limited to 12 month levelized payment plans and does not include other payment plans.

SECTION 4

4. Credit Information Set. The distribution utility or MDSP shall provide credit information for the most recent 24 months or life of the account, whichever is less, upon receipt of an ESCO's electronic or written affirmation that the customer provided authorization for release of the information to the ESCO. Credit information shall include number of times a late payment charge was assessed and incidents of service disconnection.

D. Direct Customer Information

A Direct Customer shall receive usage data and any subsequent changes, corrections and adjustments to previously supplied data, and estimated consumption for a period, at the same time that the distribution utility validates them for use. The distribution utility or MDSP shall make available, upon request, to an electric Direct Customer, a class load profile for its service class.

E. Charges for Customer Information

No distribution utility or MDSP shall impose charges upon ESCOs or Direct Customers for provision of the information described in this Section. The distribution utility may impose an incremental cost based fee, authorized in tariffs for an ESCO's request for customer data for a period in excess of 24 months or for detailed interval data per account for any length of time.

F. Unauthorized Information Release

An ESCO, its employees, agents, and designees, are prohibited from selling, disclosing or providing any customer information obtained from a distribution utility or MDSP, in accordance with this Section, to others, including their affiliates, unless such sale, disclosure or provision is required to facilitate or maintain service to the customer or is specifically authorized by the customer or required by legal authority. If such authorization is requested from the customer, the ESCO shall, prior to authorization, describe to the customer the information it intends to release and the recipient of the information.

SECTION 5: CHANGES IN SERVICE PROVIDERS

A. Applicability

This Section establishes practices for receiving, processing, and fulfilling requests for changing a customer's electricity or natural gas provider and for obtaining a customer's authorization for the change. A change in a provider includes transfer from: (1) one ESCO to another; (2) an ESCO to a distribution utility; and (3) a distribution utility to an ESCO. This Section also establishes practices for: an ESCO's drop of a customer or a customer's drop of an ESCO, retention of an ESCO after a customer's relocation within a distribution utility's service area, assignment of a customer, and initiation or discontinuance of procurement of electricity or natural gas supplies by a Direct Customer. This Section does not establish practices for obtaining other energy-related services or changing billing options.

The process of changing a service provider is comprised of two steps. For enrollment with an ESCO, the first step is obtaining customer agreement, and any required third party verification, to accept electric and/or natural gas service according to the terms and conditions of an offer. A sales agreement establishes the terms and conditions of the customer's business arrangement with the ESCO. The second step is enrollment and the distribution utility's modification of its records to list the customer's transfer to a provider on a specific date. The second step is primarily between the ESCO and the distribution utility.

B. Customer Agreement

An ESCO, or its agent, may solicit and enter into a sales agreement with a customer subject to the following requirements.

- 1. The ESCO shall obtain a customer agreement to initiate service and enroll a customer and customer authorization to release information to the ESCO by means of one of the following methods.
 - a. Telephone agreement and authorization, preceded, or followed within three business days, by provision of a sales agreement, in accordance with requirements in Attachment 1 Telephonic Agreement and Authorization/Third Party Verification Requirements;
 - Electronic agreement and authorization, attached to an electronic version of the sales agreement, in accordance with requirements in Attachment 2 – Electronic Agreement and Authorization Requirements; or
 - c. Written agreement bearing a customer's signature on a sales agreement (original or fax copy of a signed document), in accordance with requirements in Attachment 3 Written Agreement and Authorization Requirements.
- 2. For any sale resulting from either door-to-door or telephonic marketing, each enrollment is only valid with an independent third party verification.
- 3. The ESCO shall provide residential customers the right to cancel a sales agreement within three business days after its receipt (cancellation period).
- 4. The standard Sales Agreements for each customer class shall include the following information written in plain language:

- a. Terms and conditions applicable to the business relationship between the ESCO and the customer which includes:
 - provisions governing the process for rescinding or terminating an agreement by the ESCO or the customer including provisions stating that a residential customer may rescind the agreement within three business days after its receipt;
 - 2. the placeholder for the price or how the price is determined, the terms and conditions of the agreement, including the term and end date, if any, of the agreement, the amount of the termination fee and the method of calculating the termination fee, if any, the amount of late payment fees, if applicable, and the provisions, if any, for the renewal of the agreement; and.
 - 3. a clear description of the conditions, if any, that must be present in order for savings to be provided to the customer, if savings are guaranteed.
- b. Such contract shall also include on the first page thereof a Customer Disclosure Statement (the Statement). The text within this Statement shall state in plain language the terms and conditions described above and set forth in Attachment 4 Sample Customer Disclosure Statement. When the form contract is used by the ESCO as its agreement with the customer, the Customer Disclosure Statement shall also contain the price term of the agreement. In the event that the text in the Statement differs from or is in conflict with a term stated elsewhere in the agreement, the term described by the text in the Statement shall constitute the agreement with the customer notwithstanding a conflicting term expressed elsewhere in the agreement.
- c. Procedures for resolving disputes between the ESCO and a customer;
- d. Consumer protections provided by the ESCO to the customer;
- e. Method for applying payments and consequences of non-payment;
- f. Any charges and fees, services, options or products offered by the ESCO;
- g. Department contact information, including the Department ESCO hotline at 1-888-697-7728;
- h. ESCO contact information, including a local or toll-free number from the customer's service location, and procedures used for after-hours contacts and emergency contacts, including transfer of emergency calls directly to a distribution utility and/or an answering machine message that includes an emergency number for direct contact with the distribution utility.
- i. A statement that the ESCO shall provide at least 15 calendar days notice prior to any cancellation of service to a customer; and
- j. If a condition of service, a statement that the ESCO reserves the right to assign the contract to another ESCO.
- 5. Additional terms and conditions applicable to residential customers and customers solicited via door-to-door sales include:
 - a. Prepayments no agreement for the provision of energy by an ESCO shall require a prepayment. Where an ESCO is the billing party, it may offer a

- customer an option of prepayment. Any agreement providing for prepayment may be cancelled by the customer, without penalty within 90 calendar days from the date of such agreement. Any unused portion of the prepayment shall be returned to the customer within 30 business days following cancellation of the agreement.
- b. Termination fees no agreement for the provision of energy by an ESCO shall require a termination or early cancellation fee in excess of either a) \$100 for any contract with a remaining term of less than 12 months; or b) \$200 for any contract with a remaining term of more than 12 months or; c) twice the estimated bill for energy services for an average month, provided that an estimate of an average monthly bill was provided to the customer when the offer was made by the ESCO along with the amount of any early termination fee. To calculate such average monthly bill, the ESCO may use an average of the customer's actual usage for the previous twelve months or if such data is unavailable at the time the offer is made apply the usage for a typical customer in that service classification as reported by the distribution utility or the Commission, and multiply it by the ESCO's estimate of the average annual rate that will be charged under the agreement.
- c. Variable charges all variable charges must be clearly and conspicuously identified in all contracts, sales agreements and marketing materials.
- d. Material changes and renewals—no material changes shall be made in the terms or duration of any contract for the provision of energy by an ESCO without the express consent of the customer obtained under the methods authorized in the UBP. This shall not restrict an ESCO from renewing a contract by clearly informing the customer in writing, not less than thirty days nor more than sixty days prior to the renewal date, of the renewal terms and the customer's option to reject the renewal terms. A customer shall not be charged a termination fee as set forth in Section 5.B.3.1.a herein, if the customer objects to such renewal within three business days of receipt of the first billing statement under the agreement as renewed. Regarding contract renewals, with the exception of a rate change, or an initial sales agreement that specifies that the agreement renews on a monthly basis with a variable rate methodology which was specified in the initial sales agreement, all changes will be considered material and will require that the ESCO obtain the customer's express consent for renewal.
- e. A renewal notice in the standardized format provided by the Department, must be used.
- f. The renewal notice must be enclosed in an envelope which states in bold lettering: "IMPORTANT: YOUR [ESCO NAME] CONTRACT RENEWAL OFFER IS ENCLOSED. THIS MAY AFFECT THE PRICE YOU PAY FOR ENERGY SUPPLY."
- g. When a fixed-price agreement is renewed as a fixed-price agreement, the ESCO shall provide the customer with an additional notice before the issuance of the first billing statement under the terms of the contract as renewed, but not more than 10 days prior to the date of the issuance of that bill. This notice

shall inform the customer of the new rate and of his or her opportunity to object to the renewal, without the imposition of any early termination fees, within three days of receiving the first billing statement under the terms of the contract as renewed.

C. Provision of List of ESCOs to Customers

Distribution utilities shall offer to provide a customer who requests initiation of delivery service with an up-to-date list of ESCOs and provide the list at any time, upon request of any customer.

D. Customer Enrollment Procedures

- 1. An ESCO shall transmit:
 - a. An electric enrollment request to a distribution utility no later than 5 business days prior to the effective date of the enrollment.
 - b. A gas enrollment request to a distribution utility no later than 10 business days prior to the effective date of the enrollment.
 - c. The enrollment request shall contain at a minimum, the information required for processing set forth in Attachment 5, Enrollment Request.
- 2. The distribution utility shall process enrollment requests in the order received.
- 3. The distribution utility shall accept only one valid enrollment request¹ for each commodity per customer during a switching cycle. If the distribution utility receives multiple enrollment requests for the same customer during a switching cycle, it shall accept the first valid enrollment request and reject subsequent requests.
- 4. An ESCO shall submit an enrollment request after it obtains customer authorization, and third party verification where required, and it has provided the sales agreement to the customer. For telephonic enrollments, in which the ESCO sends the customer the sales agreement via US Mail, the ESCO shall provide for two business days for the customer to receive the sales agreement.
- 5. After receipt of an enrollment request, the distribution utility shall, within one business day, acknowledge its receipt, and provide a response indicating rejection and the reason, or acceptance and the effective date for the change of provider.
- 6. Upon acceptance of an enrollment request, the distribution utility shall contemporaneously send a notice to the incumbent ESCO that the customer's service with that ESCO will be terminated on the effective date of the new enrollment. In the event that the distribution utility receives notice from the pending ESCO, the incumbent ESCO (with specific customer authorization for each cancellation), or the customer, prior to the effective date that a pending enrollment is cancelled, the distribution utility shall transmit a request to reinstate service to the incumbent ESCO, unless the incumbent ESCO previously terminated service to the customer or the customer requests a return to full utility service.

¹ Criteria for determining the validity of an EDI transaction are described in the EDI processing protocols adopted in Case 98-M-0667, Electronic Data Interchange.

- 7. With the exception of a new installation use of an interim estimate of consumption or a special meter reading, ¹ a change of providers is effective: for an electric customer, on the next regularly scheduled meter reading date; and, for a gas customer, on the next regularly scheduled meter reading date or the first day of the month, in accordance with provisions set forth in the distribution utility's tariff. ² The distribution utility shall set the effective date, which shall be no sooner than 5 business days after receipt of an enrollment request. Service to new delivery customers is effective after the installation is complete and, if necessary, inspected.
- 8. An off-cycle change of an electric service provider is allowed no later than 15 calendar days before the date requested for the change if a new ESCO or a customer arranges for a special meter reading or agrees to accept an interim date for estimating consumption. The ESCO or customer is required to pay the cost for any special meter reading, in accordance with provisions set forth in the distribution utility's tariff. A change based upon an interim estimate of consumption or a special meter reading is effective on the date of the interim estimate or special meter reading. Off-cycle changes of gas service providers are allowed if the incumbent and new ESCO agree on an effective date no later than 15 calendar days following the request.

E. Customer Notification

- 1. The distribution utility shall send no later than one calendar day after acceptance of an enrollment request a verification letter to the customer notifying the customer of the acceptance. The notice shall inform the customer that if the enrollment is unauthorized or the customer decides to cancel it, the customer is required immediately to so notify the distribution utility and the pending ESCO.
- 2. Upon receipt of such cancellation, the distribution utility shall cancel the pending enrollment and reinstate the customer with the incumbent ESCO, if any, or the distribution utility, provided that the distribution utility is notified prior to the planned effective date. If the distribution utility is notified on or after the planned effective date, the change to the new provider shall occur and remain effective for one billing cycle. The customer shall return to full utility service at the end of the next switching cycle, unless the customer is enrolled by another ESCO in accordance with this section prior to the next switching cycle.
- 3. If a customer notifies the pending ESCO of such cancellation, the pending ESCO shall send a customer's drop request to the distribution utility within one business day.

If meters are read bimonthly and bills are issued monthly using estimated usage, the effective date for the interim months is the date usage is estimated for billing purposes.

² If meters are not read within two business days of the scheduled meter reading day, the distribution utility or MDSP shall estimate usage as of the scheduled meter reading day. The effective date for a change of provider is that date, except where changes of natural gas suppliers are scheduled for the first of the month.

F. Rejection of Enrollment Requests

The distribution utility may reject an enrollment request for any of the following reasons:

- 1. Inability to validate the transaction;
- 2. Missing or inaccurate data in the enrollment request;
- 3. ESCO's ineligibility to provide service in the specified territory;
- 4. No active or pending delivery service;
- 5. A pending valid prior enrollment request; or
- 6. The account is coded as ineligible for switching.

G. Customer Relocations Within a Service Territory

- 1. A customer requesting relocation of service within a distribution utility's service territory and continuation of its ESCO service, arranges for continuation at the new location of delivery service by contacting the distribution utility and of commodity service by contacting the ESCO.¹ Each provider contacted by the customer shall remind the customer of the need to contact the other provider to initiate the change in service or arrange for a conference call with the other provider and customer, and within two days, notify the other provider that a customer requested relocation of service.
- 2. The distribution utility's representative shall inform the customer, or the customer's agent, and the ESCO of the effective dates, contingent upon the customer's approval, for discontinuance of service at one location and commencement of service at the new location. The ESCO shall confirm to the distribution utility that it shall continue service to the customer at the new location.
- 3. In the event that the ESCO is unable, or does not wish to continue service to the customer at the new location, the distribution utility shall provide full utility service to the customer.

H. Customers Returning to Full Utility Service

1. A customer arranges for a return to full utility service by contacting either the ESCO or the distribution utility in accordance with this paragraph. An ESCO contacted by the customer shall, within one business day, process the customer's request to return to full utility service. A utility contacted by a customer shall remind the customer to contact the ESCO about the customer's returning to full utility service provided, however, that if the customer has already contacted the ESCO or wants to proceed without contacting the ESCO, the utility shall, within one business day, process the customer's request to return to full utility service. If a change to full utility service results in restrictions on the customer's right to choose another supplier or application of a rate that is different than the one applicable to other full service customers, the distribution utility shall provide advance notice to the customer.

¹ In the Single Retailer Model, the customer contacts only its ESCO. The ESCO notifies the distribution utility of the customer's new service location and mailing address, if applicable. Direct customers contact only the distribution utility.

- 2. A Direct Customer that intends to change from procuring its own supplies to full utility service shall notify the distribution utility.
- 3. No ESCO shall transfer 5,000 or more customers during a billing cycle to full utility service, unless it provides no less than 60 calendar days notice to the distribution utility and Department. The transfers shall occur on the customers' regularly scheduled meter reading dates, unless the distribution utility and ESCO agree to a different schedule.
- 4. The following process sets forth the steps for an ESCO's return of a customer to full utility service.
 - a. An ESCO may discontinue service to a customer and return the customer to full utility service provided that the ESCO notifies the customer and the distribution utility no later than 15 calendar days before the effective date of the drop. The ESCO's right to discontinue service to any customer is subject to any limitations contained in its sales agreement.
 - b. An ESCO's notice to retail customers shall provide the following information:
 - 1. Effective date of the discontinuance, established by the distribution utility, unless the ESCO arranged for an off-cycle date;
 - 2. Statement that the customer has the option to select another ESCO, receive full utility service from the distribution utility, or, if available in the distribution utility's service area and the customer is eligible, accept random assignment by the distribution utility to an ESCO; and,
 - 3. Statement that customer shall receive full utility service until the customer selects a new ESCO and the change in providers is effective, unless the distribution utility notified the customer that it will terminate its delivery service on or before the discontinuance date.
 - c. The ESCO shall provide a sample form of the notice it plans to send to its customers when it transfers 5,000 or more customers to the Department for review no later than five calendar days before mailing the notice to customers.

I. New Delivery Customers

- 1. A customer may initiate distribution utility delivery service and subsequently enter into a customer agreement with an ESCO for commodity supply, or arrange for both services at the same time.
- 2. A customer may authorize an ESCO to act as the customer's agent (ESCO agent) in establishing distribution utility service. The ESCO agent shall retain, and produce upon request, documentation that the customer authorized the ESCO to act as the customer's agent.
- 3. An ESCO acting as a customer's agent shall establish a new delivery account on behalf of the customer and enroll the customer with the distribution utility so that ESCO commodity service commences when distribution utility delivery service begins. The ESCO shall retain, and produce upon request, documentation that the customer authorized the ESCO to act as the customer's agent. An ESCO that is a customer's agent is authorized to submit the customer's application for new delivery service, in compliance with requirements for such applications stated in

the law, rules and distribution utility tariffs. An ESCO shall provide the customer's name, service address and, if different, mailing address, telephone number, customer's requested service date for initiation of delivery service, and information about any special need customers, including any need for life support equipment. An ESCO shall refer a customer directly to a distribution utility for arrangement of distribution related matters, such as contribution-in-aid of construction and construction of facilities necessary to provide delivery service and settling of arrears and posting security.

4. Upon a customer's application for service, the distribution utility shall provide an ESCO with the effective date for initiation of delivery service and any other customer information provided to an ESCO in an acceptance of an enrollment request. The distribution utility may notify the customer of the acceptance.

J. Multiple Assignments of Sales Agreements

- 1. An ESCO may assign all or a portion of its sales agreements to other ESCOs provided that the assigned sales agreements clearly authorize such assignments or the ESCO provides notice to its customers prior to the assignments and an opportunity for each customer to choose another ESCO or return to full utility service. An ESCO shall provide a written notice no later than 30 calendar days prior to the assignment or transfer date to each customer and distribution utility. The notice to the distribution utility shall include a copy of the assignment document, with financial information redacted, executed by the officers of the involved ESCOs, and a copy of the notice sent to the customer, or, if a form notice, a copy of the form and a list of recipients.
- 2. The assignment documents shall specify the party responsible for payment or reimbursement of any and all sums owed under any distribution utility tariff or Federal Energy Regulatory Commission tariff and any service agreements relating thereto, and under any agreements between ESCOs and distribution utilities and between ESCOs and their customers.
- 3. An ESCO's notices to customers shall provide the following information:
 - a. Effective date of the assignment;
 - b. The name, mailing and e-mail addresses, and telephone number of the assigned ESCO; and,
 - c. Any changes in the prices, terms and conditions of service, to the extent permitted by the sales agreement.
- 4. The ESCO shall provide sample forms and any major modifications of such notices to the Department for review no later than five calendar days before mailing them to customers.
- 5. The distribution utility shall, within two business days after receipt of an assignment request, acknowledge and initiate processing of the request and send written notice of the request to the ESCO's assigned customer.

K. Unauthorized Customer Transfers

1. A change of a customer to another energy provider without the customer's authorization, commonly known as slamming, is not permitted. The distribution

- utility shall report slamming allegations to the Department on at least a monthly basis.
- 2. An ESCO that engages in slamming shall refund to a customer the difference between charges imposed by the slamming ESCO that exceed the amount the customer would have paid its incumbent provider and pay any reasonable costs incurred by the distribution utility to change the customer's provider from the ESCO that engaged in slamming to another provider.
- 3. ESCOs shall retain for two years or for the length of the sales agreement whichever is longer, documentation of a customer's authorization to change providers. Such documentation shall comply with the requirements described in Attachments 1, 2 or 3.
- L. Lists of ESCO Customers, Budget Billing, Charges and Fees
 - 1. A distribution utility, upon an ESCO's request, shall provide at no charge, once each calendar quarter, a list of the ESCO's customers at the time of the request and, monthly, the number of accounts enrolled with an ESCO and the ESCO's sales (kWh and/or dekatherms). ESCOs may obtain such customer lists at other times for cost-based fees set forth in distribution utility tariffs.
 - 2. A distribution utility shall adjust its bills rendered under a budget billing plan on the effective date for changing a provider and include the adjustments in the customer's next bill.
 - 3. Upon enrollment of a distribution utility customer with an ESCO or return of an ESCO customer to full utility service, a distribution utility shall impose no restrictions on the number or frequency of changes of gas or electricity providers, except as provided in this paragraph. The distribution utility shall accept only one valid enrollment request for each commodity per customer during a switching cycle. If multiple requests are received for the same customer during a switching cycle, the distribution utility shall accept the first valid enrollment request and reject subsequent enrollment requests.
 - 4. A distribution utility shall impose no charge for changing a customer's gas or electricity provider.
 - 5. A distribution utility may establish a fee in its tariffs for a special meter reading.

Telephonic Agreement and Authorization/Third Party Verification Requirements

- A. A voice-recorded verification is required to enter into a telephonic agreement or a door to door agreement with a customer to initiate service and begin enrollment. Use of either an Independent Third Party or an Integrated Voice Response system to obtain customer authorization is required for any telephone solicitation or sales resulting from door-to-door marketing. Verification by an Independent Third Party or an Integrated Voice Response system shall be recorded and conducted without the ESCO marketing representative's presence, either on the telephone or in person. A voice-recorded verification shall verify the following information to substantiate the customer's agreement or authorization:
 - 1. Do you understand that this conversation is recorded and that oral acceptance of the [ESCO name]'s offer is an agreement to initiate service and begin enrollment?
 - 2. Is it [specific date] at [specific time]?
 - 3. Do you understand that the marketing representative represents [specific ESCO] and that [specific ESCO] is not the distribution utility?
 - 4. If the sale was conducted through door-to-door marketing, has the marketer left the premises?
 - 5. Are you [specify customer's name]/Please state your name (or is your company name [specify company name]/Please state your company's name)?
 - 6. Do you live at [specific address]/Please state your address (or is your company located at [specify company address]/Please state your company's address)?
 - 7. Is your email address [specific e-mail address] /Please provide your email address (if the customer chose to provide it)?
 - 8. Is your distribution utility account number [specify account number]/ Please state your distribution utility account number?
 - 9. Are you the primary account holder or do you have authority to make changes to this account?
 - 10. If the sale was conducted through door-to-door marketing: did the ESCO marketing representative provide you with the sales agreement, his/her business card or contact information and leave a copy of the ESCO Consumer Bill of Rights?
 - 11. If the sale was conducted through telemarketing: did the ESCO marketing representative offer to mail you a copy of the ESCO Consumer Bill of Rights or did the ESCO marketing representative tell you how to find the ESCO Consumer Bill of Rights online?
 - 12. Did you agree to the terms of service as reviewed with you by the [ESCO name] representative on [INSERT ENROLLMENT DATE]?

- a. The price of ____(electricity and/or natural gas) under the contract is ____for ___months (years).
- b. Or the price of _____(electricity and/or natural gas) under the contract is a variable rate and will vary month-to-month.
- c. The early termination fee (if any) is ____(this may be a methodology instead of a dollar amount).
- 13. If savings is guaranteed (compared to the utility rate), a plain description of the type of savings and the conditions that must be present in order for the customer to be eligible for savings. If savings is not guaranteed (as compared to the utility supply service) a statement indicating such;
- 14. Please be advised that energy supply will be provided by the ESCO, and that energy delivery shall continue to be provided by your utility and the utility will also be available to respond to leaks or other emergencies should they occur;
- 15. Do you authorize the release of the following information from your distribution utility: [specify information] and do you understand that you may rescind this authorization at any time by calling [specify toll free number] or e-mailing [specify e-mail address]?
- 16. For residential enrollments only: Do you understand that you may rescind the agreement within three business days after its receipt by [describe how such rescission can be accomplished] and if you do not rescind the agreement, an enforceable agreement will be created?
- B. The ESCO, or its agent, shall provide a copy of any Customer Disclosure Statement and sales agreement to the customer by mail, e-mail or fax within three business days after the telephone agreement and independent third party verification occurs. The sales agreement shall set forth the customer's rights and responsibilities and describe the offer in detail, including the specific prices, terms, and conditions of ESCO service. Such agreement shall be substantially the same, in form and content, as the sample contract submitted to the Department pursuant to Section 2.B.1.b.
- C. The independent third party verification shall be conducted in the same language used in marketing or sales materials presented to the customer, and communicated clearly and in plain language.
- D. An ESCO shall retain independent third party verification records for two years from the effective date of the agreement and/or authorization or for the length of the sales agreement whichever is longer. In the event of any dispute involving agreement. authorization and/or the independent third party verification, the ESCO shall make available the audio recording of the customer's agreement and/or authorization, including the independent third party verification within five business days after a request from the Department.

Electronic Agreement and Authorization Requirements

- A. To enter into an electronic agreement with a customer to initiate service and begin enrollment or to obtain customer authorization for release of information, an ESCO, or its agent, shall electronically record communications with the potential customer. As required in Section 5, the Electronic Agreement and authorization may also require an independent third party verification call, which must include the information in Attachment 1. An ESCO shall provide the following electronic information, as applicable, to substantiate the customer's agreement and/or authorization:
 - 1. A statement that electronic acceptance of a sales agreement is an agreement to initiate service and begin enrollment;
 - 2. The Customer Disclosure Statement and the sales agreement containing the prices, terms and conditions applicable to the customer, which, if printed as a physical document, would be substantially the same, in form, and content, as the sample contract submitted to the Department pursuant to Section 2.B.1.b.
 - 3. If savings are guaranteed, or guaranteed under only certain circumstances, the ESCO must provide a written statement which includes a plain language description of the conditions that must be present in order for the savings to be provided;
 - 4. An identification number and date to allow the customer to verify the specific sales agreement to which the customer assents;
 - 5. A statement from the ESCO that energy supply will be provided by the ESCO, and that energy delivery shall continue to be provided by the customer's utility; and that said utility will also be available to respond to leaks or other emergencies should they occur;
 - 6. A requirement that the customer accept or not accept the sales agreement by clicking the appropriate box, displayed as part of the terms and conditions; after the customer clicks the appropriate box to accept the sales agreement, the system shall display a conspicuous notice that the ESCO accepts the customer;
 - 7. Use of an electronic process that prompts a customer to print or save the sales agreement and provides an option for the customer to request a hard copy of the sales agreement; an ESCO shall send the hard copy by mail within three business days after a customer's request;
 - 8. A description of the types of information that the ESCO needs to obtain from a distribution utility or MDSP and the purposes of its use, a request that the customer provide authorization for release of this information, and the effective duration of the authorization;
 - 9. A requirement that the customer agree or not agree to provide such authorization by clicking the appropriate box, displayed as part of the terms and conditions;
 - 10. A statement that a residential customer may rescind the agreement and authorization within three business days after electronic acceptance of the sales

- agreement; a statement that a customer may rescind the authorization for release of information at any time; provision of a local or toll-free telephone number, and/or an e-mail address for these purposes; upon cancellation of the agreement, the ESCO shall provide a cancellation number;
- 11. Verification of the date and time of the electronic agreement and authorization; and
- 12. Provision by the customer of the customer's name, address, distribution utility customer account number, and any additional information to verify the customer's identify.
- B. The ESCO shall, within three business days of any final agreement to initiate service to a customer, send an electronic confirmation notice to the customer at the customer's e-mail address.
- C. The ESCO shall use an encryption standard that ensures the privacy of electronically transferred customer information, including information relating to enrollment, renewal, re-negotiation, and cancellation.
- D. Upon request of a customer, the ESCO shall make available additional copies of the sales agreement throughout its duration. An ESCO shall provide a toll-free telephone number and e-mail address for a customer to request a copy of the sales agreement.
- E. An ESCO shall retain documentation of a customer's agreement in a retrievable format for two years from the effective date of the customer's acceptance and/or authorization or for the length of the sales agreement whichever is longer. In the event of any dispute involving an electronic agreement or authorization, the ESCO shall provide a copy of the customer's acceptance of the sales agreement and/or authorization for release of information or provide on-line access to the acceptance and/or authorization within five calendar days after a request from the Department.

Written Agreement and Authorization Requirements

- A. An ESCO may enter into a written agreement (original or fax copy of a signed document) with a customer to initiate service and begin enrollment or to obtain customer authorization for release of information. As required in Section 5, the Electronic Agreement and authorization may also require an independent third party verification call, which must include the information in Attachment 1. A sales agreement shall contain, in addition to the Customer Disclosure Statement discussed in UBP Section 2.B.1.b.2, the following information, as applicable:
 - 1. A statement that a signature on a sales agreement is an agreement to initiate service and begin enrollment;
 - 2. A description of the specific prices, terms, and conditions of ESCO service applicable to the customer, which is substantially the same, in form and content, as the sample contract submitted to the Department pursuant to Section 2.B.1.b and, if savings are guaranteed, or guaranteed under only certain circumstances, the ESCO must provide a plain language description of the conditions that must be present in order for the savings to be provided;
 - 3. A description of the types of information that the ESCO needs to obtain from a distribution utility or MDSP, the purposes of its use, and effective duration of the authorization;
 - 4. A statement that acceptance of the agreement is an authorization for release of such information;
 - 5. A customer signature and date; the sales agreement shall be physically separate from any check, prize or other document that confers any benefit on the customer as a result of the customer's selection of the ESCO;
 - 6. A statement that a residential customer may rescind the agreement within three business days after signing the sales agreement; a statement that a customer may rescind the authorization for release of information at any time; provision of a local, toll-free telephone number, and/or e-mail address for these purposes; the customer may fax a copy of a signed sales agreement to the ESCO; upon cancellation of the agreement, the ESCO shall provide a cancellation number; and
 - 7. The customer's name, mail and any e-mail address (if the customer chooses to provide it), distribution utility account number, and any additional information to verify the customer's identify.
 - 8. A statement from the ESCO that energy supply will be provided by the ESCO, and that energy delivery shall continue to be provided by the customer's utility; and that said utility will also be available to respond to leaks or other emergencies should they occur;
- B. ESCOs shall retain written agreements and/or authorizations for two years from the effective date of the agreement and/or authorization or for the length of the agreement whichever is longer. In the event of any dispute involving a sales agreement or

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authorization, the ESCO shall provide a copy of the sales agreement and/or authorization within five business days after a request from the Department.

Sample Customer Disclosure Statement

Price	
Fixed or Variable and, if variable, how the price is determined	
Length of the agreement and end date	
Process customer may use to rescind the agreement without penalty	
Amount of Early Termination Fee and method of calculation	
Amount of Late Payment Fee and method of calculation	
Provisions for renewal of the agreement	
Conditions under which savings to the customer are guaranteed	

Enrollment and Drop Requests Information Requirements

- A. An ESCO shall provide the following information for enrollment requests, and an ESCO or distribution utility shall provide the following information for drop requests:
 - 1. Utility ID (DUNS# or tax ID);
 - 2. ESCO ID (DUNS# or tax ID);
 - 3. Commodity requested (electric or gas); and,
 - 4. Customer's utility account number (including check digit, if applicable).
- B. The following information is required for enrollment requests:
 - 1. Customer's bill option;
 - 2. For distribution utility rate ready consolidated billing:
 - a. an ESCO's fixed charge, commodity price, sales and use tax rate or rate code;
 - b. ESCO customer account number;
 - c. budget billing status indicator; and,
 - d. tax exemption percent and portion taxed as residential.
 - 3. For Single Retailer Model: special needs indicator;
 - 4. For gas service: gas capacity assignment/obligation indicator, and, if applicable, gas pool ID, gas supply service options, and human needs indicator;
 - 5. For electric service: indicator for a partial requirements customer, if applicable.
- C. The following information is required for drop requests:
 - 1. Reason for the drop;
 - 2. For distribution utility request, service end date;
 - 3. For ESCO initiated request, effective date of customer move, if applicable; and
 - 4. For ESCO initiated request in Single Retailer Model, customer's service and mailing address.

SECTION 6: CUSTOMER INOUIRIES

A. Applicability

This Section establishes requirements for responses by an ESCO or distribution utility to retail access customer inquiries. An ESCO or distribution utility shall respond to customer inquiries sent by means of electronic mail, telecommunication services, mail, or in meetings. The subjects raised in inquiries may result in the filing of complaints.

B. General

- 1. Distribution utilities and ESCOs shall provide consistent and fair treatment to customers.
- Distribution utilities and ESCOs shall maintain processes and procedures to resolve customer inquiries without undue discrimination and in an efficient manner and provide an acknowledgement or response to a customer inquiry within 2 days and, if only an acknowledgement is provided, a response within 14 days.
- 3. Distribution utilities and ESCOs shall provide local or toll-free telephone access from the customer's service area to customer service representatives (CSRs) responsible for responding to customer inquiries and complaints.
- 4. CSRs shall obtain information from the customer to access and verify the account or premises information. Once verification is made, the CSR shall determine the nature of the inquiry, and, based on this determination, decide whether the distribution utility or the ESCO is responsible for assisting the customer.
- 5. The CSR shall follow normal procedures for responding to inquiries. If the inquiry is specific to another provider's service, the CSR shall take one of the following actions:
 - a. Forward/transfer the inquiry to the responsible party;
 - b. Direct the customer to contact the responsible party; or,
 - c. Contact the responsible party to resolve the matter and provide a response to the customer.
- 6. Each distribution utility and ESCO shall maintain a customer service group to coordinate and communicate information regarding customer inquiries and designate a representative to provide information relating to customer inquiries to the Department.
- 7. ESCOs may provide a teletypewriter (TTY) system or access to TTY number, consistent with distribution utility tariffs.

C. Specific Requests for Information

- 1. A distribution utility or ESCO shall respond directly to customer inquiries for any information that is related to commodity supply and/or delivery service, to the extent it has the necessary information to respond.
- 2. The entity responsible for the accuracy of meter readings shall respond to customer inquiries related to usage.

3. The distribution utility and ESCO shall respond to customer inquiries about billing and payment processing, in accordance with UBP Section 9, Billing and Payment Processing.

D. Emergency Contacts

- 1. An emergency call means any communication from a customer concerning an emergency situation relating to the distribution system, including, but not limited to, reports of gas odor, natural disaster, downed wires, electrical contact, or fire.
- 2. The ESCO CSR shall transfer emergency telephone calls directly to the distribution utility or provide the distribution utility's emergency number for direct contact to the distribution utility. If no ESCO CSR is available, the ESCO shall provide for after-hours emergency contacts, including transfer of emergency calls directly to a distribution utility or an answering machine message that includes an emergency number for direct contact to the distribution utility.
- 3. Each ESCO shall provide periodic notices or bill messages to its customers directing them to contact the distribution utility in emergency situations and providing the emergency number.

SECTION 7: DISTRIBUTION UTILITY INVOICES

A. Applicability

This Section establishes procedures for invoices of charges for services provided by the distribution utility directly to an ESCO or Direct Customer. A distribution utility and ESCO or Direct Customer may agree to establish other arrangements and procedures for presentation and collection of invoices for services rendered.

B. Invoices

- 1. An ESCO or Direct Customer shall pay the full amount due, without deduction, set-off or counterclaim, within 20 calendar days after the date of electronic transmittal or postmarked date (due date). Subsequent to the due date, charges are overdue and subject to late payment charges at the rate of 1.5% per month. The overdue charges include the amount overdue, any other arrears, and unpaid late payment charges. The distribution utility may provide, upon request, supporting or back-up data in electronic form, if available on its computer system.
- 2. A distribution utility shall provide interest at the rate of 1.5% on an overpayment caused by the distribution utility's erroneous billing, provided that it may, without applying interest, credit all or a portion of the overpayment to the next bill issued within 30 days and/or refund all or a portion of the overpayment, upon request, within 30 days after its receipt. The distribution utility shall refund any credit balances, upon request.
- 3. An ESCO or Direct Customer shall make payments by means of an electronic funds transfer. A distribution utility shall use any partial payments first to pay any arrears and second to pay current charges.

C. Billing Inquiries and Disputes

- 1. An ESCO or Direct Customer shall make any claims relating to inaccuracies of invoices in writing no later than 90 calendar days after the date of electronic transmittal or postmarked date. ESCOs and/or Direct Customers are responsible for payment of disputed charges during any pending dispute.
- 2. A distribution utility shall designate an employee and provide a telephone number and e-mail address for receipt of inquiries from an ESCO or Direct Customer relating to invoices. The employee shall direct an ESCO or Direct Customer that presents an inquiry or complaint to the responsible and knowledgeable person able to explain charges on an invoice.
- 3. A distribution utility shall acknowledge in writing receipt of an inquiry within five calendar days after its receipt. A distribution utility shall investigate and respond in writing to the inquiry within 20 calendar days after its receipt.
- 4. A distribution utility shall refund any overpayments, including interest, within five calendar days after it makes a determination that an ESCO or Direct Customer made an overpayment. It may provide the refund by applying a credit to any overdue amounts or making direct payment of any remainder. The distribution utility shall provide refunds by means of an electronic funds transfer.

- Interest is calculated at the rate of 1.5 % per month from the date of the overpayment to the refund.
- 5. No interest is required on overpayments voluntarily made by an ESCO or Direct Customer to an account, unless an overpayment is applied to security.

SECTION 8: DISPUTES INVOLVING DISTRIBUTION UTILITIES, ESCOs OR DIRECT CUSTOMERS

A. Applicability

This Section describes the dispute resolution processes available at the Department to resolve disputes relating to competitive energy markets involving utilities, ESCOs and/or Direct Customers, including disputes alleging anti-competitive practices. The processes are not available to resolve disputes between retail customers and ESCOs or distribution utilities. They are also not applicable to matters that, in the opinion of the Department Staff, should be submitted by formal petition to the Public Service Commission for its determination or are pending before a court, state or federal agency. The availability of the processes does not limit the rights of a distribution utility, ESCO or Direct Customer to submit any dispute to another body for resolution.

B. Dispute Resolution Processes

The parties shall in good faith use reasonable efforts to resolve any dispute before invoking any of these processes. Distribution utility tariffs and operating and service agreements between the parties shall identify the processes used to resolve disputes, and shall refer to the dispute resolution processes described in this Section as acceptable processes to resolve disputes.

1. Standard Process

The parties shall use a method to send documents described in this paragraph that will verify the date of receipt.

Any distribution utility, ESCO or Direct Customer may initiate a formal dispute resolution process by providing written notice to the opposing party and Department Staff. Such notice shall include a statement that the UBP dispute resolution process is initiated, a description of the dispute, and a proposed resolution with supporting rationale. Department Staff may participate in the process at this or any later point to facilitate the parties' discussions and to assist the parties in reaching a mutually acceptable resolution.

- a. No later than ten calendar days following receipt of the dispute description, if no mutually acceptable resolution is reached, the opposing party shall provide a written response containing an alternative proposal for resolution with supporting rationale and send a copy to Department Staff.
- b. No later than ten days after receipt of the response, if no mutually acceptable resolution is reached, any party or Department Staff may request that the parties schedule a meeting for further discussions. The parties shall meet no later than 15 calendar days following such request, upon advance notice to Department Staff, unless the parties and Department Staff agree upon another date. The Department may assign one or more Staff members to assist the parties in resolving the dispute.
- c. If no mutually acceptable resolution is reached within 40 calendar days after receipt of the written description of the dispute, any party may request an

- initial decision from the Department. A party to the dispute may appeal the initial decision to the Public Service Commission.
- d. If the parties reach a mutually acceptable resolution of the dispute, they shall provide to Department Staff a description of the general terms of the resolution.

2. Expedited Process

In the event that an emergency situation arises to justify immediate resolution of a dispute, any party may file a formal dispute resolution request with the Secretary to the Public Service Commission asking for expedited resolution. An emergency situation includes, but is not limited to, a threat to public safety or system reliability or a significant financial risk to the parties or the public. The filing party shall provide a copy of the request to other involved parties and the Department Staff designated to receive information related to dispute resolution under this Section. The request shall describe in detail the emergency situation requiring expedited resolution, state in detail the facts of the dispute, and, to the extent known, set forth the positions of the parties.

SECTION 9: BILLING AND PAYMENT PROCESSING

A. Applicability

This Section establishes requirements¹ for billing and payment processing options offered by a distribution utility and ESCO in a multi-retailer model. This Section does not establish requirements for billing and payment processing in the single retailer model. A distribution utility and ESCO shall comply with the requirements established in this Section, unless they agree upon modifications or other procedures for billing and payment processing in a Billing Services Agreement.

- B. Billing and Payment Processing Options: General Requirements
 - 1. A distribution utility shall offer to ESCOs without undue discrimination the billing and payment processing options available in its service territory.
 - 2. A customer participating in a retail access program shall select from the billing and payment processing options offered by ESCOs.
 - 3. A distribution utility shall allow its customers to select, through their ESCOs, one of the billing and payment options available in the distribution utility's service territory. An ESCO may offer to its customers billing and payment processing options available in the customer's service territory and shall maintain or provide for the capability of issuing a separate bill for its services under the dual billing option. An ESCO customer may direct the billing party to send its consolidated bills or dual bills to a third party for processing and payment.
 - 4. A distribution utility or ESCO may perform the responsibilities of a billing party for a customer and the other provider (non-billing party) based upon the billing and payment processing options available to the customer and the customer's choice.
 - 5. A distribution utility or MDSP shall make validated usage information available to the billing and non-billing parties at the time that the distribution utility or MDSP determines that the information is acceptable.²
 - 6. Information on customer usage, billing, and credit is confidential. A distribution utility or MDSP may release such information, upon a customer's authorization, in accordance with the UBP Section 5, Changes in Service Providers.
 - 7. A distribution utility and ESCO shall demonstrate the technical capability to exchange information electronically for their billing and payment processing options.
 - 8. An ESCO shall provide 60 calendar days notice by mail, e-mail or fax to a distribution utility of any plan to offer a billing option that is not currently offered to its customers. The distribution utility may agree to a shorter notice period preceding initiation of the option. The 60 calendar-day notice shall not impose any obligation on any party to proceed without a successful test of data exchange capability and the fulfillment of other obligations described in this Section. If an ESCO later changes its system, it shall provide adequate advance notice and conduct any additional testing required.

The requirements are applicable when EDI is available upon issuance by the Commission of data standards applicable to a bill model and operational upon successful completion of the testing required for a bill model.

A distribution utility or MDSP shall provide electronic interval data in summary form (billing determinants aggregated in the rating periods under a distribution utility's tariffs) via EDI and, if requested, in detail via an acceptable alternative electronic format if retrieved from meters.

- 9. A distribution utility and an ESCO are responsible for separately remitting their tax payments to the appropriate taxing authorities.
- 10. Where the ESCO is the billing party, it may offer a customer an option of prepayment. Where a distribution utility is the consolidated billing party, the distribution utility is not required to support processing of prepayments or application of customer prepayments to ESCO charges.

C. Consolidated Billing: General Requirements

- 1. A distribution utility and ESCO shall establish in a billing services agreement (BSA) detailed expectations for their responsibilities, including consequences for any failure to carry out such responsibilities.
- 2. A distribution utility may use the bill ready or rate ready method¹ for issuing consolidated bills. An ESCO that offers consolidated billing shall use a bill ready method.
- 3. A customer receiving delivery service from a distribution utility that is a combination natural gas and electric corporation (combination retail access customer) may receive a consolidated bill for both energy services if:
 - a. The distribution utility issues the consolidated bill;
 - b. One ESCO supplies the customer with both natural gas and electricity;
 - c. An ESCO supplying only one of the commodities agrees to bill for charges for the service provided by the other ESCO; or,
 - d. Separate distribution utility accounts are established for each service.
- 4. A combination retail access customer may receive separate consolidated bills for each commodity or a dual bill for one commodity and a consolidated bill for the other provided that the distribution utility's system is capable of providing separate accounts for each commodity. A distribution utility shall establish bill cycles and payment due dates. A distribution utility may charge a fee, as set forth in its tariff, to an ESCO to establish, upon the ESCO's request, a separate account for one of the commodities the distribution utility provides.

D. Consolidated Billing: Functions and Responsibilities

- 1. A billing party shall perform the following functions and responsibilities:
 - a. If the bill ready method is used, receive bill charges and other billing information from the non-billing party;
 - b. If the rate ready method is used, receive rates, rate codes and/or prices (fixed and/or variable) and other billing information from the non-billing party;
 - c. Receive bill messages and bill inserts from the non-billing party;
 - d. If the bill ready method is used, acknowledge receipt of the non-billing party's information and accept or reject it;

A distribution utility electing the rate ready method for utility consolidated billing is not obligated to calculate or bill separately for other goods and services that an ESCO may provide.

- e. If the rate ready method is used, 1 calculate billed charges, including sales and use taxes; the non-billing party is required to provide the customer's sales and use tax rate to the billing party;
- f. Print or make available electronically consolidated bills that state the non-billing party's charges, including taxes, arrearages, late fees, and bill messages;
- g. Insert in bill envelopes consolidated bills and inserts required by statute, regulation or Public Service Commission order;
- h. Stamp, sort and mail consolidated bills or, if authorized, transmit bills electronically;
- i. Cancel and rebill charges;
- j. Notify the non-billing party of amounts billed, by account, within two business days after rendering bills to customers;
- k. Receive and record customer payments;
- 1. Allocate and transmit the non-billing party's share of receipts, by account, to the non-billing party;
- m. Respond to general inquiries and complaints about the bill and its format; refer customers to the non-billing party for inquiries and complaints related to the non-billing party's rates, charges, services, or calculations; and,
- n. Maintain records of billing information, including amounts collected, remaining and transferred, and dates.
- 2. If the bill ready method is used, each party shall calculate and separately state sales and use taxes applicable to its charges; if the rate ready method is used, the billing party shall calculate and separately state the state sales and use taxes applicable to its charges and the non-billing party's charges.
- 3. A party that requires a customer's deposit shall administer it. If a non-billing party applies a customer deposit to an outstanding balance, it shall notify the billing party.
- 4. Upon receipt of payments, a non-billing party shall notify the billing party.
- 5. To initiate consolidated billing using the rate ready method, the non-billing party shall provide the billing party with the rates, rate codes, and/or prices (fixed and/or variable) and tax rates necessary to calculate the non-billing party's charges. The billing party shall specify in the BSA the number of prices for each service class per commodity accepted, deadline for transmission, effective date, and acceptable frequency of changes.²
- 6. The billing party may process special handling requests from customers provided that it obtains agreement from the non-billing party for requests that affect it;
- 7. The billing party is not required to calculate or provide separate statements to customers regarding gross receipts taxes applicable to a non-billing party's charges. The non-billing party may calculate and provide information on the gross receipts taxes applicable to its charges in a bill message or, if the bill ready method is used, as a line item on the bill.

¹ A distribution utility is not required to calculate or bill for ESCO services that are not directly related to the commodity it delivers.

If a billing party's billing system is capable of providing the service, a billing party shall, upon request, apply a different rate, rate code, and/or price and tax rate to usage during different portions of the billing cycle to service provided after the effective date of the change. The non-billing party shall request a change in the rate, rate code, and/or price no later than four business days prior to the effective date requested.

8. The non-billing party may offer special billing features, such as budget billing or average payment plans.

E. Consolidated Billing: Initiation, Changes or Discontinuance

1. Initiation

- a. An ESCO that proposes to issue consolidated bills shall establish and provide to a distribution utility written procedures for billing and payment processing that ensure billing accuracy and timeliness, proper distribution of a distribution utility's bill messages and inserts, and proper allocation and transfer of distribution utility funds.
- b. No distribution utility may impose a fee on an ESCO to process its application to offer consolidated billing.

2. Changes

A request to change a customer's billing option shall be made on or before 15 calendar days prior to the scheduled meter reading date.

3. Suspension and Discontinuance

- A distribution utility may suspend or discontinue an ESCO's right to offer consolidated billing as a billing party or a non-billing party for failure to comply with a BSA.
 Suspension of the right to offer consolidated billing means that the ESCO is prohibited from offering consolidated billing to new customers.
- b. Upon a determination by a distribution utility to suspend or discontinue an ESCO's right to offer consolidated billing to customers, it shall provide notice on or before 15 calendar days prior to the proposed date for the suspension or discontinuance (cure period) to the ESCO and state the reason for its determination. Upon failure of the ESCO to correct the deficiency on or before the expiration of the cure period, the distribution utility may require a change to dual billing for the ESCO's customers.
- c. Upon discontinuance of consolidated billing rights, an ESCO may reapply to the distribution utility to offer consolidated billing. A distribution utility shall expedite consideration of such requests. Customers may begin receiving consolidated bills again after requirements are satisfied, including submission of transaction requests to establish consolidated billing for customers.

F. Consolidated Billing: Customer Requests

- A customer may request an ESCO to change its billing option. The ESCO shall request the
 bill option change on or before 15 calendar days prior to the scheduled meter reading date.
 An EDI change request is used to request a change in a customer's bill option. After receipt
 of the change request, a distribution utility shall, within one business day, acknowledge
 receipt of the request and, within two days, provide a response indicating rejection and the
 reason or acceptance and the effective date.
- 2. No distribution utility may impose a charge on a customer or an ESCO for changing a billing option.
- 3. When more than one request to change a customer's billing option is transmitted for a billing cycle, a billing party shall accept the last timely request received.
- 4. A distribution utility may deny a request to initiate consolidated billing or discontinue consolidated billing for a customer with an amount past due for at least 38 calendar days,

unless the past due amount is subject to a DPA and the customer is fulfilling DPA obligations.

G. Consolidated Billing: Content

- 1. A billing party may decide upon the format for its consolidated bill provided that it states a summary of total charges and separately states distribution utility and ESCO charges in sufficient detail to allow a customer to judge their accuracy. Such separate statements shall appear in clearly separated portions of the bill and identify their source, distribution utility or ESCO. An ESCO that provides consolidated billing shall state on its consolidated bill the unadjusted distribution utility charges for delivery services provided by a distribution utility, without change.
- 2. A consolidated bill shall contain the information listed in Attachment 1, General Information, preferably in a summary section. The billing party may place the information on the bill in any order or location.
- 3. A consolidated bill shall contain the information listed in Attachment 2, Distribution Utility Content, separately stated for each distribution utility.
- 4. A consolidated bill shall contain the information listed in Attachment 3, ESCO Content, separately stated for each ESCO.
- 5. If the rate ready method is used, the ESCO shall provide to the distribution utility information listed in Attachment 3, ESCO Section Content, to the extent necessary for the distribution utility to calculate and issue bills. To initiate utility consolidated billing using the rate ready method, an ESCO shall provide the information to the distribution utility on or before 15 calendar days prior to the scheduled meter reading date. An ESCO may request a price or rate change no later than four business days prior to its effective date.
- 6. If a billing party and non-billing party agree to show the non-billing party's logo on the bill, the non-billing party shall provide it in an acceptable electronic format at least thirty days before its initial use.
- 7. If the rate ready method is used, a non-billing party is not required to provide information after it is initially submitted, except when a change is made.
- 8. When an ESCO issues a consolidated bill and the distribution utility transmits bill ready data, the distribution utility shall transmit to the ESCO at the appropriate time the applicable information listed in Attachment 2, Distribution Utility Content, items d q, and the customer's name and service address.
- 9. When an ESCO issues consolidated bills on behalf of other ESCOs and distribution utilities and the other ESCOs provide information, the non-billing ESCOs shall provide bill ready information listed in Attachment 3, ESCO Content to the billing ESCO.
- 10. No party shall engage in cramming.
- 11. A non-billing party may display its bill messages up to 480 characters in length on the bill provided that the billing party raises no reasonable objection to the message. There is no limit in message length for the billing party. If the bill ready method is used, the non-billing party shall transmit the text of the messages or agreed upon message codes in the same EDI transaction as the billed charges. If the rate ready method is used, a non-billing party shall submit a common bill message on or before 15 calendar days before the date used. Unless a final print date is provided, the billing party shall continue to print the message on bills until

- the non-billing party transmits a different message or requests its discontinuance. In emergencies requiring printing of messages on bills, the billing party shall accommodate the needs of the non-billing party, if practicable.
- 12. The billing party shall, in a timely manner, print on bills or insert into bill envelopes information that a statute, regulation, or Public Service Commission order requires a distribution utility or ESCO to send to its customers. The billing party may not assess charges for inclusion of required inserts that do not exceed one-half ounce. A distribution utility may charge for any excess weight in accordance with its tariff. The party responsible for providing the information shall submit it to the billing party. If the information is provided in a bill insert, the responsible party shall deliver the inserts in preprinted bulk form in a proper size on or before 15 calendar days before the date requested for initiation of distribution to customers to a location designated by the billing party.
- 13. Due dates and other general payment terms and conditions shall be identical for distribution utility and ESCO charges, unless different terms and conditions would have no impact on them. In the event of a conflict, the distribution utility's payment terms and conditions shall govern.

H. Consolidated Billing: Bill Issuance

- 1. No late charge may be applied to customers' bills for distribution utility charges, if payment is received by the billing party within the grace period.
- 2. If the bill ready method is used, the non-billing party shall transmit its charges and other information to the billing party on or before two business days after receipt of valid usage data for a customer account. If the rate ready method is used, the non-billing party shall transmit any revisions in rate and/or price data to the billing party on or before four business days prior to the prescribed date.
- 3. If the bill ready method is used, a billing party that receives a non-billing party's transaction within the prescribed time and rejects the transaction for cause shall, within one business day after receipt of the transaction, send the non-billing party an EDI reject transaction and state the reason for the rejection. The non-billing party may, if time permits, submit a corrected file containing billing charges for inclusion in the current billing statement.
- 4. If a non-billing party's transaction is sent to the billing party outside the prescribed time frame, the billing party may reject the transaction and shall notify the non-billing party on or before two business days after its receipt that the charges were not billed. The non-billing party may resubmit its charges the following billing period in accordance with prescribed time limits and without late charges. If the bill ready method is used, the non-billing party may submit a separate bill to the customer and notify the billing party of the action. The parties may also agree that the billing party shall hold the non-billing party's charges for inclusion in the next bill.
- 5. If a non-billing party's transaction is accepted using the bill ready method, the billing party shall render a bill within two business days after receipt of the transaction. If a rate ready method is used, a billing party shall render a bill in accordance with the distribution utility's regular bill issuance schedule. A bill is rendered upon transfer to the custody of the U.S. Postal Service or other delivery service or, if authorized by a customer, sent electronically to a valid e-mail address or telefax number, displayed on a secure website, or presented directly to the customer or customer's representative.

- 6. If the billing party has not purchased a non-billing party's accounts receivable, is able to process the non-billing party's transaction, and is unable to render a bill within the prescribed time, the billing party shall notify the non-billing party immediately. A billing party shall afford customers the same grace period to pay the bill.
- 7. If the rate ready method is used, the billing party shall provide to the non-billing party within two business days after bill issuance, a statement of the accounts billed, date of issuance and amount of the non-billing party's charges shown on the bill (past due, current, and late payment charges and taxes).

I. Consolidated Billing: Cancellations and Rebills

- 1. If non-billing party errors occur and are not corrected before the bill is issued, a billing party is not required to cancel bills or issue new bills. The non-billing party shall provide any necessary explanations to the customer and billing party and make any necessary adjustments on the next bill.
- 2. If billing party errors cause the non-billing party charges to miss the billing window, the billing party shall cancel and reissue the bills within two business days after notification, unless the billing party and non-billing party arrange an alternative bill correction process.¹ A billing party shall afford customers the same grace period to pay bills.
- 3. If no party errs, the parties may agree to cancel and rebill.
- 4. To cancel a bill, a billing party shall:
 - a. Cancel usage by billing period;
 - b. Send consumption in the cancel transaction that matches consumption sent in the original transaction;
 - c. Send cancelled usage at the same level of detail as the original usage;
 - d. Using the rate ready method, if a bill is to be cancelled and reissued, recalculate charges and issue revised bills to customers within two business days after receipt of the revised usage data;
 - e. Using the bill ready method, if a bill is to be cancelled and reissued, issue the revised bill to customers within two business days after receipt of the revised usage data.
- 5. To restate usage for a period, the distribution utility or MDSP shall first cancel usage for that period and then send the full set of restatement transactions.

J. Consolidated Billing: Payment Processing and Remittance

- 1. The parties shall set forth their responsibilities, performance parameters, financial arrangements and other details associated with payment processing and remittance in a BSA, subject to the requirements in this Section.
 - a. In the Pay-as-You-Get-Paid Method, the billing party sends payments to the non-billing party, within two business days of receipt and posting of the funds and processes the payments in accordance with the required priority for application of payments established in this Section.
 - b. A BSA shall establish procedures for processing payments made on any purchased accounts receivable.

Such errors do not include usage-related adjustments necessary when an actual meter reading becomes available to replace an estimated reading required, for example, because a customer denies access to a meter.

2. Payment Processing

- a. The billing party shall notify the non-billing party that payment is received and send payments to the non-billing party, within two business days after receipt and posting, by use of Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), Automated Clearing House (ACH), or similar means to banks or other entities as agreed upon by the parties. The notice shall include, in account detail, the payments received from customers, the date payments are posted, the date payments are transferred, and the amounts allocated to the non-billing party's charges.
- b. The billing party may impose late payment charges on unpaid amounts not in dispute for the non-billing party provided the terms of the late payment charges are stated in a tariff or a sales agreement and previously disclosed to the customers. If the bill ready method is used, each party shall calculate its late payment charges. If the rate ready method is used, the billing party shall calculate the non-billing party's late payment charges under terms agreed upon by the parties. If a customer's check is returned for any reason, the billing party may charge the customer's account for the return fee and any reasonable administrative fee.
- c. Upon failure of the billing party to pay the non-billing party its proper share of customer payments within two business days after their receipt and posting or at the time agreed upon when accounts receivable are purchased, the billing party shall pay interest on the unremitted amount. The billing party shall calculate the interest at the rate of 1.5 percent per month from the date the payment was due to be received by the non-billing party or its bank.¹ The payment of interest is in addition to, and not in lieu of, the rights and remedies otherwise available to the parties.

3. Collections

The billing party is not responsible for collection of non-billing party funds, unless agreed to in a BSA.

4. Application of payments

a. The billing party² shall allocate customer payments to the following categories of charges on the bill or contained in a notice that are not in dispute in this order of priority of payment: (1) amounts owed to avoid termination, suspension or disconnection of commodity or delivery service; (2) amounts owed under a DPA, including installment payments and current charges; (3) arrears; and (4) current charges not associated with a DPA. The billing party shall pro-rate payments to the charges within each category in proportion to each party's charges in that category. After satisfaction of the charges in a category, assuming available funds, the remainder of the payment shall apply to the next highest category according to the priority of payments and in the same manner as described above until the payment is exhausted.

Upon request, the billing party shall provide the non-billing party with a verified copy of the posting log of payments received and transferred to the non-billing party during any calendar month specified by the non-billing party.

Distribution utilities supplying delivery service for both natural gas and electricity to customers receiving consolidated bills shall apply the receipts to the separate services in accordance with their regular procedures. Where a consolidated bill displays delivery charges for separate gas and electric distribution utilities, the customer's payments shall be first prorated between the utility accounts in accordance with the amount each is due compared with the total amount due both distribution utilities.

- b. The billing party may retain any payment amounts in excess of the amounts due as prepayments for future charges or return the excess amounts to customers. The billing party shall, in a timely manner, combine any excess payment amounts with the customer's payment on the next bill, and allocate and pro-rate the sum as set forth in Section 9.J.4.a.¹
- c. When the billing or non-billing party enters into a multi-month payment agreement with a customer or waives any charges, that party shall notify the other party of such action.
- d. The billing party shall hold payments received without account numbers or enough information for the billing party to identify the accounts and attempt to obtain information to identify the payer. If sufficient information is not obtained to identify the account information prior to the next bill, the billing party shall present the unpaid amount and late charge, if applicable, on the bill. If the customer contacts the billing party to inquire about the late charge and the lack of payment credit, the billing party shall resolve the matter and reverse the late charges. The billing party shall notify the non-billing party of the matter and its resolution and then allocate payments as necessary to balance the account.

5. Multiple Account Payment Processing

Processing of a single customer payment for multiple accounts requires proactive action on the part of the billing party and the non-billing party to apply payments correctly. The parties shall set forth arrangements for multiple account payment processing in a BSA.

6. Non-billing Party's Balance

- a. Except as provided in Section 9.J.6 d., when a final bill is issued, the billing party shall maintain a current and past due balance for each account of the non-billing party until payment of the last bill issued for service provided by the non-billing party or 23 days after issuance of such bill, whichever is sooner. After such time, the account shall be considered "inactive."
- b. Except as provided in Section 9.J.6 d., when a customer changes to a new ESCO, the billing party shall continue to receive and apply a customer's payments for the active account of the prior ESCO. If the customer does not pay the outstanding balance owed to the prior ESCO on or before 23 days after the final bill containing the prior ESCO's charges is issued, the billing party shall notify the ESCO and report the balance due.
- c. With regard to a new distribution utility/ESCO relationship following a change of ESCOs or a change in a distribution utility, the new billing party shall, upon request of the new non-billing party, bill for the balances that may exist at the time of the change. The new billing party may include the arrears on current bills or in a separate bill if its billing system is not capable of accepting prior charges. If a change of providers occurs, a distribution utility is not required to post any arrears of the prior ESCO on consolidated bills issued after the final billing of its charges, unless the arrears become the property of the new ESCO and it provides documentation of its property right to the distribution utility.

Where the customer elects to make a charitable donation, such as funding a low income program, satisfaction of the donation shall be made prior to allocation and pro-ration of the customer's excess payment.

d. Upon ESCO termination of the commodity supply of a residential customer due to failure to pay charges, the billing party shall maintain a current and past due balance for the account of the terminating ESCO for one year from the date of termination by the ESCO. In the event that the terminating ESCO seeks suspension of delivery service within one year of the termination, or the residential customer has a DPA, the billing party shall maintain a current and past due balance for each account of the terminating ESCO until the arrears are paid in full.

7. Customer Disputes: Initiating a Bill Complaint

- a. A customer or authorized representative may initiate a customer complaint regarding some or all of the charges on the customer's bill at any time.
- b. When a complaint relates to the entire bill, to only the billing party's charges or services, or, using the rate ready method, to calculation of the billing or non-billing party's charges, the customer should contact the billing party. The billing party shall resolve the complaint and, if appropriate, place the customer's account in dispute. In the event the inquiry concerns only a non-billing party's bill, charges, services, or calculations, the billing party shall refer the customer to the non-billing party.

8. Customer Complaints: Notification

- a. Upon a determination that a complaint affects the entire bill, the billing party shall notify the non-billing party of the subject and amount in dispute, if known.
- b. The non-billing party shall inform the billing party of disputes related to non-billing party charges that would affect the billing process.
- c. Once such complaints are resolved and the billed amounts are no longer in dispute, the other party shall be notified.

K. Consolidated Billing: Call Centers

A billing party shall provide call centers with toll-free or local telephone access available 24 hours a day and an answering machine or voice mail service during the hours when call center staff is not available. A billing party shall maintain adequate staff to respond to customers' inquiries or refer inquiries to the non-billing party, where appropriate, within two business days.

L. Dual Billing

- 1. The distribution utility and ESCO, acting as separate billing parties, shall render separate bills directly to the customer or the customer's representative. The customer or its representative shall pay the distribution utility and the ESCO separately.
- 2. The distribution utility's bill shall conform to the standards set by the Public Service Commission.
- 3. The distribution utility or MDSP shall transmit usage data to the ESCO at the time the information is available for rendering bills to customers, which may or may not coincide with meter reading cycle dates.
- 4. The ESCO may decide upon its bill format provided that it states its charges in sufficient detail to allow customers to judge the accuracy of their bills. At a minimum, an ESCO shall provide the following information:
 - a. Customer's name and billing address and, if different, service address;
 - b. Customer's account number or ID;

- c. Period or date associated with each product or service billed;
- d. Name of the entity rendering the bill;
- e. Address to which payments should be sent or the location where payments may be made;
- f. Local or toll free number for billing inquiries; if an ESCO enrolls and communicates with customers electronically, an e-mail address and telephone number with area code;
- g. Due date for payment and a statement that late payment charges shall apply to payments received after the due date; and
- h. Amount and date of payments received since the last bill.
- 5. Whenever a distribution utility or MDSP cancels consumption for an account, it shall provide a notice of cancellation and restated billing parameters for the account to an ESCO and a distribution utility, if applicable, and shall:
 - a. Cancel usage by billing period;
 - b. Send consumption in the cancel transaction that matches consumption sent in the original transaction;
 - c. Send cancelled usage at the same level of detail as the original usage; and,
 - d. To restate usage for a period, cancel usage for that period and send the full set of billing parameter restatements.

General Information

- A. Customer name
- B. Service address
- C. Billing address, if different than service address
- D. Billing party account number, if any
- E. Start of billing cycle period (prior meter reading date for metered customers)
- F. Starting period meter reading (for metered customers)
- G. End of billing cycle period (current meter reading date for metered customers)
- H. Ending period meter reading (for metered customers)
- I. Billing period metered usage, any multiplier necessary to convert usage to billing units and resulting billing units (for metered customers)
- J. Billing period demand, if applicable
- K. Indicators, if usage is estimated, actual or customer provided
- L. Total current charges (total of billing and non-billing party charges, including late charges and taxes)
- M. Total prior billed charges (total of billing and non-billing party prior bill charges, including prior late charges and taxes)
- N. Total credits since last bill (total of billing and non-billing party credits);
- O. Date through which the credits are applied
- P. Total current bill (total of billing and non-billing party charges plus prior bill charges less credits)
- Q. Billing party name (and billing party logo, if billing party wishes it shown)
- R. Billing party address
- S. Billing party toll-free or local telephone number, and for a billing party that enrolls and communicates electronically with customers, an e-mail address and telephone number with area code, in lieu of a toll-free or local telephone number
- T. Distribution utility toll free-or local telephone number and emergency telephone number
- U. Method and location for payments
- V. Date of bill
- W. Payment due date
- X. Billing party messages of any length that apply in general to the bill and services provided by billing and non-billing parties, that are not reasonably objectionable to the parties

Distribution Utility Content

- A. Distribution utility name, and logo, if the parties agree
- B. Distribution utility address, if the distribution utility is not the billing party
- C. Distribution utility toll-free or local telephone number for inquiries about the distribution utility portion of the bill, if the distribution utility is not the billing party, and distribution utility emergency number
- D. Distribution utility customer account number, if the distribution utility is not the billing party
- E. Distribution utility rate classification identifier
- F. Distribution utility rates per billing unit, if applicable
- G. Distribution utility rates not based on billing units, if applicable, and unbundled, if applicable
- H. Distribution utility charge adjustments and adders, separately stated
- I. Taxes on distribution utility charges, if separately stated
- J. Billing period total distribution utility charges
- K. Prior billing period total distribution utility charges, including any prior late charges
- L. Credits on prior distribution utility charges
- M. Net prior distribution utility balance remaining, unless included in total prior billed charges stated in the General Information Section
- N. Late charge for unpaid prior distribution utility balance, unless included in total prior billed charges stated in the General Information Section
- O. Total amount due for distribution utility services
- P. If a budget bill, applicable billing information and resulting budget bill amount due for distribution utility services
- Q. The distribution utility's bill message, if any, up to 480 characters, if the distribution utility is not the billing party

ESCO Content

- A. ESCO name and logo, if parties agree
- B. ESCO address, if the ESCO is not the billing party
- C. ESCO toll-free or local telephone number for billing inquiries if the ESCO is not the billing party; ESCOs that enroll and communicate electronically with customer may provide an e-mail address and telephone number with area code in lieu of a toll-free or local telephone number; if a rate ready method is used, the billing party shall include a notice directing ESCO customers to call the billing party first to clarify bill calculations
- D. ESCO account number, if the ESCO is not the billing party and has a unique account number
- E. ESCO rate classification, if applicable
- F. ESCO rate per billing unit, if applicable
- G. ESCO rate not based on distribution utility unit, if applicable
- H. ESCO charge adjustments and adders, if any, separately stated
- I. Taxes on ESCO charges, if required to be separately stated
- J. Billing period total ESCO charges
- K. Prior billing period total ESCO charges, including any prior late charges, unless included in total prior billed charges stated in the General Information Section
- L. Credits on prior ESCO charges
- M. Net prior ESCO balance remaining
- N. Total amount due for ESCO services
- O. If a budget bill, applicable billing information and resulting budget bill amount due
- P. The ESCO's bill message, if any, up to 480 characters, if the ESCO is the non-billing party.

SECTION 10: MARKETING STANDARDS

A. Applicability

This Section describes the standards that ESCOs and ESCO marketing representatives must follow when marketing to customers in New York.

B. Training of Marketing Representatives

- 1. ESCOs shall ensure that the training of their marketing representatives includes:
 - a. Knowledge of this Section and awareness of the other Sections of the New York Uniform Business Practices;
 - b. Knowledge of the ESCO's products and services;
 - c. Knowledge of ESCO rates, payment options and the customers' right to cancel, including the applicability of an early termination fee;
 - d. Knowledge of the applicable provisions of the Home Energy Fair Practices Act that pertains to residential customers; and,
 - e. The ability to provide the customer with a toll-free number from which the customer may obtain information about the ESCO's mechanisms for handling billing questions, disputes, and complaints.

C. Contact with Customers

1. In-Person Contact with Customers¹

ESCO marketing representatives who contact customers in person at a location other than the ESCO's place of business for the purpose of selling any product or service offered by the ESCO shall, before making any other statements or representations to the customer:

- a. Introduce him or herself with an opening statement that identifies the ESCO which he or she represents as an Energy Services Company, identifies him or herself as a representative of that specific ESCO; explains that he or she does not represent the distribution utility; and, explains the purpose of the solicitation.
- b. Produce identification, to be visible at all times thereafter, which:
 - 1. Prominently displays in reasonable size type face the first name and employee identification number of the marketing representative;
 - 2. Displays a photograph of the marketing representative and depicts the legitimate trade name and logo of the ESCO they are representing;
 - 3. Provides the ESCO telephone number for inquires, verification and complaints.
- c. During the sales presentation, the marketing representative must also state that if customer purchases natural gas and/or electricity from the ESCO, that the customer's utility will continue to deliver their energy and will respond to any leaks or emergencies. This requirement may be fulfilled either (a) by an oral statement by the ESCO marketing representative, or (b) written material left by the ESCO marketing representative. Further, ESCOs that are affiliates of distribution utilities should not describe or disclose their relationship to the distribution utility unless such information is specifically requested by the customer.

¹ Including but not limited to marketing encompassed in the definition of door to door sales.

- d. An ESCO marketing representative must provide each prospective residential customer a business card or similar tangible object with the ESCO marketing representative's first name and employee identification number; ESCO's name, address, and phone number; date and time of visit and website information for inquires, verification and complaints.
- e. An ESCO marketing representative must provide each prospective residential customer or customer that is marketed to via door to door marketing, with a copy of the ESCO Consumers Bill of Rights, before the ESCO marketing representative makes his or her sales presentation.
- f. An ESCO marketing representative must provide the customer with written information regarding ESCO products and services immediately upon request which must include the ESCOs name and telephone number for inquires, verification and complaints. Any written materials, including contracts, sales agreements, marketing materials and the ESCO Consumers Bill of Rights, must be provided to the customer in the same language utilized to solicit the customer.
- g. Where it is apparent that the customer's English language skills are insufficient to allow the customer to understand and respond to the information conveyed by the ESCO marketing representative or where the customer or another third party informs the ESCO marketing representative of this circumstance, the ESCO marketing representative shall either find a representative in the area who is fluent in the customer's language to continue the marketing activity in his/her stead or terminate the in-person contact with the customer. The use of translation services and language identification cards is permitted.
- h. An ESCO marketing representative must leave the premises of a customer when requested to do so by the customer or the owner/occupant of the premises.
- i. As stated in Section 5.B.2, for any sale resulting from door-to-door marketing, each enrollment is only valid with an independent third party verification in conformance with Section 5, Attachment 1. The verification must occur after the marketing agent has left the customer's premises, and must be completed before the ESCO may enroll a customer.
- j. All ESCOs who have ESCO marketing representatives conducting door-to-door marketing must maintain a daily record, by zip code, of the territories in which the ESCO's marketing representatives have conducted door-to-door marketing. The information should be in a form that can be reported to Staff upon request, and should be retained by the ESCO for a minimum of six months.

2. Telephone Contact with Customers

ESCO marketing representatives who contact customers by telephone for the purpose of selling any product or service offered by the ESCO shall:

- a. Provide the ESCO marketing representative's first name and, on request, the identification number;
- b. State the name of the ESCO on whose behalf the call is being made;
- c. Never represent that the ESCO marketing representative is an employee or representative or acting on behalf of a distribution utility. In addition, the ESCO marketing representative must clearly indicate that taking service from an ESCO will not affect the customer's distribution service and such service will continue to be provided by the customer's distribution utility;

- d. State the purpose of the telephone call;
- e. Where it is apparent that the customer's English language skills are insufficient to allow the customer to understand and respond to the information conveyed by the ESCO representative or where the customer or another third party informs the ESCO marketing representative of this circumstance, the ESCO marketing representative will immediately transfer the customer to a representative who speaks the customer's language, if such a representative is available, or terminate the call; and,
- f. Remove Customers' names from the marketing database upon Customers' request.
- g. When marketing to residential customers the ESCO marketing representative must also:
 - 1. Explain that he or she does not represent the distribution utility;
 - 2. Explain the purpose of the solicitation;
 - 3. Notify each prospective customer of the ESCO Consumer Bill of Rights, where they can find it, and also provide a copy of the ESCO Consumer Bill of Rights with any written material sent to the customer including the sales agreement; and,
 - 4. Provide any written materials, including contracts, sales agreements, marketing materials and the ESCO Consumers Bill of Rights, must be provided to the customer in the same language utilized to solicit the customer.
- h. As stated in Section 5.B.2, for any sale resulting from telephonic marketing, each enrollment is only valid with an independent third party verification in conformance with Section 5, Attachment 1. The verification must be completed before the ESCO may enroll a customer.

3. Electronic Enrollments

a. When marketing to residential customers the ESCO Consumer Bill of Rights should be provided to prospective customers as a non-avoidable screen which a customer must affirmatively acknowledge to verify they have seen the document, prior to effecting an enrollment.

4. Conduct

ESCOs shall:

- a. Not engage in misleading or deceptive conduct as defined by State or federal law, or by Commission rule, regulation or Order;
- b. Not make false or misleading representations including misrepresenting rates or savings offered by the ESCO;
- c. Provide the customer with written information, upon request, or with a website address at which information can be obtained, if the customer requests such information via the internet;
- d. Use reasonable efforts to provide accurate and timely information about services and products. Such information will include information about rates, contract terms, early termination fees and right of cancellation consistent with Section 2 of the UBP and any other relevant Section:
- e. Ensure that any product or service offerings that are made by an ESCO contain information written in plain language that is designed to be understood by the customer. This shall include providing any written information to the customer in a language in

- which the ESCO representative has substantive discussions with the customer or in which a contract is negotiated;
- f. Investigate customer inquiries and complaints concerning marketing practices within five days of receipt of the complaint; and,
- g. Cooperate with the Department and PSC regarding marketing practices proscribed by the UBP and with local law enforcement in investigations concerning deceptive marketing practices.

5. Dispute Resolution

ESCOs will maintain an internal process for handling customer complaints and resolving disputes arising from marketing activities and shall respond promptly to complaints forwarded by the Department.